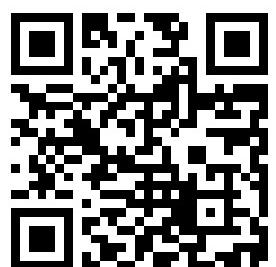

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**Historical Records of the
Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders**

PLATE 89



H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES,
COLONEL-IN-CHIEF.

(From a Photograph presented by him to the Regiment.)

Historical Sketches
of the
Queen's Own
Cameron Highlanders

IN TWO VOL.

VOL. II.

WITH ILLUSTRATIONS AND MAPS

William Blackwood and Sons
Edinburgh and London
1909



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Gt. Brit. Army

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- Page 9, 8th line from foot, Lieutenant C. F. Campbell to be described as 2nd Lieutenant, *not Lieutenant*.
- " 10, l. 20, 2nd Lieutenant C. F. Campbell to be described as Lieutenant, *not 2nd Lieutenant*.
- " 26, l. 15, *for R. I. Macpherson read K. I. Macpherson*.
- " 33, l. 19, *for Henry Mackay read Henry M'Kay*.
- " 35, l. 2, *for Peter Macintyre read Peter M'Intyre*.
- " 40, foot of page, *after 1 William Kinnear, 1907, insert line, 2 D. Matheson, 1908*.
- " 81, l. 7,) {
- " 89, l. 20, } *for M'Askill read Macaskill*.
- " 93, l. 37, } {
- " 131, l. 29, *add, also served in the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow, and the Rohilkund and Oude campaigns; died in South Australia, 2nd December 1908*.

Historical Records of the Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders.

1903.—1st Battalion.

ON the 30th of January a "Welcome Home" was given by the noblemen and gentlemen of the county of Inverness to the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men of the battalion on their return from active service in the Soudan and South Africa. Twenty-seven officers and 500 other ranks travelled on this day to Inverness, where they were formally received at the Town Hall by the Provost, Magistrates, and Town Councillors. The battalion then proceeded to the Northern Meeting Rooms, where luncheon was served. During the banquet a telegram to the following effect was received from His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, Colonel-in-Chief of the regiment:—

"Please assure all ranks of the Cameron Highlanders how heartily I join in the welcome home, after their long and arduous active service abroad, which they are enjoying this afternoon through the hospitality of the county of Inverness.

"(Signed)

GEORGE,
"Colonel-in-Chief."

A suitable reply was immediately despatched. Before the conclusion of the banquet Lochiel, chief of the Clan Cameron, presented medals for distinguished conduct in the field to Colour-Sergeant James Nicolson, Colour-Sergeant Sydney Axten, Sergeant Peter Stuart (Volunteer Battalion), Sergeant Alexander M'Kinnon, and Sergeant Peter Anderson.

2 RECORDS OF THE CAMERON HIGHLANDERS. [1903.]

On the 9th of April the battalion paraded for the presentation by the commanding officer of the King's South African medal. This medal was only conferred upon those who both served in South Africa subsequent to January 1st, 1902, and completed eighteen months' total service in that country during the war.

On the 9th of May the battalion proceeded to Edinburgh for duty in connection with the first visit, subsequent to their coronation, of Their Majesties King Edward and Queen Alexandra to their Scottish capital. During a stay of five days the non-commissioned officers and men were accommodated in the Drill Hall of the 5th Volunteer Battalion of the Royal Scots.

On the 11th of May a detachment under Captain A. C. M'Lean and Lieutenant J. R. C. Heathcote was sent to Dalkeith to remain there as a permanent Guard of Honour during the stay of Their Majesties. The following Guards of Honour were also supplied by the Cameron Highlanders:—On the 13th, at Waverley Station, 100 non-commissioned officers and men, under Captain A. D. Nicholson, Lieutenant A. D. Macpherson, and 2nd Lieutenant N. D. Shaw; and on the 14th, at Dalkeith Station, 100 non-commissioned officers and men, under Captain S. Hay, Lieutenant C. L. Patton-Bethune, and 2nd Lieutenant G. J. S. Scovell.

On the morning of the 13th His Majesty the King held a presentation of medals at Dalkeith. Upon this occasion Colour-Sergeant A. Fraser was honoured by receiving his medal for distinguished conduct and Private Finlay Cameron his medal for long service and good conduct from the hands of the Sovereign.

On May the 28th the annual regimental dinner was held in the Whitehall Rooms at the Hôtel Métropole, London. The gathering was a memorable one from the fact that His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales met the officers and presided for the first time since his appointment as Colonel-in-Chief of the Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders.

On the 7th of July Lieutenant-General Sir Archibald Hunter, K.C.B., commanding the Scottish District, made his annual inspection of the battalion.

On the 17th of August Field-Marshal Lord Roberts, V.C., K.G., Commander-in-Chief of the Army, who was accompanied by Lieutenant-General Sir Archibald Hunter, commanding in Scotland, and

Lieutenant-General Sir Ian Hamilton, Military Secretary, paid a visit of inspection to Fort George. After his inspection the Commander-in-Chief presented Queen's South African war medals to a number of non-commissioned officers and men, and then took luncheon with the officers. Lieutenant-General Sir Archibald Hunter was subsequently commissioned to communicate to the commanding officer an expression of Lord Roberts' entire satisfaction with everything he had seen.

1908.—2nd Battalion.

The following extracts from the annual battalion return are of interest :—

Nationalities.—Scottish, 875 ; English, 100 ; Irish, 17 ; Colonials, 8.

Religions.—Presbyterians, 740 ; Episcopalian, 109 ; Roman Catholics, 139 ; Wesleyans, 12.

Certificates of Education.—1st class, 29 ; 2nd class, 206 ; 3rd class, 265.

In February orders were received from the Chief Staff Officer, Malta, notifying that the headquarters of the battalion would be relieved and would quit Crete about the 2nd of March.

On the 1st of March H.R.H. Prince George of Greece arrived in Kandia on an official visit. He was received by a Guard of Honour of 100 rank and file, with the King's Colour, band, and pipers, under command of Captain Chancellor and Lieutenants Lumsden and A. G. Cameron.

On the following morning the headquarters and four companies, having been relieved in Crete by the 1st Battalion Dublin Fusiliers, embarked on the transport *Ortona* and sailed for Cyprus, where "B" Company, under Major Wolridge-Gordon, was picked up. A Guard of Honour of Zaptiehs was drawn up on the quay as a parting compliment to Major Gordon and his men.

The *Ortona* sailed from Limasol on the afternoon of the 4th of March, and arrived the following morning at Alexandria, where some details of the Highland Light Infantry were landed. Whilst at Alexandria the battalion landed for a march round the town under the conduct of Mr Ross, an old friend of the Cameron Highlanders in earlier Egyptian days, who kindly provided refreshments for the men

4 RECORDS OF THE CAMERON HIGHLANDERS. [1903.]

before they re-embarked. The ship sailed again on the evening of the 6th, and arrived at Malta on the 10th, when the headquarter companies landed and occupied Fort Manoel.

On the 12th the detachment under Major Douglas-Hamilton rejoined headquarters from Pembroke Camp, where it had been carrying out the annual course of musketry.

On the 16th of March the Cameron Highlanders were employed, in conjunction with the rest of the garrison, in lining the streets upon the occasion of the arrival in Malta of Their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Connaught. The troops subsequently marched past the Palace in column of fours.

The following day a Guard of Honour, consisting of 100 rank and file, with King's Colour, band, and pipers, under Captain Baird and Lieutenants C. H. Campbell and Duff, was mounted at the Palace, Valletta, during a reception in honour of Their Royal Highnesses.

On the 24th of March the battalion was inspected in review order at Fort Manoel by Major-General R. B. Lane, C.B., commanding the Infantry Brigade in Malta. The strength on parade was 21 officers, 32 warrant officers and sergeants, 18 drummers, and 750 rank and file.

On the 27th Colour-Sergeant Patrick was promoted to be sergeant-major of the battalion, *vice* Sergeant-Major Austin transferred to the depot.

On the 16th of April His Majesty King Edward arrived in Malta, and the Cameron Highlanders were employed in lining the streets, being posted in Strada Reale and the Palace Square. On reaching the Palace His Majesty inspected a Guard of Honour, under Captain G. I. Fraser and Lieutenants A. G. Cameron and Barron, which was on duty in front of the main entrance. The battalion again paraded in the evening to re-line the streets upon the occasion of the King's visit to the gala performance at the Opera House.

On the following day the battalion was present at a review which was held by His Majesty on the Marsa. The troops marched past in column of double companies, and subsequently advanced in review order in line of quarter columns. At the conclusion of the parade His Excellency the Governor, General Sir Charles Mansfield Clarke, Bart., was commanded by His Majesty to express to the troops composing the garrison of Malta his appreciation of their appearance and steadiness under arms.

On the 25th of April the battalion proceeded to Ghain Taffieha Camp for brigade training, returning to Fort Manoel on the 5th of May.

In May the battalion furnished No. 16 Company Mounted Infantry, under Captain D. Miers, to go through a course at the mounted infantry training-camp at Ghain Taffieha.

On the 6th of the month His Excellency the Governor inspected the battalion at Fort Manoel. He afterwards issued an order notifying that he was well satisfied with the result. Sir Charles Clarke took this opportunity of presenting the Royal Humane Society's medal to Lieutenant H. T. Lumsden for his gallantry at Kandia, Crete, on the 8th of July 1902, in saving Lieutenant and Quartermaster J. Cameron from drowning.

On the 17th of May Major-General Sir William Kelly assumed command of the Infantry Brigade. He inspected the Cameron Highlanders at Fort Manoel on the 29th.

During the summer and autumn months the companies in rotation furnished a detachment at Bahar-Ichaghak, near Fort Madelena. This change proved most beneficial to the health of the men, which was much impaired by fever contracted in Crete.

During November the battalion carried out its annual course of musketry at Pembroke Camp, half a battalion being exercised at a time.

On the 15th of November a draft, consisting of 1 sergeant, 3 corporals, and 140 privates, under Lieutenant R. Campbell, joined the 2nd from the 1st Battalion in the s.s. *Dilwara*.

The battalion proceeded on the 28th of November to Melleha Camp, to carry out the "field practices" of its musketry training. On the 12th of December the headquarters and five companies returned to Fort Manoel, three companies proceeding to Bahar-Ichaghak.

1903.—3rd Battalion.

The battalion assembled at Inverness on June 5th, and proceeded by rail, under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel MacLeod, to Fort George for musketry.

On June 16th it entrained for Stobs Camp in the South of Scot-

6 RECORDS OF THE CAMERON HIGHLANDERS. [1904.

land, where it formed part (with the 3rd Black Watch, 4th Highland Light Infantry, and 3rd Gordon Highlanders) of the 35th Militia Brigade, under Brigadier-General J. W. Godfray, C.B.

On the 29th of June the battalion was inspected by Colonel Hughes Hallett, C.B., D.S.O., commanding 72nd/79th Regimental District, who expressed satisfaction with its efficiency. The strength in camp was 13 officers, 1 warrant officer, and 498 non-commissioned officers and men.

On the 8th of August The Mackintosh of Mackintosh was appointed honorary colonel.

1904.—1st Battalion.

The regiment was much grieved to hear of the death of Major Thomas Souter, which took place at Inverness on the 15th of April. Major Souter at the time of his death was in command of the regimental depot. The funeral, which was very largely attended, took place on the 19th of April; the 1st Battalion stationed at Fort George furnished the firing party; the band and pipers were also present, as well as a strong contingent of officers, non-commissioned officers, and men from the 1st Battalion and the depot.

On the 8th of June the battalion was inspected by Lieutenant-General Sir Charles Tucker, K.C.B., who had succeeded Sir Archibald Hunter in command of the Scottish District.

On the 19th of August a Guard of Honour, consisting of Captain A. D. Nicholson, Lieutenants J. S. M. Matheson and J. G. Ramsay, Colour-Sergeant A. Fisher, and 56 non-commissioned officers and men, proceeded to Ballater for duty during the stay of His Majesty the King at Balmoral. This guard rejoined the battalion in Dublin on the 14th of October.

On the 14th of September, prior to the departure of the battalion from Scotland, the officers were entertained to luncheon at the Marine Hotel, Nairn, by a number of gentlemen, representative of that town and county, who were anxious to mark their sense of the good feeling and cordial relations which had existed between the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men of the Cameron Highlanders and the people of Nairn during the stay of the battalion at Fort George.

The members of the band, the pipers, and the gymnastic team were entertained the same day in the Drill Hall.

On the 27th of September, after a stay of two years, the battalion left Fort George for Dublin. On arrival there the following day it occupied the Royal Barracks.

Inspections of the battalion were held on the 30th of September by Major-General Vetch, C.V.O., commanding the 13th Brigade; on the 6th of October by Major-General Sir G. de C. Morton, K.C.I.E., C.V.O., C.B., commanding the 7th Division; and on the 10th of October by General the Right Hon. Lord Grenfell, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., commanding the Forces in Ireland. The last of these three inspections led to the receipt by the commanding officer of the following communication from the Chief Staff Officer in Ireland:—

"I am directed to inform you that the Commander of the Forces was much pleased by the smart appearance of the 1st Battalion Cameron Highlanders on parade on October the 10th. He is glad to again have the Camerons under his command, a regiment with which he has been, on several occasions, associated in the past, on active service and in garrison, both in Egypt and Malta."

"(Signed) A. H. HENNIKER,
"Brig.-General, III. Army Corps."

On the 5th of December Lieutenant J. A. Orr was appointed adjutant of the battalion, *vice* Captain and Brevet-Major N. J. G. Cameron, whose tenure of that office had expired.

On the 6th of December the regiment was much grieved to hear of the death of its colonel, General Sir Richard Taylor, G.C.B. Nine officers, the pipers and drummers, and three hundred rank and file under Major M. S. Riach, attended the funeral, which took place a few days later at Balbriggan, Co. Dublin. At the memorial service, which was held simultaneously at St Peter's Church, Eaton Square, London, His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales was represented by Colonel Hacket-Thompson, C.B., commanding the 1st Battalion.

1904.—2nd Battalion.

On the 26th of January the battalion proceeded to Ghain Tuffieha for company and battalion training.

On the 16th of February a shooting competition took place for a prize, open to all Highland regiments, which was offered by the High-

8 RECORDS OF THE CAMERON HIGHLANDERS. [1904.]

land Society of London. The prize was won by Private W. Lockie, 2nd Cameron Highlanders.

On the 20th of February the battalion returned to Fort Manoel and Bahar Ichaghak.

From the 1st to the 3rd of March the Cameron Highlanders were at the village of Musta during the annual practice mobilisation of the garrison of Malta.

On the 14th and 16th of March the battalion was inspected by Colonel H. C. B. Farrant, commanding the Infantry Brigade, the strength on parade being 23 officers, 23 warrant officers and sergeants, and 890 rank and file.

On the 11th of April His Imperial Majesty the German Emperor, William II., visited Malta, the Cameron Highlanders furnishing a Guard of Honour, under Captain H. T. Lumsden, Lieutenant C. Grieve, and 2nd Lieutenant C. F. Campbell, upon the occasion of an official dinner in his honour at the Palace.

The battalion, now under orders to proceed to South Africa, was inspected at Fort Manoel on the 15th of April (the day prior to embarkation) by His Excellency General Sir Charles Mansfield Clarke, who at the close of his inspection addressed it as follows:—

“ Officers, non-commissioned officers, and men of the 2nd Cameron Highlanders, I am going to address you a few words of compliment before you leave the command, and you may be sure I will not say anything that I do not honestly believe to be right.

“ Look at the officers! What do I see? A body of gentlemen going about doing their work unobtrusively and well, taking an interest in their men and in their games and sports, and living almost always with them.

“ In the rank and file what do I see? A body of men respectful to their officers, and not only to their own, but to those of other corps; always smart and well turned out in the streets, taking an interest in their work, and excelling in all forms of sport, taking an interest also in the games of their officers, as was shown in the recent boat-race, when I noticed the whole battalion turned out on the ramparts to watch the race which was so recently won by their officers' crew. At the recent rifle meeting the regimental teams and individuals were most successful, and again in the local football league, which was won for the second time in succession.

“ You may be perfectly certain that in a battalion where all ranks pull together as they do in this one, they will perform their duty unflinchingly and well, if called upon, on active service.

“ You are going to South Africa, a land full of temptation; take my advice and keep up the record you have gained in Malta. I wish you all a safe journey, and ultimately a safe return to your own homes.”

After the departure of His Excellency, the Rev. F. W. Stewart, who had made himself beloved by all during his two years' service with the battalion, said farewell to the Cameron Highlanders upon parade. Every one was as sorry to lose him as he was to part from the battalion.

A few days before the battalion embarked the following order had been published :—

"In bidding farewell to the Rev. F. W. Stewart, the Commanding Officer desires to place on record the invaluable service rendered to the battalion by Mr Stewart during the period he has been acting Chaplain, and to express to him the sincere gratitude of all ranks for the work he has done. The Commanding Officer is fully aware of the high esteem and regard with which Mr Stewart is held by every officer, non-commissioned officer, and man in the battalion; and during the period of over two years he has been attached, Mr Stewart has been the greatest assistance in administrating the welfare of the battalion, and has had that welfare at heart, and exerted an influence and fostered a regard which will not easily be forgotten. The Commanding Officer, on behalf of the battalion, desires to express the hope that during their career they may at some future time have the good fortune of serving again with their Chaplain, who has worked so entirely for their good and won their confidence and affection. In severing his only too short connection with the battalion, Mr Stewart may rest assured he carries with him the gratitude and sincerest good wishes of every officer, non-commissioned officer, and man serving in the 2nd Battalion Cameron Highlanders."

On the 16th of April the battalion embarked on the hired transport *Soudan* for South Africa, the strength of the battalion on embarkation being 20 officers, 2 warrant officers, 47 sergeants, 20 drummers and pipers, 41 corporals, and 908 privates. The transport sailed from Malta the same afternoon.

The following officers embarked with the battalion :—

Majors Scott-Elliott (in command) and Douglas-Hamilton; Captains Baird, Hon. A. H. Maitland (Adjutant), Miers, Sandilands, and Lumsden; Lieutenants Crichton, M'Cowan, R. Campbell, C. H. Campbell, Heathcote, Duff, A. G. Cameron, Erskine, Brodie, Grieve, and C. F. Campbell; 2nd Lieutenants Drew, Black, and Douglas; also the following warrant officers—Sergeant-Major Patrick and Bandmaster Fisher.

On the 19th of April the ship passed Gibraltar about 9 P.M. Signalling communication having been established with the Rock, the following message was despatched from the *Soudan* :—

"To Sir George White. Officers 2nd Camerons send kindest remembrances to yourself and Lady White and to all friends in Gibraltar."

On the 22nd of April Las Palmas was reached, and on the 8th of May the *Soudan* anchored in Table Bay.

The battalion disembarked the following morning and entrained for Pretoria, where it arrived on the evening of the 13th. Quarters were assigned to it at the cantonments on Roberts Heights. "G" Company, under Captain Lumsden, made up by selected men to a strength of 5 officers, 5 sergeants, and 145 other ranks, was sent to join the 6th Mounted Infantry Regiment at Standerton.

On the 26th of May Lieutenant and Quartermaster D. Macdonald joined the regiment on appointment.

On the 12th of June Colour-Sergeant T. Craig was awarded the medal for long service and good conduct. It was presented to him on parade by Major-General Stephenson, commanding the Pretoria sub-district.

The headquarters of the battalion—strength limited to 13 officers and 500 other ranks—was absent from Pretoria from the 15th of September till the 3rd of October at the Transvaal manœuvres.

A Guard of Honour, composed of 100 rank and file, with band and pipers, under command of Captain J. W. Sandilands, D.S.O., Lieutenant C. C. Grieve, and 2nd Lieutenant C. F. Campbell, was mounted at the Commander-in-Chief's residence, on the 22nd of September, to receive H.R.H. Princess Christian of Schleswig-Holstein, who was visiting South Africa. The same guard again paraded on the 26th of the month upon the occasion of the departure from Pretoria of Her Royal Highness. During the interval between these dates an officer's guard was permanently mounted upon the residence of the Commander-in-Chief.

On the 18th of October a draft under Lieutenant P. Mitford, consisting of 1 sergeant, 2 corporals, and 139 privates, joined from the 1st Battalion. The strength of the 2nd Battalion at this time was 28 officers and 981 non-commissioned officers and men. Nationalities : 891 Scottish, 100 English, 13 Irish, and 5 Colonials. Religions : Presbyterians 764, Episcopalians 92, Roman Catholics 140, Wesleyans 13.

On the 27th of October Band-Sergeant J. C. Lawson was awarded the medal for long service and good conduct.

The King's Birthday parade on November the 9th was held on the cantonments racecourse, His Majesty being represented by Sir

PLATE 40



GENERAL SIR IAN HAMILTON, K.C.B., D.S.O.

1905.] INSPECTION BY H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES. II

Richard Solomon. Field-Marshal Lord Roberts, V.C., K.G., who was upon a visit to South Africa, and Lieutenant-General Sir Henry Hildyard (commanding the troops in South Africa), were also present. After the parade all the officers at headquarters attended a levée held by Lord Milner at Government House.

On the 11th of this month a Guard of Honour of 50 rank and file, with band and pipers, under Captain Crichton and Lieutenant Mitford, was mounted at the Headquarter House railway siding, upon the occasion of the departure from Pretoria of Lord Roberts.

On the 21st of November Lieutenant R. Campbell was appointed adjutant, *vice* Captain Hon. A. H. Maitland, whose tenure of that office had expired.

1904.—3rd Battalion.

The battalion assembled at Inverness on June 3rd, and proceeded by rail to Fort George, under command of Lieutenant-Colonel MacLeod, for twenty-seven days' training. Strength: 13 officers, 1 warrant officer, and 497 non-commissioned officers and men.

On the 28th of the month the annual inspection was held by Colonel Hughes-Hallett, C.B., D.S.O., who was well pleased with the state of the battalion.

On the 29th it returned to Inverness, when the men were dismissed.

1905.—1st Battalion.

On February 2nd H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, Colonel-in-Chief of the regiment, inspected the battalion at the Royal Barracks, Dublin. He subsequently visited the Sergeants' Mess, the Regimental Institutes, and the Company rooms, and then lunched with the officers.

On the 28th of this month Lieutenant-General Sir Ian Standish Monteith Hamilton, K.C.B., D.S.O., who had been serving in Manchuria, attached to the Japanese Army, was gazetted colonel of the regiment,¹ in succession to the late Sir Richard Taylor. The following telegram was therefore despatched to him (c/o Commander-in-Chief, India) :—“ All ranks 1st Cameron Highlanders highly appre-

¹ Ante-dated 7th of December 1904.

ciate appointment Full Colonel." To this Sir Ian replied :—"Thanks. A Scotsman could receive no higher honour."

On the 8th of March Colonel F. Hacket-Thompson, C.B., who had served in all the campaigns of the Cameron Highlanders since 1882, vacated command of the battalion, his successor being Lieutenant-Colonel A. Scott-Elliot.

On August 22nd His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught paid a visit to the battalion during the course of an inspection of the recruits in the Dublin garrison.

On October 7th the memorial erected in St. Giles' Church, Edinburgh, to the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men of the regiment who fell in action or died of wounds or disease during the campaign in South Africa, was unveiled by Lieutenant-General Sir Ian Hamilton, after a most impressive service conducted by the Rev. Dr Macgregor, D.D. The memorial took the form of a mural tablet of grey marble, upon which was superimposed a handsome brass containing the names of all those who lost their lives, and a Gaelic inscription signifying "The remembrance of the brave who are no more." The service was attended by the band, drummers, pipers, and a Guard of Honour from Dublin, under Captain A. D. Macpherson and Lieutenant N. D. Shaw, whilst the congregation contained a very large number of past and present officers and friends of the regiment. The balance of the sum subscribed for the purpose of establishing a suitable memorial—£920—was handed over to the Queen Victoria School, Dunblane, for the sons of Scottish sailors and soldiers.

During 1905 the Colours of the battalion were thoroughly repaired. Though they had already been in use more than twelve years over the prescribed time limit, it was the unanimous wish of all ranks that Colours, which had been presented in 1873 to the battalion by Her late Majesty Queen Victoria, should be preserved and retained in use as long as possible. They were accordingly forwarded by Lieutenant-Colonel Scott-Elliot to the Royal School of Art Needlework, South Kensington, where they were thoroughly renovated, the later honours "*Atbara*," "*Khartoum*," and "*South Africa, 1900-1902*," being embroidered upon the regimental Colour.

On the 30th of April of this year regimental districts were abolished, and grouped regimental districts superseded them, conse-

PLATE 41



COLONEL A. SCOTT-ELLIOT.

quently all documents and records relating to the regiment which had hitherto been kept at the depot were removed to the Highland Grouped Regimental District at Perth.

1905.—2nd Battalion.

On the 18th of February Major-General Stephenson, C.B., commanding the Transvaal District, inspected the battalion.

On the 23rd of May a Guard of Honour of 100 rank and file, with band, pipers, and King's Colour, under Captain Baird and Lieutenants C. H. Campbell and Erskine, was mounted at the Pretoria Station to receive His Excellency the High Commissioner, Earl Selborne, on his arrival at Pretoria. The whole of the troops in garrison paraded the next day upon the Church Square for inspection by His Excellency, who subsequently held a levée in the Government buildings. Lord Selborne upon this occasion desired the General Officer Commanding to express his appreciation of the soldier-like appearance and bearing of the men.

On the 5th of September a draft of 1 sergeant, 1 corporal, and 68 privates, under 2nd Lieutenants Baxter and MacDuff, joined from the 1st Battalion.

On the 4th of the month the battalion marched from Pretoria *en route* to Heidelberg, to take part in the Transvaal manœuvres. It returned to Roberts Heights on the 23rd of September.

On the 2nd of November Major-General Stephenson, C.B., again inspected the Cameron Highlanders. He expressed his satisfaction with the appearance of the battalion both on parade and in quarters.

1905.—3rd Battalion.

Major H. R. Brown completed his period of service as Adjutant on April 20, his successor being Captain D. N. C. C. Miers.

The battalion assembled at Inverness on June 2nd and entrained for Fort George, under command of Colonel MacLeod. The strength present at training was 21 officers, 1 warrant officer, and 580 non-

14 RECORDS OF THE CAMERON HIGHLANDERS. [1906.

commissioned officers and men—a gratifying increase on the numbers of the three previous years, which had fallen very much in consequence of the long embodiment during the South African War.

On June the 7th Colonel J. A. Macdonald, the late commanding officer, presented medals for good conduct and long service to 38 non-commissioned officers and men, the number gained by members of the corps being far in excess of those earned by any other Militia unit in the United Kingdom, and more than a third of those won by the whole Scottish District.

On June the 26th the battalion was inspected by Colonel A. G. Duff, commanding 1st Battalion Black Watch and Commandant at Fort George, who was thoroughly satisfied with all he saw. The following day it returned to Inverness, at the conclusion of its training.

During the winter months special efforts were made to obtain recruits, and arrangements were concluded with the officer commanding the depot for accommodation at the Cameron barracks, so that recruits could be drilled on enlistment in the winter if they wished, instead of having to wait until the spring. The scheme worked well, and by the beginning of 1906, 97 recruits had been raised, and were attached to the depot for instruction under the Adjutant and other members of the permanent staff. Captain Archdall and 2nd Lieutenant Dewar were called up to the depot to assist in training these recruits.

1906.—1st Battalion.

On the 19th of January Lieutenant-General Sir G. de C. Morton, commanding the 7th Division, made the following communication to the commanding officer at the termination of his inspection :—

“The G.O.C. 7th Division requests the Commanding Officer to express to all present his appreciation of the general smartness and soldier-like appearance of the battalion on parade to-day.”

On the 3rd of February the battalion took part in the ceremonies connected with the official entry of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant (the Earl of Aberdeen) into Dublin. A Guard of Honour,

consisting of 100 non-commissioned officers and men, with band and pipers, under command of Captain A. D. Nicholson, Lieutenant H. M. V. Barron, and 2nd Lieutenant A. C. Lampson, was mounted at the entrance to the Viceregal Residence.

On the 12th of April the battalion was re-armed with the new shortened Lee-Enfield rifle.

On the 28th of July a detachment, consisting of 2 officers and 100 other ranks, proceeded to the Curragh for garrison duty there, during the absence on military training of the 14th Brigade. The party returned to Dublin on the 16th of August.

1906.—2nd Battalion.

On the 5th of February the battalion was inspected by Field-Marshal His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught, K.G., who, as Inspector-General of the Forces, was paying an official visit to the country. He expressed himself highly gratified with the fine appearance of the corps on parade and the excellent state of its quarters, and promised to report to His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, Colonel-in-Chief of the regiment, that the 2nd Battalion of the Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders was a magnificent one.

Five days later a Guard of Honour of 100 rank and file, with King's Colour, band, and pipers, under Captain Baird and 2nd Lieutenants Douglas and Maxwell, was mounted at the railway siding, Roberts Heights, upon the occasion of the departure from Pretoria of Their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Connaught.

On the 10th of February the battalion was placed under orders to proceed to Pietermaritzburg in consequence of disturbances in Zululand and unrest amongst the natives of Natal. The Cameron Highlanders accordingly left Pretoria on the 12th in two trains, arriving at Fort Napier, Pietermaritzburg, on the 13th. A very cordial welcome awaited them, the inhabitants being greatly relieved at the appearance of Imperial troops upon the scene.

On the 27th of February a Guard of Honour, consisting of 100 rank and file, with band and pipers, under Captain Baird and Lieutenants Erskine and Shaw, paraded at the railway station upon the occasion of the departure from Pietermaritzburg of Their Royal

Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, who were now visiting Natal.

During the next few weeks the battalion was constantly engaged in practising formations suitable for employment against natives, in case its services were required in Zululand. While thus employed three companies spent a week in camp at "Taylors," in the Edendale Location, and four at Manderston.

On the 30th of March Colonel Malcolm, D.S.O., bade farewell to the battalion on parade, prior to his vacating command, and on the 31st he left the station. His departure was keenly felt by all ranks, as his services to the regiment had been most valuable. He had commanded the 1st Battalion at intervals with great distinction in the South African War, and as one of the original nucleus had taken a large share in raising the 2nd. Throughout his long service Colonel Malcolm had worked with his whole heart for the good of the regiment, taking the keenest interest in recruiting in the Highlands, and in the training of all those who had the good fortune to serve under him.

On the 14th of April a draft of 2 officers (Captain Chancellor and 2nd Lieutenant H. C. Methuen), 1 sergeant, and 100 men joined from the 1st Battalion.

On the 3rd of May a Guard of Honour, consisting of 100 rank and file, with the regimental Colour, band, and pipers, under Captain P. W. N. Fraser, D.S.O., and 2nd Lieutenants Douglas and M'Call, was on duty upon the occasion of the opening of the Natal Parliament by His Excellency the Governor, Sir Henry M'Callum.

On the 19th of June Major-General Stephenson, C.B., inspected the battalion for the last time before handing over command of the Transvaal district. The General was on his way back to Pretoria from a visit to the Colonial troops who were operating against the Zulus. The following appeared in battalion orders in the evening :—

"The Commanding Officer has been directed by Major-General Stephenson, C.B., to inform all ranks that he was very pleased with the battalion on parade to-day, and regrets having to say farewell; more especially does he regret that he has not had the opportunity of commanding them on active service."

On the 3rd of July Lieutenant-Colonel M. S. Riach arrived from home and assumed command of the battalion in succession to Colonel Malcolm, D.S.O.

PLATE 42



LIEUTENANT-COLONEL M. S. RIACH.

On the 28th of August the 2nd Camerons left Pietermaritzburg to return to Pretoria (Roberts Heights), where they arrived on the 29th.

Before the departure of the battalion, the Mayor of Pietermaritzburg and representatives of the Town Council presented it with an address. During the stay of the Cameron Highlanders in Natal a very friendly feeling had sprung up between the inhabitants and the members of the regiment. The Mayor (A. W. Kershaw, Esq.) had shown much kindness to all ranks. The address was couched in the following terms:—

“To Lieutenant-Colonel RIACH, Officer Commanding 2nd Battalion
“Queen’s Own Cameron Highlanders.

“We, the Mayor and Town Council of the City and Borough of Pietermaritzburg, the Capital of the Colony of Natal, and as such representing the burgesses thereof, desire on behalf of the citizens to express to yourself, officers, and men of the 2nd Battalion Queen’s Own Cameron Highlanders, our extreme regret at your departure from the city, and our appreciation of your services.

“At the beginning of the native rebellion, when the native attitude was somewhat threatening, your arrival in Pietermaritzburg was hailed with a sense of relief and comfort to the citizens. Although it has not fallen to the lot of the Cameron Highlanders to take any active part in the suppression of the rebellion, we feel sure that had necessity arisen, both the officers and men would have maintained the high traditions of so distinguished a regiment. We can assure you, however, that the presence of the regiment in Natal has had both a beneficial and deterrent effect upon the natives, for which we owe you a debt of gratitude.

“We further desire to take the opportunity of expressing our admiration of the splendid manner in which the men have conducted themselves during their stay in the city.

“In conclusion, we beg to convey to you the best wishes of the community for the future of the regiment, and we shall always cherish the pleasant recollections of your stay amongst us.

“Given under the Common Seal of the City and Borough of Pietermaritzburg this 28th day of August 1906.

“(Signed)	A. W. KERSHAW, <i>Mayor.</i>
“(Signed)	DAV. WALKER, <i>Town Clerk.</i>

Roll of officers who served in the battalion whilst stationed in Pietermaritzburg during the Zulu Rebellion, 1906:—

Colonel H. H. L. Malcolm, D.S.O. ; Lieutenant-Colonel M. S. Riach ; Majors F. A. MacFarlan and A. F. Douglas-Hamilton ; Captains Chancellor, Baird, P. W. N. Fraser, D.S.O., Robertson, Mitford, and M’Cowan ; Lieutenants Heathcote, Duff, Erskine, Drew, Shaw, and Douglas ; 2nd Lieutenants M’Call, Johnstone, M’Kay, Maxwell, Baxter, Macduff, and Methuen ; Captain and Adjutant R. Campbell ; Lieutenant and Quartermaster D. Macdonald.

On the 5th of September the battalion left Pretoria to march to Bronkhorstspruit to take part in some manœuvres; it returned on the 19th.

On the 30th of September a draft of 1 sergeant and 76 men joined from the 1st Battalion; and on the 24th of October another draft arrived, consisting of 2 colour-sergeants, 1 sergeant, 2 corporals, 1 drummer, 1 boy, and 99 privates.

On the 2nd of October Major-General R. A. Montgomery, C.V.O., C.B., commanding in the Transvaal, inspected the battalion.

On the 9th of November the battalion took part in the King's Birthday parade, Lord Selborne, the High Commissioner, being present.

1906.—3rd Battalion.

During the early part of the year nearly 200 recruits were under training, the period of preliminary drill being extended from forty-two to sixty-three days. Captains Alford and Archdall and 2nd Lieutenants Innes and Macpherson were called up to assist Captain and Adjutant Miers in the work of instruction.

On June the 1st the battalion assembled at Inverness under Colonel MacLeod and entrained for Tain, where it went under canvas, the strength being 19 officers and 776 non-commissioned officers and men.

On the 16th of June the Seaforth and Cameron Volunteer Brigade arrived in camp, under command of Colonel H. H. L. Malcolm, D.S.O., the brigade being joined by the 3rd Cameron Highlanders for the week's training of the Volunteers. The brigade consisted of the 3rd Cameron Highlanders, the 1st Volunteer Battalion Seaforth Highlanders, the 1st Volunteer Battalion Cameron Highlanders, and the 1st Sutherland Rifle Volunteer Corps.

On June the 21st the brigade was inspected, both in camp and in the field, by Lieutenant-General Sir E. P. Leach, V.C., K.C.V.O., C.B., commanding in Scotland. He expressed himself greatly pleased with the appearance of the 3rd Camerons, remarking on the steadiness of the men on parade and at manœuvres. He presented thirteen medals to men of the battalion for good conduct and long service,

saying that he was agreeably surprised to see so many in the ranks in possession of this decoration.

On June 23rd the battalion was inspected by Colonel H. H. L. Malcolm, D.S.O., who was thoroughly satisfied as to its efficiency. Four days later it entrained for Inverness, when the men were dismissed.

During this year the battalion was selected, under Army Order 186 of 1906, as one of those in which some new experimental periods of training were to be given a trial. The recruits, under this order, were to be drilled for six months on enlistment, and the annual training was to be extended from twenty-seven to forty-one days. Recruiting under the new terms was opened on September 1st, Captain M. J. Grant-Peterkin being called up for twelve months' duty. Accommodation for the recruits joining was to be provided on board H.M.S. *Briton* (late drill ship of the Royal Naval Reserve at Inverness), which was now handed over to the Cameron Highlanders. By the 1st of October, however, only 13 recruits had been raised, a number which was augmented to 20 five days later, when Captain Archdall was also called up to assist in the training. During the months of November and December recruiting became very brisk, many of the men coming from the mainland, especially from the counties of Nairn and Moray, which for several years past had sent few men into the ranks of the battalion, and by the end of December the number of recruits had risen to 116.

1907.—1st Battalion.

On the 4th of May the battalion took a prominent part in connection with the opening ceremony of the Irish International Exhibition by His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant.

On the 10th of July it was again on duty at the Exhibition, upon the occasion of the visit to it of Their Majesties the King and Queen, when a Guard of Honour of two subalterns, with the King's Colour, the band and pipers, and 100 rank and file, was mounted under command of Captain R. L. Adlercron. The remainder of the battalion was employed in lining portions of the Exhibition. The officers subsequently attended a garden-party at which Their Majesties were present.

On the 29th of July the battalion marched back to Dublin from Kilbride Camp, on completion of the annual course of musketry. At about 10 o'clock the same evening telephonic orders were received for the Cameron Highlanders to entrain for Belfast the following morning to strengthen the garrison there, in consequence of a strike of the Royal Irish Constabulary, which followed on similar trouble amongst the dockers and carters in that city. In accordance with these orders the battalion entrained at 10.30 A.M. on the 30th, and on arrival at Belfast was accommodated in Victoria barracks, the officers being placed under canvas. The normal garrison of two battalions (the 2nd Battalion Royal Sussex and 1st Battalion Rifle Brigade) was being augmented temporarily by one squadron of cavalry and four more infantry battalions.

During their stay in Belfast the Cameron Highlanders, in conjunction with the other troops, were employed upon the disagreeable task of protecting the docks and picqueting the streets to enable the work of cartage from the wharves to proceed without interruption.

On the nights of the 11th and 12th of August the whole garrison was called out, in aid of the civil power, to assist the police in quelling riots in the Nationalist (Falls Road) district of the city. Upon the second of these two nights the Royal Sussex Regiment was compelled to fire seven rounds of ball ammunition upon the mob, which resulted in the death of two persons, and injuries to several others. Cobble and kidney stones, torn up from the pavement, were hurled by the rioters at the soldiers and police, and many men were injured and admitted to hospital. The Cameron Highlanders were fortunate in having only one serious casualty (Private Thomas Tait), who received a severe blow on the eye from a stone thrown from an adjoining street. Altogether it was a most unpleasant experience for the men, who behaved with the utmost patience and calmness under great provocation.

On the 16th of August two companies of the battalion returned to Dublin to be present at the unveiling, by Field-Marshal H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught, of the memorial to the Royal Dublin Fusiliers who fell in the South African War.

Tranquillity having been restored in Belfast, the remainder of the battalion followed them on the 21st. At a subsequent date the following General Order, relating to the riots, was published by General Lord Grenfell :—

"The Commander-in-Chief of the Forces in Ireland, while regretting the unavoidable loss of life during the late disturbances at Belfast, desires to record his entire satisfaction with the conduct of the troops employed. The arrangements made by the Brigadier-General commanding 15th Infantry Brigade, who worked in complete harmony with the municipal authorities, and the discipline that prevailed, combined with the self-restraint shown by all ranks in trying circumstances, are fully recognised and appreciated, and have been brought to the notice of the Army Council by the Commander-in-Chief."

The following letter was also received by Brigadier-General V. Dawson, commanding 15th Infantry Brigade, from the Lord Mayor of Belfast :—

"DEAR GENERAL DAWSON,—May I be allowed to express on my behalf and on behalf of the citizens of Belfast, many of whom have already approached me in the matter, our sincere thanks to you and to the troops under your command for the invaluable assistance and services rendered by them to the city during the time of trouble through which we have recently passed. Whether engaged in picquet duty on the streets, or in assisting to quell the more serious disturbances that broke out in certain parts of the city, the general behaviour of the troops, as regards tact, forbearance, and discipline, has excited universal admiration. May I, in conclusion, express to you my grateful thanks.—Believe me, yours very sincerely,

"(Signed) SHAFTESBURY,
 "Lord Mayor."

On the 2nd of October, after a stay of three years, the battalion left Dublin for Tidworth, Salisbury Plain. A special steamer conveyed the Cameron Highlanders from North Wall to Holyhead, whence they proceeded in two trains to their destination. On arrival at Tidworth on the 3rd of October the battalion was quartered in Assaye Barracks, which had just been vacated by the 2nd Battalion Royal Scots Fusiliers.

On the 5th of December Lieutenant G. J. S. Scovell was appointed adjutant of the battalion, *vice* Captain J. A. Orr, whose tenure of that office had expired.

1907.—2nd Battalion.

On the 5th of February a draft of 1 corporal, 4 boys, and 46 privates joined from the 1st Battalion.

In 1907 the 2nd Cameron Highlanders were classified as being second in the whole Army in respect of education, the percentage of first class certificates being 4.47.

The annual musketry course was carried out by half battalions on Quagga ranges, this being the first occasion on which the new short rifle was used. The companies subsequently went in different directions upon short "treks" for field training, "A" and "F" Companies, under Captain Mitford, proceeding to Nooitgedacht in the Magaliesberg, where they took the opportunity of repairing the graves of the mounted infantrymen of the 1st Battalion who fell there during the South African War.

On the 23rd of May, 10 officers and 361 non-commissioned officers and men proceeded to Johannesburg, under Major A. F. Douglas-Hamilton, in connection with the strikes amongst the miners on the gold-fields. The detachment returned to Pretoria on the 7th of June. At a later date an order was published stating that His Excellency Lord Selborne and his Ministers desired to express their appreciation of the manner in which the troops employed on the Rand in connection with these strikes had co-operated with the police. Lord Selborne added that the way in which the troops had performed their duties in aid of the civil power was deserving of all praise.

On June the 14th the battalion was inspected by Major-General R. A. Montgomery, C.V.O., C.B., commanding Transvaal District, who issued an order expressing his satisfaction with the result.

On July the 6th the battalion received orders to hold itself in readiness to proceed in the following December to North China.

On the 16th of September a draft, consisting of 1 sergeant, 4 corporals, 3 drummers, and 59 privates, joined from the 1st Battalion.

While the 2nd Battalion Cameron Highlanders were in South Africa they furnished one company ("G") to the 6th Mounted Infantry Regiment, which was stationed at Standerton.

Consequently, the probability of a given event occurring is the ratio of the number of favourable cases to the total number of cases. This ratio is called the probability of the event.

The probability of an event is a number between 0 and 1. If the probability of an event is 0, it is impossible. If the probability of an event is 1, it is certain. If the probability of an event is 0.5, it is equally likely to occur or not to occur.

Probability is a measure of the likelihood of an event occurring. It is a numerical value between 0 and 1, where 0 indicates impossibility and 1 indicates certainty.

GROUP OF OFFICERS, 2ND BATTALION—
HONG-KONG, 1907.

1. Captain P. T. C. Baird, in undress.
2. Lieutenant R. L. M'Call, in manœuvre order.
3. Major F. A. MacFarlan, drill order (mounted), cool weather.
4. Major A. Douglas-Hamilton, manœuvre order (mounted).
5. Lieutenant-Colonel M. S. Riach, review order (mounted).
6. Captain and Adjutant W. H. M'Cowan, drill order, khaki (mounted).
7. Captain P. W. N. Fraser, D.S.O., review order.
8. Lieutenant A. J. A. Douglas, drill order, khaki.
9. Captain P. Mitford, drill order, cool weather.
10. Lieutenant R. F. Johnstone, special winter dress for North China (tartan breeches and blue putties).

PLATE 43



1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

GROUP OF OFFICERS, 2ND BATTALION.

HONG-KONG, 1907.

From a Photograph.

On the 21st of November Captain W. H. M'Cowan was appointed adjutant of the battalion, *vice* Captain R. Campbell, whose tenure of that office had expired.

Previous to leaving Roberts Heights, Pretoria, the battalion was inspected by Major-General R. A. Montgomery, C.V.O., C.B., commanding Transvaal District; the inspection was a minute one, and at the termination of it he congratulated the battalion, drawing particular attention to the good work done at manœuvres, where the men had shown themselves fit and efficient.

On the 1st of December the advanced party of the 3rd Battalion Royal Fusiliers, who were relieving the battalion, arrived, and when the barracks had been finally handed over to them, the Cameron Highlanders left Roberts Heights siding on the 8th of December in two trains for Durban, where they arrived on the 10th and embarked under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel M. S. Riach on board R.I.M.S. *Hardinge*.¹ Before sailing various farewell telegrams were received, including one from the General Officer Commanding South Africa. The course taken by the *Hardinge* was by the Mozambique Channel and Laccadive Islands to Colombo, Ceylon, which was reached on the 21st of December; a day was spent there, and on the 22nd the ship proceeded for Hong-Kong. The island was sighted on the evening of 30th of December.

1907.—3rd Battalion.

On the 18th of January the battalion, under Colonel N. MacLeod, assembled at Telford Road barracks, Inverness, for annual training; it was dismissed again on February the 27th. The strength present at training was 15 officers and 757 non-commissioned officers and

¹ The following officers embarked for China with the 2nd Battalion on board R.I.M.S. *Hardinge*:—Lieutenant-Colonel M. S. Riach; Majors F. A. MacFarlan and A. F. Douglas-Hamilton; Captains A. Chancellor, P. T. C. Baird, P. W. N. Fraser, D.S.O., P. Mitford, W. H. M'Cowan (Adjutant); Lieutenants J. R. C. Heathcote, R. B. Trotter, G. B. Duff, T. W. H. Erskine, E. J. Brodie, J. S. Drew, J. B. Black, A. J. A. Douglas; 2nd Lieutenants R. L. M'Call, R. F. L. Johnstone,

W. J. Maxwell, A. Y. G. Thomson, A. A. Fowler, and D. M. Morison; Lieutenant and Quartermaster D. Macdonald; Sergeant-Major J. M'D. Patrick; and Bandmaster H. Fisher.

The total strength on embarkation was 23 officers, 2 warrant officers, 44 staff-sergeants and sergeants, and 793 other ranks.

The Rev. H. C. Meeke, who had served with the 1st Battalion in Dublin, embarked on board the *Hardinge* for duty with the 2nd.

24 RECORDS OF THE CAMERON HIGHLANDERS. [1908.]

men. The annual inspection took place on the 14th of February, when Lieutenant-General Sir E. P. Leach, V.C., directed the commanding officer to publish the following regimental order:—

“The General Officer Commanding-in-Chief, Scottish Command, was pleased to express to the Commanding Officer his entire satisfaction with the appearance of the battalion, and their steadiness and soldierly bearing on parade. He also expressed his gratification at the good conduct of the battalion in billets and the absence of serious crime.”¹

Brigadier-General Forbes Macbean, C.V.O., C.B., A.D.C., commanding the Highland Grouped Regimental District, inspected the battalion on the following day, and also expressed his approval in orders.

1908.—1st Battalion.

In February of this year information was received that His Majesty the King had graciously recognised the long deferred claim of the Cameron Highlanders to the battle honour of “Corunna,” and had sanctioned the addition of this distinction to those already borne on the Colours of the regiment. This gratifying intelligence was conveyed to Lieutenant-Colonel Scott-Elliot, commanding the 1st Battalion, in the following correspondence:—

“HEADQUARTERS, SOUTHERN COMMAND,
“TIDWORTH HOUSE, ANDOVER,
“14th February 1908.

“SIR,—It gives me much pleasure to forward for your information the accompanying letter from the War Office. I am glad that I happen to find myself in command of the regiment at a moment when your claims to this distinction, earned so gallantly so many years ago, have at last been recognised.—I am, sir, your obedient servant,

“(Signed) IAN HAMILTON, Colonel,
“The Queen’s Own Cameron Highlanders.”

“The Officer Commanding
“1st Batt. Cameron Highlanders.”

¹ TOWN COUNCIL OF INVERNESS.

THE CAMERON MILITIA.

Provost Ross moved that the Town Council record their appreciation of the orderliness and good conduct of the Cameron Militia Battalion during their recent training in Inverness, and instruct the Town Clerk to communicate the resolution to the Commanding

Officer. He read a letter from Chief-Constable Macdonald, who stated that during his experience of nearly forty years he never knew anything approaching their conduct and orderliness. Bailie Alex. Fraser, in seconding the motion, suggested that copies be sent to General Sir E. P. Leach, commanding the troops in Scotland, and to the War Office.

The motion was unanimously adopted.

GROUP OF NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS AND MEN,
2ND BATTALION—HONG-KONG, 1907.

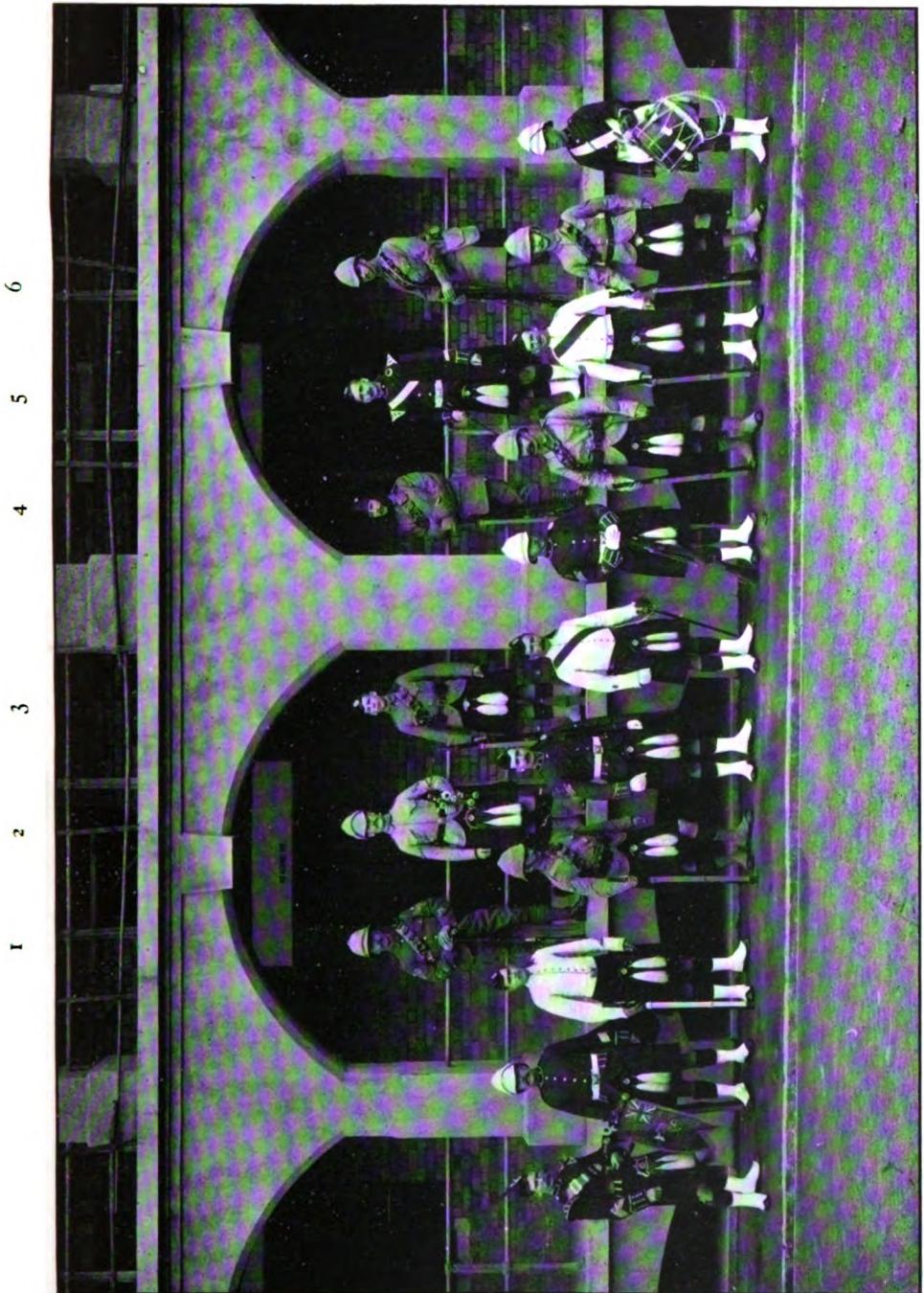
(*Back Row*)

1. Colour-Sergeant A. Fraser, mounted infantry kit.
2. Lance-Corporal (Piper) Matheson, drill order, khaki.
3. Private K. Mackenzie, drill order, khaki.
4. Lance-Sergeant Cameron, special winter dress for North China.
5. Bandsman Barron, review order (playing out).
6. Private Neill, manœuvre order.

(*Front Row*)

7. Pipe-Major Beattie, review order.
8. Private J. Macdonald, review order.
9. Private MacRae, drill order, cool weather.
10. Colour-Sergeant N. MacIver, marching order.
11. Pioneer-Sergeant Cameron, review order, staff-sergeant (walking out).
12. Sergeant-Major J. M.D. Patrick, drill order, cool weather.
13. Colour-Sergeant E. Fraser, review order.
14. Private Robertson, marching order.
15. Sergeant MacRae, drill order, cool weather.
16. Sergeant Grant, drill order, khaki.
17. Drummer Paton, review order.

PLATE 44



GROUP OF NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS AND MEN, 2ND BATTALION.

HONG-KONG, 1907.

From a Photograph.

"WAR OFFICE, LONDON, S.W.,
"8th February 1908.

"SIR,—I am commanded by the Army Council to inform you that His Majesty the King has been graciously pleased to approve of the Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders being permitted to bear the distinction '*Corunna*' upon the regimental Colours in recognition of service rendered in that action in 1809.—I am, sir, your obedient servant,

"(Signed) E. W. D. WARD."

"General Sir IAN HAMILTON, K.C.B., D.S.O., Colonel,
"The Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders,
"Tidworth, Andover."¹

It had long been felt as an anomaly that the Cameron Highlanders and two other battalions (the 76th and 82nd), which shared in the memorable retreat to Corunna and were actually present at the battle, should not bear the honour on their Colours and appointments. The only possible explanation seems to be that they had never previously applied for the distinction. In the year 1811 one or two regiments were authorised to bear the word upon their Colours, but subsequently it seems to have been left to corps to apply for the distinction as the spirit moved them, with the result that the earlier applications are spread over a period from 1811 to 1842. The 79th, it will be remembered, formed part of Fraser's division, which constituted the reserve at the battle, and, if all the units composing that division had been excluded from participation in the grant of the honour, the matter would have been intelligible. As five, however, of the seven regiments which served under Lieutenant-General Fraser at Corunna had made successful application for the distinction many years before, there seemed no grounds whatever for withholding the honour from the other two, the 79th and 82nd.

On the 2nd of May 1908, Captain St. C. M. G. MacEwen, Senior Inspector of the Blue Nile Province, was wounded at Katfia in the Soudan in an engagement with the rebel followers of Abd-el-Kader Mohammed, who had proclaimed himself to be a "Prophet." Captain MacEwen was very favourably mentioned by the Sirdar for his conduct upon this occasion.

On the 11th of May, 51 officers, drawn from all four battalions, were presented by General Sir Ian Hamilton, K.C.B., D.S.O., to

¹ For the part taken by the regiment in the battle of Corunna, *vide* vol. i. p. 55 *et seq.*

His Majesty the King at a Levée held at St James' Palace. The following were present upon this occasion :—

1st Battalion and Seconded Officers.—Colonel A. Scott-Elliot, Colonel A. de S. M'Kerrell ; Majors S. S. Clarke, J. Campbell, D.S.O., and G. Gunn ; Captains L. O. Græme, N. J. G. Cameron (Brevet Major), G. C. M. Sorel-Cameron, A. D. Nicholson, R. L. Adlercron, Hon. A. H. Maitland, E. Craig-Brown, W. M. Stewart, Hon. R. A. Campbell (Brevet Major), S. Hay, A. Horne, A. D. Macpherson, and J. A. Orr ; Lieutenants A. H. Mackintosh, H. M. V. Barron, N. C. G. Cameron, C. C. Grieve, G. J. S. Scovell, J. S. M. Matheson, J. G. Ramsay, R. M. Dudgeon, and L. R. C. Douglas-Hamilton ; *2nd* Lieutenants A. C. Lampson, L. Robertson, K. F. Meiklejohn, C. A. Macalister, and A. C. Allan.

2nd Battalion.—Lieutenant N. D. Shaw.

3rd Battalion.—Lieutenant-Colonel D. P. Haig ;¹ Major D. E. Mackintosh ; *2nd* Lieutenants R. I. Macpherson and C. C. K. Campbell.

4th Battalion.—Major-General J. S. Ewart, C.B. (Honorary Colonel) ; Lieutenant-Colonels J. Leslie Fraser, A. Fraser, V.D., and E. Campbell, V.D. ; Captains T. Gibson, D. MacBean, V.D. (Honorary Major), and J. Campbell (Honorary Major) ; Lieutenants T. Allison, R. MacLean, and D. Ross ; *2nd* Lieutenant A. E. Macdonald ; and Captain G. I. Fraser (Adjutant).

Colonel H. H. L. Malcolm, D.S.O. ; and Major R. Wymer.

The regimental dinner was held in the evening at the Whitehall Rooms of the Hôtel Métropole,—General H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, Colonel-in-Chief of the regiment, being in the chair. Sixty-seven past and present officers of the Cameron Highlanders attended, a feature of the gathering being the presence as guests of ten officers of the new *4th* or Territorial Battalion of the regiment, hitherto the *1st* Volunteer Battalion of the Cameron Highlanders.

On the *3rd* of July, in an order to the Southern Command, General Sir Ian Hamilton warmly commended a picquet of the battalion, under Lance-Corporal F. Ross, for its energetic action in doubling with a fire engine from Tidworth barracks to the village of Shipton Bellinger and assisting in extinguishing a fire : but for the promptitude displayed by Corporal Ross and his men, a large portion of the village must have been destroyed.

¹ Antedated Lieutenant-Colonel to 14th February 1908.

10

OFFICERS PRESENT AT HIS MAJESTY'S LEVEE—11TH MAY 1908.

(Reading from left to right.)

Front Row.

- | | | |
|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. Captain T. Gibson. | 3. Captain G. C. M. Sorel-Cameron. | 10. Captain A. D. Nicholson. |
| 2. Lieutenant D. Ross. | 4. Major R. A. Wymer. | 11. Major the Hon. R. A. Campbell. |
| 3. Major S. S. Clarke. | 5. Captain S. Hay. | 12. Captain the Hon. A. H. Maitland. |
| 4. Colonel A. de S. M'Kerrell. | 6. Captain A. D. Macpherson. | |
| 5. Major-General J. S. Ewart, C.B. | 7. Captain J. A. Orr. | |
| 6. Colonel A. Scott-Elliott. | 8. Captain R. L. Adlercron. | |
| 7. General Sir Ian S. M. Hamilton,
K.C.B., D.S.O. | 9. Captain A. Horne. | |
| 8. Lieutenant-Colonel J. Leslie Fraser. | 10. Captain W. M. Stewart. | |
| 9. Colonel H. H. L. Malcolm, D.S.O. | 11. Major D. E. Mackintosh. | |
| 10. Major and Hon. Lieutenant-Colonel
A. Fraser, V.D. | 12. Major N. J. G. Cameron. | |
| 11. Major and Hon. Lieutenant-Colonel
E. Campbell, V.D. | 13. Major J. Campbell, D.S.O. | |
| 12. Major G. Gunn. | | |
| 13. 2nd Lieutenant A. E. Macdonald. | | |
- Second Row.*
1. 2nd Lieutenant C. C. K. Campbell.
 2. Captain E. Craig-Brown.
- Third Row.*
1. Lieutenant H. M. V. Barron.
 2. 2nd Lieutenant A. C. Allan.
 3. Captain G. I. Fraser.
 4. Captain and Hon. Major J. Campbell.
 5. Lieutenant N. C. G. Cameron.
 6. 2nd Lieutenant C. A. Macalister.
 7. 2nd Lieutenant L. Robertson.
 8. Lieutenant-Colonel D. P. Haig.
 9. Lieutenant A. H. Mackintosh.
- Fourth Row.*
1. Captain L. O. Graeme.
 2. Lieutenant R. MacLean.
 3. Lieutenant J. G. Ramsay.
 4. Lieutenant G. J. S. Scovell.
 5. Lieutenant L. R. C. Douglas-Hamilton.
 6. Lieutenant C. C. Grieve.
- Back Row.*
1. Lieutenant T. Allison.
 2. 2nd Lieutenant A. C. Lampson.
 3. Lieutenant N. D. Shaw.
 4. Lieutenant J. S. M. Matheson.
 5. 2nd Lieutenant K. F. Meiklejohn.
 6. Lieutenant R. M. Dudgeon.
 7. 2nd Lieutenant R. I. Macpherson.
 8. Captain and Hon. Major D. MacBean, V.D.

PLATE 45



OFFICERS PRESENT AT HIS MAJESTY'S LEVEE.

11TH MAY 1908.

1908.—2nd Battalion.

On the 7th of January 1908, official information was received from home that in consequence of the severity of the weather in Northern China, and the consequent danger of transferring the women and children direct to such a cold climate from South Africa, the battalion was to be detained at Hong-Kong for a time, and that it was not to proceed to its destination until the month of April. The Cameron Highlanders therefore disembarked on the 10th of January at Kowloon on the mainland, and occupied Whitfield barracks.

Towards the end of March, orders were received for the continuance of the journey to Tientsin, and permission was obtained for the despatch of a small advance party, which started under Captain P. T. C. Baird on the 1st of April in the R.I.M.S. *Northbrook*. The remainder of the battalion, under Lieutenant-Colonel M. S. Riach, embarked on board the R.I.M.S. *Dufferin* on the 8th of April, and sailed the same day for North China. At daylight on the 13th of April the vessel anchored off Taku, when the battalion was at once transferred to a small ship, the s.s. *Fing-Tien*, for conveyance up the Pei-ho river to Tientsin. The latter place was reached at about 7 P.M., when the Cameron Highlanders disembarked, and occupied quarters vacated by a wing of the Middlesex Regiment. This wing and the 47th Sikhs, just relieved by the 76th Punjaubis, embarked next day respectively for Hong-Kong and India. The arrival of a kilted regiment created a great sensation in Tientsin, the local Scottish residents displayed much enthusiasm, and numbers of soldiers of the foreign contingents serving in Northern China came down to witness the disembarkation. On the morning of the 15th of April "D" and "E" Companies, under Captain A. Chancellor, proceeded by train to Pekin to join the Legation Guard.¹

The British contingent serving in Northern China, under Brigadier-General Waters, now consisted of the Cameron Highlanders, the 76th Punjaubis, a detachment of Royal Garrison Artillery, a detachment of Indian Sappers and Miners, and certain administrative details.

¹ The following officers also proceeded to Pekin :—Captain P. W. N. Fraser, D.S.O.; Lieutenant J. S. Drew; 2nd Lieutenants R. F. L. Johnstone, R. L. M'Call, A. A. Fowler, and A. Y. G. Thomson.

1908.—3rd Battalion.

On the 15th of January recruiting ceased for the Militia, and all recruits joining the 3rd Battalion after this date were enlisted for the "Special Reserve," and were drilled at the Cameron barracks with the Line recruits.

On the 27th of February the King's message to the Militia was received in the form of a Special Army Order, dated the 22nd of February 1908.

The following announcement appeared in the 'London Gazette' of the 25th of February 1908:—

"3rd Battalion, The Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders. Lieutenant-Colonel and Honorary Colonel Norman MacLeod retires with permission to retain his rank and to wear the prescribed uniform. Dated 13th February 1908."

The following appeared in Battalion Orders of the 27th of February 1908:—

"In relinquishing command of this truly Highland Battalion, Colonel MacLeod wishes to extend his heartfelt thanks to the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men for their devotion to duty under all circumstances, and for their cordial co-operation in maintaining the high ideal of discipline and *esprit de corps* which has always been maintained in the regiment. The exceptionally good behaviour of the regiment when in billets in Inverness at last training has been a special source of pride and gratification to him. Colonel MacLeod notifies, for the information of all concerned, the report of the Chief Constable of Inverness to the Provost—viz., 'I have great pleasure in stating that the conduct of the 3rd Battalion Cameron Highlanders while billeted in the town during their recent training was excellent. In my experience of nearly forty years, I never knew anything approaching their conduct and sobriety and orderliness. This regiment has always maintained a good reputation, but it is scarcely credible that about 900 young men, strangers, billeted in various lodgings throughout the town, where the same supervision as in barracks or camp was impossible, should have proved of such a high standard. There were only two of them dealt with by the police: one of these was found drunk and incapable, the other was found not guilty of the charge made against him.' (Signed) JOHN MACDONALD, C.C."

"Colonel MacLeod parts with his old comrades of all ranks with the very keenest regret, and wishes them all 'God-speed.' He is certain they will extend to his successor the hearty co-operation they always gave himself, and which made his period of command a very happy one."

The following appeared in the 'London Gazette' of the 20th of May 1908 :—

"3rd Battalion, The Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders. Major David P. Haig to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 14th February 1908."

On the 29th of May the recruits and duty men, numbering about 4 officers and 120 non-commissioned officers and men, moved to Fort George to prepare the camp for the arrival of the battalion for the annual training on the 5th of June.

The battalion, under command of Lieutenant-Colonel D. P. Haig, assembled at Telford Road barracks on the latter date, and proceeded to Fort George by rail. The strength in camp was 21 officers, 1 warrant officer, 21 permanent staff non-commissioned officers, 19 Militia sergeants, and 834 rank and file.

Enlistment for the "Special Reserve" continued throughout the training, and the following numbers joined: 17 sergeants, 33 corporals, and 591 privates. Total, 641.

One hundred and eighteen members of the battalion elected to take a free discharge, and the remainder chose to continue Militiamen until their time expired.

Colonel E. B. Urmston, C.B., commanding No. 1 District, made his annual inspection of the battalion on the 29th and 30th of June; after his inspection on the second day, Colonel Urmston addressed the battalion on parade, and complimented the men on the way they had come forward to join the "Special Reserve," and expressed himself very well pleased with their work and progress during the training, as shown by their appearance and steadiness on parade.

The battalion returned to Inverness by rail on the 1st of July, where the men were settled up with, and dismissed to their homes.

The permanent staff and 21 recruits (who had to complete their six months' training) marched to the Cameron barracks, and on the 2nd of July were amalgamated with the depot.

The following is a list of the officers who joined the "Special Reserve" :—

Lieutenant-Colonel D. P. Haig ; Major D. E. Mackintosh ; Captains M. J. Grant Peterkin, H. S. L. Alford, N. J. M. Archdall, H. R. Brown (Brevet Major), R. M. Heron, J. S. Macdonell ; Lieutenant W. Dewar ; 2nd Lieutenants K. I. Macpherson, R. J. Cavaye, W. D. Nicholson, C. C. K. Campbell, A. D. Sandeman, A. S. Nicholson ; and Surgeon Lieutenant-Colonel D. M'Fadyen.

1908.—4th Battalion.

On the 1st of April the old Inverness-shire Highland Rifle Volunteers, which since 1881 had been affiliated with the regiment as its 1st Volunteer Battalion, became, under Mr Haldane's Territorial scheme, the 4th Battalion Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders.

The following Volunteer officers were subsequently gazetted to the 4th Battalion, all dated 1st April 1908:—

Hon. Colonel.—Major-General J. S. Ewart, C.B.

Lieutenant-Colonel.—J. Leslie Fraser.

Majors.—Hon. Lieutenant-Colonel A. Fraser, V.D.; Hon. Lieutenant-Colonel E. Campbell, V.D.

Captains.—Hon. Major H. Fraser; Hon. Major A. D. MacKinnon, V.D. (Hon. Captain in the army); T. Gibson; Hon. Major D. MacBean, V.D.; Hon. Major J. Campbell (Hon. Lieutenant in the army); J. Barron.

Lieutenants.—T. Allison; R. Macdonald; M. Beaton; J. Macpherson; R. MacLean; D. Ross; W. Mackintosh; D. F. Mackenzie.

2nd Lieutenants.—A. E. Macdonald; K. MacRae; J. Campbell.

Adjutant.—Captain G. I. Fraser, Cameron Highlanders.

Quartermaster.—Hon. Captain J. Lockie.

SUCCESSION OF COLONELS OF THE CAMERON HIGHLANDERS FROM 1793 TO 1908.

1. Major Alan Cameron, afterwards Lieutenant-General Sir Alan Cameron, K.C.B.	August 17th, 1793. Died March 9th, 1828.
2. Lieutenant-General Sir Ronald Ferguson, G.C.B.	March 24th, 1828. Died April 10th, 1841.
3. Major-General The Honourable John Ramsay	April 29th, 1841. Died June 28th, 1842.
4. Lieutenant-General Sir James Macdonnell, K.C.B., K.C.H.	July 14th, 1842. Transferred to the 71st Highlanders, February 8th, 1849.
5. Major-General James Hay, C.B.	February 8th, 1849. Died February 25th, 1854.
6. Lieutenant-General W. H. Sewell, C.B.	March 24th, 1854. Died March 13th, 1862.
7. General The Honourable Hugh Arbuthnott, C.B.	March 14th, 1862. Died July 11th, 1868.
8. General J. F. Glencairn Campbell, C.B.	July 12th, 1868. Died August 20th, 1870.
9. Major-General Henry Cooper, C.B.	August 21st, 1870. Transferred to 45th Foot March 17th, 1876.

SUCCESSION LISTS.

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10. General Sir Alfred Horsford, G.C.B. March 17th, 1876. Transferred to 14th Foot January 1st, 1879.
 11. General Sir John Douglas, G.C.B. January 1st, 1879. Died September 8th, 1887.
 12. General Sir R. C. H. Taylor, G.C.B. September 9th, 1887. Died December 6th, 1904.
 13. Lieutenant - General Sir Ian S. M. Hamilton, K.C.B., D.S.O. December 7th, 1904.

SUCCESSION OF LIEUTENANT-COLONELS OF THE CAMERON HIGHLANDERS.

1st Batt.	Alan Cameron .	.	.	.	17th August	1793.
" "	Honourable A. C. Johnstone .	.	.	.	2nd May	1794.
" "	William Ashton .	.	.	.	18th September	1794.
" "	Patrick Macdowall .	.	.	.	1st November	1796.
" "	William Eden .	.	.	.	15th August	1798.
" "	Archibald M'Lean .	.	.	.	3rd September	1801.
2nd "	Philips Cameron .	.	.	.	19th April	1804.
" "	John Murray .	.	.	.	28th May	1807.
1st "	Philips Cameron .	.	.	.	11th December	1806.
" "	John Murray .	.	.	.	28th May	1807.
2nd "	Robert Fulton .	.	.	.	28th May	1807.
1st "	Robert Fulton .	.	.	.	13th May	1811.
2nd "	William Harvey .	.	.	.	30th May	1811.
1st "	William Harvey .	.	.	.	3rd December	1812.
2nd "	Neil Douglas .	.	.	.	3rd December	1812.
1st "	Neil Douglas .	.	.	.	20th February	1813.
2nd "	Nathaniel Cameron .	.	.	.	24th June	1813.
1st "	Duncan MacDougall .	.	.	.	6th September	1833.
" "	Robert Ferguson .	.	.	.	13th March	1835.
" "	Andrew Brown .	.	.	.	8th June	1841.
" "	John Carter, K.H. .	.	.	.	29th October	1841.
" "	Honourable Lauderdale Maule .	.	.	.	14th June	1842.
" "	Edmund James Elliot .	.	.	.	24th December	1852.
" "	John Douglas .	.	.	.	13th August	1854.
" "	Richard C. H. Taylor, C.B. .	.	.	.	1st August	1857.
" "	Thomas Bromhead Butt .	.	.	.	15th April	1859.
" "	William C. Hodgson .	.	.	.	10th July	1860.
" "	Richard M. Best .	.	.	.	13th September	1864.
" "	Keith Ramsay Maitland .	.	.	.	2nd March	1872.
" "	George Murray Miller .	.	.	.	19th October	1872.
" "	Edward W. Cuming .	.	.	.	1st October	1877.
" "	John Macdonald Leith .	.	.	.	1st July	1881.
2nd "	Simon, Lord Lovat, A.D.C. .	.	.	.	1st July	1881.
1st "	Henry Hungerford St. Leger .	.	.	.	1st April	1885.
" "	Edward Everett, D.S.O. .	.	.	.	1st July	1887.

32 RECORDS OF THE CAMERON HIGHLANDERS.

2nd Batt.	John Andrew Macdonald	.	.	7th September	1887.
1st "	Archibald Young Leslie	.	.	4th June	1890.
" "	Gordon L. C. Money, D.S.O.	.	.	21st May	1894.
2nd "	James Maitland Hunt	.	.	3rd April	1897.
3rd "	Alfred D. Mackintosh of Mackintosh	.	.	24th November	1897.
1st "	Thomas F. A. Watson-Kennedy	.	.	20th May	1899.
" "	Frederick Hacket-Thompson	.	.	9th March	1901.
2nd "	Henry H. L. Malcolm, D.S.O.	.	.	3rd April	1902.
3rd "	Norman MacLeod	.	.	14th February	1903.
1st "	Adam Scott-Elliott	.	.	9th March	1905.
2nd "	Malcolm Stewart Riach	.	.	4th April	1906.
3rd "	David Price Haig	.	.	14th February	1908.
4th "	James Leslie Fraser	.	.	1st April	1908.

SUCCESSION OF ADJUTANTS OF THE CAMERON
HIGHLANDERS.

1ST AND 2ND BATTALIONS.

Rank when appointed.	Name.	Date.	Remarks.
Lieut.	Archibald M'Lean	. . . 17th Aug. 1793	Adjutant when the regiment was raised.
Lieut.	Andrew Brown	. . . 24th June 1795	Adjutant at Egmont-op-Zee and in Egypt in 1801. Wounded at Quatre Bras as second in command.
Ensign	James Brown	. . . 31st Dec. 1803.	
Lieut.	John Cameron	. . . 25th April 1805	Exchanged to 1st Foot, and was killed at the storming of San Sebastien
Lieut.	Sinclair Davidson	. . . 13th Aug. 1807	Was adjutant in the retreat to Corunna, and at the battle of Busaco. Died of wounds received at the battle of Fuentes d'Onor.
Lieut.	John M'Neill	. . . 5th May 1808	2nd Battalion.
Lieut.	Kenneth Cameron	. . . 21st Feb. 1811	Was adjutant in the Peninsular War at Fuentes d'Onor, Salamanca, Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse (wounded).
Lieut.	Alexander Cameron	. . . 13th Feb. 1812	Was wounded at Fuentes d'Onor and Waterloo, at which battle he, as a lieutenant, brought the regiment out of action.

Lieut.	John Kynock	.	.	19th May 1814	Adjutant at Quatre Bras, where he was killed.
Lieut.	John Ford	.	.	2nd March 1815	2nd Battalion. Saw much service in the Peninsular War.
Lieut.	Alan M'Lean	.	.	27th July 1815	Wounded at Toulouse as an ensign.
Lieut.	Thomas Cowan	.	.	12th Dec. 1816.	
Lieut.	Donald Campbell	.	.	4th Oct. 1821.	
Lieut.	Duncan MacDougall	.	.	3rd March 1825.	
Lieut.	John Douglas	.	.	18th July 1834	Exchanged to 11th Light Dragoons.
Lieut.	James Ferguson	.	.	11th May 1839	Died in Turkey as a Major and Brevet Lieutenant- Colonel in 1854.
Lieut.	John Douglas	.	.	18th Sept. 1840	Afterwards General Sir John Douglas, G.C.B., colonel of the regiment.
Ensign	Henry Mackay	.	.	18th June 1841	Held the adjutancy for thir- teen years.
Lieut.	Adam Maitland ¹	.	.	11th July 1854	Adjutant at the Alma.
Ensign	James Young	.	.	2nd Oct. 1854	Adjutant in the Crimea and Indian Mutiny.
Lieut.	Douglas Wimberley	.	.	18th June 1858	Adjutant in the latter part of the Indian Mutiny.
Lieut.	Robert Stewart	.	.	18th Feb. 1859.	
Lieut.	Arthur Hume	.	.	31st March 1863	Held the adjutancy for eleven years.
Lieut.	James D. Kellie M'Callum	.	.	11th Aug. 1874.	
Lieut.	Arthur N. Forbes-Gordon	.	.	26th July 1876.	
Lieut.	Orr Boswell Gordon	.	.	13th July 1878.	
Lieut.	Gordon L. C. Money	.	.	19th Dec. 1879	Afterwards commanded the 1st Battalion at the Atbara and Khartoum.
Lieut.	Kenneth S. Baynes	.	.	1st Dec. 1880	Adjutant at Tel-el-Kebir, and in the Nile Expedi- tion.
Lieut.	John Spencer Ewart	.	.	13th May 1885	Adjutant in the Soudan operations, 1885-86, at Kosheh and Giniss.
Captain Thomas Arthur Mackenzie		.	10th July 1889.		

¹ On the 11th of August 1854, Lieutenant Adam Maitland was promoted to the rank of captain, and had in consequence to relinquish the appointment of adjutant, but continued to perform the duties pending the appointment of his successor. He acted in this capacity at the battle of the Alma. The name of Lieutenant

Francis Augustus Grant had meanwhile been submitted by Colonel John Douglas for the appointment on Lieutenant Maitland's promotion; but as the appointment was not gazetted until the 6th of October, and Lieutenant Grant had already died before Sebastopol on the 1st of October, he never actually held the appointment.

RECORDS OF THE CAMERON HIGHLANDERS.

Captain George Ross Cavaye . . . 1st Nov. 1890.
 Captain Frederic Alexander MacFarlan 1st Feb. 1894.
 Lieut. Lawrence Oliphant Græme . 17th Nov. 1897 . Adjutant of the newly raised 2nd Battalion.
 Lieut. John Campbell . . . 1st Feb. 1898 . Adjutant of the 1st Battalion at the Atbara and Khartoum, and for part of the South African War.
 Captain Honourable A. H. Maitland . 21st Nov. 1901 . 2nd Battalion.
 Captain Neville J. G. Cameron . . . 5th Dec. 1901 . Adjutant of 1st Battalion during latter part of the South African War.
 Lieut. Robert Campbell . . . 21st Nov. 1904 . 2nd Battalion.
 Lieut. John Arthur Orr . . . 5th Dec. 1904 . 1st Battalion.
 Captain William H. M'Cowan . . . 21st Nov. 1907 . 2nd Battalion.
 Lieut. George Julian S. Scovell . . . 5th Dec. 1907 . 1st Battalion.

SUCCESSION OF ADJUTANTS OF THE MILITIA BATTALION.

(From 1881-1897 known as 2nd Battalion.)

(From 1897-1908 known as 3rd Battalion.)

Major Henry John Knight (78th Highlanders)	. . .	16th October 1880.
Major Kenneth Schalch Baynes	. . .	2nd November 1885.
Captain Thomas Arthur Mackenzie	. . .	3rd November 1890.
Captain Walter Douglas Ewart	. . .	4th November 1895.
Captain Francis Louis Scott-Kerr	. . .	18th January 1897.
Captain Henry Robert Brown	. . .	21st April 1902.
Captain Douglas Nathaniel Carleton Capel Miers	. . .	21st April 1905.

SUCCESSION OF QUARTER-MASTERS OF THE CAMERON HIGHLANDERS.

1ST AND 2ND BATTALIONS.

Name.	Date.	Remarks.
Duncan Stewart . . .	17th August 1793 .	First Quarter-Master of the regiment.
John M'Arthur . . .	20th June 1799 .	Quarter-Master at Egmont-op-Zee and in Egypt in 1801. Was paymaster afterwards in the Peninsular War and at Waterloo.

John M'Kinnon . . .	25th March 1805 .	2nd Battalion.
Peter Macintyre . . .	22nd May 1806 .	2nd Battalion.
T. A. Hamilton . . .	14th March 1811 .	Died in Portugal 28th December 1812.
Angus Cameron . . .	13th February 1812 .	Served as a sergeant in the Peninsular War. Was Quarter-Master at Quatre Bras and Waterloo, and held this appointment in the 1st Battalion for 26 years, vacating it in 1838.
Archibald Sinclair . . .	25th February 1813 .	2nd Battalion.
John Gow . . .	5th October 1815 .	2nd Battalion (which was disbanded in December 1815).
Alexander Cruickshanks . . .	12th October 1838 .	Was present with the regiment at Waterloo as a private.
Robert Jameson . . .	11th May 1849 .	Was Quarter-Master in the Crimea.
William M'Gill . . .	14th November 1856 .	Quarter-Master in the Indian Mutiny.
William Simpson . . .	16th March 1867 .	
William Howard . . .	20th April 1878 .	Quarter-Master at Tel-el-Kebir, in the Nile Expedition, and Soudan Frontier operations of 1885-86.
William Young . . .	15th April 1891 .	Died in Egypt, 1898.
John Cameron . . .	26th April 1897 .	Quarter-Master of the newly raised 2nd Battalion.
Alexander Preston Yeadon . . .	9th March 1898 .	Quarter-Master 1st Battalion at the Atbara and Khartoum, and also in the South African War.
David Macdonald . . .	19th March 1904 .	Wounded in South Africa as Quarter-Master-Sergeant. Promoted Quarter-Master 2nd Battalion 19th March 1904.

MILITIA BATTALION.

Peter Forbes	9th November 1878.
John Emslie	13th April 1887.
John Cameron	12th March 1904.

SUCCESSION OF SERGEANT-MAJORS OF THE
CAMERON HIGHLANDERS.

1ST BATTALION.

Years.				
1793-96	.	.	.	None appointed.
1797-1801	.	.	.	Robert Muir.
1801-03	.	.	.	Peter M'Adam.
1803-08	.	.	.	Robert Muir.
1808-12	.	.	.	John Sinclair.
1812-13	.	.	.	Robert Muir.
1813-14	.	.	.	James Robertson.
1814-20	.	.	.	Masterton M'Intosh.
1816	.	.	.	William James (supernumerary from 2nd Battalion).
1820-24	.	.	.	William Dewar.
1824-35	.	.	.	Colin Macdonald.
1835-36	.	.	.	Henry M'Kay (acting).
1836	.	.	.	Angus Ross.
1837-41	.	.	.	Henry M'Kay.
1841-49	.	.	.	William M'Allister.
1849-54	.	.	.	John M'Kay.
1854 (12th May to 1st October)	.	.	.	James Young.
1854-58	.	.	.	Thomas Bunyan.
1858-67	.	.	.	William Simpson.
1867-71	.	.	.	Robert Rankin.
1871-78	.	.	.	William Howard.
1878-83	.	.	.	Joseph Alexander Campbell.
1883-87	.	.	.	John Emslie.
1887-91	.	.	.	William Young.
1891-95	.	.	.	John M'Laren.
1895-98	.	.	.	Alexander Preston Yeadon.
1898-1901	.	.	.	Donald M'Leod.
1901	.	.	.	Arthur James Macdonald.

2ND BATTALION.

1804-06	.	.	.	John Cameron.
1806-08	.	.	.	John Sinclair.
1808-12	.	.	.	Robert Muir.
1812-15	.	.	.	John Sinclair.
1815	.	.	.	William James.
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1897-1902	.	.	.	John Christian Austin.
1902	.	.	.	J. M'Donald Patrick.

MILITIA BATTALION.

1874-85	Allan Stewart.
1885-92	Alexander Donald Fraser.
1892-1906	George Levie.
1906	James Nicolson.

SUCCESSION OF QUARTER-MASTER-SERGEANTS.

1ST BATTALION.

Years.	
1793-96	None appointed.
1797-98	John M'Arthur.
1798-1801	Alexander Gray.
1801-03	John Cameron.
1803-05	William Turnbull.
1805-13	Archibald Sinclair.
1813-16	James Hay.
1816-34	George Henderson.
1834-38	Alexander Cruikshanks.
1838-42	Richard Stevens.
1842-48	James Watters.
1848-50	James Wilson (acting).
1850-54	David Paton.
1854	David Cant.
1854 (10th August to 4th November)	William M'Gill.
1854-55	Duncan M'Intyre.
1856	Vacant.
1857	Donald Gow.
1858	Vacant.
1859-60	William Hunter.
1860-61	Richard Grant.
1861-67	William Hunter.
1867-75	James Knight.
1875-80	Robert Loughton.
1880-81	Hugh M'Lean.
1881-83	John Emslie.
1883-90	Francis Chapman.
1890-92	James Morton.
1892-97	John Cameron.
1897-1904	David Macdonald.
1904	Edwin Wilkins.

2ND BATTALION.

1804-07	.	.	.	.	Alexander Cameron.
1807-13	Angus Cameron.
1813	Archibald Sinclair.
1813-15	John Gow.
1815	George Henderson.
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1897-1901	Arthur James Macdonald.
1901	William Patchett.

MILITIA BATTALION.

1880-87	.	.	.	.	James Dawson.
1887-99	.	.	.	.	Alexander Laing.
1899-1907	.	.	.	.	Alexander Fraser.
1907	.	.	.	.	Frank William Colledge.

SUCCESSION OF DRUM-MAJORS.

1ST BATTALION.

Years.					
1793-1810	.	.	.	.	None appointed.
1811-13	.	.	.	.	James M'Laren.
1813-15	.	.	.	.	William M'Kay.
1815	.	.	.	.	William Gurney.
1816-18	.	.	.	.	Alexander Paxton.
1816-18	.	.	.	.	William Stevenson (supernumerary from 2nd Battalion).
1818-19	.	.	.	.	William Stevenson.
1819-27	.	.	.	.	William M'Nair.
1828-31	.	.	.	.	Kenneth M'Kay.
1831-32	.	.	.	.	James Lee.
1833-35	.	.	.	.	John Creamer.
1835-37	.	.	.	.	Vacant.
1837-39	.	.	.	.	John Alderson.
1839-47	.	.	.	.	Edward Cunningham.
1847	.	.	.	.	Thomas Bunyan.
1847-48	.	.	.	.	Patrick Quin.
1848-49	.	.	.	.	James Crystal.
1850	.	.	.	.	Vacant.
1851-64	.	.	.	.	David Brown.
1864-66	John M'Intosh.
1866-73	James Hogg.
1873-81	James Barr.

SUCCESSION LISTS.

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1881-82	.	.	.	Samuel Sanderson.
1882-83	.	.	.	William M'Donald.
1883-92	.	.	.	Alexander M'Murray.
1892-97	.	.	.	John M'Naught.
1897-1903	.	.	.	Peter Scotland.
1903	.	.	.	George Scotland.

2ND BATTALION.

1804-10	.	.	.	None appointed.
1811-14	.	.	.	William Stevenson.
1814	.	.	.	William M'Kay (for short period).
1815	.	.	.	William Stevenson.
1897-1905	.	.	.	John M'Naught.
1905	.	.	.	W. Irving.

SUCCESSION OF PAYMASTER-SERGEANTS
(FORMERLY PAYMASTER'S CLERKS).

1ST BATTALION.

Years.	.	.	.	
1793-96	.	.	.	None appointed.
1797-1808	.	.	.	Malcolm M'Coll.
1808	.	.	.	William Budge.
1808-12	.	.	.	William Lane.
1812-13	.	.	.	James Hay.
1813-20	.	.	.	William Lane.
1816-20	.	.	.	William Gunn (supernumerary from 2nd Battalion).
1820-27	.	.	.	William Gunn.
1827-34	.	.	.	George Sinclair.
1834-50	.	.	.	George M'Luckie.
1850-54	.	.	.	Vacant.
1854-56	.	.	.	Alexander M'Donald.
1856	.	.	.	Vacant.
1857-61	.	.	.	Archibald Litster.
1861-70	.	.	.	Richard Grant.
1870	.	.	.	Thomas Dawson.
1870-73	.	.	.	John Mackenzie.
1873	.	.	.	Robert Douglas.
1873-75	.	.	.	John M'Nab.
1875-87	.	.	.	James Sweeney.
1887-90	.	.	.	Robert M'Laggan.

2ND BATTALION.

1804	.	.	Vacant.
1805-14	.	.	David Ross.
1814-15	.	.	Neil M'Donald.
1815	.	.	William Gunn.

SUCCESSION OF PIPE-MAJORS OF THE CAMERON HIGHLANDERS.

The rank of pipe-major was not recognised officially till the year 1856. Prior to that date the title was merely conferred by regimental custom, and, consequently, the names of those then holding the appointment cannot now, in every case, be identified. A certain amount of information regarding the pipers of the regiment in the earlier years of its history is obtainable, however, from various sources. We find that in 1804 Piper Finlay Macleod of the 79th won the prize of the Highland Society of Edinburgh, whilst the distinguished conduct of Piper Kenneth M'Kay of the Grenadier Company at Waterloo forms the subject of the well-known picture, by Mr Lockhart Bogle, which is now in possession of the Officers' Mess of the 1st Battalion. In the year 1818 Pipe-Major Alexander Sutherland was in charge of the pipers; in 1824 Pipe-Major Donald Stewart, and in 1838 Pipe-Major John Stewart. In 1838 this pipe-major, John Stewart, won the prize given by the Highland Society of Edinburgh for "the best dressed Highlander." The next pipe-major of whom there is any record was John Macdonald, who is said to have composed the well-known march, "The 79th's Farewell to Gibraltar." He left the regiment in 1849. Sergeant Angus M'Leod was acting pipe-major of the depot from 1854 to 1856, but he does not appear to have been ever appointed regimental pipe-major. During the Crimean and Indian Mutiny campaigns, Richard Stewart¹ was in charge of the pipers, and this non-commissioned officer was for the first time officially recognised as pipe-major in the muster roll of May 1856. Since that date the succession of regimental pipe-majors has been as follows:—

- Richard Stewart, 1856.
- Thomas Hardie, 1860.
- James Paton, 1868.
- Duncan Campbell, 1877.
- William Macdonald, 1880.
- John M'Gregor Grant, 1881.
- William Macdonald, 1883. Reappointed.
- Angus M'Killop, 1889.
- 1 David Grant, 1896.
- 2 Charles M'Farlane, 1897.
- 1 Donald M'Kenzie, 1902.
- 2 Alexander Beattie, 1902.
- 1 William Kinnear, 1907.

¹ Richard Stewart was *regimentally* promoted pipe-major on the 1st of April 1854.

PIPE-MAJORS—MILITIA BATTALION.

- 1850-1884. Alexander M'Lennan.
 1884-1887. John M'Donald.
 1887-1892. Robert Meldrum.
 1892-1907. John Cameron.¹
 1908. Alexander Beattie.

THE FOLLOWING OFFICERS WERE SERVING IN THE
QUEEN'S OWN CAMERON HIGHLANDERS WHEN
THESE RECORDS WERE COMPLETED.

Colonel-in-Chief.—General H.R.H. the Prince of Wales (Earl of Inverness),
 K.G., K.T., K.P., G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E., G.C.V.O., I.S.O.,
 Personal A.D.C. to the King.

Colonel.—General Sir Ian S. M. Hamilton, K.C.B., D.S.O.

1ST AND 2ND BATTALIONS.

- 1 Colonel A. Scott-Elliott.
- 2 Lieutenant-Colonel M. S. Riach.
- 2 Major F. A. MacFarlan.
- 1 Colonel A. de S. M'Kerrell, C.B.
- 2 Major A. F. Douglas-Hamilton.
- (3) 1 " S. S. S. Clarke.
- 1 " D. L. MacEwen.
- S. " J. D. M'Lachlan.
- (1) " J. Campbell, D.S.O.
- 1 " G. Gunn.
- 2 Captain A. Chancellor.
- e.a. " A. Cameron.
- 1 L. O. Græme.
- s.c. Brevet-Major N. J. G. Cameron.
- 1 Captain G. C. M. Sorel-Cameron.
- y. " A. D. Nicholson.
- 2 " P. T. C. Baird.
- 1 " R. L. Adlercron.
- m.c. " Hon. A. H. Maitland.
- 1 " E. Craig-Brown.
- (1) " C. W. Maclean.
- S. " W. M. Stewart.
- e.a. " St. C. M. G. MacEwen.

¹ Died 1st of January 1908.

42 RECORDS OF THE CAMERON HIGHLANDERS.

	r.	Captain D. N. C. C. Miers.
(1)		Brevet-Major Hon. R. A. Campbell.
	s.	Captain J. W. Sandilands, D.S.O.
	t.	S. Hay.
1	"	A. Horne.
t.	"	G. I. Fraser.
2	"	P. W. N. Fraser, D.S.O.
(3) 2	"	H. T. Lumsden.
(3) 1	"	A. D. Macpherson.
1	"	D. E. M. M. Crichton.
2	"	A. B. Robertson.
2	"	P. Mitford.
2	"	W. H. M'Cowen (Adjutant).
2	"	R. Campbell.
(1)	"	J. A. Orr.
t.	"	C. H. Campbell.
	s.	Lieutenant J. R. C. Heathcote.
2	"	R. B. Trotter.
2	"	G. B. Duff.
1	"	A. H. Mackintosh.
t.	"	A. G. Cameron.
1	"	H. M. V. Barron.
(3) 1	"	Lord James T. Stewart-Murray.
2	"	T. W. H. J. Erskine.
c.o.	"	C. L. Patton-Bethune.
(1)	"	E. Cameron.
1	"	E. J. Brodie.
1	"	C. C. Grieve.
(1)	"	N. C. G. Cameron.
1	"	G. J. S. Scovell (Adjutant).
1	"	J. S. M. Matheson.
1	"	J. G. Ramsay.
1	"	R. M. Dudgeon.
2	"	L. R. C. Douglas-Hamilton.
2	"	J. S. Drew.
(3) 2	"	N. D. Shaw.
2	"	J. B. Black.
2	"	A. J. A. Douglas.
1	"	A. C. Lampson.
1	2nd Lieutenant	L. Robertson.
2	"	R. L. McCall.
1	"	K. F. Meiklejohn.
1	"	R. F. L. Johnstone.
2	"	C. A. Macalister.
2	"	W. J. Maxwell.
2	"	G. L. Baxter.
2	"	A. Macduff.
2	"	H. C. Methuen.

OFFICERS STILL SERVING.

43

2	2nd Lieutenant	A. Y. G. Thomson.
2	"	A. A. Fowler.
2	"	D. M. Morison.
I	"	A. C. Allan.
(1)	"	D. Cameron.
1	Quarter-Master	A. P. Yeadon (Major).
2	"	D. Macdonald (Lieutenant).

3RD BATTALION.

Colonel A. D. Mackintosh of Mackintosh (*Hon. Colonel*).

Lieutenant-Colonel	D. P. Haig.
Major	D. E. Mackintosh.
"	H. G. Wolridge-Gordon.
Captain	M. J. Grant-Peterkin.
"	H. S. L. Alford.
"	N. J. M. Archdall.
Brevet-Major	H. R. Brown.
Captain	D. Cameron of Lochiel.
C.O.	R. M. Heron.
"	J. S. Macdonell.
Lieutenant	W. Dewar.
"	R. J. Cavaye.
2nd Lieutenant	K. I. Macpherson.
"	W. D. Nicholson.
"	C. C. K. Campbell.
"	A. D. Sandeman.
"	A. S. Nicholson.
Adjutant, Captain	D. N. C. C. Miers.
Quarter-Master	J. Cameron (Captain).
Surgeon Lieutenant-Colonel	D. M'Fadyen.

4TH BATTALION.

Major-General J. S. Ewart, C.B. (*Hon. Colonel*).

Lieutenant-Colonel	J. Leslie Fraser.
Major	A. Fraser, V.D. (<i>Hon. Lieutenant-Colonel</i>).
"	E. Campbell, V.D. (<i>Hon. Lieutenant-Colonel</i>).
Captain	H. Fraser (<i>Hon. Major</i>).
"	¹ A. D. MacKinnon, V.D. (<i>Hon. Major</i>).
"	T. Gibson.
"	D. MacBean, V.D. (<i>Hon. Major</i>).
"	² J. Campbell (<i>Hon. Major</i>).
"	J. Barron.

¹ Hon. Captain in the Army, 31st of May 1901.
Hon. Lieutenant in the Army, 31st of May 1901.

Lieutenant T. Allison.
" R. Macdonald.
" M. Beaton.
" J. Macpherson.
" R. MacLean.
" D. Ross.
" W. Mackintosh.
" R. Lindsay.
" D. F. Mackenzie.
2nd Lieutenant A. E. Macdonald.
" K. MacRae.
" J. Campbell.
" D. H. M'Gillivray.
" A. S. MacDonald.
Adjutant, Captain G. I. Fraser.
Quarter-Master J. Lockie (Captain).
Surgeon-Captain A. C. Miller, M.D.
Chaplain, Reverend D. Macleod, B.D.

HOME SERVICE—1908.

1. Sergeant, in drill order (white jacket).
2. Corporal, in review order.
3. Private, in review order.
4. Officer, in drill order (white jacket).
5. Officer, in review order.
6. Drummer, in review order.
7. Pipe-Major, in review order.
8. Sergeant, in review order.

By Major R. A. WYMER.

PLATE 46



1908.

History of the 3rd Battalion Cameron Highlanders prior to 1881.



BEFORE commencing the story of the 3rd Battalion Cameron Highlanders, it may not be out of place to mention in brief outline the leading events connected with the Militia before it made its first appearance in Scotland. The "Constitutional force" has a history which dates back in England to the reign of King Alfred, the earliest period to which the National Documents reach. It was then known as the Fyrd, an organisation which owed its origin to King Alfred about the year 871, and which enforced universal service. In the reign of William the Conqueror this force was for a time supplanted by a system of Military Tenants, but the old English Militia was revived by the Assize of Arms in 1181 during the reign of Henry II. This Militia was represented at the victories of Cressy in 1346, Poitiers 1356, and Agincourt 1415, though not, perhaps, in its constitutional local aspect.

The Militia began to assume its more modern character when it was placed in 1549 under the Lords-Lieutenant of Counties, in whose hands it remained—with the exception of the period covered by the Commonwealth—until the year 1872. At the time of the Spanish Armada, 1588, the whole Militia was called out. On the occasion of the great Civil War, 1640, Parliament again summoned it to arms through an ordinance, which Charles I. counteracted by Commissions of Array. At the Restoration in 1660 the force was somewhat superseded by a standing army, which was now raised for the first time.

By the events of 1715 and "The 'Forty-five" the attention of the

military authorities in London was directed to the Highlands. Since 1688 no one had dared to call upon the Scottish Militia as a body, as the Government feared to issue an order which they were powerless to enforce. It was not until 1748, when Fort George was built, at the point of Ardersier, on the Moray Firth, and garrisoned by regulars, that the War Office could justly claim to have any permanent authority in these parts.

Fort George figures largely in the military annals of the Highlands, and we may here give a piece of local history which deserves to be saved from oblivion. One sometimes sees an old print entitled "View of Inverness in Scotland, with its Bridge over the river Ness, and Fort George on an Emminence near it." This is not as inaccurate as is generally supposed. A square, stone-built fortress stood for many hundreds of years on Castle Hill (Inverness) before the present County Buildings were erected. It was remodelled in 1726 by General Wade for the Government of George I. and named Fort George, and it was destroyed in 1746 by Prince Charlie's French engineer, who was himself killed by the explosion. The present Fort George was built in 1748 at a cost of £160,000.

In 1757 the English Militia was reorganised, and the Irish Militia was revived in 1793. In this latter year several regular battalions of Highlanders were raised, including the 79th Cameron Highlanders.

In 1797 provision was made for raising Militia in North Britain. The men were much needed. The war with France, which had commenced in 1793 and which was destined to continue to 1815, was making large gaps in our standing army, and those Militia battalions which were already in existence were much depleted in meeting the wastage. As far as Scotland was concerned this Act was in the nature of an experiment, several regiments being raised only to be disbanded four years later.

In 1802 the Militia ballot was successfully introduced into the Highlands and systematically applied. The Militia in Scotland was, in fact, reorganised much upon English lines—that is to say, the men were raised by ballot, the duty of supplying them being imposed upon the counties, which had to provide a fixed quota under penalty of a fine. The numbers required were laid down, the period of service was for three years, the limits of age defined at eighteen to fifty, and certain exemptions and substitutes were allowed.

In this year the counties of Inverness, Nairn, Elgin, and Banff were called upon to furnish their quota to form a Militia battalion, and thus came into existence the "Tenth Militia," or, as it is now called, the 3rd Battalion Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders.

THE TENTH (INVERNESS, BANFF, ELGIN, AND
NAIRN) MILITIA, 1802-5.

By a "Scotch Militia Act" passed in 1802, the counties of Inverness, Banff, Elgin, and Nairn were joined together to form one battalion, and steps were taken in the month of August to raise and organise it. The number of men (privates) to be furnished by each of the counties was as follows:—Inverness, 384; Banff, 179; Elgin, 138; and Nairn, 43. Total, 744, exclusive of sergeants, corporals, and drummers.

The regiment when first formed was officially styled "The Inverness, Banff, Elgin, and Nairn Militia." It was not until March 1804 that it was designated the "Tenth Militia," and even then it was invariably referred to as the "Inverness Militia."

By the Act the nomination of the colonel was vested in His Majesty's Lieutenant of the County of Inverness, as furnishing the greatest number of men, and Sir James Grant of Grant, Bart., who was himself Lord Lieutenant of Inverness-shire, was appointed to this post, his appointment being dated November 1, 1802. He had previously been in command of a volunteer regiment of Fencibles.

The adjutant was appointed by the King on the recommendation of the colonel, and Major William Wilson was selected for the position. He had previously held a commission for thirty years in the Line, and for the last eleven years in the 2nd Ross-shire Militia—making a total of forty-one years' service. He could not, therefore, have been much less than sixty years of age when he assumed his new duties. His appointment as adjutant was dated September the 7th, 1802,—an earlier date, it will be observed, than that of the colonel's gazette, an arrangement due to the fact that the former officer had to take a lodging in Inverness to receive certain non-

commissioned officers and drummers serving in late Militia battalions, who were to be transferred to the Inverness-shire regiment.

In reply to a War Office enquiry, the Colonel reported that he considered the regiment to have been formed "from the 1st day of November last, 1802, being the date of my commission."

The Lieutenant of the County of Banff nominated the lieutenant-colonel, that county furnishing the second largest quota of men, and the Lieutenant of the County of Elgin the major. Sir James Grant decided to form the battalion into ten companies, and, acting upon the same principle as that applied to the senior officers, distributed the appointment of junior officers as follows:—

	Captains.	Lieutenants.	Ensigns.
Inverness	5	6	6
Banff	2	3	3
Elgin	2	1	1
Nairn	1	...	...
	—	—	—
	10	10	10

One of the subalterns was employed as paymaster and one of the non-commissioned officers as paymaster's clerk. The surgeon was appointed by the Lord-Lieutenant of Inverness-shire, with the King's approval. The quarter-master, the battalion clerk, and the drum-major were appointed by the Colonel. Mr Ranald M'Grigor, formerly quarter-master and lieutenant in the late Strathspey Battalion, was selected as clerk. The first sergeant-major was Alexander Grant, appointed November 25th, 1802.

The Colonel also appointed 24 sergeants, 25 corporals, and 12 drummers, numbers which were subsequently raised on embodiment to 37, 37, and 22 respectively. A good proportion of these non-commissioned officers and drummers were transferred from the late 1st Argyllshire, 2nd Ross-shire, and 6th Aberdeenshire regiments of North British Militia, a few also coming from Volunteer corps.

How the non-commissioned officers were selected may be gathered from the following letter, addressed by the Colonel, Sir James Grant, to his Adjutant, Major Wilson, under date of January the 15th, 1803:—

"The first vacancy for a sergeant after P—— B—— is appointed must be filled up by Sergeant Donald M'Kinnon, late sergeant-major in

the South Uist Volunteer Company, whose conduct was very conspicuous in disciplining the Volunteers in Long Island. Corporal Gruir M'Gruir, who was one of the original sergeants in the 1st Fencibles, is a fine old man and useful among Highlanders, but cannot speak English or write. I hope he will merit your attention."

The following document, connected with the raising of the battalion, is of interest to all connected with the county and the regiment:—

LIST of the DISTRICTS within the COUNTY OF INVERNESS that sent the Clerk of Lieutenancy for said County their MILITIA LISTS, with the NUMBER OF MEN liable to serve in each. August 1802.

District.	Consisting of	No. of Men.
First . . .	The Town and Parish of Inverness, exclusive of Aberiachan, Culloden, and Inches's Estates, so far as in that parish, but including the three Leys in the Parish of Croy . . .	707
Second . . .	The Parishes of Ardersier, Petty, and the Parish of Croy exclusive of Daltulich, Leys, Cantra, and Culdoich, but including Culloden and Inches's Estates in the Parish of Inverness	355
Third . . .	The Parishes of Daviot and Dunlichity exclusive of the two Aberchalders, but including Daltulich, Cantra, and Culdoich	147
Fourth . . .	The Parishes of Moy and Dalarassie	64
Fifth . . .	Sir James Grant's Estate in Strathspey, and the Parish of Rothiemurchus and Kincardin	411
Sixth . . .	The Parishes of Laggan, Kingussie, Inch, and Alvie	296
Seventh . . .	The Parishes of Dores, Boleskine, and Abertarff to the East of Tarff and the two Aberchalders in the Parish of Daviot and Dunlichity	168
Eighth . . .	The Parish of Kilmanivaig, including Glengarry and the Country of North Morar, Knoidart, and that part of the Parish of Boleskine to the West of Tarff and Moriston	353
Tenth . . .	The Countries of Urquhart, Glenmoriston, and Aberiachan	289
Eleventh . . .	The Countries of Aird and Strathglass	518
Twelfth . . .	The Parishes of Slate and Strath	387
Fourteenth . . .	That part of the Parish of Sneezort to the West of the river Sneezort, and the Parishes of Duniush and Braccadale	347
Seventeenth	The Parish of Small Isles	94

Districts which did not send in their Lists.

- Ninth . . . The Country and Parish of Glenelg, except North Morar.
- Thirteenth . The Parishes of Portree and Kilmuir in Trottenuish, and that part of the Parish of Sneezort to the East of the river Sneezort.
- Fifteenth . The Parishes of Barra, South Uist, and North Uist.
- Sixteenth . The Parish of Harris.

The Colonel's letter previously referred to throws an interesting sidelight upon the state of the country at this time:—

"I think it proper to mention to you that the Inrollment of the Private Men has not yet been intimated from many of the Districts; and from the difficulty and danger of communicating with several Islands which are separated from the mainland by wide and tempestuous branches of the Sea, and owing to the deficiency of Deputy-Lieutenants, from the non-residence of Proprietors, and the high qualification that is now necessary by the present Militia Act for the appointment of new Deputy-Lieutenants, it may still be some time."

Inverness was at this period the northern limit of vehicular traffic; to proceed further North it was necessary to have recourse to pack-horses. Most of the roads were mere footpaths, or were at best intended for rides or for use as drove-roads. Hence the expression "a made road," and the well-known reference to Wade's military roads "before they were made," which the Sassenach considers so incongruous. There was not even any mail service at the time. The first mail coach to run daily between Perth and Inverness was started in 1806, and between Aberdeen and Inverness in 1811. In this latter year, too, the road between Inverness and Fort Augustus was completed.

The first enrolment of the battalion took place at Inverness on December 24th, 1802; but the regimental books commence from December the 1st, by which date all the permanent staff had been appointed. Although, however, the men were now enrolled, no embodiment took place until three months later.

The following letter, dated February the 19th, 1803, from the Adjutant to the Colonel, has reference to the formation of a band:—

"I fell in with Major Rose of Kilravock a few days ago. He said he would join us in a subscription for the Band instruments, which I think is not a bad scheme, as I am satisfied there is not an officer but would give his mite. I do not wish to leave your subscription to yourself, as I know you will give more than is necessary,—suppose I put you down for Ten Guineas, and then see what the rest will do. I shall subscribe, as the Adjutant's pay is more than I know what to do with.¹ I pawn myself to have a Band to give any man pleasure by the time you come North, if that should even be next month, and I'll engage that there is not a regiment in North Britain that will do it at three times the cost."

¹ He writes differently in March 1806, *q.v.* The Adjutant's pay at this time was eight shillings a day.

To which Sir James replied: "As to the Band of Music, I am very well pleased that you set my name down for Ten Guineas."

In a later letter the Adjutant writes:—"Major Rose, who is a musical man, is exceedingly pleased with the people's performance." In these old letters the men of the regiment are always referred to as "people."

Sir James now thought this was a good opportunity of getting rid of some musical instruments and various accoutrements which had been left on his hands from the battalion of Fencibles he had lately commanded. He therefore wrote to his Adjutant suggesting that he should inspect them and report on their value. He was doubtless rather disappointed with the result of this survey, which is dated March 1st, 1803:—

"I have been consulting with Mr M'Grigor and the Quartermaster Sergeant, and, after every enquiry respecting your things in store, I am of opinion as follows:—One of the Cymbals is broke and therefore of no use. I do not know whether the four Fife cases can be made use of, but two or three of the Fifes are bad. Of the 447 pairs of Flannel drawers, 47 are damaged, the others are valued at 1/- to 1/3 per pair. I think the whole had better be sold by the dozen. The 186 Knapsacks had better remain. The 94 Light Infantry Caps had better be given by your order to the non-commissioned officers and drummers for this reason, that they will bring little or nothing, having seen the day before yesterday three or four score such, which belonged to the Regiment of the Isles, sold for twopence apiece for old leather. 134 Grenadier Caps may remain, in case they can be turned to the use of the Regiment. There was a cask full of them sold with the Light Infantry Caps at from three to fourpence apiece. The 90 Powder Horns may sell at one penny or three halfpence each for snuff-mulls. The 34 stocks may be given out when we are providing the regiment with stocks. The 124 Forraging Caps I conceive will not answer for the regiment, and therefore may be sold as old leather. The cask of Buckles will only sell by the pound."

Such were the accoutrements handed in by the Volunteer battalion on disbandment. These Volunteers must have presented a striking appearance on parade.

The following letter from the Adjutant to the Colonel regarding ammunition is dated March the 5th, 1803:—

"In waiting to hear from you I sit down to make some Remarks of which I am satisfied you will see the utility. Ever since the unfortunate Explosion here a Regulation has been made to keep but a small quantity of Ammunition, or rather Powder, in the Town, at any particular place, and a subscription has been entered into for building a Magazine. The sooner it is set about the

better, that our ammunition be dry and seasoned. . . . There is ground up the river (Ness) opposite the Island, that appears to be the best situation, for that ground belonging to the Town at the Long man's grave, where the Troops generally exercise, is too distant and too much exposed. The vessel which has our Bale of Clothing (sergeants' uniform from London) has had all her hands impressed, is dismasted, and is lying at Yarmouth Roads."

At this period the spot was invariably called "Island," not "Islands," although then, as now, there were two islands. The gunpowder magazine was built at the Longman in 1807 at a cost of £250, defrayed by the burgh.

The Adjutant was told to send his measure to London to get his coat made there, and after it arrived in Inverness the officers were to get it copied. The officers' sashes were to be crimson, three and a half yards long, and "must be worn round the waist by being put twice round and tyed in a knot." All officers were to wear gorgets. Officers' feathers as to size were to depend on the commanding officer's taste.

On January 1st, 1803,—so the "Historical Register" of the regiment states,—the battalion was embodied; but this embodiment seems only to have concerned the permanent staff, for the companies did not assemble until some weeks later. The Nairn Company was embodied on March the 22nd, but it could not join headquarters at Inverness until "routes" had been received from the Commander-in-Chief in North Britain. On April the 20th the Inverness Companies assembled, and they were joined on the 23rd by the Banff Company and on the 25th by the Elgin contingent.

The state of the establishment of the regiment when embodied at Inverness was as follows:—1 colonel, 1 lieutenant-colonel, 1 major, 10 captains, 10 lieutenants, 10 ensigns, 1 adjutant, 1 quarter-master, 1 surgeon, 1 sergeant-major, 1 quarter-master-sergeant, 37 sergeants, 37 corporals, 1 drum-major, 22 drummers, and 744 privates.

The following letter was addressed by the Colonel to Lieutenant-General Vyse on May 5th, 1803:—

" . . . request you will be pleased to give orders for the delivery of Ammunition for Exercise and Practice to the Inverness Regiment of Militia at present stationed at this place, as there is none (nor indeed has there ever been any) in Regimental Store. Although all the men have not yet arrived at Headquarters, I imagine it may be proper to order ammunition for the full complement of the regiment—viz., 744 Privates and 37 Corporals."

A letter of the same date was received, saying that "a new sett of Colours are being prepared for the Inverness Militia."

On June the 1st the battalion started to march to Aberdeen, where it occupied barracks. While stationed here it was inspected by the Marquis of Huntly, commanding in Scotland, who expressed his utmost satisfaction with the good conduct of the non-commissioned officers and men. At Aberdeen the strength of the regiment was increased to twelve companies.

An Act of Parliament came into force on June the 11th, by which the counties were compelled to find the full number of men for their Militia battalions; but if the battalion failed to find the men (by recruiting) the county was to pay a "penalty" of £10 per man (afterwards raised to £15) for every man deficient every three months. Instead of waiting to be fined the "penalty," it was open to the county to arrange beforehand to pay the sum direct to the battalion, in return for which the latter undertook to find a man to fill the vacancy. The man was paid the amount, subject to a few deductions, on enlisting, and such sum was called a "bounty." Thus it will be seen that "penalty" and "bounty" were practically the same thing. When the bounties were at £15, the bringer of the man received 10s. 6d., the doctor who examined him 2s. 6d., the sergeant-major 1s. for enlisting and 1s. for attesting, and the clerk 1s. as well. The regiment also drew 21s. on account of each man enlisted, called "marching guinea."

In August the battalion marched from Aberdeen to Dundee, where it occupied barracks until November the 15th. During this time a detachment of four companies was stationed at Cupar, Fife.

On November the 15th the battalion moved to Kirkcaldy and St Andrews *en route* to Edinburgh. At Kirkcaldy the Colonel received the following letter, dated Nov. 28th, 1803, from General the Earl of Moira, commanding in North Britain:—

"In case of a landing effected by the Enemy on this side of the Forth (Edinburgh), it will be my object that your regiment shall join me as expeditiously as possible. Lieutenant Henry Allen of the Royal Navy is stationed at Kirkcaldy. He has a signal established by the Admiral, by which upon Alarm he is to be summoned to bring over boats and seamen to Leith at my request. He has instructions also to have Vessels in readiness for the Transportation of your regiment. You will please therefore immediately, upon a

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requisition from Lieutenant Allen, to embark the Inverness-shire Militia aboard the vessels which he shall indicate and to proceed according to his directions to Leith, or to any other Port which the circumstances of the moment may occasion him to prefer. On your landing you will receive orders for your further Procedure."

The battalion arrived at Edinburgh on December the 1st, 1803, and remained there until January 1806. While quartered in Edinburgh it seems to have been kept very busy at drill and musketry. On March the 25th, 1804, the Adjutant writes to the Colonel, who was on leave:—

"Sir,—Such is the fortuitous situation of affairs that I scarcely finish one letter before I have occasion to write another. . . . We are out from 11 to 4 daily at Leith Links."

At the end of 1803 the battalion was considerably the strongest regiment of Militia in North Britain. It is interesting at this point to observe the working of the Ballot Act. It was obviously expensive, and created an immense amount of friction between the regimental authorities and the counties which had to provide the men. The counties demurred to paying £10 or £15 for every man short of the establishment, and when the regiment applied for the money it was regarded as an unfriendly act. Finally the Lord Advocate instructed the regiment to summon the counties concerned. Nor was this the only disagreeable feature of the scheme. We find it recorded that "rascals" enlisted to get the bounty, and after a few weeks' service feigned lameness and obtained their discharge. The commissioned officers, too, were not altogether losers in every case, though this was due more to the faulty wording of the pay regulations than to any real irregularity on their part. Officers were entitled under these regulations to draw pay from the date of the King's Warrant calling out the Militia, not from the date on which the regiment actually assembled. In this way several officers, who resigned when embodiment was ordered, actually drew pay without ever having joined. These, indeed, were the "good old days."

In July 1805 all the Militia regiments were reduced in strength, and the Inverness-shire battalion (except that it had one more major) reverted to its original establishment of April 1803, viz., 880. The

following letter from the Commander-in-Chief to the Lord-Lieutenant of the County shows how the surplus officers were disposed of:—

"In consideration of the Zeal and Publick spirit which so eminently distinguishes the officers of Militia in standing forward with their persons and services in Defence of the Country, and in order that the reduction which has taken place may be as little Detrimental as possible to so Valuable a Description of Persons, His Majesty . . . is pleased to allow that such of the Junior officers of each Rank as after supplying existing vacancies shall exceed the reduced Establishment may, if they are so disposed, continue as Supernumeraries with their present commissions, and with the Pay of their respective ranks; it being in such cases clearly and distinctly understood that they are to succeed by seniority to vacancies in their respective ranks as they may arise in the Regiment, and it being also understood that such Supernumerary Officers are to continue with the Regiment, and do the Duty of their respective ranks, excepting only with respect to the Supernumerary Lieutenants, who are to do the duty of such Ensigns as may be wanting to complete the Establishment, by which means it will become unnecessary to appoint to the vacant Ensigncies so long as there shall be Supernumerary Lieutenants to do the Duty."

Officers not wishing to continue as supernumeraries on the above mentioned terms were allowed, on retiring, six months' pay of their rank. The supernumerary non-commissioned officers and men were distributed equally amongst the remaining companies, and were to wait their turn to fill vacancies, which would otherwise have to be filled by ballot. The supernumeraries in the battalion on December the 25th, 1805, were 12 lieutenants, 8 sergeants, and 16 privates. Stores which were no longer required on the reduction of the establishment were to be sent to 58 Mark Lane, London, and "we have to request that, where it is practicable, they may be sent by Water Conveyance instead of Land, by which a great saving will accrue to the Publick." (July the 17th, 1805.)

1806.

The battalion marched in January to Dunbar Castle, arriving there on the 20th.

In March the quarrel between the regiment and the counties reached a somewhat acute stage. Inverness and Banff together owed the regiment over £1400 on account of "penalties," and we find the

Adjutant writing to the Vice-Lieutenant of Inverness-shire as follows:—

“Now, Sir, I ask you as a honest man (which I believe you to be, but this damned Law perverts our ideas), if it comes to a Trial, should we not sue the County?”

Major Wilson had furnished a good deal of the money on his own credit, and he was now regretting it. He does not appear to have got much satisfaction from the Vice-Lieutenant, and the dispute was referred by mutual agreement to Sir James Montgomery, Bart., M.P., House of Commons, London. On March the 13th, 1806, Major Wilson writes to Sir James:—

“I am afraid you will think me rather troublesome, but when people are hard pushed for cash, and at the same time are kept out of what they conceive they have a right to, they sometimes will do what otherwise would not be done.”

It is perhaps worth mentioning that the neighbouring county, Ross-shire, recruited its own men, instead of getting the regiment to do it, and thus escaped all the trouble arising from non-payment of Penalties.

Some alteration in the rates of officers' pay took effect from June the 25th, 1806:—

Lieutenants	to receive 6s. 6d. a day instead of 5s. 8d.				
Ensigns	“	5s. 3d.	“	“	4s. 8d.
Adjutants	“	8s. 6d.	“	“	8s.
Quarter-Masters	“	6s. 6d.	“	“	5s. 8d.

Prior to the year 1797 a lieutenant received 4s. 8d. a day, and an ensign 3s. 8d.

1807.

The following letter, relating to musketry, was addressed by the Adjutant-General to the O.C. 10th Militia (January 16th, '07):—

“Old herring barrels are to be purchased cheap at Leith, and his Lordship (Viscount Cathcart, commanding in North Britain) judges this to be a cheaper sort of Target than the usual ones, two barrels being placed for each company, one on the top of each other. The men are to be practised in firing by double

files from right to left of companies, three paces advanced, then taking a low and deliberate aim. Some proportion of the rounds must be reserved for practice in firing by platoons and files, two and three deep, and the Ranks being occasionally changed."

The battalion moved on May the 26th to Musselburgh.

In August an Act came into force allowing a certain proportion of the Militia to enlist voluntarily into the regulars, and the Colonel received a letter saying that he was expected to do his best to furnish 252 men, with a proportion of officers. No compulsion was suggested, but he was "confidently expected" to persuade his men to leave him. In the historical records of the battalion we here get the first reference to the 79th Regiment, with which it has since been so closely connected :—

"WHITEHALL, September the 14th, 1807.

"SIR,—I have the honour to acquaint you that His Majesty has been pleased to appoint the 79th Regiment of Foot to receive Volunteers from the Regiment under your command.—I am, &c.

"(Signed) HAWKESBURY."

A similar letter authorising the 92nd Regiment (now the Gordon Highlanders) to take Volunteers was received in October.

The establishment was again increased in this month to—

	1 Colonel.	
1	Lieutenant-Colonel.	1 Quarter-Master.
1	Major.	1 Sergeant-Major.
10	Captains.	48 Sergeants.
10	Lieutenants.	48 Corporals.
10	Ensigns.	1 Drum-Major.
1	Adjutant.	22 Drummers.
1	Surgeon.	967 Privates.
Total, 1123.		

1808.

In the town and parish of Inverness only 57 men out of 534 were balloted this year to serve in the Militia, from which it would appear that the ballot did not fall very heavily on the community.

On February the 2nd the battalion moved to Edinburgh, being quartered in the Castle.

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On June the 4th, the King's (George III.) Birthday parade was held. The regiment, with other corps, lined Queen Street, four deep, the right being opposite to North Charlotte Street, the left extended towards Leith Walk. The other corps on duty were the Berwick, Royal Lanark, Edinburgh, Aberdeen, and Dumfries Militia battalions, and some Yeomanry and Volunteers.

On September the 8th the regiment lined the streets upon the occasion of the laying of the foundation-stone of the new jail.

A War Office circular of this year (March 14th) says :—

"The regiment under your command is to be immediately inspected with a view that such men as have no appearance of having had either the Small or Cow Pock shall be inoculated with the vaccine matter."

Another circular in August relates to hair cutting :—

"It is left to the discretion of Colonels of Regiments of Militia to cause their men's Hair to be cut short, in like manner as that of the soldiers of the Regular Army, or to allow them to retain their Queues."

1809.

On May the 30th the battalion marched from Edinburgh Castle to Musselburgh. While at Musselburgh it was inspected by General the Hon. D. Leslie, who communicated to the commanding officer "his entire approbation of the good conduct and regularity of the non-commissioned officers and men."

On October the 5th the regiment arrived at Portsmouth.

The following is a letter from the War Office to the Officer Commanding 10th Militia as it appears in the Regimental Letter Book :—

"HORSE GUARDS,
"20th October 1809.

"As the King will enter on the 50th year of His Reign on the 25th inst., the Commander-in-Chief requests that you will direct a *Fudge Joy* be fired by the several Corps after the performance of Divine Service."

1810.

The battalion remained throughout the year at Portsmouth.

1811.

The battalion still remained at Portsmouth, the establishment being reduced in October to a strength of 878 of all ranks.

1812.

On February 1st the regiment, which had been quartered since October 1809 at Fort Monckton, the new military barracks, and Gosport, moved to Portchester Castle. Here it was associated with the artillery of the King's German Legion in guarding French prisoners of war.

1813.

On May the 29th the battalion returned to Portsmouth.

1814.

The battalion marched on July the 20th to Deptford, where it embarked for Inverness. Here it was disembodied in the month of August.

1815-1832.

There is little material available bearing on the history of the regiment during these eighteen years. The battalion was again embodied on June the 29th, 1815. The headquarters was presumably at Inverness, and a detachment was quartered at this time at Forres. Training at intervals is recorded between the years 1820 and 1831.

In 1822 the Caledonian Canal was opened for through traffic, thus bringing the Western Islands (whence the 3rd Cameron High-

landers now draw so many of their men) into easy communication with Inverness.

In 1831 the Ballot Act, as applied to the Militia, was put into operation for the last time. In this year the battalion was disembodied after its annual training for the last time as the 10th Militia. It did not train in 1832, and in 1833 its name was changed to the 76th (Inverness, Banff, Elgin, and Nairn) Militia.

THE 76TH (INVERNESS, BANFF, ELGIN, AND NAIRN) MILITIA.

1833-1855.

The "Historical Register," which is kept by the regiment, gives little information during these years.

In 1841 the county of Inverness reached its highest figures in the matter of population, a fact which is worth recording here in connection with recruiting, the Ballot Act, and the Militia generally. In this year the population numbered 97,800, which compares with 72,670 in 1801, and 90,100 in 1901.

An important event in the history of the Militia occurred in 1852, when the whole force was reorganised, voluntary service superseding the ballot.

1855.

On January the 18th, 1855, the battalion, under Lieutenant-Colonel Gordon, was embodied at Inverness, the men being quartered in billets in the town. While so embodied, the designation of the regiment was changed, on March the 23rd, to that of the 76th Highland Light Infantry Militia, and it was authorised to wear the Highland dress, with kilt of the Fraser hunting tartan.

PLATE 47



COLONEL THE RIGHT HONOURABLE LORD LOVAT, A.D.C.

INVERNESS (HIGHLAND LIGHT INFANTRY) MILITIA. 61

THE 76TH HIGHLAND LIGHT INFANTRY MILITIA.

On May the 12th, 1855, the battalion moved to Fort George, and on June the 8th it returned to Inverness. On August the 28th it again moved to Fort George and went under canvas, furnishing detachments to Inverness and Nairn. It moved in October into quarters in the Fort, where in the month of December Colonel Gordon died of smallpox contracted when visiting some of his men in hospital who were suffering from the disease. A tablet to his memory was subscribed for by all ranks and erected in the garrison chapel. He was succeeded in command by the Master of Lovat, who was promoted to the rank of lieutenant-colonel.

1856.

By the middle of February the Inverness and Nairn detachments had returned to headquarters, as there was now sufficient accommodation available in Fort George, in consequence of the regiment having supplied so many men to the Line. Between April 1855 and February 1856 the battalion furnished 183 men to the regular army.

On May the 19th it returned to Inverness. The Crimean War had been brought to a successful close, and on the 26th the battalion was disembodied. Special thanks were accorded to the officers and men for their services, and gratuities were given to all ranks.

A permanent staff was formed this year; it consisted of 1 adjutant, 1 quarter-master, 1 sergeant-major, 1 paymaster-sergeant, 16 sergeants, and 8 buglers.

1857.

There was no training of the battalion this year. The adjutant, by previous arrangement, met the men at different places throughout the counties for the purpose of paying the year's bounty.

1858.

The battalion trained this year and every successive year up to 1899, when it was embodied.

In 1858 Inverness was connected by railway with the south, a fact which greatly facilitated the work of recruiting, organisation, and supervision in the counties of Banff, Elgin, and Nairn. The railway had reached Aberdeen and Perth in 1848, and in 1855 the first portion of the Highland line, namely, that from Inverness to Nairn, was opened. In the following year the rail was laid from Aberdeen to Keith, and in 1858 the line between Nairn and Keith was completed.

1860.

In March of this year the regiment was armed with Enfield rifles.

1866.

A pipe-major was added to the establishment.

1869.

The officers were authorised to wear the feather bonnet as worn by officers in the Highland regiments of the Line. The bonnet was to be worn on State occasions, and was to be "of a cocked pattern and feathered with black ostrich feathers, twelve inches deep, skull of tartan, a rosette with St. Andrew's Cross and a wreath of thistles to be fixed on the left side" (May 3rd, 1869).

The battalion this year was the best shooting one in the whole Militia force.

Breech-loading rifles were issued to the regiment, which was selected to receive these arms as having gone through a regular course of musketry.

INVERNESS (HIGHLAND LIGHT INFANTRY) MILITIA. 63

1870.

The battalion was again the best shooting one in the Militia force, Lance-Sergeant A. Keith making the highest individual score at musketry of any Militiaman in the United Kingdom. During the annual training at Fort George Quarter-Master John Sharp died after two days' illness.

1871.

The battalion was again the best shooting one in the Militia force; it also supplied the best shooting company.

1872.

For a fourth time in succession the battalion was the best shooting one in the Militia. It had the best shooting company, and Private Charles Johnston made the highest individual score of any Militiaman in the United Kingdom. No less than 520 men were entitled to wear good shooting badges.

The battalion was stronger than it had been for fifty years. Exclusive of the permanent staff, the average age was 24 years and 3 months; the average height was 5 feet 8 inches; seven-eighths of the men spoke Gaelic, and twelve of the officers could speak to the men in that language.

On September the 6th the staff and band of the regiment, with the Queen's Colour (carried by Captain Campbell), under command of Captain and Adjutant Donaldson, formed a Guard of Honour at the railway station at Inverness upon the occasion of the arrival of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, who was on a visit to the Duke of Sutherland.

1873.

On September the 16th the Queen, who had been staying at Inverlochy Castle with Lord Abinger, passed through Inverness on her way to Balmoral. The route from the Suspension Bridge to the

railway station was lined by the permanent staff of the regiment under Captain and Adjutant Donaldson. A Guard of Honour was furnished by the 78th Highlanders.

1874.

The establishment this year was increased to 1000 privates, to be formed into 10 companies each of 100 men.

The battalion was the best shooting one in the whole Militia force; it also had the best shooting company, and Private Alexander Yule made the highest individual score of any Militiaman in the United Kingdom.

1876.

The staff were supplied this year with feather bonnets, hose, and gaiters as worn by the Highland regiments of the Line. The buttons were changed from the St. Andrew's Cross to the Royal Arms, which became the universal pattern in every branch of the service.

1878.

The Militia Reserve was called out on April the 19th owing to the Eastern crisis. The reservists of the regiment, who responded readily to the call, were dismissed again on July the 31st.

1881.

Under the scheme of army reorganisation the battalion was associated with the 79th Cameron Highlanders as a territorial regiment, localised at Inverness, around which centre a fresh regimental district was to be formed. The Highland Light Infantry Militia thus became the 2nd Battalion Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders, adopting the Erracht tartan.

TABLE SHOWING THE ANNUAL TRAININGS OF THE HIGHLAND LIGHT INFANTRY MILITIA.

Number of days' preliminary drills for recruits.	Date of assembly at Inverness for annual training.	Place of training.	Number of days' training.	Strength, not including permanent staff.	Other regiments quartered with the Highland Light Infantry Militia at Fort George.
1858 ...	Oct. 1	Fort George	21	350	2nd Battalion 12th Foot.
1859 ...	July 8	do.	21	430	... Ross-shire Militia.
1860 ...	May 31	do.	27	480	Detachment of 23rd Depot from Aberdeen, drawn from the 93rd Highlanders.
1861 ...	" 31	do.	27	550	... Royal Aberdeenshire Militia.
1862 14	June 6	do.	21	742	do. do.
1863 14	" 5	do.	21	713	do. do.
1864 14	" 3	do.	21	720	do. do.
1865 7	" 2	do.	27	594	do. do.
1866 7	" 1	do.	27	660	do. do.
1867 ¹ 14	May 31	do.	27	...	...
1868 14	" 29	do.	27	742	Detachment of 15th Depot Battalion from Aberdeen, drawn from the 74th, 79th, and 91st Highlanders.
1869 ² 14	" 28	do.	27	749	...
1870 ³ 14	" 27	do.	27	700	...
1871 28	" 26	do.	27	...	Depots of 71st and 72nd Highlanders and a company of 93rd Sutherland Highlanders.
Strength all told at Final Inspection.					
1872 28	June 7	Muir of Ord	27	19 Offrs., 60 N.C.O.'s, 8 Bglrs., 12 Pipers, 930 Ptes.	
1873 35	" 6	do.	27	21 " 61 " 14 Band, 12 " 890 "	
1874 62	" 12	do.	27	26 " 84 " 8 Bglrs., 12 " 969 "	
1875 62	" 4	do.	27	19 " 84 " 8 " 12 " 976 "	
1876 35	" 9	do.	27	18 " 84 " 9 " 12 " 1017 "	
1877 35	" 9	do.	27	28 " and 1074 Rank and File.	
1878 35	" 7	do.	27	22 " " 797 "	
1879 35	" 6	do.	20	25 " " 1036 "	
1880 35	" 4	do.	27	27 " 27 Sergts. Per. Staff, 10 Bglrs., 1023 R. and F.	
1881 35	" 10	do.	27	31 " 42 " " 9 " 956 "	

¹ During the ten years, 1858 to 1867, there was not a single case of court-martial or of a man convicted for any civil offence.

² From 1855 to the end of 1869, 459 men had joined the regular army from the Highland Light Infantry Militia. Of this total 109 went to the 93rd Sutherland Highlanders, 49 to the Royal Artillery, 46 to the 78th Ross-shire Buffs, 42 to the Scots Guards, 30 to the 92nd Gordon Highlanders, 17 to the 79th Cameron Highlanders, and the rest to other regiments.

³ The battalion proceeded by rail for the first time to Fort George.

History of the 4th Battalion.

AFTER the long years of war which terminated with the battle of Waterloo, a period of peace ensued which was scarcely broken until the outbreak of the Crimean War.

Shortly after the Indian Mutiny had been quelled, and during a period of friction between this country and France, a movement, which soon became universal, was initiated for the establishment of Volunteer Corps throughout the United Kingdom.

The initial step in Inverness-shire was taken at a public meeting held at Inverness on the 21st of May 1859, under the chairmanship of Mr Colin Lyon Mackenzie, then Provost of the town, when the late Mr Stewart of Viewmount, father of Captain C. D. Stewart of Brin (afterwards in the 3rd Battalion), proposed "that, considering the present disturbed state of Europe, it is expedient that the movement to form Volunteer corps should be generally carried out, and it is desirable that Inverness should take part therein." This resolution was carried, and Mr J. Colvin and the late Sir Henry Macandrew were appointed joint-secretaries to give effect to it.

It may be mentioned that Government at this moment announced that they would not provide arms for Volunteer Corps either by gift or purchase, but in July they undertook to provide twenty-five per cent of the rifles required.

In August an offer of service was sent to the Lord-Lieutenant of the county, and on the 11th of September 1859, the members of the proposed company met and elected Provost Lyon Mackenzie of St. Martin's as captain, Mr Nicol of Holm Mills as lieutenant, and the late Sir Henry Cockburn Macandrew as ensign. On the 26th of

the month the corps mustered for the first time at the Militia barracks, parading thereafter at 7 A.M. and 4 P.M. daily.

On the 6th of October the Queen's authority for the formation of the company, to rank 40th on the list of Great Britain and to consist of 100 of all ranks, including the captain, lieutenant, and ensign, was received, and the 'Gazette' of the 25th of October contained the following announcement:—

"The Company of Rifle Volunteers of the County of Inverness, holding the 40th place of the Rifle Volunteer Force of Great Britain; Colin Lyon Mackenzie, Esquire, to be Captain, Donald Angus Nicol to be Lieutenant, Henry Cockburn Macandrew to be Ensign."

The first parade in uniform was held on Saturday, 12th November 1859, the uniform being dark grey with brown ornaments and accoutrements. The company, then called No. 1 Company, afterwards became known as "A" Company of the present battalion.

On the 15th of November 1859, a preliminary meeting for the formation of a second company, to be called the Artisan Company, was held, and a committee was appointed for the purpose of making the necessary arrangements; and on the 3rd of December it was resolved to form two such companies, one of which was to be commanded by Captain Fraser-Tytler of Aldourie, and the other by E. W. Mackintosh, Esquire, of Raigmore. These two companies, however, were very shortly afterwards converted into artillery, becoming the nucleus of the Highland Volunteer Garrison Artillery.

Inverness had now raised three Volunteer companies, and the movement began to spread over the county. On the 29th of November a meeting was held at Fort William, presided over by Donald Cameron of Lochiel, father of the present Lochiel, when a committee was appointed to take steps for the formation of a company, to be called the "Lochaber Volunteer Corps." It was proposed that Lochiel should take command. The next meeting was held on the 20th of March 1860, Lochiel being again in the chair, when a letter was read from the Lord-Lieutenant saying that Her Majesty had been graciously pleased to accept the services of the company. The following officers (who were gazetted on the 19th of April) were therefore chosen:—Donald Cameron of Lochiel as captain, Andrew Fraser as lieutenant, and Ronald Macgregor as ensign. The uniform of the company, which was designated the 2nd Company of Inver-

ness-shire Rifle Volunteers, was of steel-grey tweed, with black facings, cap with band of Lochiel tartan, and accoutrements of black patent leather. Twenty-four men in the company bore the name of Cameron and ten that of Macdonald.

The first suggestion for the formation of a Badenoch company was made at Cluny Castle on 12th January, old New Year's day, 1860, at the conclusion of the annual "Ball-play" (which it may be remarked is still an institution in Badenoch). Cluny Macpherson, who afterwards commanded the corps, referred to the military spirit formerly evinced by the Badenoch people, and asked, in the event of a corps being formed, how many men would join. Fifty athletic fellows at once stepped forward, and Cluny expressed great pleasure at the spirit they displayed, and proposed their health in a full bumper with Highland Honours. In spite of this early enthusiasm, however, the company was not formed for some considerable time.

The next company to be formed was known as the Merchant, or No. 3, Company, now represented by "B" Company, Inverness, the original meeting for its formation being held on the 7th of February 1860. A week later the enrolled members assembled for the purpose of selecting officers. Colonel Inglis of Kingsmills was nominated as captain, but, as he was unable to accept office, Mr George Grant Mackay, C.E., was chosen in his place, and on the 26th of March he was gazetted to the command, together with Robert Grant, gentleman, as lieutenant, and John Macewen, gentleman, as ensign. On the 15th of March the Queen accepted the services of this company, which was to be known as the Inverness Merchant Volunteer Rifle Corps, and to rank as the 3rd Inverness Company.

It is interesting here to notice that the recent reception by His Majesty King Edward at Buckingham Palace of the Lords-Lieutenant of Counties, with a view to stimulating interest in the newly established County Associations, had a precedent in a very similar reception held by the late Queen on March the 7th, 1860. Upon that date a Court was held at St. James's Palace for the exclusive reception of officers connected with the Volunteer movement, the reception being followed by a dinner and ball. Upon this occasion the Inverness-shire Rifle Volunteers were represented by Captain Colin Lyon Mackenzie and Ensign Henry Cockburn

THE CLACHNACUDDIN AND CELTIC COMPANIES. 69

Macandrew, who were presented to Her Majesty by the late Lord Lovat.

The next company to be formed was the Clachnacuddin Company, then called the 4th; it is now represented by "C" Company. The first meeting in connection with its formation took place on the 2nd of April 1860, when the following officers were chosen:—Charles Fraser Mackintosh, Esquire of Gollanfield (afterwards M.P. for the county), as captain; William Fraser as lieutenant; and Alexander Matheson as ensign. They were gazetted on the 3rd of May under the description of the "4th Company of Inverness-shire Rifle Volunteers." The uniform was grey, with facings of brown and scarlet, the belts being of black patent leather.

On May the 24th, 1860, the first general parade seems to have taken place, when two companies assembled to celebrate the Queen's Birthday. No attempt, however, appears to have been made to fire a *feu-de-joie*, but three cheers for Her Majesty were given at the Castle Hill, the two companies subsequently marching to Dunain for manœuvres.

Up to this time, beyond the band of Lochiel tartan round the caps of the Lochaber Company, there appears to have been nothing distinctively Highland about the dress of the Inverness-shire Volunteers. The strictest economy prevailed. No grant whatever was received from the Government, and all the expenses of clothing had to be borne by private subscriptions and donations, so that the simplest of grey uniforms, with slightly varying facings, had been adopted by the different companies.

On the 28th of June 1860, however, the late Dr Mackenzie of Eilanach, a most enthusiastic Highlander, presided over a meeting in Inverness called for the purpose of forming a new company, which was to be designated the Celtic Company, and to wear the kilt. A committee was formed, and the applications for membership soon exceeded the establishment. At the first meeting the following officers were chosen:—Dr Mackenzie of Eilanach as captain; Mr Fountaine Walker of Foyers as lieutenant; and Mr Malcolm MacLennan as ensign. The tartan chosen has since been known as the Celtic tartan; designed by Lieutenant Fountaine Walker, it was a combination of the Mackenzie of Seaforth and Sinclair tartans.

It may here be mentioned that Her Majesty the Queen held a review of Volunteers in Hyde Park in June 1860, but none of the North Country corps seem to have been represented.

Up to this date there appears to have been no organisation beyond that of separate companies, but on the 5th of July Cluny Macpherson was gazetted major of the 1st Battalion of the Inverness-shire Rifle Volunteers. Cluny had previously served as an officer in the Black Watch, a regiment which his eldest son, Colonel Duncan Macpherson, C.B., commanded in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir. His second son, Colonel Ewen Macpherson, C.B., who served in the 93rd Highlanders, subsequently commanded the Highland Volunteer Brigade until his death on the 18th of August 1900.

On the 7th of August 1860, Her Majesty held a review of her Scottish Volunteers in the Queen's Park, Edinburgh. Upon this occasion Inverness-shire was represented by:—The 1st Inverness Company (Captain Lyon Mackenzie, Lieutenant D. A. Nicol, Ensign Henry Cockburn Macandrew, and 66 other ranks); the 3rd Inverness-shire Company (Captain G. G. Mackay, Lieutenant R. Grant, Ensign John Macewen, and 53 other ranks); and the 4th Inverness-shire Company (Captain Charles Fraser Mackintosh, Lieutenant Fraser, Ensign Matheson, and 65 other ranks). The Celtic Company was fired with enthusiasm to attend the review, but their kilts were not ready, and they were therefore unable to be present.

The detachment travelled to Edinburgh, *via* Aberdeen, and paraded in Charlotte Square, where it was joined by Cluny Macpherson, who took command; it formed part of a composite battalion which also included the Aberdeen Rifles, the Sutherland Companies, and the Nairnshire Rifles. At the review the representatives of Inverness-shire wore a sprig of heather in their bonnets.

On the 23rd of August 1860, the first official inspection seems to have taken place. It was conducted by Major Walker, Deputy-Inspector of Volunteers, in the Academy Park, Inverness. The Celtic Company, again presumably from the want of kilts, was still unable to put in an appearance.

About this time, 1860, Captain Charles R. Fraser, late Commandant of the 4th Punjab Cavalry, was appointed adjutant of

the battalion, which was described as the 1st Inverness-shire Rifle Volunteers.

On February the 21st, 1861, a vacancy occurred in the 5th or Celtic Company by the resignation of Mr Malcolm MacLennan, and Mr George Rose, Viewmount, was gazetted as lieutenant in that company. Mr Rose continued to serve in the battalion until 1890, when he retired with the rank of lieutenant-colonel. He is still hale and hearty, and takes a keen interest in all matters affecting the welfare of the battalion. He was present in the capacity of senior officer at the parade of veterans on the 31st of March 1908.

In February 1861, a silver bugle was presented by the ladies of the county for competition amongst the companies, and was won for the first time by the 2nd or Fort William Company, which marched all the way to Inverness to shoot. The presentation was made by Mrs Fountaine Walker, and the bugle was accepted by Lieutenant Fraser on behalf of his men. When the detachment concluded its march back to Lochaber its members were accorded a most enthusiastic ovation by the inhabitants, which terminated with a ball in the evening.

It was not until 1861 that definite steps were taken to raise a company in Badenoch, but in the month of March of that year Cluny Macpherson submitted to the Lord-Lieutenant a roll of 102 names, and applied for proper authority to form such a company. In the month of June the following officers were gazetted:—Archibald Fraser Macpherson as captain; Robert Macpherson as lieutenant; and Lachlan Macpherson as ensign. The company, which wore kilts of Macpherson tartan, was called the 6th Company of Inverness-shire Rifles. Its first muster was held on the 31st of August, when the men were inspected by Cluny, major of the battalion, who addressed them in Gaelic, and complimented them on their smart appearance and the progress they had made in drill.

On the 6th of May 1861, a public meeting was held in Beauly with a view to the formation of a company there, 66 names were enrolled as willing to join, and in July the following officers were gazetted:—Captain the Honourable Simon Fraser, Master of Lovat, and Lieutenant Alexander Fraser. The company was numbered the 7th, and the dress adopted included a kilt of Hunting Fraser tartan.

So far little seems to have been done to give a battalion organisation to the different companies, but on the 7th of July 1861 Major Ewen Macpherson was appointed lieutenant-colonel of the "1st Administrative Battalion of Inverness-shire Rifle Volunteers," and on the same day Charles Ross Fraser was gazetted as adjutant; so it may be said that the birth of the battalion as a whole dates from this time.

On the occasion of the visit of the Queen to Badenoch in October 1861, the Badenoch Company had the honour of forming a Guard of Honour at the Toll Bar, Dalwhinnie. The company paraded there with band and pipers at 7 A.M., some of the men having walked as much as thirty miles, and none of them less than twelve, to the place of rendezvous. Her Majesty expressed herself highly pleased with the turn out and appearance of the company.

In 1863 a universal uniform was adopted for all the companies except the first. It consisted of Elcho grey doublets, with green facings, plain glengarries with company badges, and black waist-belts. The 1st Company wore trews until 1872. The others wore the kilt with belted plaid, the tartans being 42nd for the 1st, 3rd, 4th, and 5th, 79th for the 2nd, Macpherson for the 6th, and Fraser for the 7th. The sporrans were white goat-skin for the officers, grey for other ranks, and the hose were of red and green mixture with green tops, except those worn by the 2nd Lochaber Company, which were of red and green diced, as worn by the 79th.

In 1865 the battalion received the title "Inverness Highland Rifle Volunteers."

The Portree, or No. 8, Company was raised in 1867. A public meeting was held there in the Court House in the month of March for the purpose of taking steps to form such a company, and it is recorded in the minutes of this meeting that "The Secretary (Mr Alexander Martin) having produced the roll, the chairman (Sheriff-Substitute Thomas Fraser) called upon all intending members to come forward and enrol themselves, and in a few minutes no less than 81 names appeared on the roll." At this meeting it was unanimously resolved that the company should be a kilted one, and that it should wear Macdonald of the Isles tartan, with red jackets. A committee was appointed to select the proper patterns of minor articles of the uniform. At a later meeting it was resolved that, in the event of the red jacket

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COLONEL EWEN MACPHERSON, C.B., OF CLUNY.

or doublet being sanctioned, the hose should be diced red and black. The glengarry bonnet with red tuft and black patent leather belts were approved, the crest and motto of Macdonald of the Isles were adopted, and it was agreed to have bronze buttons and ornaments.

It would appear that the red doublet was not sanctioned, for we find that, on the 31st of August 1867, eighty uniforms were ordered from Messrs Macdougall & Co., Inverness, the description of which was as follows:—

“Regulation doublet, grey ; Macdonald of the Isles tartan kilt and plaid ; hose, green and red mixture with green tops ; glengarry bonnet with Macdonald crest and motto ; long shoulder belt, with large pouch to hold 60 rounds, and breast ornament of Macdonald crest.”

After the meeting had discussed the question of uniform, that of the appointment of officers was taken up, and it was unanimously resolved to elect the following gentlemen :—Captain, George H. Rainy of Raasay ; lieutenant, Alexander Martin ; and ensign, Alexander Macdonald ; the last named officer continued his connection with the corps until his death on the 2nd of October 1899, at which time he was in command of the battalion. Doctor L. M. M. Matheson was appointed surgeon of the company.

The necessary permission for the formation of the company having been received, the officers obtained their commissions at the end of July 1867, in which month 80 Volunteers were enrolled and sworn. The first inspection of the newly formed company took place on the 14th of September, when 3 officers, 5 sergeants, 2 buglers, and 80 rank and file were present on parade.

On the 28th of November application was made for an increase of establishment. Some 20 men had joined the company from the Island of Raasay, and it was proposed that they should be formed into a separate section. On the 10th of February 1868, this augmentation was approved, the establishment of the company being now fixed at 1 captain, 2 lieutenants or ensigns, 1 assistant surgeon, and 159 other ranks.

In the year 1869 the company was presented, by the Dowager Lady Macdonald of the Isles, with a very handsome Colour, bearing the Macdonald coat of arms. The presentation took place at Ardmale Castle, where the company assembled under Lieutenant Martin. The company still possesses this Colour, and is very proud of it.

In 1867 the 9th, or Ardersier, Company was raised; it adopted the universal uniform, with 42nd tartan kilts. Two years later the 10th, or Roy Bridge, Company was formed; it accepted the general pattern of uniform, but with kilts of Mackintosh tartan. The ten companies were now complete, and no further additions to the battalion were made.

In 1866 Private Angus Cameron of the 6th Badenoch Company was successful in winning the Queen's Prize at Wimbledon.

In 1867 Mr J. G. Mackenzie, Birmingham, presented a claymore to the Fort William Company bearing the following inscription:—

“AN • LAIMH • GAIDHEIL • GAISGEACH.”

“In admiration of the marksmen of Lochaber, this claymore is presented by Private John G. Mackenzie of the 1st Warwickshire (Birmingham) Volunteers, for competition by his countrymen, the Lochaber Rifle Volunteers. Birmingham, 1867.”

In 1869 Private Angus Cameron again distinguished himself by winning the Queen's Prize at Wimbledon.

In February 1870, Major James Robertson, Adjutant of the Gloucester Rifle Volunteers (formerly of the 79th Highlanders), intimated to Captain Fraser, of the Lochaber Company, his intention of giving annually—as a prize for shooting—a kilt, Highland jacket, and waist-coat.

In the year 1871 a gold medal was presented to Captain Fraser, of the Lochaber Company, which bore the following inscription:—

“Presented, by some of the inhabitants of Birmingham, to Captain Andrew Fraser of the Lochaber Rifle Volunteers in admiration of his own remarkable skill in rifle shooting, and as a record of their appreciation of the fact that his Company has during several years produced a greater number of marksmen than any other Company in the Kingdom.”

The following is an excerpt of the letter conveying an intimation of this gift:—

“From Captain PETER MACINNES,
“Argyll House, Birmingham.

“To Major DONALD CAMERON of Lochiel, M.P.

“BIRMINGHAM, 14th Novr. 1871.

“DEAR SIR,—In name of the subscribers for the medal which I have the honour of forwarding you for presentation to Captain Andrew Fraser of the Lochaber Volunteers, we embrace the opportunity of congratulating Captain

Fraser and the Company under his command upon their remarkable skill in Rifle shooting. Captain Fraser's skill in the use of the Rifle is, we believe, unprecedented, and while at the head of the Company as a marksman, that Company has had the distinguished honour of producing more marksmen than any other Company in the Kingdom.

"Considering the disadvantages with which our Highland Volunteers have to contend, especially the long distances which many of them have to travel to attend their shooting practice, the position won by the Lochaber Corps reflects upon its members the highest credit. While their skill is an honour to the Volunteer service, it also adds to the martial spirit of the chivalrous clan of which you are the worthy chief, and sheds fresh lustre on the military prestige of the Highlands, and is worthy of their glorious ancestry. . . ."

On the 20th of April 1878 the officer commanding the Portree Company (Captain Macdonald) was reminded in a letter from Major George Rose, Inverness, that by War Office circular of the 1st of April 1874 the clothing and accoutrements of companies forming Administrative Battalions were required to be of uniform pattern, and that it was accordingly desirable that an understanding should be come to as to the pattern of uniform to be adopted.

In this letter Major Rose stated that an Administrative Battalion formed of companies, differently clothed and appointed, might retain the pattern worn by any company on its establishment, provided the remainder adopted the same. It was also stated that any change from the equipment then worn would necessitate the adoption of those of the Line regiments forming the Sub-District Brigade to which the Volunteer battalion was attached, being in the case of the Inverness-shire battalion the 71st and 78th Highlanders. It was suggested that as the grey doublets worn in all the companies were of similar shade and pattern, and that five out of the ten companies wore the 42nd tartan, which were also worn by the Staff, the choice of uniform should be between the grey doublet with 42nd tartan kilt and plaid with black belts, and that of the Sub-District Brigade. The letter ended by stating that Lieutenant-Colonel Macpherson of Cluny wished the captain of each company to signify with as little delay as possible, after consulting his men, which of these two uniforms would be most acceptable to them. After due deliberation the officer commanding the Portree Company wrote to Major Rose informing him that the Skye corps would prefer the uniform of the Sub-District Brigade to the grey doublet with 42nd tartan kilt and plaid with black belts. In November of the same year a

communication was received from Major Rose stating that the War Office did not intend to press the change of uniform, and that in the meantime the various companies were to continue in the tartans of their respective districts. In the month of May of the following year Captain Macdonald wrote again on the subject, stating that the uniforms of his company were getting unfit for use, and that he did not like to re-clothe the company until the question of the pattern of uniform was decided, and wishing to be informed if any decision had been come to in the matter. He added that the "members of this corps are most anxious to retain the tartan which they now wear, being the *Somerled or Lord of the Isles*." Finally, the 42nd tartan and uniform carried the day.

On the 10th of February 1880 an order was received that the battalion was to change its uniform to scarlet doublets with buff facings, that being the uniform of the then affiliated 71st and 78th Highlanders; 42nd tartan kilts were to be worn by all companies, with grey goat-skin sporrans for the men and white for the officers; also red and black diced hose, white spats, plain glengarries, and white belts.

In June 1880 the battalion was gazetted as the 1st Inverness (Inverness Highland) Rifle Volunteers, with headquarters at Inverness, and an establishment of ten companies, lettered as follows:—"A" to "D," Inverness (late 1st, 3rd, 4th, and 5th); "E," Fort William (late 2nd); "F," Kingussie (late 6th); "G," Beauly (late 7th); "H," Portree (late 8th); "I," Ardersier (late 9th); "K," Roy Bridge (late 10th).

In 1881, when the Territorial system was introduced, the battalion was affiliated with the Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders (late 79th). It received permission to adopt the uniform of that regiment, with the distinction that silver lace should be substituted for gold and that battle honours should not be worn. The battalion, however, did not adopt the uniform of the Cameron Highlanders until 1896.

On the 25th of August of this year it was present at the Royal Review held by Her Majesty in the Queen's Park, Edinburgh. This was the first time that the whole battalion had mustered as such, and it paraded with a strength of 28 officers and 735 other ranks, under the command of Colonel Macpherson of Cluny. This review has since been known as the "Wade-Past"; the weather was abominable, and the troops marched past ankle deep in mud. It speaks well for the stamina of the men of the Inverness-shire battalion

that, although many other Volunteers who had taken part in the review suffered seriously afterwards, not one of its members either fell out or was subsequently any the worse for his experiences. Cluny was then a man well advanced in years, but though repeatedly offered a great coat or plaid, he refused to avail himself of any protection which was not enjoyed by his men.

An event in the history of the Portree Company was the resignation, on the 1st of November 1886, of 2 sergeants and 32 privates as a protest against the employment of troops in the island in connection with the crofter agitation. The letter of resignation was couched in the following terms:—

"PORTREE, 1st November 1886.

"To Major MACDONALD, Portree.

"SIR,—Taking into account the present military proceedings in Skye, we, the undersigned members of "H" Company, beg to tender our resignations as members of the corps and to ask our discharges."

Signed by 2 sergeants and 32 privates.

The matter was very promptly and firmly dealt with by the commanding officer, who received every assistance from the adjutant, Major O. B. Gordon. The latter officer at once proceeded to Portree, and, at a meeting of the whole company held in the Drill Hall on the 16th of November, explained to the men the serious nature of the position which they had taken up, informing them that their resignations, in the form in which they had been tendered, would not be accepted. As a result of his remarks, the resignations were withdrawn, the majority being only too pleased to have an opportunity of receding from an untenable position. One or two members of the company subsequently sent in their resignations as individuals after the withdrawal of the combined document.

After the whole of the facts and circumstances had been submitted to the Commander-in-Chief, he directed that three of the men, who had taken an active part in the matter, should be dismissed, and that the two sergeants should be reduced to the ranks. This closed the incident. Curiously enough, one of the dismissed men, after much correspondence and explanation, was permitted to rejoin twelve years later, and he fought for his country in the South African War, subsequently obtaining a commission in a South African Scottish Volunteer Corps.

In June 1887 the battalion took part in the Jubilee Review at

Inverness. Major-General Elliot, commanding in Scotland, was himself present, the troops, under Colonel Stockwell, being formed into two brigades :—

1st Brigade. Colonel Lord Lovat, A.D.C.

2nd Battalion Cameron Highlanders (Militia).

1st Inverness Artillery Volunteers.

1st Ross-shire Highland Rifle Volunteers.

2nd Brigade. Colonel D. H. C. R. Davidson.

1st Inverness-shire Highland Rifle Volunteers.

1st Sutherland Highland Rifle Volunteers.

1st Elgin Rifle Volunteers.

The review was held in the Milburn fields, a *feu-de-joie* being fired before the march past. It is worthy of note that the parade was attended by representatives of "E" Company (Fort William) and "H" Company (Portree).

In the month of December 1887 the battalion was permitted to take the title of the 1st (Inverness-shire Highland) Volunteer Battalion of the Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders.

The following officers were then serving in the battalion :—

Lieut.-Colonel the Earl of Dunmore.	Lieutenant W. Ferguson.
Major G. Rose.	" Reat.
" A. Macdonald.	" A. J. Macritchie.
Captain D. M'Leish.	" Shaw.
" D. P. Macdonald.	" Douglas.
" R. Scott.	" W. L. Carruthers.
" A. Macdonald.	" W. R. Carruthers.
" H. Rose.	" E. Cameron.
" R. A. Fraser.	2nd Lieutenant R. L. Mackintosh.
" J. P. Grant.	" MacIntosh.
" D. Russell.	Adjutant, Major O. B. Gordon.
" D. Munro.	Quarter-Master, A. K. Findlater.
" J. Robertson.	Surgeon, W. Corbett.
Lieutenant D. Macdonald.	" L. M. Matheson.
" C. Livingstone.	Assistant-Surgeon, J. Macrae, M.D.
" J. Cornet.	" J. Murray, M.D.
" L. Ross.	Chaplain, Rev. D. Macdonald, D.D.
" H. R. Adam.	

In the year 1890 the battalion was greatly honoured by His Royal Highness the Duke of Clarence consenting to become its honorary colonel. On the occasion of his betrothal in 1893 to Her Serene

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COLONEL THE RIGHT HONOURABLE THE EARL OF DUNMORE, V.D.

Highness Princess Mary of Teck a congratulatory telegram was despatched, in the name of the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men, by the commanding officer, Colonel the Earl of Dunmore. A reply was received in the following terms:—

“Lord Dunmore, Inverness. Thank your officers and men for kind wishes.
—EDWARD.”

It is a matter for regret that no photograph exists of His Royal Highness in the regimental uniform, but his portrait in the uniform of the 10th Hussars occupies a prominent place on the walls of the Headquarters Drill Hall.

By the end of 1896 all the companies had completed the change of uniform which followed upon the adoption of the title of Volunteer Battalion of the Cameron Highlanders,—by no means an easy task when the funds were not provided by the Exchequer.

On the 22nd of June 1897 a detachment of the Lochaber Company, thirty strong, under the command of Lieutenant John Cameron, ascended to the summit of Ben Nevis and fired a *feu-de-joie* in honour of Her Majesty's Diamond Jubilee. Despite wet and stormy weather, and the fact that the hills were enveloped in mist, the proceedings passed off very well. Lieutenant Cameron entertained his men on the summit of the mountain, the Queen's health was enthusiastically drunk with Highland honours, and a reel was danced to the stirring strains of the pipes, played by Piper James Macdonald, formerly of the 1st Battalion. The party then returned home and joined the townspeople in their rejoicings.

On the 29th of October 1898 the battalion was represented by Lieutenant-Colonel David Munro, Captain J. Leslie Fraser, and Captain Alexander Fraser, at the presentation of Colours at Balmoral by Her Majesty Queen Victoria to the newly formed 2nd Battalion of the Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders. After the ceremony all the officers present were invited to luncheon at the Castle. The presence of representatives of the Volunteer battalion upon this occasion was perhaps the first public manifestation of a spirit of comradeship with the Line which, once established, has steadily increased, until to-day there is no Territorial regiment in the army in which the Line, Militia, and Volunteer battalions pull better together or are more proud of their common traditions.

After the serious reverses which overtook our arms at the close of 1899, when many patriotic offers were made for service in South Africa, the Government began to realise that they had a potential source of reinforcement in the Volunteers, who hitherto had only been regarded as a force available for home defence. The proffered assistance was gladly accepted, and the Volunteer battalions of each Territorial regiment were invited to form a company of 116 of all ranks for service in the field with the Line battalion.

In raising this number the 1st Volunteer Battalion of the Cameron Highlanders had many difficulties to contend with. In the first place, it was the only Volunteer battalion belonging to the Territorial regiment in existence, whereas other corps had several battalions upon which to draw; in the second place, owing to the fact that the 1st Battalion was not ordered to South Africa until March 1900, some of the more eager spirits had already volunteered to serve with other units; and finally, Lord Lovat, a major in the battalion, in raising his famous corps of Scouts, had made a very considerable draft upon his own regiment. In fact, altogether no less than 245 members of the battalion—a record number, we believe, in the force—volunteered for active service in the field.

Despite all these difficulties, a fine company, consisting of 3 officers—Captain A. D. Mackinnon (Portree), Lieutenant John Campbell (Kingussie), and Lieutenant John Burn (Inverness)—1 colour-sergeant instructor, and 74 non-commissioned officers and men, was ultimately assembled at Inverness on March the 17th, 1900. Of this total, 1 officer and 13 men were drawn from Kingussie, 8 men from Fort William, 6 men from Ardersier, 1 officer and 4 men from Portree, 1 man from Beauly, and the remainder from the headquarter companies at Inverness.

During the succeeding four weeks the company was put through a special course of training under Captain S. S. Clarke, the adjutant of the battalion, and Colour-Sergeant W. H. Macdonald (Kingussie), who was appointed paymaster-sergeant. The men were billeted in the first instance in the town, but latterly occupied quarters in the Cameron Barracks.

On the afternoon of the 13th of April the company entrained at Inverness for Southampton amidst a scene of the greatest enthusiasm, the whole town turning out to accord the corps a hearty send off.

On arrival at Southampton the following day it embarked for Cape-town on board the *Gaul*, one of the Union Castle Liners.

The following is a complete roll of those who embarked for the seat of war :—

“K” OR VOLUNTEER SERVICE COMPANY.

Captain Mackinnon, A.D.	6280	Private MacFie, D.
Lieutenant Campbell, J.	6273	„ M'Askill, R.
Burn, J.	6272	„ M'Callum, J.
1036 Colour-Sergeant Macdonald, W.	6274	„ M'Connachie, W.
6313 Sergeant Stuart, P.	6276	„ M'Donald, J.
6302 „ Macpherson, G.	6277	„ M'Donald, J.
6256 „ Cameron, D.	6278	„ M'Donald, W.
6305 „ Melville, J.	6320	„ M'Eachran, J.
6253 Lance-Sergeant Cameron, D.	6275	„ M'Gillivray, R.
6248 Corporal Angus, J.	6285	„ M'Intosh, A.
6258 „ Cameron, J.	6287	„ M'Intosh, D.
6262 „ Douglas, W.	6286	„ M'Intosh, J.
6313 „ Shaw, A.	6288	„ M'Intosh, J.
6279 Lance-Corporal M'Dougall, R.	6289	„ M'Intosh, R.
6283 „ M'Kenzie, E.	6281	„ M'Kay, A.
6298 „ M'Lennan, F.	6282	„ M'Kenzie, D.
6317 „ Urquhart, J.	6284	„ M'Kenzie, R.
6263 „ Dunn, W.	6290	„ M'Kinnon, J.
6319 „ Poole, J.	6291	„ M'Lean, A.
6306 Drummer Mitchell, T.	6293	„ M'Lean, D.
6268 Piper Fraser, J.	6292	„ M'Lean, W.
6249 Private Bartleman, T.	6297	„ M'Lennan, D.
6250 „ Cameron, A.	6294	„ M'Leod, A.
6251 „ Cameron, D.	6295	„ M'Leod, C.
6252 „ Cameron, D.	6296	„ M'Leod, D.
6257 „ Cameron, J.	6299	„ M'Millan, A.
6254 „ Cameron, W.	6300	„ M'Niven, D.
6255 „ Cameron, W.	6301	„ M'Pherson, A.
6259 „ Chisholm, D.	6303	„ Marr, F.
6260 „ Dallas, S.	6304	„ Matheson, J.
6261 „ Dawson, J.	6307	„ Munro, D.
6264 „ Ferguson, J.	6308	„ Munro, D.
6265 „ Fraser, A.	6309	„ Reid, W.
6266 „ Fraser, D.	6321	„ Rose, F.
6267 „ Fraser, D.	6310	„ Ross, A.
6269 „ Fraser, J.	6311	„ Ross, W.
6318 „ Fraser, W.	6312	„ Ross, W.
6270 „ Kinnaird, C.	6314	„ Sellar, J.
6271 „ Logan, W.	6315	„ Smith, J.

Total—3 officers, 75 other ranks.

The voyage was a very pleasant one, the steamer calling at Santa Cruz, Teneriffe, and St. Helena. At the latter island the whole company was allowed to land, and the men saw for the first time, in the shape of prisoners of war, many types of the enemy against whom they were now going to fight.

Entering Table Bay on the 6th of May, the *Gaul* rode at anchor for three days, and it was not until the afternoon of the 9th that the company was ordered to land. It remained at Capetown for two days, and was then directed to re-embark in the steamer *Antillion* for conveyance to East London. Here, late in the evening of the 16th, it disembarked, entraining immediately for Bloemfontein, where it arrived on the 19th.

On reaching Bloemfontein it was accommodated in the Rest Camp, just to the West of the town, the camping-ground being situated near the edge of the cemetery. At this time a dreadful outbreak of enteric fever was at its height, and from forty to fifty deaths occurred daily. The sight of so many burials had naturally a most depressing effect, and every one was very glad when on the 24th an order came for the company to move to the camp of the 3rd Division, three miles further out, to the North of the town. Before moving, the company was joined by a draft for the Cameron Highlanders of 100 Militia reservists, under Lieutenant C. Patton-Bethune, who were also *en route* to reinforce the 1st Battalion.

On arrival at the camp of the 3rd Division, the Volunteer Service Company and the draft were both attached to a Provisional Battalion which was being formed under the orders of Major Haig of the King's Own Scottish Borderers, the other companies of this unit consisting of Volunteers and details of the South Wales Borderers, Royal Sussex, King's Own Scottish Borderers, Lincolnshire, Hampshire, and East Lancashire Regiments.

Nothing of interest occurred until the 28th of May, when the Militia draft and the Volunteer Service Company of the Cameron Highlanders were both selected to take part in the ceremony at Bloemfontein of proclaiming the annexation of the Orange Free State.

On the 2nd of June orders were received for the Provisional Battalion to entrain for Vredefort Road, and here commenced the first of the many thrilling experiences which the company was destined to undergo before it eventually succeeded in joining its line battalion.

Hardly had the men settled down at Vredenfort Road on the night of June the 3rd, when a horseman galloped into the camp with the information that a convoy on its way to the Highland Brigade at Heilbron had been surrounded by a large force of Boers under De Wet some ten miles to the North-East of Vredenfort Road.

Major Haig lost no time in proceeding to its assistance, and at 2 A.M. on the 4th he set out in search of the convoy with 600 men, leaving the two companies of the Cameron Highlanders, under Captain Mackinnon, in charge of his camp. His mission was a fruitless one, and Major Haig returned to Vredenfort Road the same morning, having ascertained that fifty-six heavily laden waggons had been captured by De Wet without a shot being fired on either side.

In the meantime Lord Lovat, who was on his way to join the Highland Brigade at Heilbron, arrived in camp, and assuming command in the absence of Major Haig, directed the Volunteer Company, under Lieutenant John Campbell, to reconnoitre the ground to the North-East, where it remained upon outpost duty for some time, capturing several prisoners.

Late in the evening Major Haig entrained his whole force and proceeded further up the line to support a company of Berkshire Mounted Infantry, which had got into some little difficulty. Arriving at Kroomellenborg Spruit at 9 o'clock the same night, he found that the Mounted Infantry had extricated themselves after a sharp fight with superior numbers of the enemy. The Volunteer Company of the Cameron Highlanders at once proceeded upon outpost duty.

At 2 A.M. on the 5th heavy firing was heard in the direction of Vredenfort, and the whole force stood to arms. The firing died away for a time, but at dawn it was renewed with increased vigour, loud explosions also occurring at intervals. It was evident that a great raid was being made by the enemy upon Lord Roberts' communications. Later on it became known that the Boers were making an attack upon the 4th Battalion Derbyshire Regiment (Militia) at Vredenfort, where the station was already in their hands, and that they had blown up the bridge over the Rhenoster river.

On the arrival of a train from Vereeniging, Major Haig at once proceeded with his force down the line to attempt to dislodge the raiders. Approaching Vredenfort it could be seen that the enemy was occupying a strong position on the kopjes to the South and West of

the station. Major Haig therefore detrained his men quite two miles away, and then advanced to the attack.

In the initial stage of this advance both the Volunteer Company and the draft of the Cameron Highlanders were in support of the detachment of the Lincolnshire Regiment, but later on the men of the draft, under Lieutenant John Campbell, were moved to the right to check an outflanking movement of the Boers upon that side. In the meantime the Volunteer Company, under Captain Mackinnon, was exposed to a heavy fire as it moved to the front, the enemy having several guns in action. In fact, finding that without artillery to help them the contest for his men was most unequal, Major Haig decided to withdraw again to his train. In this retirement the right flank guard, under Lieutenant John Campbell, gradually became the rear guard, in which position it devolved upon that officer and his men to hold the enemy in check until all the force, including the wounded, had been safely entrained. Eventually Lieutenant Campbell, who had been followed by a most aggressive party of mounted Boers, was signalled to withdraw, his retirement to the train being covered by the fire of the Lincolnshire Company.

In this engagement the Volunteer Company of the Cameron Highlanders had Lieutenant John Campbell, Lance-Sergeant D. Cameron, Drummer T. Mitchell, and Private A. Cameron wounded, whilst in the draft Lance-Corporal M. Morrison was also wounded severely in the groin. In addition to these casualties, the detachment of the 2nd Battalion South Wales Borderers had 3 men wounded and the East Lancashire Company 1 man.

The wounded were sent right through at once to Vereeniging, but Major Haig detrained the remainder of his force at Kroomellenborg, entrenched himself as best he could, and awaited reinforcements. Throughout the night the troops stood to arms, but the Boers, instead of following up their advantage, contented themselves with wrecking the line and blowing up bridges, the explosions being heard above the loud peals of thunder which rolled with little intermission.

Early next morning Colonel Spens arrived from Pretoria with the 2nd Battalion Shropshire Light Infantry and the 81st Field Battery, and on the 7th Lord Kitchener himself appeared upon the scene. The situation was at this time very serious: the Derbyshire Regiment had been captured, whole sections of the line had been wrecked by the

enemy, and Lord Roberts' communications through the Orange River Colony were almost entirely severed.

From the 7th to the 10th of June troops continued to arrive from the North to repair and protect the railway, the Volunteer Company during these days being in occupation of an outpost line to the East of Kroomellenborg in observation of a distant Boer laager.

On the 10th Major Haig's Provisional Battalion, the Shropshire Light Infantry, and the 81st Battery moved to Vredefort Road, where a junction was effected with a large force from Heilbron, under Lord Methuen. At this moment Captain Mackinnon and several men suffering from fever were admitted to hospital, and the command of the Volunteer Company therefore devolved upon Lieutenant Campbell. Lieutenant Burn was also left at Kroomellenborg with a sprained ankle.

At 3 A.M. on the following day Lord Methuen proceeded towards Roodepoort, where a large force of Boers, under Generals C. de Wet and Frohniman, was reported to be in position. After a march of eight hours our troops came into touch with the enemy and a sharp fight ensued, in which the British had 1 man killed and 17 wounded. The two companies of the Cameron Highlanders, which were in support of the Shropshire Light Infantry upon the right flank, were eventually directed to seize and hold some kopjes upon Roodepoort farm, when they came under a heavy shell fire. Fortunately the shells, though well placed, were badly fused, and, failing to explode, buried themselves harmlessly in the soft ground. Darkness put an end to hostilities, and Lord Methuen then moved to a camp five miles to the West, leaving the Volunteer Company and the draft of the Camerons to hold the kopjes which had been wrested from the enemy. Later on the two companies were ordered to return to camp, which they reached about midnight, having during the day's operations covered twenty-seven miles without food.

On the 12th the Volunteer Company proceeded to Rhenoster bridge, which was under repair, to act as a guard, whilst Lord Methuen with his force moved towards Kroonstad, leaving the Shropshire Light Infantry, the Provisional Battalion, and the 81st Battery in occupation of Rhenoster Kop.

On the following day the men of the Volunteer Company were engaged in clearing the line at Roodeval station, which, as a result of De Wet's raid, was reduced to a black mass of ruins. Littered all

over the platforms were the partially burnt contents of mail bags and the charred remains of clothing, forage, and provisions. A somewhat dangerous duty was the removal of live shells from the still warm ground for conveyance to Bloemfontein. Lord Kitchener was at the station during the day directing the measures to be taken for the repair of the railway, which, from America siding to Liewspruit, was now a total wreck.

At 3 o'clock on the morning of the 14th the whole force was again called to arms, as General De Wet was giving further evidence of his activity by a raid upon Liewspruit station, where two trains with supplies and railway material were "held up." Almost simultaneously an attack was delivered upon Kopjes station, where Lord Kitchener was spending the night, and where a construction train was at work under Colonel Girouard. The Cameron Volunteer Company at once started for Kopjes, being joined *en route* by a company of the Shropshires, some Mounted Infantry, and two guns. The arrival of this force saved the situation, the Boers, who had taken several prisoners, retiring before daylight. Desultory fighting went on for some time, but at midday the small force returned to Rhenoster Kop in time to take part in the defence of the camp there, which had been attacked during its absence.

For the next week, which was uneventful, the companies of the Cameron Highlanders were employed alternately on outlying and inlying picquet, and in providing the various guards and fatigues required in connection with the rebuilding of Rhenoster bridge.

On the 22nd of June, Major Haig left Rhenoster Kop for Heilbron in charge of a convoy, the escort consisting of the Volunteer Company and draft of the Cameron Highlanders, companies of the East Lancashire, Royal Sussex, and King's Own Scottish Borderers, a detachment of M.I., and two guns. This convoy was safely handed over to the Northumberland Fusiliers a few miles from Heilbron on the 23rd, and on the 24th Major Haig returned to Rhenoster Kop. It was found on return to the railway that during the absence of this force raids had been made by Generals De Wet, Frohniman, and Olivier at Sefontein, Honing Spruit, and America Siding. At Honing Spruit Colonel Bullock and the garrison had offered a most spirited defence, but considerable damage had been done to the railway line and telegraphs, the British loss amounting to 4 men killed and 27 wounded.

From the 24th of June to the 1st of July the Provisional Battalion remained at Rhenoster Kop, guarding the now repaired bridge over the Rhenoster, patrolling the railway line, and supplying fatigues. Upon one of these days the Boers caused some trouble by shelling the British position with a howitzer.

On the night of the 1st of July, Major Haig having been ordered to move with his men to join the garrison of Heilbron, the Volunteer Company and a company of the East Lancashire Regiment, under Lieutenant John Campbell, were detailed to proceed thither as escort to a large train of supplies. The journey was not without incident, as the train was shelled between Wolvehoek and Heilbron; but eventually the latter place was reached in safety on the night of the 2nd.

The following morning the company, which had been directed to take over No. 1 picquet post, to the North of the town, from a company of the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, was visited by Lieutenant-Colonel J. S. Ewart, the Commandant, who evinced very great interest in the men.

Major Haig's battalion was gradually concentrated at Heilbron, and the Volunteer Company of the Cameron Highlanders remained here in garrison until July 12th, when it was ordered to move to the camp of the Derbyshire Regiment, preparatory to joining the escort of a large convoy of over 400 waggons and vehicles which was about to leave Heilbron for Bethlehem under Lieutenant-Colonel Ewart. This convoy had been sent into Heilbron for supplies by Lieutenant-General Sir Archibald Hunter, who was now pursuing the Free State Boers to the South in the direction of the Wittebergen mountains. With Sir Archibald's force was the 1st Battalion of the Cameron Highlanders, and Lieutenant-Colonel Ewart had therefore wired to Lord Roberts asking for permission to take both the Volunteer Company and the Militia draft on with him. This permission was accorded in the case of the Volunteer battalion, but it was withheld in the case of the Militia draft, for fear of unduly weakening the garrison of Heilbron.

At 8 A.M. on the 13th of July Lieutenant-Colonel Ewart started with his convoy to march the eighty-seven miles which lay between Heilbron and Bethlehem, the force detailed to act as escort to his huge convoy consisting of the 5th and 7th M.I. Battalions, the 1st Battalion Derbyshire Regiment, the Volunteer Company of the Cameron Highlanders,

and four guns of the 76th Field Battery. As the convoy upon the line of march occupied ten miles of road, it seemed to offer a very suitable objective for the many Boer commandoes which infested the country.

On the night of the 13th a halt was made at Witpoort, on the Vechtkop Spruit, and on the 14th the convoy reached the Rhenoster river, the whole night being spent in hauling the waggons across a very difficult drift. On the 15th the force bivouacked at Wellust farm, a few miles to the North of Lindley, and on the 16th it crossed the Vaalsch river, passed through Lindley, and halted on the South side of the town. At Lindley Lieutenant-Colonel Ewart found an order directing him to withdraw the garrison (the Bedfordshire Regiment) and add it to his escort.

So far the Boers had caused no trouble, though some sniping took place as the rear guard quitted the town; but about two miles beyond Lindley, Lieutenant-Colonel Ewart was met by a horseman with a message from Lieutenant-General Sir Archibald Hunter warning him that De Wet had broken out of the Wittebergen with 1600 men, and that this hostile force must now be somewhere in the vicinity of the convoy. Colonel Ewart at once pushed on with the mounted men and guns to search for the enemy, whilst the convoy closed up and followed in rear in charge of the infantry. By nightfall it had been ascertained that Sterkfontein drift, which lay between the convoy and Bethlehem, was held by the enemy, and that General De Wet was laagered about five miles to the N.E. of the drift on the Reitz road. The force therefore halted and bivouacked about two miles from Sterkfontein.

During the night Lieutenant-Colonel Ewart received a communication from Brigadier-General Broadwood, whose cavalry brigade was in pursuit of the Boers, asking for information as to the whereabouts of General De Wet, and directing the convoy to stand upon the defensive until the cavalry arrived in the morning.

On July the 18th at daybreak General Broadwood appeared upon the scene and filled up his waggons with supplies from the convoy. He stated that he understood that De Wet had 4000 men with him, with four or six guns, that he would follow in pursuit at once, but that he wished Colonel Ewart to give him one of the two infantry battalions with the convoy. The Derbyshire Regiment was therefore

directed to join his force, which at once commenced the passage of the Vaalsch river. Later in the day the convoy also crossed the drift, halting for the night at Malan's farm, on the Sterkfontein-Bethlehem road.

On the following day, the 19th, Lieutenant-Colonel Ewart's force made a long march of twenty miles into Bethlehem, where it arrived with the loss of only one vehicle out of the 420 which had left Heilbron.

At Bethlehem the Volunteer Company joined the 1st Battalion of the regiment, a very cordial welcome being extended to it by all ranks. It was in future to be known as "K" Company.

As the fortunes of the company were henceforth to be linked with the regular battalion, it is unnecessary here to trace its subsequent movements in detail, as the operations which followed are fully described elsewhere in these records. It is sufficient to say that Lieutenant Campbell and his men played a distinguished part in the engagements which led to the surrender of General Prinsloo's army in the Brandwater Basin, and that they shared in all the hardships of the strenuous campaign in the Wittebergen. In the engagement at Spitzkop on July the 21st, Private R. M'Askill was wounded.

The company subsequently took part with the 1st Battalion in the operations at Winburg, the relief of Ladybrand, and the operations round Lindley and in the western portion of the Orange River Colony, continuing to serve until, on the 12th of October 1900, instructions were received at Kroonstad that it was to return home.

Upon the occasion of its departure Lieutenant-Colonel Watson-Kennedy published the following Battalion Order:—

"Referring to the orders that have been received for the Volunteer Company to go home, the Officer Commanding the battalion cannot let Captain Mackinnon, Lieutenant Campbell, the non-commissioned officers, and men of the company leave without expressing to them his appreciation of the soldier-like way in which they have carried out their duties, and their cheerful spirit throughout the many hardships they have had to undergo.

"When they arrived in the country they were detached and were in action several times, and the Commanding Officer was informed of the good work performed by them at that time.

"They then joined the battalion at Bethlehem, and were present in all the engagements in that neighbourhood. They were on detached outpost duty for

three days and three nights, holding a very responsible post till the conclusion of the active operations in that neighbourhood.

"The Commanding Officer thanks all ranks concerned for their services, and regrets that their connection with the battalion on active service has come to a close. He wishes them 'God-speed' and a safe return to their homes."

On the following morning the company entrained at Kroonstad for the South, but on arrival at Bloemfontein it was ordered to detrain again, and it was detained there upon garrison duty until the following April. Before leaving Kroonstad the company was rejoined by Captain Mackinnon, and at Bloemfontein Lieutenant Burn also returned to it. Lieutenant Burn had for some time past been doing duty with the garrison of Elands River station, upon the Komati Poort line, where he took part in the defence of that post against a Boer force under General Erasmus.

On the 10th of April 1901 the company embarked at Capetown in the s.s. *Tagus* for England. Unfortunately two men had lost their lives in South Africa—Private A. M'Kay, who died on the 26th of July 1900, and Private D. M'Lennan, who was killed accidentally on the 25th of June 1900.

Inverness was reached on the 30th of the month, and here the company was accorded a truly magnificent welcome by the people at the Town Hall, the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men being entertained at dinner in the evening, when Provost Macbean presided.

On the 17th of October 1901 the members of the Service Company paraded at the Castle Hill, Inverness, to receive their war medals from the hands of Lochiel, the Lord-Lieutenant of the county. Amongst those present was Lieutenant-General Sir Archibald Hunter, K.C.B., commanding the troops in Scotland. The following account of this presentation is taken from the '*Northern Chronicle*' of the 23rd of October of that year:—

INTERESTING MILITARY CEREMONY AT INVERNESS.

PRESENTATION OF WAR MEDALS.

An interesting and picturesque ceremony took place at the Castle on Thursday, 17th October, in the presentation of war medals to the members of the Service Company of the Cameron Volunteers who served in South Africa. The

weather was superb, and there was a very large turn out of the public to witness the ceremony, which was enacted on the terrace facing Flora Macdonald's monument. A large space of the sloping ground was barricaded off for the accommodation of the Service and other Volunteers, and the muster was a large one, contingents being present from Beauly and Kingussie, all being under the command of Colonel Duncan Shaw. When the thousands of spectators had assembled, and the Castle Terrace had filled up with the military and other guests, the scene was one which fitted well the uniqueness and national significance of the occasion—that of rewarding men who, volunteering for home defence, had elected to take part in the defence of the Empire abroad. When the kilted figure of Lochiel, who had agreed to present the medals, appeared, he received a hearty welcome. He was accompanied by General Sir Archibald Hunter, commanding the Forces in Scotland, whose brilliant decorations at once declared his identity to all onlookers. Among the military present were Colonel Grant, C.B., commanding the district; Major Souter, Captain M'Lachlan, Captain Dundas, Captain Scott - Kerr, Captain Wymer, Lieutenant Campbell, Lieutenant Baskerville, Lieutenant Wallace, and Lieutenant Fraser; while the spectators included Lady Lovat and the Hon. Misses Fraser of Lovat, Mrs Mackenzie of Ord, Sheriff J. P. Grant and Lady Mary Grant of Rothiemurchus, The Mackintosh of Mackintosh; Mr J. Macpherson-Grant, yr. of Ballindalloch; Mr and Mrs Fraser-Tyler and Miss Fraser-Tyler of Aldourie; Mrs Scott-Kerr; Captain R. Fraser and Mrs Fraser, Buncrew; Captain Spearman, R.N.; Mr and Mrs Stewart of Brin; Mr James Anderson, county clerk; Mrs S. S. Clarke, Mrs Innes and Miss Innes, Provost Macbean and Mrs Macbean, Provost Macpherson, Kingussie; General Peile, Surgeon-Colonel MacFadyen, Brigade-Surgeon Ogilvie Grant, and other leading citizens. After Lochiel had made an inspection of the troops, he opened the proceedings with an inspiring address.

Lochiel, before presenting the medals, said: Officers, non-commissioned officers, and men of the Service Company of the 1st Battalion Cameron Highlanders, you are mustered in the presence of the distinguished officer who is now Commander-in-Chief in Scotland, and a large assembly of your fellow-Highlanders from town and country, to receive at my hands, as representative of the Sovereign in this county of Inverness, the war medals commemorative of this war in South Africa, in which you have so well borne a part. There are two reasons why I think the proceedings to-day have been well arranged so as to admit of as much pomp and ceremony as possible—first, because you have merited at our hands a tribute of appreciation of your services and admiration of your conduct during the war—(applause). When the call was made by the Government and the Queen for volunteers to serve in her army in South Africa you nobly responded—(applause). You left your homes, your relatives, and your occupations on the shrine of duty, and right well and nobly did you fulfil the duties that were entrusted to you.

I may say that you are fortunate in being attached to the 1st Battalion of the Cameron Highlanders, for I venture to say—even in the presence of Sir Archibald Hunter—that no finer battalion exists than that battalion, composed of hoary and seasoned soldiers, who have borne their share in many campaigns in Egypt and elsewhere, during the last seven or eight years. It has been the honest testimony of those under whom it has served that they had added fresh

lustre to the name of the Cameron Highlanders—(applause). In many a fight, in many a weary march, in many a cheerless bivouac, you have shared their dangers, and you have also shared in the glory of the campaign and their deeds of arms—(applause). There is also another reason why these proceedings should be marked with the ceremonial which they observed now, and that is because it may be an inducement and incentive to our fellow-subjects in this part of the country to follow your example, and if ever they should be called upon by their King and country to do what you have done, and volunteer for service abroad, it will be an inducement for them to follow in your footsteps. For my part, I hope and believe that such a war as we are now engaged in may not soon recur ; I trust it may not occur again in the life of the youngest of you.

I believe this war has been an exceptional one. It has been far-reaching, and in its conditions unlike any war we have been engaged in since the great wars at the beginning of the last century. The object of the wars in the last century was for the liberties of Europe and freedom from the despotism of Napoleon, and also to maintain for this country her position as mistress of the seas. It is true that since then we were engaged in one war which cost us much blood and treasure. I allude to what is called the Crimean War, but it was a different affair altogether from this one. It was merely a war undertaken for the so-called balance of power, and partly for the support of an Empire which, I may say, has not altogether proved itself worthy of the sacrifices England made for it on that occasion. Now, if I were to ask you what is the nature and what is the object of the war in which we are now engaged, you will say, probably, for the maintenance of our supremacy in South Africa. That is true, but it is only partly true. The war has greater and more far-reaching consequences than the mere maintenance of the authority of the King in South Africa. How was it that our fellow-colonists from Canada, from Australia, and from New Zealand sent such magnificent assistance in the shape of a fighting force? Would they have done it if it had merely been to prevent the Boers driving us out of South Africa? Nay, it is far more than that. They felt that by taking the part of our fellow-countrymen in South Africa we were giving them a pledge that if occasion should arise we should also take a part in defending our colonists wherever they were attacked—(applause). Therefore, I say that while the wars at the beginning of the last century were for the liberty of Europe and our supremacy at sea, the present war is for the maintenance, nay, for the very existence, of our colonial empire—(applause). And without our colonial empire, where should we be? What would become of the redundant population of these islands if we had no outlet for our people? We should very soon sink to the rank of a second- or third-class Power—(applause).

Now, before presenting the medals which I shall have the honour to give you, I daresay some of my audience would like to hear a few particulars of the services of the Volunteers who will receive them. I find that the number of Volunteers who went out to the front from this regiment was 78. One was killed, five wounded, including one officer, one died from enteric, four were invalided home, thirteen remained in South Africa, and four returned there after coming to this country. The Service Company served in South Africa for one year. They were attached to the 1st Battalion from the beginning,

though, of course, separated on various occasions as the exigencies of the campaign required. It is perhaps right that I should add that 56 men of the Volunteer Battalion joined the first contingent of the Lovat Scouts, and 48 men the second. These men were, of course, not connected in any way with the Service Company, and if you add their number to that of the Service Company, it gives the highest percentage of men sent to the front out of any single battalion in the kingdom—(applause).

I cannot mention the Lovat Scouts without alluding to the disaster which occurred a few weeks ago. In mentioning the subject I feel I am not speaking to you, but for you, when I say that we all wish to express our grief and sorrow at the loss which the gallant corps sustained; and we appreciate the valour and constancy which they have shown during the trying campaign in which they have been engaged; and that we beg to tender our respectful and heartfelt sympathy to their sorrowing friends and relations—(hear, hear). I ought, perhaps, in mentioning the number of men who have joined the Lovat Scouts, who might otherwise have joined the Service Volunteers, and in taking credit for that number, say that in the ranks of the 1st Battalion there are no fewer than 120 men from the Militia Reserve who joined, underwent the hardships, and shared in the glory of that campaign. I now have to present the medals. These medals will be worn by you on every suitable occasion. You will wear them with pride; you have earned them by your services, and you will hand them down to your descendants, who in their turn will revere them as tokens of what their fathers or grandfathers have done, I hope. I believe that in time to come their children's children will, when the call is made on them by their Sovereign and country, be induced by the recollection of what their predecessors have done, to devote themselves to the services of their country, and follow in your footsteps—(loud cheers).

The members of the Company, 54 in all, were then called up, and Lochiel pinned the decoration on the breast of each, in each case addressing a kindly remark to the recipient. All the men looked in the best of health and spirits, showing no trace of campaigning hardships. Their names are as follows:—

Captain A. D. Mackinnon.	Private D. Fraser.
Lieutenant J. Burn.	D. Fraser.
J. Campbell.	W. Fraser.
Colour-Sergeant W. H. Macdonald.	C. Kinnaird.
Sergeant D. Cameron.	W. Logan.
J. Melville.	R. M'Askill.
Lance-Sergeant J. Angus.	W. M'Connachie.
Corporal W. F. Douglas.	J. M'Donald.
A. J. Shaw.	Wm. M'Donald.
Private A. Cameron.	J. M'Eachran.
D. Cameron.	D. MacFie.
D. Cameron.	D. M'Kenzie.
S. Dallas.	Lance-Corporal E. M'Kenzie.
J. Dawson.	Private R. M'Kenzie.
W. M. Dunn.	A. M'Intosh.
J. Ferguson.	D. M'Intosh.
A. Fraser.	J. M'Intosh.

Private R. M'Intosh.	Private W. J. Ross.
" A. M. M'Lean.	" W. Ross.
" D. M'Lean.	" J. Poole.
" W. M'Lean.	" J. Sellar.
" A. M'Leod.	" J. Smith.
" D. M'Leod.	Lance-Corporal J. C. Urquhart.
Lance-Corporal F. M'Lennan.	Private J. M'Kinnon.
Private F. Marr.	" C. M'Leod.
" J. Matheson.	" A. S. M'Kay (dead).
" W. Reid.	" D. M'Lennan (dead).

To the representatives of those who had fallen, Lochiel addressed a special word of sympathy; reminding them, however, that theirs had been the glory of dying while fighting for King and country.

On the invitation of Lochiel, Sir Archibald stepped forward and addressed the troops. In the first place, he paid a highly popular compliment to Lochiel. I have been asked, he said, in the name of all present, of the ladies and gentlemen, as well as the troops, to offer to Lochiel, the Lord-Lieutenant of this county, the thanks of the community in general for his coming forward to present the medals to the men in behalf of His Majesty the King—(cheers). I am sure that if the whole world was searched no man could be found whom the men of Inverness-shire would rather receive a medal or any distinction than from Lochiel, saving from the hands of His Most Gracious Majesty the King—(cheers). I think it is most fitting and most appropriate that the men of the Cameron Highlanders, many of them, as you may have noticed, bearing the name of Cameron, all of them—whether the name of Cameron or not—bearing in their hearts the spirit which actuates, as Lochiel has truly said, one of the very best battalions on this earth, in the King's service, or in the service of any other King—(cheers). I think it most appropriate that the Chief of the Clan Cameron should be the distinguished personage to bestow the war medals on the men of the Active Service Company of the Volunteer Cameron Highlanders—(cheers). Lochiel, will you be good enough to receive the thanks of everybody here present for your kindness in coming forward to-day, and for the gracious manner in which you have performed the function of distributing the war medals—(cheers).

Officers, non-commissioned officers, and men of the Active Service Company,—You and I are not strangers to one another. As Lochiel has said to you, and has so truly and well expressed it, you have borne the hardships and faced the dangers and shared the toil of many and many a weary mile of marching with your comrades of the 1st Battalion. I have had the proud distinction of having had that battalion under my command in South Africa. I have also had the privilege of serving alongside of them in three campaigns in other parts of Africa. I know the battalion perhaps as well as almost any man who has not actually served in the battalion itself. I can speak truthfully and from long experience of the fighting qualities of that battalion, and I will say this to you—that I believe, and I know, that there is no difference between the fighting qualities of you Volunteers and the fighting qualities of the men of the regular army—(cheers). It is a great comfort to me, as Commander-in-Chief in Scotland, to know—knowing that everything is not all beer and skittles, and one's

functions are not a bed of roses, and sometimes at night one likes to be awake worrying over what would happen if the rest of the world put into force the threat they sometimes heard, that they may invade this country,—it is a great consolation to me to feel that throughout the length and breadth of Scotland there are such men as I see standing before me. I do not allude only to the men who volunteered to go to South Africa—I mean the whole Volunteer forces in Scotland—(cheers). As long as I have at my back such men as are standing here—as long as I have the support of the ladies and gentlemen, men and women of this country—I am perfectly confident we could knock into the sea everybody who dared to put their nose or toes inside the borders of this kingdom—(cheers).

Lochiel has said to you that you will carry that medal with you as a sign of what you have done, and of your loyal services, for all your days, and you will hand it down as a valued heirloom to your children, and your children and your children's children will learn to regard it as a token of what their forefathers did in the days of old. As Lord Rosebery said to the Volunteers in Edinburgh last Saturday, as well as the medal being a badge of honour to you, it also implies an obligation; and he reminded the men that wearing that decoration was an honour, but it also carried with it a duty of living up to that honour, and never doing anything as long as you live that will bring shame or disgrace upon it or upon yourselves. I commend his advice to you, and hope that you will bear it in mind. I am sure I am expressing to you the wish of everybody present, and of the whole of you—very near a quarter of a million—comrades who wear the same badge, when I wish you all long life and good health to wear that medal. May God bless and love you all—(cheers).

I should like to say a few words in regard to what Lochiel has already made reference to, and that is to the very severe and grave loss which we and the Cameron Highlanders have lately suffered in the death of Colonel Andrew Murray and Captain E. O. Murray. I confess it is a subject I can barely refer to without a choke in my throat and a quiver on my lips. I have known Andrew Murray for many years. Captain E. O. Murray I did not know so well, but I know the estimation in which he was held, and the regard felt for him in his regiment, and I know him to be a brave, gallant, true-hearted, and loyal officer and gentleman. Andrew Murray was a great friend of mine. I can only say the service at large, the King and the country, particularly the Cameron Highlanders and all friends, and those near and dear, have suffered by their death a very, very great loss, and I cordially endorse the words of Lochiel in which he wished to convey to their friends our deepest, most respectful, and sincerest sympathy—(hear, hear).

On the call of Colonel Grant, C.B., three hearty cheers were given for Lochiel, who, after a brief reply, roused the assembly by suggesting "Three cheers for the King," which were lustily given, the band following with the National Anthem.

In June 1900, during the progress of the war, the battalion, in common with the whole Volunteer force of the country, was called out for a month's training. Previous to this camps had been held upon several occasions, but the 1900 camp may be looked upon as

the first serious effort to train the Volunteer force for service in the field. Lieutenant-Colonel David Munro was in command, and the training, which was carried out at Fort George, was of a very practical nature. It is worthy of remark that upon this occasion, owing to the indisposition of the regular adjutant, his duties devolved upon a Volunteer officer, Lieutenant-Colonel Duncan Shaw, who carried them out most efficiently.

In May 1903, when the King and Queen visited Edinburgh for the purpose of opening the Children's Hospital at Morningside, the battalion was called upon to furnish a detachment of 197 of all ranks to assist in lining the streets. This detachment, which was posted close to the hospital, was under the command of Major Leslie Fraser. The 1st Battalion was also present upon this occasion, occupying the right of the line at Holyrood Palace.

In September 1905 the battalion, under command of Lieutenant-Colonel Duncan Shaw, was present at the Royal Review at Edinburgh, when His Majesty inspected 37,000 Scottish Volunteers. Several of the outlying companies of the regiment were hospitably entertained on arrival at Inverness at the Cameron barracks. The battalion then entrained at midnight, took part in the review, and was back in Inverness within twenty-four hours. In pleasing contrast with the parade of 1881 the weather was all that could be desired, and the whole proceedings passed off most successfully.

In the beginning of 1906 Colonel H. H. L. Malcolm, D.S.O., who had recently vacated command of the 2nd Battalion, was appointed to command the Seaforth and Cameron Volunteer Brigade. His energetic and soldier-like qualities soon made themselves felt, and a marked improvement was manifested at the annual trainings.

In June of this year the Volunteers were associated, at their training in camp at Tain, with the 3rd Battalion of the Cameron Highlanders. This was the first occasion upon which the Militia and Volunteer battalions had served together, and the meeting was a most cordial one. Both the officers and sergeants of the 3rd Battalion showed the greatest kindness and hospitality to the Volunteers on their arrival in camp, and throughout the training all ranks continued upon the most excellent terms.

In 1907 the camp was held for the first time away from the

Highlands. The battalion this year proceeded to Barry Links, Forfarshire, where it had the advantage of training with the 2nd Battalion King's Own Scottish Borderers and a detachment of the Royal Engineers. This, the last camp to be held under the old Volunteer regulations, was certainly the most successful and instructive of all,—a result entirely attributable to the keenness and interest which Colonel Malcolm threw into his work.

On the 10th of February 1908 Major-General J. S. Ewart, C.B., was gazetted to the honorary colonelcy of the battalion, in succession to Colonel the Earl of Dunmore, who died in August 1907.

On the 31st of March 1908 the 1st Volunteer Battalion of the Cameron Highlanders ceased to exist, and on the following day the battalion arose again, under Mr Haldane's great scheme of army reform, as a unit of the new Territorial Army, numbered the 4th Battalion Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders. Much satisfaction was felt by every one interested in its welfare that this change involved no disturbance of the connection of the battalion with the remainder of the county regiment.

The following account of the proceedings connected with the transfer of the 1st Volunteer Battalion to the Territorial force is taken from the '79th News' of May 1908:—

On 31st March the death of the Volunteer Battalion and the birth of the 4th Battalion were celebrated in a manner which did credit to the military keenness for which the North has always been celebrated. The Provost declared the afternoon of that day a public holiday, so that no one had any difficulty in attending; and in spite of the most vile weather the public turned out in thousands to witness the last parade of Volunteers in Inverness.

The Depot Camerons, as well as the 3rd Battalion and a detachment of the Lovat Scouts, did us the honour of taking part in the parade, the whole troops assembling in Bell's Park at 4.30. The Depot were represented by Major S. S. Clarke, Captain H. T. Lumsden, Lieutenant Lord James Stewart Murray, 1 warrant officer, and 110 non-commissioned officers and men; the 3rd Battalion—Lieutenant-Colonel Haig, Captain N. J. M. Archdall, Lieutenant W. D. Nicholson, Lieutenant C. C. K. Campbell, Lieutenant Sandeman, Surgeon Lieutenant-Colonel D. MacFadyen, Captain and Adjutant D. N. C. C. Miers, Cameron Highlanders, 1 warrant officer, and 126 non-commissioned officers and men; and the 1st Volunteer Battalion—Lieutenant-Colonel Leslie Fraser, Lieutenant-Colonel Alex. Fraser, V.D., Lieutenant-Colonel E. Campbell, V.D., Captain T. Gibson, Major D. MacBean, V.D., Major J. Campbell, Captain James Barron, Lieutenant R. MacLean, Lieutenant D. F. Mackenzie, Lieutenant J. Macpherson, Lieutenant D. Ross, Lieutenant A. E. Macdonald,

Quarter-Master and Hon. Captain J. Lockie, Chaplain the Rev. D. Macleod, Captain and Adjutant G. I. Fraser, Cameron Highlanders, and 197 non-commissioned officers and men. There was also a large turn-out of the Highland Royal Garrison Artillery Volunteers and the Seaforth and Cameron Brigade Bearer Company. Veteran Volunteers of all branches of the service paraded to the number of upwards of 80 all ranks. Colonel George Rose, an original member of the Volunteer Battalion, took command.

The Provost attended in his robes of office, along with the Magistrates and Town Council, and after a photograph had been taken the march to the Northern Meeting Park was begun. The Depot led the way, and the rear was brought up by the Provost, with his Council and officials, and the Veterans. The afternoon was bitterly cold, and showers of snow, sleet, and rain succeeded each other with persistent regularity. Nevertheless the route, which was by way of Grant Street and Kenneth Street, was crowded with people, and at the Northern Meeting Park thousands were waiting.

On arrival at the Park a square was formed, and Provost Gossip presented long-service and good-conduct medals to Colour-Sergeant Instructor of Musketry John M. Rose, Colour-Sergeant John Ross, and Sergeant Alexander Claugher, all of the 3rd Battalion. He also presented the long-service medal to Lieutenant-Colonel J. Leslie Fraser, and the Volunteer Officers' Decoration to Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander Fraser of the Volunteer Battalion, and long-service medals to Colour-Sergeant A. Morrison and Private A. Black, late of the battalion.

Provost Gossip then, addressing the troops generally, congratulated the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men, and, last but not least, the veterans, on the excellent turn-out they had made that day. He congratulated the commanding officers on the soldierly bearing of the men under their charge, and on the whole appearance they made in the streets. There was no doubt the display that day was a memorable and historic one. It would never be forgotten by any of those present, nor by those who had witnessed the parade. The great Volunteer force within a few hours would cease to exist in its old form, and a new condition of things would take its place. Whether this new condition would prove better or worse remained to be seen; but this they did know—the old Volunteer force was a credit to the nation, and the nation was proud of it. They had present with them that day men who had bridged the period of nearly fifty years during which the force had been in existence. Those men did their duty in their day, and they handed over the reins of power and authority to others whom they had trained. The Volunteers were stepping out of the old idea of things into a new idea of things. There were new ideas of all kinds—new organisation, new commands, new movements, and a new name. For all these fifty years the Volunteers had stood between this country and conscription. Now the Territorial Army was to see what it could do; and if it could fill up the gap with credit, then so much the better for the country. If, however, it did not succeed, they would probably find that other methods would be tried which perhaps would not prove so agreeable to the inhabitants of this great nation. He took that opportunity, in name of the inhabitants of the town, not only to wish well to the Volunteers of the town, but to bid them good-bye in their present capacity, and he was very sorry to have to do so.

PLATE 5C



LIEUTENANT-COLONEL J. LESLIE FRASER.

LAST PARADE OF THE VOLUNTEER BATTALION. 99

Colonel Kenneth Macdonald, of the H.R.G.A.V., proposed a vote of thanks to Provost Gossip and the Magistrates and Town Council, and, through them, to the community of Inverness; and three hearty cheers were given for the Provost, on the call of Colonel Leslie Fraser.

The troops then marched back by way of Ardross Street to the Market Hall, where all were served with refreshments, through the hospitality of the town.

Each unit then returned to its own drill hall for dismissal. Addressing the Volunteer Battalion, Colonel Leslie Fraser said the battalion, which had been in existence for almost half a century, was about to be dismissed for the last time. At such a prospect one naturally felt sorrowful, for the history of the corps was one to be proud of. He himself had been for the best part of a quarter of a century connected with the battalion, and he felt it was a great honour to command it. He could not dismiss them without complimenting the men, non-commissioned officers, and officers on what they had done for the battalion, and on the manner in which they had kept up its traditions. A better set of non-commissioned officers or a more efficient lot, he ventured to say, could not be found in the Volunteer service. As for their adjutants, he felt bound to say that in them they had been most singularly fortunate. To them the corps owed much. One had only to mention the names of Captain Gordon, Major Robert Napier, Major George Cavaye, and Major Seymour Clarke. Last, but not least, he might mention their present adjutant, Captain George Fraser. With such adjutants, all of the Cameron Highlanders, was it to be wondered at that the high efficiency of the regiment was generally remarked on by inspecting officers. Captain George Fraser had had the interests of the battalion at heart, and in his hands it had risen to a high standard of efficiency. As to the officers of the battalion, he must put on record the valuable assistance that he, as commanding officer, had received from them. Every one was attentive to his duties, and showed an excellent example that had borne fruit and made for the efficiency and discipline of the corps. He appealed to every one to join the 4th Battalion. It was his hope that the traditions of their battalion would be carried unsullied into the new force. It was now his solemn and sorrowful duty to dismiss them. After dismissal, loud cheers were given for Colonel Leslie Fraser and Captain George Fraser, adjutant.

In the evening the officers of the battalion celebrated the occasion by a dinner in the Caledonian Hotel. There were present:—

Volunteer Battalion.—Lieutenant-Colonel J. Leslie Fraser; Major and Hon. Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander Fraser, V.D.; Major and Hon. Lieutenant-Colonel E. Campbell, V.D.; Captain T. Gibson; Captain and Hon. Major D. MacBean, V.D.; Captain and Hon. Major J. Campbell; Captain J. Barron; Lieutenants J. Macpherson, R. MacLean, D. Ross, D. F. Mackenzie, and A. E. Macdonald; Captain and Adjutant G. I. Fraser, Cameron Highlanders; Quarter-Master and Hon. Captain J. Lockie; and Chaplain Rev. D. Macleod.

Royal Navy.—Lieutenant Wyndham Forbes, R.N.

Cameron Highlanders.—Major S. S. Clarke; Captain H. T. Lumsden; and Lieutenant Lord James Stewart-Murray.

3rd Battalion Cameron Highlanders.—Lieutenant-Colonel D. P. Haig; Captain N. J. M. Archdall; Surgeon Lieutenant-Colonel D. MacFadyen; and Captain and Adjutant D. N. C. C. Miers, Cameron Highlanders.

100 RECORDS OF THE CAMERON HIGHLANDERS.

H.R.G.A.V.—Lieutenant-Colonel and Hon. Colonel K. Macdonald, V.D.; Major and Hon. Lieutenant-Colonel G. H. Duncan, V.D.; Captains F. W. Fraser, H. M. Graham, J. D. Wallace, J. Kyle Mackintosh; Lieutenants J. A. Ross, A. R. Forsyth, W. M. Gossip; Surgeon Lieutenant-Colonel J. M. Moir, M.D.; Chaplain Rev. Gavin Lang.

Seaforth and Cameron Volunteer Brigade.—Colonel H. H. L. Malcolm, D.S.O. (late Cameron Highlanders), and Major A. C. M'Lean (late Cameron Highlanders).

Seaforth and Cameron Brigade Bearer Company.—Lieutenant J. W. Mackenzie, M.D.

There were also present:—Provost James A. Gossip, Colonel J. Angus (late 79th), Mr W. Anderson, Dr Campbell, Mr W. L. Carruthers, the Right Rev. Bishop Chisholm, Mr G. Forrest, Dr J. G. Asher Forsyth, Mr Eldred Leslie Fraser, Mr G. W. Hope Johnstone, Major W. C. Macbean (late 1st V.B.), Mr J. Huntly Macdonald, Major Andrew Macdonald (late 1st V.B.), Dr Angus Macdonald, Mr A. MacHardy, Mr R. L. Mackintosh, Mr Alastair Mackintosh, Mr W. C. Macleod, Rev. Duncan Macqueen, Major A. J. Macritchie (late 1st V.B.), and Mr J. F. Souter.

The music was as follows:—

BAND PROGRAMME.

1. March	"Waldmere"	. . . . .	Losey
2. Valse	"The Merry Widow"	. . . . .	Lehar
3. Selection	"The Geisha"	. . . . .	Sid Jones
4. Euphonium solo	"Simple Aveu"	. . . . .	Thome
5. Valse	"Gold and Silver"	. . . . .	Lehar
6. Selection	"A Country Girl"	. . . . .	Monckton
7. Japanese Romance	"Poppies"	. . . . .	Moret

Extra.

Valse Lente	"La Faute des Roses"	. . . . .	Berger
"God Bless the Prince of Wales."			
"God Save the King."			

J. C. LAWSON, Bandmaster.

PIPE PROGRAMME.

March . . . . .	. }	"79th's Farewell to Gibraltar."
Strathspey . . . . .	. }	"Maggie Cameron."
Reel . . . . .	. }	"Reel of Tulloch."
Pibroch . . . . .	. .	"Macnab's Salute."
March . . . . .	. }	"Leaving Glen-Urquhart."
Strathspey . . . . .	. }	"The Devil in the Kitchen."
Reel }	"The Highway to Linton."

JOHN MACDONALD, Pipe-Major.

THE FOURTH BATTALION.

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During dinner the following messages were interchanged :—

1. To Commanding Cameron Highlanders, Tidworth.—Officers Volunteer Battalion celebrating inauguration of Territorial Scheme. Are proud to become Fourth Battalion of the Regiment, and are determined to do their utmost to merit this honour. From Commanding Volunteer Camerons.

2. Commanding 4th Cameron Highlanders, Inverness.—All ranks 1st Cameron Highlanders most heartily welcome their comrades of the 4th Battalion, and sincerely thank them for their telegram, which has been forwarded to the Colonel of the Regiment. From Commanding 1st Cameron Highlanders.

3. General Ewart, War Office, London.—Officers of your Battalion celebrating inauguration of Territorial Scheme exceedingly regret that you are not with them to-night. They are determined to make Scheme a success. From Commanding Volunteer Camerons.

4. To Col. Leslie Fraser.—I wish every prosperity to the Territorial Battalion of the Cameron Highlanders, and feel sure that all ranks will maintain the high character of the Regiment in the future as they have done in the past. From Ewart.

5. Lord Lovat, House of Lords.—All regret you are not with us in our celebration to-night. We are determined to do all we can for new Scheme. From Com. 1st Vol. Camerons.

6. Leslie Fraser.—All best wishes to the old corps, a happy future, and same standard maintained. From Lovat.

7. The Mackintosh, Cotterill, Cardiff.—Officers Volunteer Camerons regret you are not with them to-night. They are determined that, as far as Infantry is concerned, Inverness-shire shall not be behind in the new Scheme. From Comdg. Vol. Camerons.

8. Col. Leslie Fraser.—Wishing hearty success 4th Cameron Highlanders on their birthday after midnight. From Col. Ross (of Cromarty).

9.
Lt.-Col. LESLIE FRASER.

PARIS, 3rd April 1908.

DEAR COLONEL,—Your telegram from the officers of the now 4th Battalion Cameron Highlanders was duly forwarded, but knowing that the parade and mess dinner were over, I did not wire reply. From the hearty and loyal spirit shown by the Volunteers in re-enrolling in the new Territorial Army one can augur nothing but the very best results.

I was much impressed by the two meetings in Inverness last week. The employers of labour one and all showed that they realised the national importance of speaking with no uncertain voices, whilst to look at the faces and notice the rapt attention paid by the listeners at the Music Hall meeting was quite enough. The old Highland spirit was there.

If the Authorities will now deal generously as to minor details, and not attempt to interfere in the local tradition and sentiment, Inverness-shire will ever show the way.—Yours sincerely,

A. MACKINTOSH OF MACKINTOSH.

In the course of the evening a deputation, consisting of Captain F. W. Fraser of the H.R.G.A.V. and Captain Gibson of the Volunteer Battalion,

were sent to visit the sergeants' messes of the two corps. In both of these they had a most cordial reception, and it was quite apparent that the non-commissioned officers are as keen over the new Scheme as the officers. Afterwards a deputation, consisting of Sergeant Riach, H.R.G.A.V., and Quarter-master-Sergeant Macfarquhar of the Volunteer Battalion, visited our dinner, and expressed the intention of the non-commissioned officers to do all they could for the new order of things.

A few minutes before midnight the bugles sounded the "Last Post," and "Auld Lang Syne" was sung. As the clock struck, the bugles sounded the "Reveille" and the pipers played "Johnny Cope" round the room. So the birth of the 4th Battalion was celebrated in a manner fitting that of the son of a worthy father. We wish it all prosperity.

Towards the end of April the officers of the battalion were gratified at receiving a wire from the officer commanding 1st Battalion at Tidworth, saying that the officers of the latter were attending the King's Levée on the 11th of May, together with those of the 3rd Battalion, and asking if the officers of the 4th Battalion would join them. Colonel Leslie Fraser at once recognised that the simultaneous attendance at a Levée of the officers of the Line, Militia, and Territorial battalions of any regiment would be a remarkable and unprecedented manifestation of good feeling and community of interest. He therefore promptly laid the matter before his officers, with the result that a wire was despatched saying that twelve of their number would attend.

Accordingly, on the 11th of May, the following officers, together with their comrades of the other two battalions, were presented to His Majesty by General Sir Ian Hamilton, K.C.B., D.S.O., colonel of the regiment :—

- Honorary Colonel, Major-General J. S. Ewart, C.B.
- Lieutenant-Colonel J. Leslie Fraser.
- Major and Hon. Lieutenant-Colonel A. Fraser, V.D.
- Major and Hon. Lieutenant-Colonel E. Campbell, V.D.
- Captain T. Gibson.
- Captain and Hon. Major D. MacBean, V.D.
- Captain and Hon. Major John Campbell.
- Lieutenant T. Allison.
- Lieutenant D. Ross.
- Lieutenant R. MacLean.
- 2nd Lieutenant A. E. Macdonald.
- Captain and Adjutant G. I. Fraser.

After the Levée all the officers were photographed together at St. George's Barracks, and subsequently the officers of the 4th

Battalion, with Colonel Malcolm, were entertained to luncheon at the House of Commons by Sir John Dewar, M.P. for Inverness-shire, who invited Mr Haldane, Secretary of State for War, to meet them.

In the evening Lieutenant-Colonel Leslie Fraser and his officers were invited to dine with the officers of the Regular and Militia battalions at the annual regimental dinner at the Hôtel Métropole, when His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, Colonel-in-Chief of the regiment, occupied the chair.

SUCCESSION OF HONORARY COLONELS OF THE
1ST VOLUNTEER BATTALION, NOW THE 4TH
BATTALION OF THE QUEEN'S OWN CAMERON
HIGHLANDERS.

1881-1908.

- Macpherson, Ewen, of Cluny, C.B., 2nd November 1882. Died 11th January 1885.
 Clarence, His Royal Highness Albert Victor Christian Edward, Duke of Clarence and Avondale, K.G., K.P., A.D.C., Major 10th Hussars, 19th July 1890. Died 14th January 1892.
 Dunmore, Charles Adolphus, Earl of, V.D., 19th August 1896. Died 27th August 1907.
 Ewart, Major-General John Spencer, C.B., 10th February 1908.

SUCCESSION OF LIEUTENANT-COLONELS COMMANDING THE 1ST VOLUNTEER BATTALION, NOW THE 4TH BATTALION OF THE QUEEN'S OWN CAMERON HIGHLANDERS.

1881-1908.

- Macpherson, Ewen, of Cluny, C.B., 3rd of June 1861 to 1st November 1882.
 Dunmore, Charles Adolphus, Earl of, V.D., 2nd November 1882 to 21st July 1896.
 Macdonald, Alexander, V.D., 22nd July 1896. Died 2nd October 1899.
 Munro, David, V.D., 13th December 1899 to 26th July 1902.
 Shaw, Duncan, V.D., 26th July 1902 to 7th September 1906.
 Fraser, James Leslie, 8th September 1906.

SUCCESSION OF ADJUTANTS OF THE 1ST VOLUNTEER BATTALION, NOW THE 4TH BATTALION OF THE QUEEN'S OWN CAMERON HIGHLANDERS.

1881-1908.

- Gostwyck-Gard, William; Captain, 91st (Argyllshire) Highlanders, 23rd December 1878 to 31st January 1884.
Gordon, Orr Boswell; Major, Cameron Highlanders, 1st February 1884 to 31st January 1889.
Napier, Robert Francis Ladeveze; Captain, Cameron Highlanders, 1st February 1889 to 31st January 1894.
Cavaye, George Ross; Captain, Cameron Highlanders, 1st February 1894 to 31st January 1899.
Clarke, Seymour Spencer Somerset; Captain, Cameron Highlanders, 1st February 1899 to 31st January 1904.
Fraser, George Ireland; Captain, Cameron Highlanders, 20th April 1904.

SUCCESSION OF SERGEANT-MAJORS OF THE 1ST VOLUNTEER BATTALION, NOW THE 4TH BATTALION OF THE QUEEN'S OWN CAMERON HIGHLANDERS.

1881-1908.

- John Hunter (from the 71st Highland Light Infantry), 1879-1894.
James M'Neil, 1894-1903.
John Lockie, 1903-1907.
Alexander Whitton, 1907.

Officers' Services of The Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders.

(The name of an estate in brackets after an officer's name denotes that the officer is the son of the owner.)

H.R.H. GEORGE F. E. A., Prince of Wales, Earl of Inverness, K.G., K.T., K.P., G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E., G.C.V.O., I.S.O. Colonel-in-Chief Royal Fusiliers, Royal Welsh Fusiliers, Royal Marines, and King's Royal Rifle Corps. Personal A.D.C. to the King. Appointed Colonel-in-Chief of the regiment, 12th of November 1902.

ACKLAND, ROBERT INNES. Ensign, 17th of August 1809; placed on half-pay of the regiment in September 1814; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor, and the Pyrenees; subsequently served in the 72nd Regiment.

ADCOCK, HERBERT BURROWS. Ensign, 2nd of March 1855; Lieutenant, 17th February 1857; exchanged to 20th Foot, 1857, subsequently transferring to the 6th Foot; served in the Crimea after the fall of Sebastopol.

ADDERLEY, RANDOLPH RALPH. Exchanged as Ensign from the 35th Regiment, 21st of May 1850; transferred to 60th Rifles, 7th of April 1854; died, 20th of April 1855.

ADLERCRON, RUDOLPH LADEVEZE. 2nd Lieutenant, 2nd of June 1894; Lieutenant, 3rd of April 1897; Captain, 24th of November 1899; served in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (mentioned in despatches, British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); proceeded to Fashoda with "E" Company; served in the South African War, 1900-01, in command of the M.I. Company; took part in the operations in the Orange Free State, February to May 1900; in the Transvaal in May and June 1900, includ-

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ing the actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and at Diamond Hill; in the Orange River Colony, May to November 1900, including the actions in the Wittebergen; in Cape Colony in 1900 (dangerously wounded, mentioned in despatches, Queen's medal with four clasps).

ALLAN, ALEXANDER CLAUD. 2nd Lieutenant, 9th of October 1907.

ALLEN, JOHN EDWARD. Transferred as Lieutenant from the 92nd Highlanders, 19th of January 1855; Captain, 16th of March 1860; Brevet-Major, 5th of July 1872; Major, 1st of July 1881; served in the Crimea from the 16th of August 1855, including the siege and fall of Sebastopol and the assault of the 8th of September (medal with clasp and Turkish medal); served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow, the attack on the fort of Rooyah, actions at Allygunge, Bareilly, Shahjehanpore, capture of Forts Bunniar and Mahomdie, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, capture of Rampore Kussia, and subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (medal with clasp); exchanged as Major to the 71st Highland Light Infantry, becoming Lieutenant-Colonel Commanding 30th of November 1881. Retired with the rank of Major-General.

ALLEYNE, DOUGLAS. Ensign, 23rd of February 1855; served in the Crimea from the 16th of August 1855 to December 1855, including the siege and fall of Sebastopol, the assault on the Redan on the 8th of September (medal with clasp and Turkish medal); served in the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1858-59, including the affair of Sécundragunge near Allâhabad, the siege and capture of Lucknow, attack on the fort of Rooyah, actions at Allygunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, capture of Forts Bunniar and Mahomdie, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad; acted as Adjutant at the capture of Rampore Kussia and during the subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (medal with clasp); exchanged to the 37th Foot, 27th of June 1860; subsequently retired as Lieutenant-Colonel; died at Clifton, 2nd of March 1908.

ANDERSON, ANDREW, M.D. Assistant-Surgeon, 4th of February 1808; served in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; was present at the battles of Busaco and Fuentes d'Onor; transferred to the 61st Foot on the 25th of June 1812; was subsequently present at the battles of Salamanca and the Pyrenees and at the siege of Burgos (silver medal with four clasps).

ANDERSON, FREDERICK CARPENTER. 2nd Lieutenant, October 1901; served in the South African War in 1901 (medal with clasp); resigned his commission, 17th of December 1902.

ANDERSON, JOHN, M.D. Assistant-Surgeon, 8th of May 1840; transferred to the 22nd Regiment during the same year; was subsequently present at the battle of Meeanee (medal); died at sea between Malta and Marseilles, 7th of March 1851.

ANDERSON, WILLIAM. Ensign, 22nd of October 1799; half-pay, 1802; afterwards served in the 78th Highlanders.

ANGUS, JOHN. Ensign, 1st of March 1864; Lieutenant, 8th of February 1868; Instructor of Musketry, 4th of May 1873; exchanged to the 7th Fusiliers, 27th of August 1873; Captain, 1879; served as Staff officer to the Director of Transport in the Afghan War, 1878-79 (medal); subsequently went to the Pay Department; Staff Paymaster, 28th of March 1884; Major, 16th of February 1886; Lieutenant-Colonel, 28th of March 1899.

ANNESLEY, REGINALD CAREY. Ensign, 15th of January 1864; Lieutenant, 29th of January 1867; Major, 1st of July 1881; Hon. Lieutenant-Colonel, 24th of November 1886; served throughout the Ashantee campaign, 1873-74, attached to the 42nd Black Watch, being present at the battle of Amoaful (slightly wounded), the capture and destruction of Becquah, the battle of Ordahsu, capture of Coomassie (medal with clasp); served throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86, with the regiment, being present in Kosheh during its [investment and at the engagement at Giniss (medal and Khedive's star); retired in 1886.

ARBUTHNOTT, Hon. Sir HUGH, of HATTON BERVIE (2nd son of the 7th Viscount Arbuthnott). General, 20th of June 1854; Colonel of the 79th, 14th of March 1862; M.P. for Kincardineshire; served in the campaign in Holland in 1799, at the bombardments of Copenhagen in 1801 and 1807, and with the expedition to Sweden in 1808; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Corunna, Busaco (gold medal), and Fuentes d'Onor (silver medal with two clasps); died, 11th of July 1868.

ARBUTHNOTT, THOMAS H. C. Ensign, 10th of February 1843; retired, 6th of June 1845.

ARCHER, ANTHONY. A volunteer from the 94th Regiment; Ensign, 14th of October 1812; died the same year.

ARMSTRONG, ROBERT YOUNG. Appointed Surgeon in 1797; half-pay, in 1797.

ARTHUR, Rev. DAVID. Chaplain to the Cameron Highlanders throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882; was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served with the regiment during the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (clasp).

ASHTON, WILLIAM. Lieutenant-Colonel from the 99th Foot, 18th of September 1794; died in the island of Martinique, 4th of October 1796.

ASSIOTTI, FRANCIS. Promoted Lieutenant into 2nd Battalion from Ensign 45th Foot, 25th of March 1805; promoted Captain to 27th Regiment, 15th of May 1806.

ATKINSON, AGIT. Assistant-Surgeon from the Aberdeen Fencibles, 14th of May 1803; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807, and in the expedition to Sweden in 1808; served in the Peninsular War, and was drowned in the river Douro.

AYTOUN, ROBINSON. Assistant-Surgeon, 1st of May 1806; transferred to the 13th Foot, 4th of February 1808; medal for Martinique.

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BAILEY, DAVID. Ensign, from Sergeant in the 29th Foot, 11th of July 1811; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battle of Albuhera (mortally wounded); died at Elvas in August 1811.

BAILLIE, ALEXANDER PETER. Ensign, 14th of August 1857; Lieutenant, 4th of September 1860; Captain, 11th of June 1867; half-pay, 10th of April 1869.

BAILLIE, MATTHEW, M.D. Assistant-Surgeon, 18th of January 1827; died at Belfast, 6th of February 1828.

BAIRD, PERCY THOMAS CHARLES. 2nd Lieutenant, 7th of March 1894; Lieutenant, 3rd of April 1897; Captain, 14th of October 1899.

BALDOCK, JOHN. Paymaster, 21st of July 1798; served in the campaign in Holland in 1799 and in the Egyptian campaign of 1801 (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); served in the expedition to Sweden in 1808; served also in the Walcheren Expedition, and died in the island of South Beveland on the 26th of August 1809.

BALFOUR, JEREMIAH. Ensign, 1st of October 1812; Lieutenant, 19th of May 1814; half-pay, 25th of March 1817; died at Chatham, 20th of September 1822.

BALFOUR, WILLIAM (*Trenabie*). Lieutenant from half-pay, 26th of July 1839; retired, 14th of October 1842; died in 1871.

BARNES, Sir EDWARD, G.C.B. Knight of the Order of Maria Theresa and of the 1st Class of St. Anne of Russia. Exchanged as Lieutenant-Colonel from the 99th Regiment, 17th of February 1800; appointed to the 46th Foot, 23rd of April 1807; Major-General, 4th of June 1813; Lieutenant-General, 27th of May 1825; General, 7th of June 1831; Colonel of the 31st Regiment, 10th of October 1834; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1801 (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); served at the capture of Martinique, 1809, and Guadaloupe, 1810; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Vittoria, Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Orthes (gold medal); was also present at the battle of Waterloo as Adjutant-General of the Army (severely wounded); died in London, 19th of March 1838.

BARNEWELL, BARTHOLOMEW. Lieutenant, 22nd of October 1799; half-pay, in 1800; died, 31st of August 1848.

BARRON, HARRY MONTAGUE VAUGHAN. 2nd Lieutenant, 6th of December 1899; Lieutenant, 23rd of May 1901.

BARWICK, JAMES. Captain in the 2nd Battalion from the 72nd Regiment, 29th of April 1813; Major, 26th of November 1830; retired, 23rd of March 1832; died in Canada on the 26th of February 1842.

BATEMAN, ROBERT. Paymaster, 25th of April 1824; half-pay, 16th of February 1829; Lieutenant-Colonel, 10th of January 1837; served in Hanover in 1805, being shipwrecked and taken prisoner in the Texel;

was present at the attack on Buenos Ayres in 1806; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battle of Vittoria (severely wounded); was present at the battle of Plattsburg in America in 1814.

BAXTER, GEORGE LEWIS (*Kincaldrum*). 2nd Lieutenant from 3rd (Militia) Battalion, 5th of April 1905.

BAYNES, KENNETH SCHALCH. Lieutenant, 10th of September 1876; Captain, 18th of March 1882; Brevet-Major, 21st of May 1884; Major, 1st of November 1890; retired, 21st of February 1893; Lieutenant-Colonel, Reserve of Officers, 18th of October 1902; served as Adjutant in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served in the expedition to Suakin in 1884 as Assistant Military Secretary to Major-General Sir Gerald Graham, being present at the engagements at El Teb and Tamaii (brought home the despatches, mentioned in despatches, brevet of Major, two clasps); served in the Nile Expedition, 1884-85, as Adjutant of the regiment and as Staff officer at Korosko (clasp); served in the campaign in the Eastern Soudan in 1885 as Deputy-Assistant-Adjutant and Quartermaster-General, being present at the engagement at Hasheen and at the destruction of Tamaii (mentioned in despatches, clasp).

BEATTIE, GEORGE, M.D. Surgeon, 1st of March 1810; died at Langholm, Dumfriesshire, 18th of August 1837.

BEATTIE, JAMES FORBES. Assistant-Surgeon, 20th of September 1864; transferred to the Army Medical Staff, 16th of December 1871.

BECKHAM, THOMAS. Lieutenant from the 89th Foot, 15th of February 1821; half-pay in 1821; served in the Peninsular War, 1812-14, with the 43rd Regiment.

BEDFORD, RICHARD BISSE RILAND. Ensign, 19th of January 1855; Lieutenant, 9th of September 1855; retired, 10th of May 1861; served in the Crimea after the fall of Sebastopol.

BELL, JAMES. Ensign, 3rd of March 1854; Lieutenant, 13th of August 1854; Captain on half-pay, 4th of April 1856; served in the Crimea, 1854-55, including the battle of Balaclava, siege of Sebastopol, and expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with two clasps and Turkish medal).

BELL, JAMES NICHOLAS. Assistant-Surgeon, 1st of April 1853; served in the Crimea, 1854-55, including the battle of Balaclava and siege of Sebastopol (medal with two clasps and Turkish medal); transferred to the 93rd Highlanders in 1859.

BERTRAM, ARCHIBALD, of NISBET and KERSEWELL. Transferred as Captain from the 37th Regiment, 28th of February 1800; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1801 (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); exchanged as Major to the 100th Regiment, 28th of February 1805; drowned at sea, off Newfoundland, 23rd of October 1806.

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BEST, RICHARD MORDESLEY. Exchanged to the 79th as Brevet-Colonel, 13th of September 1864; Major-General, 28th of October 1868; Lieutenant-General, 1st of July 1881; served in the Punjab campaign of 1849 with the 10th Foot, being present at the siege of Mooltan and the battle of Gujerat (wounded, medal with two clasps); died in London, 12th of March 1892.

BINNIE, RICHARD. Ensign, 8th of April 1826; transferred to 62nd Foot, 7th of November 1826.

BIRCH, ALEXANDER JOHN COLIN. Ensign, 2nd of March 1855; Lieutenant, 3rd of November 1856; transferred to Indian Staff Corps in 1865; Colonel, 2nd of March 1885.

BLACK, JOHN BROWN. 2nd Lieutenant, 7th of May 1902; Lieutenant, 23rd of October 1905.

BLACKBURN, ADAM GILLIES. 2nd Lieutenant, 13th of August 1879; Lieutenant, 16th of June 1880; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (dangerously wounded, mentioned in despatches, medal with clasp, 5th Class of the Medjidie, and Khedive's star); retired, 23rd of February 1884, in consequence of his wounds, which necessitated the amputation of his leg; died in Glasgow, 19th of December 1891.

BLAIR, JAMES COLQUHOUN OLIPHANT. 2nd Lieutenant, 23rd of December 1893; Lieutenant, 3rd of April 1897; died at Dalshian House, Pitlochry, 27th of September 1898.

BOOTHBY, ROBERT TOD. Ensign, 31st of March 1848; left the regiment in 1853.

BORTHWICK, JOHN. Ensign, 6th of October 1843; retired, 20th of March 1844.

BORTHWICK, ROBERT MACGOWAN. Ensign, 18th of January 1857; Lieutenant, 9th of April 1861; Captain, 2nd of March 1872; retired in 1879; subsequently Lieutenant-Colonel, 4th Battalion Royal Fusiliers.

BOURKE, Sir RICHARD, K.C.B. Exchanged from the 46th Regiment as Brevet-Major, 4th of January 1810, and re-exchanged to half-pay of Lowenstein's late levy on the 22nd of February 1810; served previously in the campaign in Holland in 1799; was present at the actions of the 27th of August, 10th and 19th of September, 2nd and 6th of October (severely wounded); served in South America for fifteen months, being present in the actions near Monte Video on the 19th and 20th of January 1807; served in the expedition against Buenos Ayres, 1807; served in the Peninsular War, 1809, 1812, 1813, 1814; Governor of New South Wales and Van Diemens Land, 1831-37; General, 1851.

BOYLE, Hon. ROBERT EDWARD (4th son of the 8th Earl of Cork). Exchanged as Lieutenant from half-pay, 3rd of September 1829; Captain,

23rd of August 1833; exchanged to 14th Foot, 7th of March 1834; subsequently Lieutenant-Colonel in the Coldstream Guards; died, 3rd of September 1854.

BREBNER, JOHN. Ensign from the 85th Foot, 15th of November 1859; Lieutenant, 31st of March 1863; retired, 17th of February 1869.

BRITTAINE, RICHARD. Paymaster, 1st of February 1810; died in Edinburgh, 22nd of May 1815.

BRODIE, EWEN JAMES, of LETHEN. 2nd Lieutenant from 3rd (Militia) Battalion, 26th of May 1900; Lieutenant, 22nd of January 1902.

BROOKE, EDWARD ALSTON PIERREPOINT. Exchanged as Captain from the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, 17th of January 1889; resigned his commission, 1896.

BROOKE, ROBERT. Captain from an independent company, 13th of May 1795; retired on half-pay, 3rd of June 1795.

BROWN, ANDREW. Ensign and Adjutant from Sergeant, Royal Artillery, 24th of June 1795; Lieutenant, 8th of September 1795; Captain, 17th of September 1803; Brevet-Major, 30th of May 1811; Major, 15th of October 1812; Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, 26th of August 1813; Lieutenant-Colonel in 1830; retired in 1831; served in the island of Martinique; served as Adjutant of the regiment in the campaign in Holland in 1799, being present at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, being present at the battle of Alexandria and the subsequent occupation of Cairo (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); served in the expeditions to Copenhagen in 1807 and to Sweden in 1808, and also in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Corunna, Fuentes d'Onor (wounded), Salamanca, Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, Toulouse, and at the siege of Burgos (wounded, silver medal with five clasps); was also present at the battle of Quatre Bras (severely wounded, Waterloo medal), and was made a Companion of the Bath in consideration of his services; died at Derry in 1835.

BROWN, ANDREW. Ensign, 26th of October 1820; Lieutenant, 17th of March 1825; Captain, 5th of April 1831; Major, 26th of May 1838; Lieutenant-Colonel, 8th of June 1841; exchanged to the 1st Foot, 29th of October 1841.

BROWN, CHARLES. Ensign, 2nd of November 1809; Lieutenant, 9th of May 1811; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battle of Fuentes d'Onor (severely wounded, right leg amputated); retired upon full pay in July 1814.

BROWN, CHARLES. Ensign, 4th of September 1795; Lieutenant, 13th of March 1796; left the regiment, 1st of August 1798.

BROWN, EBENEZER. Assistant-Surgeon, 24th of December 1796; served in the island of Martinique and in the campaign in Holland, 1799; transferred to the 30th Regiment, 4th of April 1800; died in Madras, 1828.

BROWN, HENRY ROBERT. 2nd Lieutenant, 21st of September 1892; Lieutenant, 21st of May 1894; Captain, 15th of November 1898; retired, 1905; appointed Captain 3rd Battalion, 17th of May 1905; served in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battle of Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with clasp); served in the South African War, 1900-02, and took part in the operations in the Orange Free State, February to May 1900, including actions at Vets River and Zand River; in the Transvaal, May and June 1900, including actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and at Diamond Hill; in the Orange River Colony, May to November 1900, including actions in the Wittebergen; in the Transvaal, January to September 1901 and October 1901 to February 1902; in the Orange River Colony, November 1900 to January 1901; on the Zululand Frontier of Natal, September and October 1901 (wounded, twice mentioned in despatches, brevet of Major, Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

BROWN, JAMES. Ensign, 31st of September 1803; Adjutant, 31st of December 1803; Lieutenant, 22nd of April 1805; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807; Adjutant of the Perth Militia, 27th of February 1808; subsequently head of the Police in Edinburgh; died in Edinburgh, 1832.

BROWN, JAMES DUDGEON. Exchanged as Lieutenant from the 3rd West India Regiment, 15th of November 1821; Captain, 29th of July 1824; was given an unattached majority, 18th of May 1832; had previously served in the campaign in Holland in 1814, being present at the storming of Egmont-op-Zoom; died at Prestonkirk, 16th of December 1851.

BROWN, JAMES MORAY. Ensign from the 84th Regiment, 2nd of November 1866; Lieutenant, 28th of October 1871; retired, 1881; died in London, 3rd of December 1894.

BROWN, JOHN. Paymaster, March 1884; retired as Staff-Paymaster in 1894; served in the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); had previously served with the 17th Lancers in the Crimea, 1854-55, including the affairs of Bulganak and Mackenzie's Farm, the battles of Alma, Balaclava (severely wounded), Tchernaya, and the siege of Sebastopol (medal with three clasps and Turkish medal); served in the Central Indian campaign of 1858-59, and was present at the action at Burrode (medal); served as Paymaster of the 17th Lancers in the Zulu War, 1879 (medal).

BROWN, THOMAS. Ensign from the ranks of the regiment, 23rd of October 1806; Lieutenant, 15th of December 1807; Captain, 20th of July 1815; half-pay, 25th of February 1816; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807; served in the Peninsular War, including the defence of Cadiz, the battles of Busaco (slightly wounded), Fuentes d'Onor, Salamanca, Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse, the action at Foz d'Aronce, and the siege of Burgos (silver medal with seven clasps); was also present at the battle of Quatre Bras (severely wounded, Waterloo medal).

BROWNE, CHARLES FRANCIS. Ensign, 15th of October 1850; left the regiment in 1853.

BRUCE, WILLIAM. Knight of Hanover. Exchanged as Lieutenant from the 4th Garrison Battalion, 26th of May 1808; Captain, 14th of March 1811; exchanged as Captain to the 82nd Regiment, 10th of July 1817; retired as a Colonel, 11th of December 1849; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Albuhera, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse, the blockade of Pampeluna, and the investment of Bayonne (silver medal with four clasps); was also present at the battle of Quatre Bras (severely wounded, Waterloo medal); died in London in 1863.

BUCHANAN, ALEXANDER, of POWIS. Ensign, 26th of May 1838; Lieutenant, 21st of August 1840; retired, 10th of February 1843; died, 13th of December 1855.

BUCKNALL, SAMUEL CHARLES LINDSAY. Ensign, 21st of October 1862; Lieutenant, 15th of June 1866; Captain, 1877; retired in 1878.

BURDON, JOHN ALDER. Captain, from the Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, 13th of September 1899; served in the operations on the Niger, 1897, including the expeditions to Egbon, Bida, and Ilorin (mentioned in despatches, medal with clasp); served in the expedition to Lapia in the Niger Territories, 1897-98, in command of the Royal Niger Constabulary (mentioned in despatches, C.M.G., brevet of Major); resigned his commission, 3rd of May 1905.

BURKE, JOHN. Exchanged to the 79th as Lieutenant, 3rd of July 1799; out of the regiment in 1800.

BURKE, JOHN. Ensign, 6th of July 1804; Lieutenant, 24th of April 1805; transferred to the 38th Regiment, 26th of March 1807; retired, 4th of January 1810.

BURNETT, WILLIAM. Transferred as Ensign from the 72nd Regiment, 23rd of July 1803; transferred to the 18th Foot, 19th of October 1804; died, 20th of October 1812.

BURRELL, WILLIAM GEORGE. Assistant-Surgeon, 14th of December 1809; was present with the regiment at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo; transferred to the 5th Foot, 11th of January 1816; died in 1820.

BUSFIELD, JOHN. Ensign, 30th of March 1860; Lieutenant, 12th of May 1863; Captain, 16th of June 1877; served in the Mohmud campaign in India, 1863-64 (medal); retired with the honorary rank of Major, 1880; died, 27th of November 1905.

BUTLER, THOMAS LEWIS. Captain, from the 72nd Regiment, 2nd of February 1830; retired, 23rd of August 1844.

BUTT, THOMAS BROMHEAD. Ensign, 3rd of April 1840; Lieutenant, 2nd of August 1842; Captain, 2nd of April 1847; Major, 17th of July 1857; Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, 26th of April 1859; Colonel, 23rd of April 1864; served in the Crimea after the fall of Sebastopol; served in the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1858-59, including the siege and capture of

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Lucknow and the Rohilkund and Oude campaigns (brevet of Lieutenant-Colonel, medal with clasp); commanded the regiment at the capture of Mahomedie; afterwards exchanged to the 86th Regiment.

CALDER, JAMES. Lieutenant, 19th of April 1804; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battle of Fuentes d'Onor (wounded); died of fever at Abrantes, 25th of July 1812.

CAMERON, ADAM. Ensign, 6th of November 1794; Lieutenant, 5th of September 1795; Captain, 28th of September 1797; exchanged to 39th Regiment, 14th of February 1799.

CAMERON, Sir ALAN, K.C.B., of ERRACHT. Raised the regiment in 1793, and was appointed Lieutenant-Colonel Commanding, 30th of January 1794; Major-General, 25th of July 1810; Lieutenant-General, 12th of August 1819; served in the campaign in Holland in 1794, in the island of Martinique, in the expedition to Holland in 1799, including the battle of Egmont-op-Zee (wounded), in the expedition to Ferrol and Cadiz, throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1801, including the battle of Alexandria and the occupation of Cairo (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); was present at the capture of Copenhagen in 1807, and took part in the expedition to Sweden in 1808; served in the Peninsular War, and commanded a brigade at the battles of Talavera (gold medal) and Busaco; nominated K.C.B. on the termination of the war; died at Fulham, 9th of March 1828.¹

CAMERON, ALEXANDER. Ensign, 8th of November 1794; Lieutenant, 6th of September 1795; Captain, 25th of June 1803; served in the expedition to Holland in 1799, being present at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, being present at the battle of Alexandria (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807 and in the expedition to Sweden in 1808; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battle of Busaco (killed in action).

CAMERON, ALEXANDER. Ensign, 5th of November 1794; Lieutenant, 3rd of September 1795; exchanged to the 18th Foot, 4th of July 1798.

CAMERON, ALEXANDER. Ensign, 29th of December 1804; Lieutenant, 25th of March 1805; Captain, 11th of June 1807; retired in 1812; served in

¹ The following is an extract from the Military Journal of Colonel Charles Leslie, K.H., of Balquhain, then a subaltern in the 29th Regiment, dated September 1808:—

"About this time the 79th Regiment, which had recently arrived, marched into our bivouac. I went with some brother officers one morning to look at them. Their Colonel, old Sir Alan Cameron, whose son commanded the regiment, came with them. He had a marquee on the right of the line. On perceiving us he came out of his tent, and addressing himself to us, said, 'Weel, gentlemen, are ye

come to see my breechless boys? Gang up to them—they'll bear inspection. Allan 'll wheel them into line for ye.' They were indeed a remarkably fine corps, and their worthy Colonel was very proud of them. After the parade was over he mixed with the officers and men, and having just got letters from Scotland, he had something to tell every one of them. He called them all by their names, Donald, or Ronald, or Roderick, and he looked like a venerable patriarch in the midst of his tribe."

the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; died at sea whilst returning from the West Indies.

CAMERON, ALEXANDER (*Scamadale*), nephew of Sir Alan Cameron. Ensign, 8th of April 1806; Lieutenant, 12th of May 1807; Adjutant, 13th of February 1812; Captain, 19th of July 1815; Brevet - Major, 21st of January 1819; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807, in the Expedition to Sweden in 1808, and in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; served in the Peninsular War, being wounded at the battle of Fuentes d'Onor; was present at the battle of Quatre Bras, and commanded the remnant of the regiment at the close of the battle of Waterloo (slightly wounded, brevet of Major); died in 1820.

CAMERON, ALEXANDER. Ensign, 17th of July 1815; Lieutenant, 7th of March 1822; half-pay, 29th of March 1827; before being gazetted to the regiment, he served with it as a volunteer at the battle of Quatre Bras (severely wounded); died in the South of France, 16th of January 1832.

CAMERON, ALLAN. Served with the regiment as a volunteer in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, and was wounded at the action of the 13th March (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); Lieutenant, 17th of July 1801; transferred to the 8th Garrison Battalion in 1806, and retired on half-pay; died at Perth in 1835.

CAMERON, ALLAN. Ensign, 19th of April 1805; Lieutenant, 30th of January 1806; went on half-pay in 1808, but was reappointed to the regiment as Paymaster in 1821; exchanged to half-pay of the 5th Foot, 25th of April 1824; died at Clunes, Lochaber, 13th of April 1841.

CAMERON, ALLAN GEORGE (*Lochiel*). 2nd Lieutenant, 4th of October 1899; Lieutenant, 30th of April 1901; appointed Adjutant Lovat's Scouts, with the honorary rank of Captain, 6th of December 1907.

CAMERON, ANGUS. Appointed Quarter-Master from Sergeant in the regiment, 13th of February 1812; served in the Peninsular War, being present as Quarter-Master at the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, Quatre Bras, and Waterloo; served with the army of occupation in France, 1816-18; Paymaster, Canadian Rifles, in 1841; died in Canada in 1845. He belonged to Donie, near Fort William.

CAMERON, ANGUS. 2nd Lieutenant, 13th of May 1892; Lieutenant, 12th of September 1893; Captain, 2nd of November 1898; served in 1899 in the operations on the Nile resulting in the final defeat of the Khalifa (mentioned in despatches, Egyptian medal with two clasps); awarded the 3rd Class of the Medjidie in 1907 for his services with the Egyptian army.

CAMERON, ARCHIBALD. Ensign, 22nd of August 1793; Lieutenant, 24th of June 1795; promoted to an unattached Captaincy, 21st of June 1796.

CAMERON, ARCHIBALD (*Scamadale*). Nephew of Sir Alan Cameron. Ensign, 13th of January 1814; Lieutenant, 26th of July 1815; was present at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo; exchanged to the 89th Regiment, 15th of February 1821; half-pay, 25th of July 1821; died, 5th of March 1824.

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CAMERON, CHARLES. Ensign, 9th of April 1826; Lieutenant, 12th of February 1828; exchanged to the 4th Foot, 11th of December 1828; afterwards in the 78th Highlanders; retired, 12th of July 1839.

CAMERON, DONALD. Captain from the 75th Highlanders, 19th of August 1793, being one of the first officers appointed to the regiment by Sir Alan Cameron; died in 1794.

CAMERON, DONALD. Ensign, 4th of November 1794; Lieutenant, 2nd of September 1795; Captain, 3rd of September 1801; Major, 30th of May 1811; retired, 1st of April 1812; served in the island of Martinique and in the campaign in Holland in 1799, including the battle of Egmont-op-Zee; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, including the battle of Alexandria (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807, in the expedition to Sweden in 1808, and in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the defence of Cadiz.

CAMERON, DONALD. Ensign, 10th of April 1806; Lieutenant, 13th of May 1807; served in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; served in the Peninsular War and took part in the operations at Cadiz (wounded, 12th of February 1810) and in the battle of Toulouse (severely wounded); was present at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo; died at Brussels on the 21st of June 1815 of wounds received in action at Waterloo.

CAMERON, DONALD. Ensign, 4th of October 1815; half-pay, 25th of February 1816; retired from the service in 1829.

CAMERON, DONALD. 2nd Lieutenant, 27th of May 1908.

CAMERON, DUNCAN. Ensign from the ranks of the regiment, 10th of November 1795; died in the island of Martinique, 14th of November 1796.

CAMERON, DUNCAN (*Camisky and Lindally*). Ensign, 1799; Lieutenant, 1802; Captain, 19th of April 1804; Major, 29th of October 1812; Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, 12th of April 1814; served in the campaign in Holland in 1799, including the battle of Egmont-op-Zee (wounded); in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, including the battle of Alexandria (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); in the island of Zealand with the expedition under Lord Cathcart in 1806, at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807, in the expedition to Sweden in 1808, and in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; served continuously throughout the Peninsular War, being present at the defence of Cadiz and the battles of Corunna, Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor, Badajos, Vittoria, Nivelle, Nive, Toulouse; promoted Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel for his conduct at the battle of Toulouse; was present also at the battle of Quatre Bras (severely wounded, silver Waterloo medal), and was made a Companion of the Bath in consideration of his services; retired, 3rd of June 1819; died near Toronto, Canada, 14th of October 1842.

CAMERON, DUNCAN. Ensign from the ranks of the regiment, 9th of November 1799; Lieutenant, 9th of December 1802; left the regiment in 1805.

CAMERON, DUNCAN (*Clunes*). Ensign, 19th of July 1810; Lieutenant, 2nd of April 1812; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battle of Fuentes d'Onor (wounded); was killed in action at the battle of Toulouse.

CAMERON, EWEN (*Erracht*). A younger brother of Sir Alan Cameron, and popularly known as "Eoghainn Mor," i.e. "Big Ewen." Appointed Captain and Recruiting Officer in Lochaber, 17th of August 1793. He raised the first company of the 79th Highlanders.

CAMERON, EWEN (*Erracht*). Youngest son of Sir Alan Cameron. Lieutenant from the 9th Foot, 7th of June 1794; appointment cancelled owing to his being under age, 15th of March 1796; reappointed Lieutenant, 25th of March 1805; Captain, 10th of April 1806; acted as A.D.C. to his father at the battle of Talavera; died at Lisbon of fever brought on by hardships and exposure during the campaign.

CAMERON, EWEN. Ensign, 7th of April 1804; Lieutenant, 25th of March 1805; Captain, 8th of April 1811; died at Erracht in 1813.

CAMERON, EWEN. Ensign, 29th of May 1806; Lieutenant, 14th of May 1807; out of the regiment in 1808.

CAMERON, EWEN. Ensign from the ranks of the regiment, 16th of March 1809; Lieutenant, 29th of May 1811; served as a volunteer in the expedition to Sweden under Sir John Moore in 1808; took part in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; served continuously throughout the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Corunna, Fuentes d'Onor, Nive, Nivelle, and Toulouse (wounded); was also present at the battle of Waterloo (wounded); died at Templemore, Ireland, on the 27th of February 1822, of brain fever, caused by his having been struck on the head by a stone thrown by a peasant.

CAMERON, EWEN. Ensign, 26th of July 1810; Lieutenant, 1st of October 1812; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battle of Toulouse (mortally wounded); died on the 11th of April 1814. This officer and Captain Purvis, Captain John Cameron, and Lieutenant Duncan Cameron, all of the 79th Highlanders, were buried in the same grave in the Citadel at Toulouse.

CAMERON, EWEN. Lieutenant from the 75th Regiment, 31st of July 1828; Captain, 29th of March 1839; retired on the 21st of August 1840.

CAMERON, EWEN. Lieutenant from the Royal Warwickshire Regiment, 25th of January 1908; served in the South African War with the S.A. Light Horse, taking part in the operations in the Transvaal East of Pretoria, July to 29th of November 1900, including actions at Belfast (26th and 27th August) (dangerously wounded, Queen's medal with seven clasps); appointed to a commission in the Royal Warwickshire Regiment from the ranks of the S.A.L.H.

CAMERON, GORDON. Ensign, 18th of August 1793; Lieutenant, 5th of November 1794; served in the island of Martinique; left the regiment in December 1799.

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CAMERON, JAMES. Ensign, 4th of September 1805; left the regiment in 1807.

CAMERON, JAMES. Lieutenant from the 85th Regiment, 25th of January 1813; was present at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo; died at Blan-deques in France in 1818.

CAMERON, JOHN. Ensign, 7th of November 1794; Lieutenant, 5th of September 1795; served in the campaign in Holland in 1799, being present at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee, and in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, including the battle of Alexandria (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); left the regiment in 1802.

CAMERON, JOHN. Lieutenant, 7th of September 1795; died in the island of Martinique, 21st of August 1796.

CAMERON, JOHN. Ensign, 3rd of October 1799, being promoted from the ranks after the battle of Egmont-op-Zee; Lieutenant, 8th of December 1802; Adjutant, 25th of April 1805; exchanged to the 1st Foot, and was killed at the storming of San Sebastian, July 1813.

CAMERON, JOHN. Ensign from the ranks of the regiment, 21st of April 1805; Lieutenant, 9th of April 1806; Captain, 13th of January 1814; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807 and in the expedition to Sweden in 1808; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battle of Toulouse (killed in action).

CAMERON, JOHN. Ensign, 23rd of April 1805; Lieutenant, 29th of May 1806; Captain, 1st of April 1812; served in the expedition to Sweden in 1808; served in the Peninsular War; was present at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo (killed in action).

CAMERON, JOHN. Ensign, 3rd of April 1806; out of the regiment in the same year.

CAMERON, JOHN. Ensign, 8th of April 1806; Lieutenant, 11th of May 1807; Captain, 26th of May 1814; half-pay, 15th of May 1816; served in the expedition to Sweden in 1808 and in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Corunna, Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor, Salamanca, Pyrenees, Nive, Nivelle, and Toulouse (silver medal with eight clasps); afterwards served in the 92nd Highlanders; died in Jersey on the 2nd of February 1851.

CAMERON, JOHN. Ensign from Sergeant-Major of the regiment, 17th of August 1806; Lieutenant, 13th of August 1807; exchanged to the 4th Garrison Battalion, 26th of May 1808; half-pay, 1815; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807 and in the expedition to Sweden in 1808.

CAMERON, JOHN. Quarter-Master of the 2nd Battalion, 26th of April 1807; Captain, 26th of April 1907; served throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1802, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served in the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (clasp).

CAMERON, JOHN CAMPBELL. Ensign, 12th of March 1801; Lieutenant, 29th of November 1804; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, being

present at the battle of Alexandria (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.) ; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807 and in the expedition to Sweden in 1808 ; served in the Peninsular War and commanded the detachment of the regiment which was present at the battle of Talavera, where he was taken prisoner by the French, but effected his escape during the same night. Died in Scotland on the 13th of June 1811, after having been invalided from the Peninsula.

CAMERON, KENNETH (*Clunes*). Ensign, 22nd of April 1805 ; Lieutenant, 10th of April 1806 ; Captain, 18th of May 1814 ; half-pay, 25th of February 1816 ; returned on full pay in 1817 ; retired as Major, 7th of August 1835. Served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807, in the expedition to Sweden under Sir John Moore in 1808, and in the Walcheren Expedition in 1809 ; served throughout the Peninsular War, being present at the defence of Cadiz, the battles of Corunna and Busaco, and was Adjutant at the battles of Fuentes d'Onor, Salamanca, the siege of Burgos, battles of Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse, where he was wounded (medal with eight clasps). In the affair of Foz d'Aronce, Lieutenant Kenneth Cameron captured the Colonel of the 39th French Infantry and brought him as a prisoner to headquarters. He died in Canada, 20th of June 1872, at the age of eighty-four. There is a monument to his memory in the churchyard at Thorah, Ontario.

CAMERON, LACHLAN M'LEAN (*Clunes*). Ensign, 13th of August 1812 ; Lieutenant, 20th of May 1814 ; half-pay, 26th of February 1829 ; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse (silver medal with four clasps) ; commanded a party of volunteers during the Canadian Rebellion of 1838 ; died in Toronto, Canada, in 1854.

CAMERON, NAPIER CHARLES GORDON. Lieutenant from Northumberland Fusiliers, 5th of February 1908 ; served in the South African War, 1900-02 with Strathcona's Horse, and took part in the operations in the Transvaal in 1900, including actions at Belfast, Lydenburg, and Frederickstad ; subsequently served in the Transvaal with the Scottish Horse (severely wounded, mentioned in despatches, Queen's medal with four clasps).

CAMERON, NATHANIEL (*Erracht*). Third son of Sir Alan Cameron. Lieutenant from the 82nd Foot, 8th of June 1794 ; appointment cancelled, owing to his being under age, 15th of March 1796 ; reappointed Lieutenant, 25th of March 1805 ; Captain, 9th of April 1806 ; Major, 1st of April 1812 ; Lieutenant-Colonel, 24th of June 1813 ; commanded the 2nd Battalion from the 24th of June 1813 until it was reduced on the 25th of December 1815 ; retired in July 1828.

CAMERON, NEVILLE JOHN GORDON. 2nd Lieutenant, 17th of December 1892 ; Lieutenant, 24th of July 1895 ; Captain, 1st of April 1899 ; Brevet-Major, 29th of November 1900 ; Adjutant, 5th of December 1901, during latter part of South African War ; served in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (mentioned in despatches, British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps) ; pro-

ceeded with "E" Company to Fashoda; served in the South African War, 1900-02, taking part in the operations in the Orange Free State, February to May 1900, including the actions at Vet River and Zand River; in the Transvaal in May and June, including engagements near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and Diamond Hill; in the Orange River Colony, May to 29th November 1900, including the actions in the Wittebergen and at Ladybrand; served also in command of Damant's Horse during the latter part of the war (mentioned in despatches, brevet of Major, Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

CAMERON, O'KANE. Ensign from the ranks of the regiment, 1st of November 1797; appointed Lieutenant, 4th Royal Garrison Battalion, 1st of November 1799.

CAMERON, PHILIPS (*Erracht*). Eldest son of Sir Alan Cameron. Captain-Lieutenant, 1st of June 1794; Captain, 6th of June 1794;¹ Major, 3rd of September 1801; Lieutenant-Colonel, 25th of March 1805; served in the campaign in Holland in 1799, being present at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, being present at the battle of Alexandria and the subsequent occupation of Cairo (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807, in the expedition to Sweden in 1808, in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; served in the Peninsular War, and commanded the regiment at the battles of Corunna (gold medal) and Fuentes d'Onor (mortally wounded); died, 13th of May 1811.

CAMERON, THOMAS COCHRANE. Lieutenant from half-pay, 8th of April 1825; half-pay, 1st of November 1833.

CAMERON, WILLIAM. Ensign from the ranks of the regiment, 18th of April 1805; Lieutenant, 8th of April 1806; Captain, 17th of June 1813; half-pay, 25th of February 1816; served in the expedition to Sweden in 1808 and in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; died at Camisky, near Fort William, 15th of August 1836. There is a monument to his memory at Banavie.

¹ When Philips Cameron was promoted Captain on the 6th of June 1794, he superseded Lieutenant Archibald M'Lean, the first adjutant of the regiment, though he was only a boy of twelve years of age. This piece of nepotism proved too much for the feelings of Lieutenant M'Lean, who in a letter of protest addressed to Lord Amherst, pointed out that he had served throughout the American War, and was the oldest lieutenant in the army, his commission as such bearing date of the year 1775. It is doubtful, however, whether the authorities would have intervened, but for the promptings of Sir Alan Cameron's own conscience. He eventually wrote to Lord Amherst requesting that Lieutenant M'Lean's

promotion to captain, which had taken place in the meantime, might be antedated, so as to make him senior to his son Philips. This request was granted, and Lieutenant M'Lean's promotion was antedated, so as to make him one day senior as a captain to Philips Cameron. Two other sons of Sir Alan Cameron—Nathaniel and Ewen—were gazetted to the 79th as lieutenants in June 1794, though the age of the eldest at the time could not have been more than nine. This was too much for the military authorities, who discovered what had been done, and in 1796 removed them from the service, as being still boys at school. They were eventually reappointed to the regiment on the 25th of March 1805.

CAMERON, WILLIAM GORDON. Transferred as Lieutenant from the 4th Foot, April 1884; served with the regiment throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (medal with clasp and Khedive's star). He was mortally wounded at the reconnaissance from Kosheh Fort on December the 16th, 1885, and died three days later.

CAMPBELL, ARCHIBALD. Ensign, 20th of August 1793; promoted Lieutenant into the 98th Argyllshire Regiment of Foot, 14th of February 1794.

CAMPBELL, ARCHIBALD. Ensign, 16th of December 1795; Lieutenant, 3rd of November 1796; Captain of an independent company in 1798.

CAMPBELL, ARCHIBALD. Ensign, 24th of July 1800; exchanged to the 60th Rifles, 12th of March 1801; died in 1809.

CAMPBELL, ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL. Ensign, 24th of June 1853; transferred as Ensign and Lieutenant to the Scots Fusilier Guards, 17th of March 1854; served with that regiment in the Crimean War, being wounded at the siege of Sebastopol (medal and clasp and Turkish medal); raised to the Peerage as Baron Blythswood, 24th of August 1892; died at Blythswood House, Renfrew, on the 8th of July 1908.

CAMPBELL, CHARLES. Captain from the 94th Foot, 18th of January 1810; half-pay, 12th of November 1812; died in Glasgow, 6th of April 1836.

CAMPBELL, CLAUDE HENRY. 2nd Lieutenant from the Royal Sussex Regiment, 5th of April 1899; Lieutenant, 1st of August 1900; Captain, 22nd of January 1907.

CAMPBELL, COLIN FREDERICK FITZROY. 2nd Lieutenant from 3rd Battalion, 5th of January 1901; Lieutenant, 3rd of August 1904; transferred to Scots Guards, 29th of March 1905.

CAMPBELL, DAVID. Lieutenant from the 67th Regiment, 25th of March 1824; transferred to the 91st Foot, 30th of July 1829.

CAMPBELL, DONALD. Ensign, 24th of July 1800; Lieutenant, 22nd of October 1803; Captain, 19th of April 1804; Major, 13th of January 1814; half-pay, 25th of February 1816; Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, 22nd of July 1830; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, being present at the battle of Alexandria (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807, in the expedition to Sweden in 1808, and in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; died at Bonar Bridge, Sutherlandshire, 6th of December 1844.

CAMPBELL, DONALD. Ensign, 2nd of March 1815; Lieutenant, 26th of October 1820; Adjutant, 4th of October 1821; exchanged as Lieutenant to the 20th Regiment; died at sea.

CAMPBELL, F. PEMBERTON. Ensign, 3rd of November 1854; Lieutenant, 9th of March 1855; served in the Crimea in 1855, being present at the siege and fall of Sebastopol, and the assault of the 8th of September (medal with clasp and Turkish medal); served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow, and the Rohilkund campaign.

(medal with clasp); transferred to the 83rd Regiment, 1862; afterwards commanded the 14th Hussars in India; died in 1876.

CAMPBELL, GEORGE. Ensign, 25th of October 1806; resigned his commission in June 1807.

CAMPBELL, GEORGE. Ensign, 29th of July 1862; retired in 1866.

CAMPBELL, HENRY WOTTON. Ensign, 14th of April 1843; Lieutenant, 4th of July 1845; Captain, 22nd of October 1852; served in the Crimea, 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege and fall of Sebastopol, and the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps and Turkish medal, brevet of Major, Knight of the Legion of Honour); retired, 26th of December 1856.

CAMPBELL, Honourable IVAN. Second son of the 6th Earl of Breadalbane. 2nd Lieutenant from the Highland Borderers Militia, 11th of October 1879; Lieutenant, 23rd of June 1880; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); retired, 22nd of August 1884; served as a Captain in the South African War with the 3rd Battalion Royal Scots, holding successively the appointments of Commandant Provisional Battalion, at Kroonstad, and Assistant Press Censor at Capetown (Queen's medal with three clasps); appointed a member of the Honourable Corps of Gentlemen-at-Arms in 1901.

CAMPBELL, JAMES, of DUNTROON. Captain from the 72nd Highlanders, 30th of December 1795; had previously served at the siege and capture of Pondicherry in 1793; served in the campaign in Holland in 1799, being present at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee, where he was killed whilst gallantly leading the Grenadier Company of the regiment.

CAMPBELL, JAMES. Captain from the 62nd Regiment, 5th of September 1805; Brevet-Major, 12th of August 1819; Major, 31st of October 1826; retired, December 1826; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Talavera, Salamanca, Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, Toulouse (wounded), and at the siege of Burgos; was also present at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo (wounded).

CAMPBELL, JAMES. Knight of Hanover. Exchanged as Captain from 91st Foot, 2nd of July 1812; Major, 3rd of June 1819; Lieutenant-Colonel, 10th of July 1824; exchanged to the 95th Regiment, 27th of September 1831; Major-General, 11th of November 1851; served during the Irish Rebellion in 1798-99, being wounded at Wilson's Hospital; in the expedition to Hanover in 1805; in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Roleia and Vimiera.

CAMPBELL, JAMES. Ensign, 19th of May 1814; appointment cancelled, 30th of November 1815.

CAMPBELL, JAMES BELL. Ensign from the Ceylon Rifles, 21st of September 1855; served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, including the siege and capture of Lucknow (medal with clasp); retired in 1859.

CAMPBELL, JOHN. Ensign, 7th of October 1807; Lieutenant, 9th of November 1809; retired in January 1814; served in the expedition to Sweden in 1808.

CAMPBELL, JOHN. 2nd Lieutenant, 9th of January 1892; Lieutenant, 1st of April 1893; Captain, 19th of May 1898; Brevet-Major, 16th of November 1898; Major, 9th of March 1905; served as Adjutant in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battles of the Atbara (mentioned in despatches) and Khartoum (mentioned in despatches, brevet of Major, British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); served as Adjutant during the first part of the South African War, 1900-01; took part in the operations in the Orange Free State, February to May 1900, including the actions at Vet River and Zand River; in the Transvaal in May and June, including the actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and at Diamond Hill; in the Orange River Colony, May to 29th November 1900, including the actions in the Wittebergen and at Ladybrand; in the Transvaal, June to December 1901 (mentioned in despatches, D.S.O., Queen's medal with five clasps).

CAMPBELL, JOHN ALEXANDER GAVIN (*Glenfalloch*). Ensign, 2nd of August 1842; Lieutenant, 11th of April 1845; exchanged to 1st Foot, 24th of July 1846; succeeded as sixth Earl of Breadalbane in 1862; died, 20th of March 1871.¹

CAMPBELL, JOHN FRANCIS GLENCAIRN, C.B. Major-General, 12th of November 1860; Colonel of the Cameron Highlanders, 12th of July 1868; died as a Lieutenant-General on the 20th of August 1870. He commanded the 91st Regiment during the Kaffir War of 1846-47.

CAMPBELL, NEIL. Captain from half-pay of the 74th Regiment, 17th of August 1793; died, 23rd of January 1794.

CAMPBELL, NEIL. Ensign, 17th of August 1793; Lieutenant, 8th of October 1794; Captain, 1st of November 1796; half-pay, 1800; served in the campaign in Holland in 1799, being present at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee.

CAMPBELL, NEIL, of ARDNAHOW and GLENDARUEL. Lieutenant, from the 78th Highlanders, 25th of March 1805; Captain, 8th of April 1806; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Salamanca, Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, Toulouse, and at the siege of Burgos; was also present at the battles of Quatre Bras (slightly wounded) and Waterloo (mortally wounded); died in Brussels, 17th of July 1815.

CAMPBELL, NEIL. Ensign, 22nd of February 1855; Lieutenant, 21st of September 1855; Captain, 30th of November 1866; Brevet-Major, 19th of April 1880; retired with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, 21st of July 1880; served in the Crimea from the 16th of August 1855, including the siege and fall of Sebastopol (medal with clasp and Turkish medal); served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture

¹ He carried the Queen's Colour of the Queen Victoria visited Taymouth Castle in Breadalbane Highlanders when Her Majesty 1842.

of Lucknow, attack on the fort at Rooyah, actions at Allygunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, capture of Forts Bunniar and Mahomdie, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, capture of Rampore Kussia, and subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptée rivers (medal with clasp); served on the N.W. Frontier, near Peshawur, being present at the affairs of Michinie and Shubkudder (medal with clasp); died in Edinburgh, 12th of August 1901.

CAMPBELL, Honourable RALPH ALEXANDER. Third son of the 3rd Earl of Cawdor. 2nd Lieutenant, 9th of December 1896; Lieutenant, 7th of September 1898; Captain, 9th of March 1901; Brevet-Major, 23rd of August 1902; served in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battle of Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with clasp); served in the South African War, being present at the battle of Magersfontein whilst attached to the 2nd Battalion Seaforth Highlanders; subsequently acted as A.D.C. to Lieutenant-General Sir Henry Colvile, commanding the 9th Division; was employed with Mounted Infantry, taking part in the operations in the Transvaal, January 1901 to May 1902, and in Cape Colony, May 1902 (twice mentioned in despatches, brevet of Major, Queen's medal with three clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

CAMPBELL, ROBERT. 2nd Lieutenant, 8th of March 1899; Lieutenant, 5th of March 1900; Captain, 23rd of October 1905; Adjutant, 2nd Battalion, 21st of November 1904.

CAMPBELL, WALTER DOUGLAS SOMERSET (*Islay*). Ensign, 15th of June 1860; Lieutenant, 7th of November 1863; Captain, 31st of October 1877; appointed Groom-in-Waiting to Queen Victoria in June 1880; retired from the service, 12th of February 1881; subsequently appointed Groom-in-Waiting to King Edward and Deputy Ranger of Windsor Park.

CANT, DAVID. Ensign from Quarter-Master-Sergeant, 10th of August 1854; Lieutenant, 8th of December 1854; Paymaster, 24th of June 1856; Major, 10th of August 1869; served in the Crimea, being present at the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege of Sebastopol, assault of the 18th of June, and the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps and Turkish medal); served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow, and the Rohilkund campaign (medal and clasp).¹

CARDROSS, Lord. Eldest son of the 12th Earl of Buchan. Ensign, 16th of March 1832; retired, 27th of July 1832; died, 21st of December 1836.

CAREY, ROBERT. Ensign, 24th of November 1803; left the regiment in July 1804.

CARMICHAEL, PETER. Ensign, 19th of March 1807; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807, and in the expedition to Sweden in 1808; left the regiment in 1809.

¹ He carried the Regimental Colour at the battle of Alma.

CARNEGIE, Honourable **GEORGE**. Son of the 6th Earl of Northesk. Captain from the 57th Regiment, 20th of August 1793; Major, 18th of September 1794; left the regiment in 1795; Lieutenant-Colonel on half-pay, 1st of January 1800; died in 1839.

CARTAN, **WILLIAM**. Ensign, 20th of July 1815; Lieutenant, 12th of December 1822; Captain, 28th of August 1838; served with the army of occupation in France after the battle of Waterloo; subsequently Staff Officer of Pensioners, Belfast.

CARTER, **JOHN**. Knight of Hanover. Exchanged as Colonel from the 1st Foot, 29th of October 1841; half-pay, 14th of June 1842; served in the Mahratta War of 1803; served with the 84th Regiment at the capture of the Isle of France in 1810; died, 6th of August 1845.

CARTER, **N.** Ensign, from Sergeant-Major of the 45th Foot, 30th of May 1811; exchanged to Staff Corps Cavalry, 13th of October 1815.

CASTLE, **WILLIAM**. Paymaster, 16th of February 1829; left the regiment, 19th of February 1836.

CATHCART, Honourable **CHARLES**. Second son of the 3rd Earl Cathcart. 2nd Lieutenant from the 82nd Regiment, 12th of April 1879; died in London, 21st of May 1880, as a result of fever contracted at Gibraltar whilst serving with the regiment.

CAVAYE, **GEORGE ROSS**. 2nd Lieutenant, 23rd of October 1880; Lieutenant, 1st of July 1881; Captain, 22nd of October 1890; Adjutant, 1st of November 1890; Major, 1st of June 1898; Hon. Lieutenant-Colonel, 3rd Battalion, 1904; retired, 1st July 1908; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); also took part in the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (clasp) and the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86, being present at Kosheh during its investment, and at the engagement at Giniss; served in the South African War, taking part in the operations in the Orange Free State, February to May 1900, including the actions at Vet River and Zand River; in the Transvaal in May and June 1900, including the actions near Johannesburg and Pretoria; subsequently acted as Assistant to the Military Governor of Johannesburg (Queen's medal with four clasps).

CHALMERS, **FRANCIS NEILSON**. Ensign, 18th of December 1866; transferred as Lieutenant to Bengal Staff Corps in 1870.

CHALMERS, **JOHN SNODGRASS**. Ensign, 11th of April 1845; Lieutenant, 10th of April 1849; afterwards transferred to the 36th Regiment.

CHALMERS, **NORMAN GUTHRIE** (*Aldbar*). Ensign, 11th of January 1867; Lieutenant, 28th of October 1871; Captain, 21st of July 1880; Major, 21st of November 1881; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); also took part in the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (clasp) and the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86, being present at Kosheh during its investment, and being severely wounded in the reconnaissance of the 16th of December 1885 (mentioned in despatches, awarded the 4th

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Class of the Osmanieh for active and distinguished service in the field in saving the life of Major Hunter, in the act of which he was himself wounded); retired in 1890; died in London in December 1901.

CHANCELLOR, ARTHUR. 2nd Lieutenant, 9th of April 1892; Lieutenant, 7th of September 1893; Captain, 7th of September 1898; served in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps).

CHAPMAN, FREDERICK STOVIN. Exchanged as Captain from the 21st Royal Scots Fusiliers, 29th of October 1881; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); subsequently joined the Pay Department.

CHEETHAM, ISAAC. Ensign, from Sergeant-Major of the 29th Foot, 6th of August 1811; Lieutenant, 10th of December 1812; appointed to the 40th Regiment, 17th of December 1812; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Roleia, Vimiera, Talavera, Busaco, Albuhera, Salamanca, Vittoria, Pyrenees, Orthes, and Toulouse (silver medal with ten clasps).

CHRISTIE, JOHN STEDMAN. Lieutenant, from Ensign in the 26th Foot, 19th of April 1804; Captain, 29th of May 1811; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807, in the expedition to Sweden in 1808, and in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; exchanged to the 42nd Highlanders, 7th of September 1815; died at Lisbon.

CHRISTIE, NAPIER TURNER (*Durie*). Exchanged as Ensign from the 93rd Highlanders, 18th of July 1822; Lieutenant, 10th of September 1825; subsequently transferred to the 11th Foot, and retired with the rank of Major.

CHRISTIE, ROBERT. Ensign, 20th of August 1812; Lieutenant, 18th of May 1814; half-pay, 16th of April 1817; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse; subsequently in the 21st Fusiliers; retired in 1830.

CHURCHHILL, CHARLES HENRY. Knight of San Fernando. Exchanged as Captain from the 60th Rifles, 26th of July 1833; appointed Lieutenant-Colonel in the British Legion in Spain, 4th of August 1835; retired, 8th of July 1837.

CLARKE, SEYMOUR SPENCER SOMERSET. Captain, from the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, 3rd of April 1897; Major, 2nd of November 1902; served in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (wounded, mentioned in despatches, British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps).

CLAY, ALBERT NEWBY. Ensign, 7th of September 1855; Lieutenant, 1st of July 1859; Captain, 15th of June 1866; Major, 4th of June 1879; retired, 13th of April 1881; served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow, attack on the fort of Rooyah, actions at Allygunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, capture of Forts Bunniar and Mahomdie, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, capture

of Rampore Kussia, and subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (medal with clasp).

CLEATHER, WILLIAM B. GORDON. Ensign, 13th of October 1854; Lieutenant, 9th of January 1855; Captain, 9th of April 1861; served in the Crimea in 1855, being present at the siege and fall of Sebastopol and the assault of the 8th of September (medal with clasp and Turkish medal); served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow and the Rohilkund and Oude campaigns; exchanged to the 47th Regiment in 1863; retired with the rank of Colonel in 1885.

CLEPHANE, ROBERT DOUGLAS. Ensign, 8th of June 1838; Lieutenant, 18th of September 1840; Captain, 11th of April 1845; served in the Crimea, 1854 to 25th of June 1855, being present at the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege of Sebastopol, assault of the 18th of June, and the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps, brevet of Lieutenant-Colonel, Sardinian and Turkish medals); retired on half-pay, 1857.

COCHRANE-JOHNSTONE, Honourable ANDREW JAMES. Eighth son of the 8th Earl of Dundonald. Lieutenant-Colonel, 2nd of March 1794; served in the island of Martinique; left the regiment, 23rd of January 1798; for some time Governor of Dominica; Brigadier-General in the Leeward Islands, 12th of April 1799; M.P. for Stirling Burghs, 1791-97.

COCKBURN, JAMES. Ensign from 74th Highlanders, 12th of February 1828; Lieutenant, 23rd of August 1833; Captain, 8th of June 1838; half-pay, 21st of February 1840.

COCKBURN, WEMYSS THOMAS. Ensign, 21st of August 1849; exchanged to the 35th Regiment in 1850.

COCKELL, GEORGE. Assistant-Surgeon, 25th of June 1801; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807; transferred to the 13th Regiment in 1808; died in the West Indies in 1809.

COCKS, Honourable EDWARD CHARLES. Eldest son of the 1st Earl Somers. Major from the 16th Light Dragoons in 1812; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the siege of Burgos, 8th of October 1812 (killed in action). He was recommended for promotion to Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel for his services in the assault on Burgos of the 19th of September, but did not live to hold the rank.¹

¹ Major Cocks was killed on October 8th, 1812, by a ball which entered between the fourth and fifth ribs on the right side, and passed through the main artery above the heart, and so out on the side, breaking his left arm. He was buried in the camp ground of the 79th, close to Bellima, his funeral being attended by Lord Wellington, Sir Stapleton Cotton, Generals Pack and Anson, with their Staffs, and the officers of the 16th Light Dragoons and the Cameron Highlanders. He was regretted by the whole army. A private

letter from the Peninsula, written by Major Owen, states that "Major Cocks rendered himself conspicuously known to the enemy by his gallantry, always wearing the kilt of his Highland uniform," and that "his body was brought in under a flag of truce, to be buried with military honours in compliment to his distinguished bravery." The writer of this letter is of opinion that "had Cocks outlived the campaigns, which from the way in which he exposed himself was morally impossible, he would have become one of the first generals in England."

COLLINS, CHARLES GLEN. 2nd Lieutenant, 14th of September 1898; Lieutenant, 12th of July 1899; served in the South African War, 1900-01, taking part in the operations in the Orange Free State, February to May 1900, including the actions at Vet River and Zand River, and in the Transvaal in May and June, including the actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and Diamond Hill; subsequently acted as Adjutant to Kitchener's Fighting Scouts (mentioned in despatches, Queen's medal with five clasps); resigned his commission, 3rd of August 1904.

COOKSEY, WALTER C. Ensign, 7th of August 1799; Lieutenant, 3rd of September 1801; Captain, 30th of April 1807; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, being present at the battle of Alexandria (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); served in the Peninsular War, and was killed on picquet near Almeida in 1811.

COOPER, HENRY. Major-General, 9th of November 1862; Colonel of the regiment, 21st of August 1870; transferred as Colonel to the 45th Regiment, 17th of March 1876; served with the 45th Regiment in the Kaffir War of 1846-47 (medal).

CORNES, JOHN. Paymaster, from Quarter-Master of the 53rd Regiment, 5th of November 1847; served in the Sutlej campaign of 1846, being present at the battles of Aliwal and Sobraon and at the action of Buddiwal (wounded, mentioned in despatches, medal); served with the regiment in the Crimea, 1854-55, being present at the battle of Alma and the siege and fall of Sebastopol (medal with two clasps and Turkish medal); half-pay, 24th of June 1856.

CORSE-SCOTT, ALEXANDER JAMES (*Synton*). Ensign, 26th of January 1866; transferred to the Bengal Staff Corps, 14th of December 1869.

COTTER, WILLIAM POMEROY. Ensign, 21st of October 1799; left the regiment in 1800; died in Ireland in 1833.

COURTNEY, GEORGE. Ensign, 21st of May 1814; half-pay, 16th of March 1816; subsequently in the 97th Regiment; died at Colombo, 20th of January 1827.

COVENTRY, GILBERT WALTER. Transferred from Ensign, 39th Regiment, in 1859; Lieutenant, 18th of December 1861; retired in 1862.

COWAN, THOMAS. Ensign, 29th August 1812; Lieutenant, 26th May 1814; Adjutant, 12th December 1816; half-pay, 1821; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse; died in Ireland, 8th January 1823.

COWPER, The Rev. JOHN JAMES MACPHAIL. Chaplain to the Forces. Served as Chaplain to the 1st Battalion in the South African War, 1901-02, including operations in Cape Colony, Orange River Colony, and the Transvaal (Queen's medal with three clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

CRAIG-BROWN, ERNEST. Lieutenant, from the West India Regiment, 1898; Captain, 27th December 1899; served in Sierra Leone, 1898, taking part in the Karene Expedition (severely wounded, medal with clasp); served in the South African War, 1900-02, including the operations in the Orange Free State, February to May 1900, being present at the actions at Vet River and Zand River; operations in the Transvaal, May and June 1900, being present at the actions near Johannesburg and Pretoria; operations in the Orange River Colony, May to 29th November 1900, being present at the actions in the Wittebergen; operations in the Transvaal, May 1901 to 31st of May 1902; operations in Cape Colony, November 1900 to May 1901 and May 1902; acted for some time as Commandant at Matjesfontein (Queen's medal with three clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

CRAWFORD, ALEXANDER SPEIRS. Ensign, 18th May 1814; Lieutenant, 27th July 1815; was present at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo (slightly wounded); half-pay, 25th of February 1816; subsequently served in the 16th Light Dragoons; died in Malta in 1852.

CRAWFORD, JOHN. Ensign, 25th June 1812; appointment cancelled, 9th December 1812.

CRAWFORD, WILLIAM J. M. Ensign, 25th of August 1854; Lieutenant, 9th February 1855; Captain, 23rd October 1860; served in the Crimea, 1855, including the siege and fall of Sebastopol (medal with clasp and Turkish medal); served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow (medal and clasp) and the Rohilkund and Oude campaigns.

CRICHTON, DAVID EDWARD MAITLAND MAKGILL. 2nd Lieutenant, 14th September 1898; Lieutenant, 4th of October 1899; Captain, 16th of April 1904.

CROMBIE, THOMAS. Ensign, 12th of August 1824; Lieutenant, 8th of February 1826; Captain, 18th of May 1832; exchanged to the 60th Rifles; subsequently in the Coldstream Guards.

CROZIER, BURRARD RAWSON. Captain from the 46th Regiment, 29th of June 1881; exchanged to the Royal Scots Fusiliers, 29th of October 1881; subsequently in the Pay Department.

CRUIKSHANK, WILLIAM, M.D. Appointed Assistant-Surgeon, 26th of October 1830; left the regiment, 1836; subsequently served with the 93rd Highlanders.

CRUIKSHANKS, ALEXANDER. Quarter-Master, 12th of October 1838; retired on half-pay, 11th of May 1849; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen, 1807; in the expedition to Sweden, 1808; in the Walcheren Expedition, 1809; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the defence of Cadiz and at the battles of Corunna, Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor (taken prisoner by the French), Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse (silver medal with six clasps); also took part in the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo; served with the army of occupation in France until 1818.

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CRUTCHLEY, ROBERT J. LOGAN. Captain from the 24th Regiment, 1862; transferred to the Indian Staff Corps in 1865.

CUMING, EDWARD WILLIAM. Ensign, 24th of July 1846; Lieutenant, 31st of March 1848; Captain, 8th of October 1854; Major, 2nd of March 1872; Lieutenant-Colonel, 1st of October 1877; retired pay, 1st of July 1881; served in the Crimea, 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege and fall of Sebastopol, assaults of the 18th June and the 8th of September; expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps, 5th Class of the Medjidie and Turkish medal); died in Ireland on the 30th of January 1900.

CUNNINGHAME, WILLIAM. Ensign, 26th of June 1846; Lieutenant, 31st of December 1847; Captain, 13th of August 1854; served in the Crimea in 1854 up to the 26th of November; also from January to the 9th of February 1855, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava and the siege of Sebastopol (medal with three clasps and Turkish medal); retired in 1857; died at Bath, 25th of March 1900.

CURRIE, FRANCIS GORE. Ensign, 3rd of March 1854; Lieutenant, 22nd of August 1854; served in the Crimea, 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege and fall of Sebastopol, assaults of the 18th of June and the 8th of September, the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps, 5th Class Medjidie and Turkish medal); served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow (medal with clasp) and the Rohilkund and Oude campaigns.

CURRIE, HENRY. Captain from the 74th Highlanders, 10th of March 1869; retired as Major on half-pay, 8th of December 1877.

DALZELL, ROBERT HARRIS CARNWATH. Ensign, 15th of June 1866; Lieutenant, 28th of October 1871; Captain, 10th of April 1880; Major, 21st of November 1881; retired as Hon. Lieutenant-Colonel in 1886. Succeeded his uncle as 12th Earl of Carnwath in 1887.

DARLEY, G. W. Ensign, 12th of March 1796; served in the island of Martinique; out of the regiment in 1797.

DAVIDSON, CHARLES FREDERICK HERBERT. 2nd Lieutenant, 23rd of October 1880; Lieutenant, 1st of July 1881; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served in the Soudan Expedition in 1884, attached to the Gordon Highlanders, being present at the engagements at El-Teb and Tamaii (two clasps); served throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 on special service as a transport officer, taking part in the operations of the desert column (clasp); served with the Cameron Highlanders in the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1886.

DAVIDSON, DUNCAN FRANCIS, of DESS. 2nd Lieutenant, 23rd of October 1880; Lieutenant, 1st of July 1881; Captain, 1st December 1886; Major, 9th of April 1898; retired on retired pay on the 30th of August 1899;

rejoined from the reserve on the 2nd of February 1900 to 15th of May 1901; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served in the Nile Expedition, 1884-85 (clasp); served throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force of 1885-86, being present at Kosheh during its investment (slightly wounded), at the reconnaissance on the 16th of December, and in the engagement at Giniss (mentioned in despatches); Major and Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel in the Scottish Horse, 29th of February 1904; retired, 31st of October 1906.

DAVIDSON, H. E. 2nd Lieutenant, 5th of April 1899; resigned his commission, 4th of October 1899.

DAVIDSON, SINCLAIR. Ensign, 24th of July 1800; Lieutenant, 31st of March 1804; Adjutant, 13th of August 1807; Captain, 14th of February 1811; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, being present at the battle of Alexandria (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); served at the bombardment of Copenhagen, 1807, in the expedition to Sweden, 1808, and in the Walcheren Expedition, 1809; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Corunna and Fuentes d'Onor (mortally wounded); died on the 7th of May 1811.

DAWSON,¹ JOHN. Captain, 6th of November 1801; drowned on passage from Harwich to Landguard Fort, 18th of April 1807, with 3 sergeants and 56 rank and file of the detachment under his command.

DEANE, JAMES. Ensign, 13th of October 1815; exchanged to the 93rd Highlanders in 1820; died at Up Park Camp, Jamaica, 2nd of August 1825.

DE CARTERET, HAVILLAND J. Ensign, 25th of November 1853; Lieutenant, 9th of February 1855; served in the Crimea, including the siege and fall of Sebastopol and assaults of the 18th of June and 8th of September 1855 (medal with clasps and Turkish medal).

DEMPSTER, JAMES CARROL. Appointed Assistant-Surgeon, 15th of January 1841; appointed to the 33rd Regiment, 23rd of September 1845, and to the 93rd Highlanders, 17th of September 1850.

DIVIR, JOHN HAWKINS. Assistant-Surgeon, 25th of June 1812; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse; subsequently appointed Surgeon, 91st Regiment, 21st of September 1830; died at Donegal, July 1839.

DOBIE, WILLIAM ALEXANDER. Ensign, 6th of April 1855; transferred as Lieutenant to the 1st West India Regiment, 24th of February 1857.

DOIG, ALEXANDER. Appointed Assistant-Surgeon, 21st of June 1864; transferred to Medical Department, 1874.

¹ Previous to being transferred to the 79th, served in the Egyptian campaign of 1801 (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.)

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DORAN, WILLIAM. Exchanged as Major to the 79th Regiment, 22nd of February 1810; retired as Lieutenant-Colonel, 31st of January 1811.

DOUGAL, THOMAS BALLARD, of GLENFERNESS and RATHO. Ensign, 14th September 1855; Lieutenant, 1855; served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the capture of Lucknow (medal with clasp) and the Rohilkund campaign; served in the Umbeyla campaign, 1863, attached to the 71st Highlanders, and was killed in action, 6th of November.

DOUGALL, JOHN MITCHELL. 2nd Lieutenant, 7th of March 1900; Lieutenant, 10th of June 1901; resigned his commission in 1903; served in the South African War, including the operations in the Transvaal, May and June 1900, being present at the actions near Pretoria and Diamond Hill (Queen's medal with three clasps).

DOUGLAS, ARCHIBALD JOHN ANGUS (*Glenfinart*). 2nd Lieutenant, 21st of January 1903; Lieutenant, 22nd of January 1907.

DOUGLAS, CHARLES JOHN CATHCART, of GLENFINART. 2nd Lieutenant from the 74th Highlanders, 5th of October 1878; exchanged to the 31st Regiment, 6th of December 1879.

DOUGLAS, JOHN (*Glenfinart*). Ensign, 25th of June 1829; Lieutenant, 25th of October 1833; Adjutant, 18th of July 1834; Captain, 11th of May 1839; served in the Crimea, 1854-55, in command of the 11th Hussars, and was present at the battles of Alma, Balaclava, Inkerman, and the siege of Sebastopol (medal with four clasps, Companion of the Bath, Knight of the Legion of Honour, 4th Class of Medjidie, and Turkish medal); subsequently commanded the Cavalry Brigade at Aldershot.

DOUGLAS, Sir JOHN, G.C.B., of GLENFINART. Ensign, 6th of September 1833; Lieutenant, 8th of July 1836; Adjutant, 18th of September 1840; Captain, 8th of June 1841; Major, 24th of December 1852; Lieutenant-Colonel, 13th of August 1854; Colonel, 1st of August 1857; Major-General, 6th of March 1868; Lieutenant-General, 23rd of August 1877; full Colonel Commanding the 79th Highlanders, 1st of January 1879; General, 30th of January 1880; served in the Crimea, 1854-55, in command of the regiment, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava, siege of Sebastopol, assault of the 18th of June, and the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps, C.B., Sardinian and Turkish medals, and 4th Class of the Medjidie); served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1857-59; commanded the infantry in the action at Secundra; commanded a brigade during the siege of Lucknow, taking the Residency, Iron Bridge, Great Imambara, and several other important positions; subsequently commanded the infantry of the Azimghur Field Force, and was present in the action at Tigra, taking of Azimghur, pursuit of Koer Sing, actions at Azimghur, Munnear, Sheoporeghat, and various operations in and around Jugdespore and the jungles and pursuit to Buxar; on the 15th of June 1858 appointed to command the troops in Azimghur and Jaunpore districts; and on the 25th of June, to the command of the disturbed districts of Behar, Dinapore, Ghazepore, and Shahabad, and was constantly engaged

in pursuing the rebels during the hot and wet seasons; took the field after the rains, defeated the rebels at Karisath and drove them into the jungle; took Judgespore, pursued and drove the rebels into the Kymore Hills, killing 1200; campaign of Kymore Hills and successful night attack at Salya Duhar; on the 15th of January 1859, appointed to command the troops in Palamow and Chota Nagpore, and was engaged in pursuing the rebels in Palamow (frequently mentioned in despatches, thanked by the Governor-General of India, brevet of Colonel, K.C.B., medal with clasp); died at Glenfinart House, Argyllshire, on the 8th of September 1887.

DOUGLAS, JOHN. Ensign, 13th of March 1835; Lieutenant, 26th of May 1838; Captain, 15th of June 1842; retired, 14th of May 1842.

DOUGLAS, Sir NEIL, K.C.B., K.C.H. Captain from the 95th Regiment, 19th of April 1804; Major, 31st of January 1811; Lieutenant-Colonel, 3rd of December 1812; Colonel and Aide-de-Camp to the King, 27th of May 1825; Major-General, 10th of February 1837; Governor of Edinburgh Castle, 17th of February 1837; Lieutenant-General, 9th of November 1846; Colonel of the 78th Highlanders, 20th of December 1851; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen, 1807; in the expedition to Sweden, 1808, and in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the defence of Cadiz and at the battles of Corunna and Busaco (twice wounded, silver medal with two clasps); commanded the regiment at the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse (gold cross, specially awarded by the King, in substitution of gold medal with clasps for these actions); also commanded the regiment in the Waterloo campaign, being present at the battle of Quatre Bras (severely wounded, silver Waterloo medal). He was also in possession of the cross of the 4th Class of the Order of St. Vladimir and the cross of Knight Companion of Maria Theresa; died at Brussels on the 1st of September 1853.

DOUGLAS - HAMILTON, ANGUS FALCONER. Lieutenant from the Dorset Regiment, 15th of November 1884; Captain, 7th of December 1892; Major, 9th of March 1901; served during the latter part of the Nile Expedition in 1885 (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86, being present at Kosheh during its investment and at the engagement at Giniss.

DOUGLAS-HAMILTON, LESLEY REGINALD COVENTRY. 2nd Lieutenant from 3rd Battalion, 14th September 1901; Lieutenant, 29th of March 1905; served in the South African War, 1901-02, including the operations in the Transvaal from May 1901 to 31st of May 1902; in Cape Colony in May 1902 (Queen's medal with five clasps).

DOVER, JOSEPH. Lieutenant, 26th of March 1794; promoted Captain into the 105th Regiment, 5th of November 1794.

DREW, JAMES SYME. 2nd Lieutenant, 18th of January 1902; Lieutenant, 26th of April 1905.

DRUMGOLD, NICHOLAS. Surgeon of the 79th Regiment from Assistant-Surgeon 2nd West India Regiment, 5th of October 1809; exchanged to the 60th Rifles, 1st of March 1810. Died in 1831.

DRYSDALE, ANDREW KNOX. Appointed Assistant-Surgeon, November 1854; Surgeon, 10th of May 1864; served in the Crimea, 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava and the siege of Sebastopol (medal with three clasps and Turkish medal); served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and fall of Lucknow (medal and clasp) and the Rohilkund and Oude campaigns.

DUDGEON, ROBERT MAXWELL (*Cargen*). 2nd Lieutenant, 5th of January 1901; Lieutenant, 25th of February 1905; served in the South African War, 1901-02, including the operations in the Transvaal, October 1901 to 31st May 1902, operations on the Zululand frontier of Natal in September and October 1901, and operations in Cape Colony, May 1902 (Queen's medal with five clasps).

DUFF, GARDEN, of ACKERGILL. Ensign, 28th of December 1855; Lieutenant, 28th of October 1859; exchanged to the 70th Regiment in 1860; served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow (medal and clasp) and the Rohilkund and Oude campaigns.

DUFF, GARDEN BEAUCHAMP (*Hatton*). 2nd Lieutenant, 16th of August 1899; Lieutenant, 9th of March 1901.

DUNBAR, Sir GEORGE DUFF SUTHERLAND, Baronet, of HEMPRIGGS and ACKERGILL. 2nd Lieutenant, 3rd of August 1898; Lieutenant, 1st of April 1899; transferred to the Indian Army, 21st of June 1901.

DUNDAS, THOMAS. Ensign, 10th of November 1837; Lieutenant, 21st of February 1840; transferred to the 22nd Regiment, 4th of January 1841; died at Dresden, 10th of April 1842.

DURANT, CELESTINE GEORGE. Lieutenant from the 94th Regiment, 8th of December 1854; served in the Crimea after the fall of Sebastopol; served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow (medal with clasp); retired in 1859.

EDEN, WILLIAM. Major, from the 55th Foot, 16th December 1795; Lieutenant-Colonel, 15th of August 1798; exchanged to the 84th Regiment, 11th of December 1806; served in the campaign in Holland in 1799, being present (on the Staff) at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, being present at the battle of Alexandria (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); General, 28th of June 1838; died, 24th of May 1851. He had a gold medal for the capture of Java.

EGAN, MICHAEL. Appointed Surgeon, 7th of December 1797; served in the campaign in Holland in 1799, being present at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, and was wounded in the action of 13th of March (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); half-pay, 1802; died in Belgium.

EGERTON, ARTHUR FREDERICK. Lieutenant, from the Oxfordshire Light Infantry, 27th of October 1886; Captain, 21st of May 1894; retired in 1902; served in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); served in the South African War, 1900-02, and took part in the operations in the Orange Free State, February to May 1900; in the Transvaal, May and June 1900, including the actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and Diamond Hill, and in the Orange River Colony, May to 29th November 1900, including the actions in the Wittebergen and at Ladybrand (mentioned in despatches, D.S.O., Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

ELLIOT, EDMUND JAMES. Ensign, 5th of April 1831; Lieutenant, 10th of October 1834; Captain, 3rd of April 1840; Major, 12th of April 1844; Lieutenant-Colonel Commanding, 24th of December 1852; died of cholera at Givrakla, near Varna, 12th of August 1854.

EMSLIE, JOHN. Quarter-Master, 2nd (Militia) Battalion, 13th of April 1887; Hon. Captain, 13th of April 1897; Hon. Major, 1st of January 1903; retired, 7th of March 1904; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); also served in the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (clasp), and throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86, being present at Kosheh during its investment and at the engagement at Giniss (mentioned in despatches, silver medal for distinguished conduct in the field).

ERSKINE, THOMAS WILFRED HARGREAVES JOHN (Cambo). 2nd Lieutenant, 18th of April 1900; Lieutenant, 25th of October 1901.

EVERETT, EDWARD. Ensign, 1st of March 1855; Lieutenant, 14th of September 1855; Captain, 2nd of May 1865; Brevet-Major, 1st of October 1877; Major, 1st of July 1881; Lieutenant-Colonel, 15th of June 1885; served in the Crimea after the fall of Sebastopol; served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow, attack on the fort of Rooyah, actions at Allygunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, capture of Forts Bunniar and Mahomdie, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, capture of Rampore Kussia, and subsequent operations in Oude, across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (mentioned in despatches, medal and clasp); served throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (mentioned in despatches, brevet of Lieutenant-Colonel, medal and clasp, and Khedive's star); served throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86, being present at Kosheh during its investment, commanded the reconnaissance of the 16th of December, and the right attack, consisting of the Cameron Highlanders and 9th Soudanese, on the village of Kosheh at the engagement at Giniss (D.S.O., mentioned in despatches, 3rd Class of the Medjidie); Lieutenant-Colonel Commanding the regiment, 1st of July 1887; retired with the rank of Colonel, 15th of June 1889; made a Companion of the Bath in 1907.

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EWART, JOHN SPENCER. Lieutenant, 22nd of October 1881; Captain, 24th of July 1891; Major, 2nd November 1898; Lieutenant-Colonel, 16th of November 1898; Colonel, 29th November 1899; Major-General, 7th of October 1906; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (clasp); served throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86 as Adjutant of the regiment, was Staff Officer at Kosheh during its investment, and was present at the engagement at Giniss (mentioned in despatches, 5th Class of the Medjidie); served in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battle of Khartoum (mentioned in despatches, brevet of Lieutenant-Colonel, British medal, and Khedive's medal with clasp); served in the South African War, 1899-1902; Commandant of the Base at East London, and commanding the lines of communication to Stormberg, from 4th of October to 4th of November 1899; as Brigade-Major of the Highland Brigade, took part in the advance on Kimberley, being present at the battle of Magersfontein and the action at Koodoosberg; as A.A.G. of the 9th Division, was present at the operations at Paardeberg, the actions at Poplar Grove and Dreifontein, the occupation of Bloemfontein, and the engagements at Waterval Drift, Vet River, Blaauwberg, and Roodepoort; as A.A.G. to Sir A. Hunter's force, took part in the operations in the Wittebergen, the capture of Retief's Nek, and the engagements at Slaapkranz and Witpoort; served as A.Q.M.G. at headquarters from 7th of August 1900 until the end of the war (twice mentioned in despatches, brevet of Colonel, C.B., Queen's medal with five clasps, King's medal with two clasps); appointed Director of Military Operations at the War Office in 1907.

EWART, WALTER DOUGLAS. Lieutenant, 7th of February 1885; Captain, 1st of April 1893; served throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86, being present in Kosheh during its investment and at the engagement at Giniss (medal and Khedive's star); Adjutant, Royal Malta Militia, 1st of April 1897; retired in 1902; died, 18th of June 1905.

FAIRRIE, WILLIAM M'CORMICK. Ensign, 30th of May 1845; Lieutenant, 9th of June 1846; retired in 1846.

FERGUSON, COURT. Ensign, 13th of March 1796; died in the island of Martinique in 1797.

FERGUSON, JAMES (*Kilrie*). Ensign, 22nd of July 1832; Lieutenant, 7th of August 1835; Adjutant, 11th of May 1839; Captain, 18th of September 1840; Major, 25th of August 1846; died at sea, near Varna, Turkey, on the 6th August 1854.

FERGUSON, ROBERT (*Kilrie*). Ensign, 25th of October 1833; Lieutenant, 8th of July 1837; Captain, 28th of December 1841; died at Leamington in 1847.

FERGUSON, ROBERT MUNRO (*Raith*). Major, from the 43rd Regiment, 23rd of March 1827; Lieutenant-Colonel, 13th of March 1835; retired, 8th of June 1841; died, 28th of November 1868. He was for some time M.P. for Kirkcaldy Burghs.

FERGUSON, Sir RONALD CRAWFORD, G.C.B., of RAITH. Appointed full Colonel of the 79th Regiment, 24th of March 1828; General, 22nd of July 1830; served in Flanders in 1793, being present at the sieges of Valenciennes and Dunkirk, and at the defence of Nieuport (severely wounded); in 1796 accompanied the expedition for the capture of the Cape of Good Hope, and in 1800 took part in the attacks on Ferrol and Cadiz; in 1805 appointed to the command of the Highland Brigade, consisting of the 71st, 72nd, and 93rd Regiments, in the expedition of Sir David Baird for the recapture of the Cape of Good Hope, in which service he highly distinguished himself; promoted Major-General in 1808; commanded a brigade in the Peninsular War at the battles of Roleia and Vimiera (thanked by both Houses of Parliament and granted a gold medal by King George III.); in 1814 acted as Second in Command of the Troops in Holland; nominated a K.C.B. in 1815, and subsequently created a G.C.B.; M.P. for Kirkcaldy Burghs; died, 10th of April 1841.

FERGUSON, Rev. WILLIAM. Appointed Chaplain, 27th of November 1857; served in the Indian Mutiny campaign until June 1858.

FERGUSSON, ARCHIBALD. Ensign, 6th of June 1845; Lieutenant, 26th of June 1846; subsequently exchanged to the 16th Regiment.

FERGUSSON, CHARLES ROBERT KENNEDY. Ensign, 14th of January 1862; Lieutenant, 22nd of August 1865; retired, 12th of May 1875; served in the North-West Frontier of India against the Mohmund tribes, 1863 (medal and clasp).

FERGUSSON, Sir JAMES, G.C.B. Major, from 43rd Regiment, 3rd of December 1812; appointed to the 85th Regiment, 25th of January 1813; served in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Vimiera, Corunna, Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor, sieges of Ciudad Rodrigo and Badajos, battles of Salamanca, Nivelle, Nive, the passage of the Bidassoa, and the actions at Pombal, Redinha, Miranda de Corvo, Foz d'Aronce, Sabugal, and San Munoz (five times wounded, gold medal for Badajos, silver war medal with eight clasps); Lieutenant-Colonel Commanding 52nd Regiment in 1825; A.D.C. to King William the Fourth, 1830; Colonel of the 43rd Regiment, 26th of March 1850; Lieutenant-General, 11th of November 1851. He was Commander-in-Chief at Malta during the Crimean War, and was subsequently Governor of Gibraltar; died at Bath, 4th of September 1865.

FFENNELL, JAMES RICHARD. Assistant-Surgeon from the 8th Foot, 12th of April 1850; left the regiment, 10th of February 1852.

FINDLAY, CHARLES (*Boturich*). Lieutenant, from the Gordon Highlanders, 12th of March 1884; Captain, 7th of December 1891; served in the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served with the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1886; served in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being killed at the battle of the Atbara.

FITZGERALD, MASSEY. Ensign, 30th of June 1823; Lieutenant, 25th of June 1829; half-pay, 7th of July 1837; died at Dieppe in June 1841.

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FORBES, ALEXANDER. Ensign, 28th of September 1809; Lieutenant, 8th of August 1811; Captain, 18th of March 1825; Major, 7th of August 1835; half-pay, 25th of May 1838; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Nivelle and Nive (silver medal with two clasps); also took part in the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo (slightly wounded, Waterloo medal).

FORBES, GRANVILLE EARDLEY (*Callendar*). 2nd Lieutenant, 23rd of October 1880; Lieutenant, 1st of July 1881; Captain, 10th of July 1889; retired in 1895; served throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (medal with clasp and Khedive's star).

FORBES, Hon. JOHN F. Son of the 17th Baron Forbes. Exchanged as Lieutenant to the regiment, 1st of November 1833; died on the 5th of November 1835.

FORBES, MICHEL. Ensign, 31st of December 1830; exchanged to the 35th Regiment, 18th of May 1833; died, 26th of July 1839.

FORBES-GORDON, ARTHUR DALRYMPLE (*Rayne*). 2nd Lieutenant from 20th Hussars, 6th June 1896; resigned his commission on the 18th of November 1896.

FORBES-GORDON, ARTHUR NEWTON, of RAYNE. Ensign, 12th of May 1863; Lieutenant, 11th of January 1867; Captain, 13th of July 1878; Adjutant, 26th of July 1876; retired, 15th of March 1879.

FORBES-SEMPILL, Hon. JOHN (Master of Sempill). Lieutenant, 6th of January 1886; served in the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1886; transferred to the Army Service Corps in May 1890; served in the Hazara campaign of 1891 (medal with clasp); exchanged into the Black Watch in 1894; served in the South African War with Lovat's Scouts (wounded, Queen's medal with five clasps); succeeded his father in 1905 as 18th Baron Sempill.

FORD, JOHN. Ensign from the Ross-shire Militia, 25th of May 1809; Lieutenant, 30th of May 1811; Adjutant, 2nd Battalion, 2nd of March 1815; half-pay, 15th of November 1821; served in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the defence of Cadiz and battles of Fuentes d'Onor, Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse (silver war medal with five clasps); subsequently served with the army of occupation in France; appointed on the 8th of January 1840 a Captain of Invalids at the Royal Hospital, Chelsea, where he died.

FORREST, WILLIAM (*Comiston*). Ensign, 14th of October 1842; Lieutenant, 30th of May 1845; retired, 1st of October 1850; died in Edinburgh, 30th of August 1894.

FOWLER, ALAN ARTHUR (*Braemore*). 2nd Lieutenant, 4th of May 1907.

FOWLER, HENRY DAY. Appointed Assistant-Surgeon, 19th of December 1845; exchanged to the 8th Regiment, 12th of April 1850.

FRASER, ARCHIBALD. Ensign, 24th of April 1805; Lieutenant, 23rd of October 1806; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807, and

in the expedition to Sweden in 1808; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battle of Fuentes d'Onor (wounded); died of fever at Castel Branco, Portugal, 15th of September 1811.

FRASEK, GEORGE IRELAND. 2nd Lieutenant, 6th of April 1898; Lieutenant, 15th of December 1898; Captain, 22nd of January 1902; served in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battle of Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with clasp).

FRASER, HUGH. Staff Assistant-Surgeon, 26th of January 1815; was attached to the regiment in Canada, and was mentioned in regimental orders for his devotion to the sick during an epidemic of cholera.

FRASER, JAMES, of BALLINDOUN. Ensign, 30th of April 1807; Lieutenant, 16th of March 1809; Captain, 3rd of June 1819; retired, 2nd of February 1830; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battle of Salamanca, siege of Burgos, and battles of Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse (severely wounded); was also present at the battle of Quatre Bras (severely wounded); died, 29th of May 1849.

FRASER, MALCOLM. Ensign, 24th of July 1800; Lieutenant, 9th of February 1804; Captain, 29th of November 1810; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen, 1807, in the expedition to Sweden, 1808, and in the Walcheren Expedition, 1809; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the defence of Cadiz and the battles of Corunna, Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor (wounded), Pyrenees, Nivelle, and Toulouse; was also present at the battle of Quatre Bras (severely wounded); died in Ireland in 1822.

FRASER, PERCY WILLIAM NORMAN. 2nd Lieutenant, 6th of April 1898; Lieutenant, 1st of April 1899; Captain, 21st of April 1902; served in the Soudan campaign of 1898 (British medal and Khedive's medal); served in the South African War, 1900-02, as A.D.C. to Major-General Bruce Hamilton, taking part in the operations in the Orange Free State, February to May 1900, including the actions at Vet River and Zand River; in the Transvaal in May and June 1900, including the actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and at Diamond Hill; and in Orange River Colony, June to November 1900, including the action at Ladybrand; operations in Orange River Colony, 30th of November 1900 to September 1901; operations on the Zululand frontier of Natal, September and October 1901; operations in the Transvaal, October 1901 to May 1902 (mentioned in despatches, D.S.O., Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps); served in the Somaliland campaign, 1903-04, as a Special Service officer, being present at the action at Jidballi (medal with two clasps).

FRASER, WILLIAM. Ensign, 2nd of November 1797; out of the regiment in 1800.

FRASER, WILLIAM WEMYSS. Ensign, 29th of November 1815; half-pay, 25th of February 1816; retired, 26th of October 1826.

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FREME, JAMES HERBERT. Ensign, 19th of October 1849; Lieutenant, 3rd of March 1854; Captain, 29th of December 1854; served in the Crimea 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava and the siege of Sebastopol (medal with three clasps and Turkish medal); retired in 1856; subsequently appointed a member of the Honourable Corps of Gentlemen-at-Arms; died at Ramsgate, November 9th, 1897.

FULTON, ROBERT. Appointed Captain, 10th of July 1800; Major, 25th of March 1805; Lieutenant-Colonel, 28th of May 1807; retired, 3rd of December 1812; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, being present at the battle of Alexandria (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); served in the Peninsular War, and commanded the regiment at the battle of Salamanca (gold medal) and at the siege of Burgos; died near Lochwinnoch, Ayrshire, in 1851.

FULTON, ROBERT. Ensign, 12th of February 1825; Lieutenant, 9th of April 1826; Captain, 16th of March 1832; died at Paisley, 18th of March 1835.

GAISFORD, THOMAS. Lieutenant from the 22nd Regiment, 4th of January 1841; Captain, 4th of July 1845; retired in 1846.

GARDEN, FRANCIS ALEXANDER, of TROUP. Lieutenant, 29th of November 1890; transferred to the 14th Hussars, 10th of October 1891.

GARSIA, CHRISTOPHER. Ensign, 23rd of March 1858; Lieutenant, 11th of October 1859; exchanged to the 89th Regiment in 1864.

GAWNE, EDWARD. Ensign, 16th of January 1855; Lieutenant, 9th of March 1855; retired in 1859; served in the Crimea after the fall of Sebastopol; served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow (medal with clasp).

GILMOUR, ALEXANDER WALLACE. 2nd Lieutenant, 11th of March 1892; appointment cancelled, 29th of March 1892.

GORDON, CHARLES VANRENAN CONWAY. Ensign, 12th of January 1855; Lieutenant, 4th of May 1855; Captain, 3rd of April 1860; transferred to the Bengal Staff Corps, 22nd of March 1869.

GORDON, GEORGE JAMES. Ensign, 2nd of February 1830; Lieutenant, 18th of July 1834; Captain, 21st of February 1840; retired, 29th of January 1841; died, 23rd of January 1842.

GORDON, JOHN HENRY, of ABERGELDIE. Ensign, 28th of December 1841; retired, 13th of October 1843; died, 20th of April 1848.

GORDON, LAURENCE. Ensign, 29th of May 1818; exchanged to the 89th Regiment, 13th of December 1821.

GORDON, ORR BOSWELL. Ensign, 4th of July 1865; Lieutenant, 17th of February 1869; Captain, 19th of October 1879; Major, 1st of July 1881; Adjutant, 13th of July 1878; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being Divisional Baggage-Master between Ismailia and Cairo on

the Staff of Lieutenant-General Hamley; was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); retired in 1890.

GORDON, WILLIAM FRANCIS BOSWELL HILL. 2nd Lieutenant, 13th of June 1903; resigned his commission in 1906.

GOW, JOHN. Quarter-Master, 2nd Battalion, 5th of October 1815; half-pay, 25th of February 1816; subsequently served in the 82nd Regiment; died at Port Louis, Mauritius, 12th of August 1822.

GRÆME, LAURENCE (*Inchbrakie*). Ensign, 28th of May 1818; Lieutenant in 89th Regiment, 13th of December 1821; appointed Lieutenant-Governor of Tobago in 1845; died in Tobago, 14th of December 1850.

GRÆME, LAURENCE OLIPHANT (*Inchbrakie*). 2nd Lieutenant, 18th of June 1892; Lieutenant, 1st of February 1894; Captain, 2nd of November 1898; Adjutant, 2nd Battalion, 17th November 1897; served in the South African War as Adjutant of the 12th Battalion Mounted Infantry, including the operations in the Transvaal, October to December 1901, and March to 31st of May 1902; operations in the Orange River Colony, May to October 1901, and December 1901 to March 1902; operations in Cape Colony in May 1902 (Queen's medal with five clasps).

GRÆME, PATRICK JAMES FREDERICK, of INCHBRAKIE. Ensign, 19th of February 1870; Lieutenant, 28th of October 1871; retired in 1875.

GRAHAM, ARCHIBALD. Lieutenant, 24th of August 1795; retired in 1795.

GRAHAM, JOHN. Ensign from an independent company, 6th of June 1794; died in the island of Martinique, 2nd of August 1796.

GRAHAM, OLIVER. Ensign, 12th of April 1844; Lieutenant, 14th of November 1845; retired in 1850.

GRAHAM, WILLIAM. Ensign, 24th of August 1793; Lieutenant, 24th of June 1795; retired in 1799.

GRAHAM-THOMSON, ARTHUR VALDEN. 2nd Lieutenant, 4th of May 1907.

GRANT, CHARLES IRWIN (6th Baron de Longueüil). Ensign, 18th of July 1834; exchanged to the 50th Regiment, 10th of November 1837; died, 26th of February 1876.

GRANT, FRANCIS AUGUSTUS (*Kilgraston*). Ensign, 11th of June 1847; Lieutenant, 26th of July 1850; served in the Crimea in 1854, being present at the battle of the Alma. He was gazetted Adjutant on 6th of October 1854, but never held the appointment, having died of cholera before Sebastopol on the 1st of October.

GRANT, HUGH. Ensign, 5th of September 1805; Lieutenant, 30th of April 1807; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the siege of Burgos (mortally wounded); died, 22nd of September 1812.

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GRANT, IAN ROBERT JAMES MURRAY, of GLENMORISTON. 2nd Lieutenant, 17th of April 1880; Lieutenant, 1st of July 1881; resigned his commission on 6th of October 1886; Captain, 2nd (Militia) Battalion, 2nd of July 1887; resigned, 29th of March 1890; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served also in the Nile Expedition in 1884.

GRANT, JOHN. Surgeon, 10th of July 1846; left the regiment in 1854.

GRANT, WALTER. Assistant-Surgeon, 29th of December 1825; exchanged to the 10th Regiment in 1826; died at Alexandria in 1838.

GRAVES, WILLIAM. Ensign, 7th of December 1809; retired in 1810.

GRIEVE, CHARLES CHRISTOPHER. 2nd Lieutenant, 11th of August 1900; Lieutenant, 17th of February 1902.

GUNN, GILBERT. Major, from the Royal Scots, 5th of September 1906; served in the South African War, 1901-02, taking part in the operations in the Transvaal, August 1901 to 31st May 1902 (Queen's medal with three clasps).

GUNNING, MATTHEW. Ensign, 8th of August 1799; Lieutenant, 4th of September 1801; exchanged to the 92nd Highlanders in 1801; served with the regiment in the expedition to Ferrol in 1800; served with the 92nd Highlanders in the Egyptian campaign of 1801; was present at the captures of Bourbon, Mauritius, and Java; Lieutenant-Colonel, 9th of November 1846; retired, 12th of November 1847.

HALKETT, WEDDERBURN CONWAY (*Pitfirrane*). 2nd Lieutenant, 16th of February 1878; Lieutenant, 17th of December 1879; Captain, 20th of February 1884; served in the Nile Expedition, 1884-85; was invalided, and died 23rd of August 1885.

HALL, JAMES. Ensign, 21st of February 1811; Lieutenant, 14th of October 1812; half-pay, March 1815; retired, June 1825.

HAMILTON, ANDREW. Lieutenant in the 2nd Battalion, from the Canadian Fencibles, 25th of March 1805; exchanged to the 72nd Regiment, 26th of December 1805; subsequently served in the Peninsular War with the 23rd Light Dragoons, being present at the siege of Badajos and the battle of Salamanca.

HAMILTON, Sir IAN STANDISH MONTEITH, K.C.B., D.S.O. Appointed Colonel, 7th of December 1904; served with the Gordon Highlanders in the Afghan War, 1878-80, being present at the engagement of Charasiah, 6th of October 1879, including the subsequent pursuit of the Afghans (mentioned in despatches), and in the operations round Kabul in December 1879 (mentioned in despatches, medal with two clasps); served in the Boer War in 1881, being present at the action at Majuba Hill (severely wounded, mentioned in despatches); served in the Nile Expedition, 1884-85, being present at the action of Kirbekan (mentioned in despatches, brevet of Major, medal with two clasps and Khedive's star); served with the Chitral Relief Force under Sir Robert Low in 1895, as Assistant-Adjutant and Quarter-Master-General of the Lines of Communication

(mentioned in despatches, C.B., medal with clasps); commanded the 3rd Brigade, Tirah Expeditionary Force, in the campaign on the N.W. Frontier of India under Sir William Lockhart, 1897-98 (mentioned in despatches, two clasps); served in the South African War, 1899-1902, as Chief of the Staff in Natal and in command of the Mounted Infantry Division; took part in the operations in Natal in 1899, including the actions at Elandslaagte, Rietfontein, and Lombard's Kop; the defence of Ladysmith, including the action of the 6th of January 1900; the operations in the Orange Free State, February to May 1900, including the actions at Houtnek, Vet River, and Zand River; in the Transvaal in May and June 1900, including the actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and at Diamond Hill; in the Transvaal east of Pretoria, July to 29th November 1900, including the action at Zilikat's Nek; subsequently appointed Chief of the Staff in South Africa, and directed the operations in the Western Transvaal (three times mentioned in despatches, promoted Major-General and subsequently Lieutenant-General for distinguished service in the field, K.C.B., Queen's medal with six clasps, King's medal with two clasps); appointed Military Secretary at the War Office in 1900; Quarter-Master-General to the Forces in 1903; served throughout the Russo-Japanese War in Manchuria, as representative of the Indian army, being present at all the principal battles and engagements of the campaign, including the repulse of Count Keller's attack on the pass of Motienling and the battles of Motienling, Yangtseling, the Shaho, and Heikoutai (Japanese War medal and Order of the Sacred Treasure).

HAMILTON, PETER D. Exchanged as Captain from the 39th Regiment, 14th of February 1799; left the regiment in 1800.

HAMILTON, ROBERT. Lieutenant, 29th of April 1795; Captain, 24th of May 1799; Major, 25th of April 1805; served in the Egyptian campaign in 1801, being present at the battle of Alexandria (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); exchanged to the 78th Highlanders, 21st of April 1808; died in Canada.

HAMILTON, T. A. Quarter-Master from half-pay of the 7th Garrison Regiment, 14th of March 1811; died in Portugal, 28th of December 1812.

HAMILTON, WILLIAM FINLAY. Ensign, 21st of August 1840; Lieutenant, 14th of October 1842; retired, 30th of May 1845.

HARKNESS, THOMAS. Ensign, 6th of June 1811; Lieutenant, 25th of June 1812; died at Portsmouth, 21st of November 1812.

HARRISON, CHARLES MILNE. Ensign, 3rd of November 1846; Lieutenant, 29th of October 1848; retired in 1855; died, 30th of March 1901.

HARRISON, FRANCIS JOSEPH. Ensign, 30th of July 1847; Lieutenant, 1st of October 1850; died at Varna, Turkey, 21st of August 1854.

HARRISON, GEORGE. Ensign, 10th of December 1812; Lieutenant, 2nd of March 1815; half-pay, 25th of March 1817; served in the Peninsular War; was present at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo; drowned at sea in 1819, whilst proceeding to join the Patriot Army in South America.

HARRISON, GEORGE ALEXANDER. Ensign, 23rd of November 1852; Lieutenant, 8th of August 1854; Captain, 13th of July 1855; half-pay, 10th of November 1856; subsequently reappointed to the regiment, and retired in 1866; died in London, 26th of March 1899.

HART, WILLIAM NEVILLE. Captain, from the 60th Foot, 17th of September 1794; resigned his commission, 26th of October 1796.

HAY, Lord ARTHUR VINCENT. Second son of the 10th Marquis of Tweeddale. 2nd Lieutenant from 3rd (Militia) Battalion, 28th of June 1905; transferred to the Irish Guards in 1906.

HAY, JAMES (*Braco*). Major-General, 23rd of November 1841; Lieutenant-General, 1851; Colonel of the regiment, 8th of February 1849; served with 16th Light Dragoons in the Peninsular War, being present at the passage of the Douro, the capture of Oporto, the battles of Talavera, Fuentes d'Onor, Salamanca (wounded), Vittoria, Nivelle, and Nive (gold medal), the siege of Burgos, the passage of the Bidassoa, and the actions at Sabugal, Redinha, and Foz d'Aronce; commanded the 16th Light Dragoons at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo (very severely wounded, C.B., silver medal); died, 25th February 1854.

HAY, STUART. 2nd Lieutenant, 15th of May 1897; Lieutenant, 2nd of November 1898; Captain, 20th of November 1901; served in the South African War, including the operations in the Orange Free State, February to May 1900, being present at the actions at Vet River and Zand River; in the Transvaal, May to September 1901 and October 1901 to May 1902; on the Zululand frontier of Natal in September and October 1901; in Cape Colony, May 1902 (Queen's medal with three clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

HAYWARD, GEORGE J. WHITAKER. Ensign, 12th of January 1859; Lieutenant, 24th of March 1863; retired in 1865; murdered in Cashmere.

HEALEY, THOMAS HENRY. 2nd Lieutenant, from Sergeant, 9th of October 1895; Lieutenant, 6th of April 1898; promoted into Scottish Rifles as Captain, 23rd of August 1899; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served with the Egyptian army in the Nile Expedition, 1884-85 (clasp); served as Sergeant-Major of the 9th Soudanese Battalion throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86, being present in Kosheh during its investment and at the engagement at Giniss (silver medal for distinguished conduct in the field); was present at the action of Sarras in May 1887 (mentioned in despatches, five times wounded, bar to his distinguished conduct medal); at the action of Gemaizah, and at the action of Toski (second bar to his distinguished conduct medal); served with the Dongola Expeditionary Force in 1896 on transport duty (promoted 2nd Lieutenant, British medal, and Khedive's medal with two clasps); acted as Staff Officer at the Base with the Egyptian army during the Nile Expedition, 1897-98 (4th Class of the Medjidie).

HEATHCOTE, JOHN ROBERT CAMPBELL. 2nd Lieutenant, 26th of July 1899; Lieutenant, 14th of December 1900; served in the South African War in 1902 with Fincastle's Horse (Queen's medal with two clasps).

HERVEY, WILLIAM MAUNDY. Major, from the 1st West India Regiment, 27th of February 1806; Lieutenant-Colonel, 30th of May 1811; Colonel, 1st of January 1812; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807 and in the expedition to Sweden in 1808; served in the Peninsular War in the Portuguese army, being present at the battle of Albuhera and at the storming of Badajos (gold medal); died on the passage home from the Peninsula, 10th of June 1813.

HICKS, RAYMOND. Ensign, 2nd of September 1795; Lieutenant, 12th of March 1796; left the regiment in 1798.

HILL, ANDREW. Ensign, 31st of December 1847; subsequently exchanged to the 22nd Regiment.

HODGSON, WILLIAM CHAUVAL. Ensign, 18th of September 1840; Lieutenant, 10th of February 1843; Captain, 11th of June 1847; Major, 2nd of August 1857; Lieutenant-Colonel, 10th of July 1860; Colonel, 10th of July 1865; served in the Crimea, 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale, the siege and fall of Sebastopol, and the assaults of 18th of June and 8th of September (medal with three clasps, Knight of the Legion of Honour, and Turkish medal); served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow, the attack on the fort of Rooyah, actions at Allygunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, capture of Forts Bunnar and Mahomdie, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, capture of Rampore Kussia, and subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (medal with clasp); died at Parkhurst on the 1st of March 1872, whilst in command of the regiment.

HOLE, GEORGE. Ensign, 5th of September 1795; left the regiment, 1st of August 1798.

HOLFORD, HENRY PRICE. Ensign, 7th of March 1856; served in the Indian Mutiny campaign in 1858, including the siege and capture of Lucknow and the Rohilkund and Oude campaigns (medal with clasp); transferred to the 10th Hussars in 1859; died at Brighton, 25th of April 1905.

HOLMES, ARTHUR L'ESTRANGE. Lieutenant from the 7th Hussars, 18th of September 1865; Captain, 15th of December 1869; transferred to the Bengal Staff Corps, 26th of July 1870.

HORE-RUTHVEN, Hon. ALEXANDER GORE ARKWRIGHT, V.C. Second son of the 9th Baron Ruthven. 2nd Lieutenant, 17th of May 1899; Lieutenant, 14th of December 1900; promoted into 1st Dragoon Guards as Captain, 11th of April 1908; served, as Captain in the 3rd Battalion Highland Light Infantry, in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the capture of Gedaref (mentioned in despatches, Victoria Cross, 4th Class of the Osmanieh, British medal and Khedive's medal with clasp); was awarded the Victoria Cross for the following service:—"On the 22nd

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of September 1898, during the action at Gedaref, Captain Hore Ruthven, seeing an Egyptian officer lying wounded within fifty yards of the approaching Dervishes, who were firing and charging, picked him up and carried him towards the 16th Egyptian Battalion. He dropped the wounded officer two or three times and fired upon the Dervishes, who were following, to check their advance. Had the officer been left where he first dropped, he must have been killed." Served in Somaliland, 1903-04, as a Special Service Officer, being present at the action at Jidballi (medal with two clasps).

HORNE, ALEXANDER. 2nd Lieutenant, 13th of May 1897; Lieutenant, 2nd of November 1898; Captain, 23rd of December 1901; served in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); accompanied "E" Company to Fashoda; served in the South African War, 1900-02, and took part in the operations in the Transvaal, February to September 1901 and October 1901 to May 1902; operations in Orange River Colony, November 1900 to February 1901; operations on the Zululand frontier of Natal in September and October 1901; operations in Cape Colony, May 1902 (Queen's medal with three clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

HORSFORD, Sir ALFRED, G.C.B. Colonel Commanding, 17th of March 1876; General, 1st of October 1877 (transferred as Colonel to the 14th Foot, 1st of January 1879); Colonel Commanding the Rifle Brigade, 21st of November 1880; served with the Rifle Brigade in the Kaffir War, 1846-47; commanded the 1st Battalion Rifle Brigade in the campaign of 1852-53 (medal and brevet of Lieutenant-Colonel); also commanded the battalion in the Crimea in 1854, including the battles of Alma, Balaclava, and Inkerman, and the siege of Sebastopol (medal with four clasps, C.B., Sardinian and Turkish medals, and 5th Class of the Medjidie); served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1857-59, being present at the battle of Cawnpore, 6th of December 1857, in command of the 3rd Battalion Rifle Brigade (wounded); commanded a brigade from February 1858 to the end of the war, taking part in the Oude campaign; commanded the infantry at the battle of Nawabgunge; was in command on the Oude and Nepaul frontier in February 1859, and during an engagement with the rebels in Nepaul captured sixteen guns (K.C.B., medal with clasp).

HOWARD, WILLIAM. Quarter-Master, 20th of April 1878; served during the latter part of the Indian Mutiny campaign; served in the Egyptian campaign in 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served in the Nile Expedition, 1884-85 (clasp); served throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86, being present at Kosheh during its investment and at the engagement at Giniss; retired as Major on the 15th of April 1891.

HOWKINS, THEOPHILUS ROBERT. Ensign, 28th of February 1855; Lieutenant, 7th of December 1865; served in the Crimea in 1855, including the siege and fall of Sebastopol (medal with clasp and Turkish medal); died in 1859.

HUGHES, PAUL. Ensign, 12th of March 1818 ; exchanged to the 93rd Highlanders, 18th of July 1822.

HUME, ARTHUR. Ensign, 29th of July 1859 ; Lieutenant, 29th of July 1862 ; Adjutant, 31st of March 1863 ; Captain, 29th of July 1871 ; half-pay, 31st of October 1874.

HUME, J. ROBERT, M.D., C.B. Served with the 92nd Highlanders in the Egyptian campaign of 1801 ; appointed Surgeon of the regiment, 25th of March, 1805 ; Staff-Surgeon, 17th of August 1809 ; served in the expedition to Sweden in 1808, and in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809 ; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Corunna, Barrosa, Salamanca, Vittoria, Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nives, Orthes, and Toulouse (silver medal with ten clasps) ; was also present as Deputy-Inspector of Hospitals at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo (Waterloo medal) ; Inspector of Hospitals, 3rd of December 1818.

HUNT, ANDREW, of PITTCRUEFF. Ensign, 22nd of February 1840 ; Lieutenant, 15th of June 1842 ; Captain, 25th of August 1846 ; Major, 12th of December 1854 ; half-pay, 7th of September 1855 ; served in the Crimea, 1854-55, including the battle of Alma, the siege of Sebastopol, and the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with two clasps, 5th Class of the Medjidie, and Turkish medal) ; died, 25th of June 1883.

HUNT, JAMES MAITLAND, of PITTCRUEFF and LOGIE. Sub-Lieutenant, 12th of January 1873 ; Lieutenant, 12th of February 1874 ; Captain, 12th of February 1881 ; Major, 1st of December 1886 ; Lieutenant-Colonel, 3rd of April 1897 ; Colonel, 3rd of April 1900 ; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (mentioned in despatches, brevet of Major, medal with clasp, 4th Class of the Medjidie, and Khedive's star) ; served in the Nile Expedition, 1884-85 (clasp) ; served throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86, being present at Kosheh during its investment and at the engagement at Giniss ; as Lieutenant-Colonel was entrusted in 1897 with the task of raising a second battalion for the regiment, which was most successfully accomplished ; subsequently commanded the 91st Regimental District at Stirling ; retired in 1906.

HUTTON, ALFRED. Ensign, 31st of May 1859 ; Lieutenant, 14th of January 1862 ; served on the North-West Frontier of India against the Mohmund tribes in 1863 ; transferred to the 7th Hussars in 1864.

IMLACH, JAMES. Ensign, 2nd of April 1806 ; Lieutenant, 10th of May 1807 ; exchanged to a Cape regiment in 1808.

IMLACH, WILLIAM. Ensign, 20th of February 1796 ; Lieutenant, 3rd of October 1799 ; Captain, 14th of April 1805 ; served in the campaign in Holland in 1799, being present at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee ; served in the expedition to Ferrol and the Egyptian campaign of 1801, being present at the battle of Alexandria (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.) ; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807, in the expedition to

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Sweden in 1808, and in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battle of Fuentes d'Onor (killed in action).

INNES, PETER. Lieutenant from the 42nd Highlanders, 9th of July 1803; Captain, 4th of September 1805; half-pay, 20th of November 1816; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battle of Toulouse (wounded); served also in the Waterloo campaign (medal); died at Tunnach, near Wick, 19th of April 1822.

IRVINE, GEORGE NICOL. Assistant-Surgeon, 21st of July 1863; transferred to the Royal Artillery, 20th of September 1864.

ISHAM, THOMAS. Ensign, 1st of August 1826; Lieutenant, 16th of March 1832; Captain, 26th of May 1838; Major, 14th of June 1842; retired, 12th of April 1844.

JAMESON, ROBERT. Quarter-Master, 11th of May 1849; served in the Crimea, 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava, expedition to Kertch and Yenikale, siege and fall of Sebastopol, and the assaults of the 18th of June and the 8th of September 1855 (medal with three clasps, Sardinian and Turkish medals); Quarter-Master, Depot Battalion, Fort George, 1857; author of the 'Historical Record of the Seventy-ninth Regiment of Foot, or Cameron Highlanders,' 1863.

JAMIESON, LACHLAN FOSTER. Ensign, 2nd of December 1859; Lieutenant, 28th of October 1864; transferred to the 7th Hussars in 1865.

JOHNSTON, GEORGE. Lieutenant, from the 68th Regiment, 27th of April 1827; Captain, 10th of October 1834; retired, 29th of March 1839.

JOHNSTONE, CHARLES. Ensign, 14th of September 1820; exchanged to the 69th Regiment in 1823; died at Chinsurah, Madras, 16th of September 1826.

JOHNSTONE, JOHN. Captain from the 88th Foot, 7th of June 1794; died in Martinique, 5th of November 1795.

JOHNSTONE, REGINALD FITZROY LEWIS. 2nd Lieutenant, 14th of May 1904.

JOHNSTONE, WILLIAM. Captain, 13th of May 1795; left the regiment in 1799.

JONES, THOMAS SHERIDAN GORE. Lieutenant, from the 37th Regiment, 1860; served with the 37th Regiment in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1857-58 (medal); served in the Umbeyla campaign in 1863 as a volunteer with the 71st Highlanders, and was killed in action on the 18th of November of that year.

KENNEDY, EWEN. Ensign, from the ranks of the regiment, 3rd of October 1811; Lieutenant, 25th of February 1813; served at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo (killed in action).

KENNEDY, JAMES FREDERICK SHAW. Ensign, 1st of February 1869; Lieutenant, 28th of October 1871; retired, 1st of February 1873.

KERR, WILLIAM JAMES. Ensign, 15th of May 1857; served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858, including the affair of Secundragunge, siege and capture of Lucknow, attack on the fort of Rooyah, actions of Allygunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore (medal with clasp); resigned his commission in 1859.

KILGOUR, PATRICK. Assistant-Surgeon, 17th of January 1855; served in the Indian Mutiny campaign in 1858, including the siege and capture of Lucknow and the Rohilcund and Oude campaigns (medal with clasp).

KYNOCK, JOHN. Ensign, 15th of November 1810; Lieutenant, 13th of June 1811; Adjutant, 19th of May 1814; served in the Peninsular War, being wounded at the battles of the Pyrenees and Toulouse; was present at the battle of Quatre Bras (killed in action).

LAMPSON, ADAM CATHCART. 2nd Lieutenant, 14th of February 1903; Lieutenant, 16th of May 1908.

LANCE, WILLIAM HENRY. Ensign, 7th of July 1825; Lieutenant, 2nd of February 1830; Captain, 7th of August 1835; retired, 18th of September 1840.

LANGLEY, FREDERICK. Exchanged as Captain from the 82nd Regiment, 10th of July 1817; half-pay, 17th of June 1819.

LAWRIE, ANDREW. Captain, from the 61st Regiment, 25th of March 1805; Major, 4th of October 1810; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807, in the expedition to Sweden in 1808, and in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the siege of Burgos (killed in action, 22nd of September 1812).

LAWRIE, FRANCIS R. HASTINGS. Exchanged as Captain from the 11th Light Dragoons, 15th of November 1839; Major, 15th of June 1842; retired, 21st of August 1846. He had the medal for Bhurtpore.

LEADER, THOMAS LEONARD. Exchanged as Captain from the 1st Foot, 24th of July 1846; retired on half-pay in 1848; served in the campaign of 1844-45 in the Southern Concan country.

LEAPER, WILLIAM. Ensign, 9th of April 1807; Lieutenant, 15th of December 1808; Captain, 12th of December 1822; half-pay, 6th of October 1825; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807 and in the expedition to Sweden in 1808; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Talavera, Salamanca, Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, Toulouse, and at the siege of Burgos; was also present at the battle of Quatre Bras (severely wounded); died in 1835.

LEITH, JOHN MACDONALD. Ensign, 17th of March 1854; Lieutenant, 6th of October 1854; Captain, 15th of May 1857; Major, 31st of October 1877; Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, 30th of December 1878; Lieutenant-Colonel, 1st of July 1881; Colonel, 31st of December 1882; half-pay, 30th of June 1885; served in the Crimea, 1854-55, including the battle of Balaclava, the siege and fall of Sebastopol, the assaults of the 18th of June and the 8th of September, and the expedition to Kertch and

Yenikale (medal with two clasps, 5th Class of the Medjidie, and Turkish medal) ; served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow, the attack on the fort of Rooyah, actions of Allygunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, capture of Forts Bunniar and Mahomdie, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, capture of Rampore Kussia, and subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (medal with clasp) ; commanded the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (mentioned in despatches, C.B., medal with clasp, 3rd Class of the Medjidie, and Khedive's star) ; also commanded the regiment throughout the Nile Expedition, 1884-85 (clasp) ; subsequently acted as Assistant Adjutant-General of the Force in the Eastern Soudan in 1885 (clasp) ; died at Gibraltar, 22nd of May 1888.

LENON, ARTHUR. Ensign, 2nd of July 1861 ; retired in 1864 ; served in the expedition against the Mohmund tribes, 1863-64.

LESLIE, ARCHIBALD YOUNG, of KININVIE and LESMURDIE. Captain from the 23rd Fusiliers, 18th of December 1875 ; Major, 1st of July 1881 ; Lieutenant-Colonel Commanding, 4th of June 1890 ; retired, 20th of May 1894.

LESLIE, KEWAN IZOD (*Kininvie*). Ensign, 21st of March 1811 ; Lieutenant, 1st of April 1812 ; Captain in the 60th Foot, 13th of October 1815 ; half-pay, 25th of March 1817 ; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the siege of Burgos (wounded) ; also served in the Waterloo campaign ; died at Kininvie, 11th of February 1835.

LINDSAY, S. CHARLES. Ensign, 21st of October 1862 ; retired in 1863.

LITHGOW, EDWIN MALCOLM. 2nd Lieutenant, 9th of September 1891 ; subsequently served in the Army Service Corps.

LITHGOW, STEWART AARON, M.D. Surgeon, 20th of October 1869 ; Surgeon-Major in the army, 1st of March 1873 ; served with the 75th Regiment in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1857-59, being present at the action at Budleekeserai, the siege and capture of Delhi, actions at Bolunshuhur, Agra, Allyghur, Akrabad, and Kanoy, the relief of Lucknow by Lord Clyde, and affairs at Dilkoosha and Alumbagh (medal with two clasps) ; served in the Nile Expedition, 1884-85, as Principal Medical Officer, Lines of Communication (mentioned in despatches, C.B., medal with clasp and Khedive's star) ; served with the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86, including the engagement at Giniss (mentioned in despatches, D.S.O.)

LORIMER, JOHN, M.D. Assistant-Surgeon, 3rd of April 1835 ; died in London, 17th of November 1838.

LOUTH, Lord RANDAL PERCY OTWAY, 13th Baron. Ensign, 12th of December 1851 ; Lieutenant, 17th of June 1858 ; served in the Crimea after the fall of Sebastopol ; exchanged to the 24th Regiment in 1861 ; died, 19th July 1883.

LUMSDEN, HARRY TAILYOUR, of BALMEDIE. 2nd Lieutenant, 20th of July 1898; Lieutenant, 1st of April 1899; Captain, 23rd of April 1903. He was awarded the bronze medal of the Royal Humane Society for saving the life of Lieutenant and Quarter-Master J. Cameron on the 8th of July 1902. Lieutenant Lumsden swam out a distance of seventy yards, through a rough sea, to the assistance of Lieutenant Cameron, who was being carried out to sea whilst bathing.

LUMSDEN, HUGH ROBERT (*Pitcaple*). Lieutenant, 18th of November 1885; served in the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1886 (medal and Khedive's star); subsequently joined the Egyptian army, and died when on leave in England, 2nd of July 1892.

LUNDY, EDWARD LOUIS. Assistant-Surgeon, 7th of April 1854; served in the Crimea, 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege of Sebastopol (wounded 29th of July 1855), and expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps and Turkish medal); went to the 64th Regiment in 1855.

M'ALESTER, CHARLES SOMERVILLE, of LOUP. Captain from half-pay, 11th of January 1867; retired in the same gazette.

MACALISTER, CHARLES AUGUSTUS (*Glenbarr*). 2nd Lieutenant, 4th of June 1904.

M'ARTHUR, CHARLES. Ensign, 9th of November 1809; Lieutenant, 17th of October 1811; served in the Walcheren Expedition in 1809 as a volunteer; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse (wounded); was also present at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo (wounded); appointed to the 2nd Veteran Battalion, 24th of February 1820; died at Inverness, 25th of November 1846.

M'ARTHUR, JOHN. Ensign, from Quarter-Master-Sergeant, 17th of May 1798; Quarter-Master, 20th of June 1799; Paymaster, 21st of November 1811; left the regiment, 16th of July 1821; served with the regiment in Holland in 1794 and in the island of Martinique; served in the campaign in Holland in 1799, being present at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1801 (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); served in the expeditions to Copenhagen in 1807, Sweden in 1808, and in the Walcheren Expedition in 1809; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the defence of Cadiz and the battles of Corunna, Busaco, Salamanca, siege of Burgos, battles of Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse; was also present at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo.

M'ARTHUR, JOHN. Ensign, 26th of May 1814; Lieutenant, 30th of November 1815; drowned on the 17th of December 1817, on passage from Dover to Calais, whilst proceeding to join the army of occupation in France.

M'BARNET, ALEXANDER COCKBURN, of TORRIDON. Lieutenant, from the 16th Foot, 20th of October 1846; Captain, 10th of March 1854; Brevet-Major, 20th of July 1858; Major, 10th of July 1860; Lieutenant-Colonel,

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unattached, 25th of April 1865 ; served in the Crimea, 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege and fall of Sebastopol, the assaults of the 18th of June and the 8th of September 1855, and the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps, 5th Class of the Medjidie, and Turkish medal) ; served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow and the Rohilkund and Oude campaigns (brevet of Major, medal with clasp).

M'BARNET, DONALD HAY (*Torridon*). Ensign, 21st of January 1853 ; Lieutenant, 11th of August 1854 ; Captain, 7th of September 1855 ; half-pay, 10th of November 1856 ; served in the Crimea in 1855, including the siege and fall of Sebastopol, the assaults of the 18th of June and the 8th of September 1855, and the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (wounded 24th of August 1855, medal with clasp and Turkish medal).

M'BARNET, WILLIAM. Ensign, from the ranks of the regiment, 24th of April 1805 ; Lieutenant, 1st of January 1807 ; Captain, 19th of May 1813 ; served in the expedition to Sweden in 1808 ; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battle of Toulouse (mortally wounded) ; died, 17th of April 1814.

MACBEAN, CHARLES. Lieutenant, 7th of October 1807 ; left the regiment in 1810.

M'BEAN, WILLIAM. Ensign, 19th of July 1815 ; half-pay, 28th of May 1818.

MACBEAN, WILLIAM WILSON. 2nd Lieutenant, 9th of September 1893 ; resigned his commission on the 29th of April 1896.

M'BEATH, GEORGE. Ensign, 24th of July 1800 ; transferred to the 89th Regiment in 1801 ; died in 1809.

M'CALL, RALPH LYCESTER. 2nd Lieutenant, 10th of February 1904.

M'CALL, WILLIAM. Ensign, 29th of March 1839 ; Lieutenant, 8th of June 1841 ; Captain, 14th of November 1841 ; Major, 12th of December 1854 ; Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, 2nd of November 1855 ; half-pay, 5th of August 1857 ; served in the Crimea, 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege and fall of Sebastopol, the assaults of the 18th of June and the 8th of September 1855, and the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (brevet of Lieutenant-Colonel, medal with three clasps, Knight of the Legion of Honour, and Turkish medal).

M'CALLUM, JAMES DALGLEISH KELLIE. Ensign, 26th of May 1865 ; Lieutenant, 7th of May 1868 ; Adjutant, 11th of August 1874 ; served throughout the second phase of the Ashantee War, attached to the 42nd Royal Highlanders, being present at the battle of Amoafal, the capture of Becquah, the battle of Ordahsu, and the capture of Coomassie (medal with clasp) ; retired in 1876 ; subsequently appointed Chief Constable of Northamptonshire.

M'CAUSLAND, WILLIAM HENRY. Ensign, 24th of February 1857 ; Lieutenant, 16th of March 1860 ; Captain, 29th of January 1867 ; Major, 1st of July

1881; Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, 18th of November 1882; Colonel, 18th of November 1886; served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow, attack on the fort of Rooyah, actions at Allyunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, capture of Forts Bunniar and Mahomdie, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, capture of Rampore Kussia, and subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptree rivers (medal with clasp); served in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (mentioned in despatches, brevet of Lieutenant-Colonel, medal with clasp, 4th Class of the Osmanieh, and Khedive's star); died, 30th of December 1905.

M'CLELLAND, Rev. ROBERT. Served as Acting Chaplain to the 1st Battalion during the South African War in 1900, including the actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and at Diamond Hill; was also present throughout the operations in the Wittebergen (Queen's medal and four clasps).

M'CLEVERTY, ROBERT. Captain from the 94th Regiment, 15th of December 1840; died, 6th of March 1845.

M'CONAGHEY, LAURENCE EDGAR. 2nd Lieutenant, 18th of April 1900; Lieutenant, 21st of November 1901; subsequently transferred to the Indian army.

M'COWAN, WILLIAM HEW. 2nd Lieutenant, 4th of January 1899; Lieutenant, 27th of November 1899; Captain, 23rd of October 1905; Adjutant, 21st of November 1907.

M'CRAW, DONALD. Ensign, 16th of December 1795; half-pay, 3rd Irish Brigade, 1799.

M'CRUMMEN, PATRICK. Lieutenant, from the Canadian Fencibles, 21st of January 1804; Captain, 30th of May 1811; half-pay in 1815; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807 and in the expedition to Sweden in 1808; served in the Peninsular War, being present at Cadiz in 1810 (wounded); appointed Barrack-Master at Sierra Leone in October 1836; died in Sierra Leone, 2nd of April 1837.

M'DONAGH, MATTHEW. Ensign, 5th of October 1815; half-pay, 25th of February 1816; subsequently served in the Royal York Rangers.

M'DONALD, ANGUS. Ensign, 1st of January 1807; Lieutenant, 17th of March 1808; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the siege of Burgos (mortally wounded); died of wounds on the 20th of September 1812.

M'DONALD, ARCHIBALD WILLIAM. 2nd Lieutenant, 26th of November 1890; resigned his commission in 1891; Lieutenant, 2nd (Militia) Battalion, 4th of May 1892; Captain, 12th of June 1896; served with Lovat's Scouts in the South African War, 1900-01 (mentioned in despatches, D.S.O., Queen's medal with three clasps); Major in Lovat's Scouts, 30th of March 1903; Lieutenant-Colonel, 1st of April 1908.

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M'DONALD, COLIN. Ensign, 20th of April 1796; served in the island of Martinique; served in the campaign in Holland in 1799, being present at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee (wounded); transferred to 63rd Regiment in 1799.

MACDONALD, DAVID. Quarter-Master, 2nd Battalion, 19th of March 1904; served in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battle of the Atbara (British medal and Khedive's medal with clasp); served in the South African War, 1900-01, and took part in the operations in the Transvaal in May and June 1900, including the actions near Johannesburg and Diamond Hill; operations in the Orange River Colony in 1900, including actions in the Wittebergen; operations in the Eastern Transvaal in 1901 (slightly wounded at Lake Chrissie, Queen's medal with five clasps).

M'DONALD, DONALD. Lieutenant, 8th of October 1807; exchanged to the 25th Regiment, 1st of February 1809.

M'DONALD, DONALD (*Dalchosnie*). Ensign, 6th of June 1854; Lieutenant, 1st of December 1854; Captain, 17th of July 1857; served in the Crimea, 1854-55, including the siege and fall of Sebastopol and the assault of the 8th of September 1855 (medal with clasp and Turkish medal); served also in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow and the Rohilkund and Oude campaigns (medal with clasp); died in India on the 28th of August 1871.

MACDONALD, JAMES. Lieutenant from the 21st Foot, 29th of March 1827; Captain, 6th of December 1833; retired, 29th of December 1837; died at Leamington in April 1838.

M'DONNELL, ALEXANDER. Lieutenant, 18th of August 1793; promoted Captain into the Wakefield Regiment of Foot, 17th of September 1794.

MACDONNELL, ALEXANDER MICHAEL. Ensign, 28th of May 1812; Lieutenant, 13th of January 1814; retired, 26th of July 1816.

MACDONNELL, ALLAN (*Glenturret*). Ensign, 2nd of April 1812; Lieutenant, 6th of January 1814; Captain, 26th of November 1830; retired, 18th of July 1834; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse (wounded); subsequently retired and settled in Canada, where he became a Lieutenant-Colonel of Militia and served during the Rebellion of 1838.

M'DONNELL, ARCHIBALD. Ensign, 19th of August 1793; promoted Lieutenant into the Gordon Highlanders when they were raised on the 11th of February 1794.

MACDONNELL, Sir JAMES, G.C.B., K.C.H. (*Glengarry*). Ensign, 25th of January 1796; became Lieutenant-General, 22nd of November 1841; Colonel of the regiment, 14th of July 1842; transferred as Colonel to 71st Highland Light Infantry, 8th February 1849; was present at the battles of Maida, Salamanca, Vittoria, Nivelle, and Nive (silver medal with four clasps, gold medal for Maida). He commanded the Coldstream Guards at Waterloo,

and was celebrated for having, with the assistance of Sergeant Graham of that regiment, closed the gates of Hugomont upon the French (Waterloo medal).¹

MACDOUGALL, COLL (Craigenicht). Captain, from the 42nd Highlanders, 7th of September 1815; half-pay, 25th of February 1816; died at Orleans, 17th of February 1821. He was present at the battle of Waterloo, together with three of his brothers.

M'DOUGALL, DUNCAN. Ensign, 16th of July 1815; Lieutenant, 3rd of June 1819; Captain, 8th of July 1834; Adjutant, 3rd of March 1825; retired, 28th of September 1841.

MACDOUGALL, Sir DUNCAN, K.C.B., of SORABA. Major from the 85th Regiment, 16th of July 1830; Lieutenant-Colonel, 6th of September 1833; retired, 13th of March 1835; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Salamanca (severely wounded), Nivelle, Nive, and the assault on St. Sebastian (silver medal with four clasps); was appointed Colonel of the 9th Regiment of the British Legion in Spain in 1835; retired from the Spanish service in 1836 (Knight Commander of the Order of San Fernando and medal for service with the British Legion); died in 1862.²

MACDOUGALL, Sir PATRICK LEONARD, K.C.M.G. (*Soraba*). Ensign, 8th of July 1836; Lieutenant, 11th of May 1839; subsequently exchanged to the 36th Regiment; was employed on particular service in the Crimea, acting on the Quarter-Master-General's Staff at the siege of Sebastopol and in the expedition to Kertch (medal with clasp and Turkish medal); Commandant of the Staff College, 1857-61; Colonel of the 2nd West India Regiment in 1882; General, October 1883; died, 28th of November 1894.

MACDOUGALL, STEWART, of LUNGA. Attached as a volunteer from the 93rd Sutherland Highlanders during the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (severely wounded, medal with clasp and Khedive's star); retired as a Major from the 93rd Highlanders in 1892; subsequently appointed a member of His Majesty's Corps of Gentlemen-at-Arms.

M'DOWALL, PATRICK, of FREUGH. Captain from half-pay of the independent companies, 18th of August 1793; Major, 31st of January 1794; Lieutenant-Colonel, 1st of November 1796; served in the campaign in Holland in 1799, being present at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee; served in the expedition to Ferrol in 1800 and in the Egyptian campaign of 1801,

¹ He was selected by the Duke of Wellington to receive a legacy of £500, left by the Rev. Mr Norcross of Framlingham, Suffolk, "to the bravest man in England,"—a legacy which he shared, at his own request, with Sergeant Graham. He was in possession of

the orders of Maria Theresa of Austria and St. Vladimir (4th Class) of Russia. Died on the 15th of May 1857.

² There is a mural tablet to his memory in the crypt of St. Paul's Cathedral.

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and was mortally wounded on the 13th of March 1801; died at Rosetta in the month of August as a result of his wound, which had necessitated the amputation of his leg.

M'DOWALL, SAMUEL. Lieutenant, 28th of October 1795; Captain, 3rd of October 1799; retired, 8th of June 1809; served in the campaign in Holland in 1799, being present at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee; served in the expedition to Ferrol in 1800 and in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, being present at the battle of Alexandria and taking part in the subsequent advance to Cairo (wounded at Rhamanieh, gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807; died in the island of Trinidad, 30th of July 1819.

MACDUFF, ALEXANDER (*Bonhard*). 2nd Lieutenant, 10th of April 1905.

MACEWEN, DOUGLAS LILBURN. 2nd Lieutenant, 21st of December 1889; Lieutenant, 24th of July 1891; Captain, 3rd of April 1897; Major, 16th of April 1904; served in the South African War on the Staff, and took part in the operations in Cape Colony, 1899-1900, including actions at Colesberg; operations in the Orange Free State, March to May 1900, including actions at Vet River and Zand River; operations in the Transvaal, including actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, Diamond Hill, and Belfast (Queen's medal with five clasps).

MACEWEN, ST CLAIR MALING GRANT. 2nd Lieutenant, 25th of March 1896; Lieutenant, 24th of May 1898; Captain, 7th of March 1901; served in the Soudan campaign in 1898, being present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); awarded the 3rd Class of the Medjidie in 1908 for his services with the Egyptian army; was wounded on 2nd May 1908 at Katfia in the Soudan in an engagement with the rebel followers of Abd-el-Kader Mohammed, who had proclaimed himself a prophet.

MACFARLAN, FREDERICK ALEXANDER (*Ballancleroch*). Lieutenant, from the Essex Regiment, 20th of May 1885; Captain, 1st of February 1894; Adjutant, 1st of February 1894; Major, 9th of April 1902; served throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86, being present at Kosheh during its investment, at the reconnaissance on the 16th of December, and at the engagement at Giniss (medal and Khedive's star); served in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (mentioned in despatches, 4th Class of the Medjidie, British medal, and Khedive's medal with two clasps).

M'GIBBON, JOHN. Ensign, 7th of August 1811; Lieutenant, 24th of December 1812; died at Cork in 1815 whilst still serving with the regiment.

M'GILL, WILLIAM. Ensign, 5th of November 1854; Lieutenant, 9th of March 1855; Quarter-Master, 14th of November 1856; served in the Crimea, 1854-56, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege and fall of Sebastopol, the assaults of the 18th of June and the 8th of

September 1855, and the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps, 5th Class of the Medjidie, and Turkish medal); served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow and the Rohilcund and Oude campaigns (medal with clasp); half-pay, 16th of March 1867; subsequently appointed Adjutant and Quarter-Master of Kilmainham Barracks, Dublin; died in 1886.

M'GILLIVRAY, WILLIAM. Assistant-Surgeon, 8th of December 1804; half-pay in 1805; died in 1809.

M'GREGOR, HUGH. Ensign, 9th of February 1804; Lieutenant, 25th of March 1805; Captain, 17th of August 1806; Lieutenant-Colonel, 10th of January 1837; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battle of Salamanca; exchanged to the 91st Regiment in 1812; died at Portobello, near Edinburgh, 31st of May 1851.

M'GWIRE, ARMORIC RUSSELL. Ensign, 11th of May 1855; served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow and the Rohilcund and Oude campaigns; resigned his commission in 1859 (medal and clasp).

M'INTYRE, ALEXANDER. Ensign, 26th of October 1804; Lieutenant, 25th of April 1805; Captain, 12th of November 1812; half-pay, 15th of May 1817; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807, in the expedition to Sweden in 1808, and in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809.

M'INTYRE, DAVID. Ensign, 3rd of September 1805; subsequently exchanged to the 91st Regiment; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battle of Nivelle (killed in action).

M'INTYRE, DUNCAN. Ensign during a few months in 1807.

M'INTYRE, PETER. Quarter-Master, 2nd Battalion, 22nd of May 1806; half-pay, 14th of March 1811.

M'KAY, HENRY. Ensign and Adjutant from Sergeant-Major, 18th of June 1841; Lieutenant, 11th of April 1844; retired on half-pay in 1854.

MACKAY, HUMPHREYS GOULDING. 2nd Lieutenant, 14th of May 1904; resigned his commission, 15th February 1907.

M'KAY, ROBERT. Ensign, 24th of July 1800; served in the expedition to Ferrol in 1800 and in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, being present at the battle of Alexandria (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); appointed to a reserve battalion, 24th of November 1803; died, 25th of July 1847.

MACKAY, ROBERT. Ensign, 8th of June 1807; Lieutenant, 11th of May 1809; Captain, 2nd of April 1812; half-pay, 9th of October 1817; served in the expedition to Sweden in 1808; served in the South of France in 1814; was present at the battle of Quatre Bras (wounded); died at Brookend, Tyrone, 10th of October 1826.

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MACKENZIE, ALEXANDER. Ensign, 30th of November 1815; half-pay, 25th of February 1816.

MACKENZIE, COLIN CHARLES (*Kilcoy*). Ensign from the 78th Highlanders, 16th of September 1868; Lieutenant, 25th of October 1871; died at Gibraltar, 15th of June 1880, whilst serving with the regiment.

MACKENZIE, Sir JAMES DIXON, Baronet, of FINDON and TARBAT. Ensign, 10th of April 1855; promoted Lieutenant into the 1st West India Regiment, 7th of November 1856; retired in 1876. Succeeded as 7th Baronet, 28th February 1884. Died in London in June 1900.

M'KENZIE, JOHN. Ensign, 24th of December 1812; Lieutenant, 16th of July 1815; half-pay, 26th of March 1817; served at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo. He was drowned at sea in 1819 on passage to join the Patriot Army in South America.

MACKENZIE, POYNTZ. Ensign, 8th of April 1825; retired in September 1830.

MACKENZIE, Doctor RICHARD JAMES. Proceeded to Turkey and the Crimea as a volunteer in 1854, being attached to the regiment at his own request. He was present at the battle of the Alma, and died of cholera on the heights of Belbek, 25th of September 1854.

MACKENZIE, THOMAS ARTHUR (*Ord*). Lieutenant, from the 42nd Highlanders, 18th of August 1880; Captain, 16th of January 1885; Adjutant, 10th of July 1889; Major, 3rd of April 1897; served in the Egyptian campaign in 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served in the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1886; died at Ord, Ross-shire, on the 18th of May 1898.

M'KERRELL, AUGUSTUS DE SÉGUR (*Hillhouse*). Lieutenant, 23rd of August 1884; Captain, 2nd of August 1892; Major, 21st of May 1899; Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, 22nd of May 1899; Brevet-Colonel, 10th of February 1904; served throughout the Nile Expedition, 1884-85 (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served in the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86, being present at Kosheh during its investment, at the reconnaissance on the 16th of December, and at the engagement of Giniss; served with the Egyptian army in the Dongola Expeditionary Force in 1896 (British medal and Khedive's medal), in the operations in 1897 (clasp), and in the Soudan campaign of 1898, including the re-occupation of Kassala and the capture and defence of Gedaref (mentioned in despatches, brevet of Lieutenant-Colonel, clasp to Khedive's medal); commanded the Dongola District in the Soudan, 1900-02, and the Berber District, 1902-03 (3rd Class of the Medjidie in 1900, and 3rd Class of the Osmanieh in 1903); made a Companion of the Bath in 1908.

MACKESY, WILLIAM HENRY. Ensign, 11th of August 1854; Lieutenant, 8th of December 1854; Captain, 6th of December 1859; transferred to Indian Staff Corps, 1st of October 1860; served in the Crimea from July 1855, including the siege and fall of Sebastopol and the assault of the 8th of September; acted as Assistant-Engineer to the Highland Brigade

(medal with clasp and Turkish medal); served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, as Assistant Field-Engineer, including the siege and capture of Lucknow and the Rohilkund and Oude campaigns (medal with clasp); subsequently attained the rank of Honorary Major-General.

M'KINNON, JOHN. Quarter-Master, 2nd Battalion, 25th of March 1805; half-pay, 21st of May 1806.

MACKINTOSH, AENEAS (*Balnespick*). Lieutenant - Colonel from the 85th Regiment, 30th of May 1811; served with the regiment in the Peninsular War subsequent to the battle of Fuentes d'Onor (gold medal); died at Ardgowan, 5th of January 1814.

MACKINTOSH, ALASTAIR HUGH (*Kyllachy*). 2nd Lieutenant, 27th of September 1899; Lieutenant, 21st of April 1901; served in the South African War and took part in the operations in the Orange Free State, February to May 1900, including the actions at Vet River and Zand River; in the Transvaal, May to June 1900, including the actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and at Diamond Hill; in the Orange River Colony, June to October 1900, including actions in the Wittebergen and at Ladybrand; in Cape Colony, February to April 1901; in the Orange River Colony, as Intelligence Officer to a mobile column, April to September 1901 (severely wounded, mentioned in despatches, Queen's medal with five clasps).

MACKINTOSH, ALEXANDER FISHER. Knight of Hanover. Exchanged as Captain from the 60th Regiment, 17th of June 1819; half-pay, October 1821; subsequently appointed from half-pay to the 93rd Highlanders; served in the Peninsular War, 1812-14, including the retreat from Madrid to Salamanca, the actions at Alba-de-Tormes and San Munoz, the action at Hormasa before Burgos, the investment of Pampeluna, and the action at Tarbes.

MACLACHLAN, DANIEL, M.D. Assistant-Surgeon, 21st of February 1828; half-pay, 8th of May 1840; Surgeon to Chelsea Hospital, 1840; Deputy Inspector-General, 22nd of February 1849.

M'LACHLAN, JAMES DOUGLAS. 2nd Lieutenant, 24th of March 1891; Lieutenant, 2nd of August 1892; Captain, 19th of May 1898; Major, 16th of December 1904; served in the Soudan campaign in 1898, being present at the battle of Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with clasp).

M'LACHLAN, ROBERT. Lieutenant, 11th of December 1797; transferred to 77th Regiment, 3rd of July 1799.

MACLAINE, JOHN (*Lochbuie*). Ensign, 25th of November 1808; transferred to the 73rd Regiment, 10th of January 1809; killed in Ceylon, 13th of January 1818.

M'LEAN, ALAN. Ensign, 9th of December 1812; Lieutenant, 28th of July 1814; Adjutant, 27th of July 1815; half-pay, 25th of March 1817; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battle of Toulouse (wounded); died about 1820.

M'LEAN, ALEXANDER. Ensign, 31st of December 1803; Lieutenant, 23rd of April 1805; Captain, 15th of October 1812; half-pay, 1816; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807, and in the expedition to Sweden in 1808; died in South Uist in 1843.

M'LEAN, ALEXANDER COLIN. Captain, from the Black Watch, 7th of April 1897; Major, 7th of December 1904; served in the Soudan campaign in 1898, being present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); served in the South African War, 1900-02, and took part in the operations in the Orange Free State, February to May 1900, including the actions at Veti River and Zand River; in the Transvaal in May and June, including the actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and at Diamond Hill; in the Orange River Colony, May to 29th November 1900, including the actions in the Wittebergen (wounded) and at Ladybrand; was also employed under the Military Governor of the Orange River Colony and on the Staff (Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps); retired on the 7th of August 1906.

M'LEAN, ARCHIBALD. Captain-Lieutenant from the half-pay list of the 84th Highland Emigrant Corps, 17th of August 1793; left the regiment in 1794.

M'LEAN, ARCHIBALD. Lieutenant and first Adjutant of the regiment, from half-pay of the 71st Argyllshire Highlanders, 17th of August 1793; Captain-Lieutenant, 8th of October 1794; antedated to Captain, 5th of June 1794; Major, 1st of November 1796; Lieutenant-Colonel, 3rd of September 1801; retired in 1807; served in the island of Martinique in 1796; served as second in command in the campaign in Holland, 1799, being present at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, being present at the battle of Alexandria (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); died in 1817.

M'LEAN, CHARLES JAMES (*Pennycross*). Ensign, 17th of June 1813; Lieutenant, 18th of July 1815; half-pay, 11th of July 1816; served at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo; retired, 14th of July 1837; died in India.

MACLEAN, CHARLES WILBERFORCE. Captain from the Lancashire Fusiliers, 20th of May 1908; served with the West India Regiment in the operations in Sierra Leone, 1898—Karene Expedition—(severely wounded, medal with clasp).

M'LEAN, COLIN. Lieutenant, 29th of January 1794; promoted Captain into Colonel Keppel's West India Regiment, 1st of July 1795.

M'LEAN, DONALD. Ensign, 21st of August 1793; Lieutenant, 1st of December 1794; died in the island of Martinique, 18th of August 1796.

MACLEAN, FITZROY J. GRAFTON (*Morven*). Major from the 110th Foot, 22nd of July 1795; promoted Lieutenant-Colonel into the 82nd Foot in 1795. Succeeded as 8th Baronet of Morven, 2nd November 1818. Became a Lieutenant-General, and died 5th July 1847.

M'LEAN, JOHN. First surgeon appointed to the regiment, 17th of August 1793; died in the island of Martinique in 1797.

MACLEAN, JOHN. Ensign, 9th of April 1806; left the regiment in 1806.

M'LEAN, JOHN. Ensign, 11th of December 1806; Lieutenant, 17th of December 1807; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807; retired, 28th of July 1814.

M'LEOD, DAVID. 2nd Lieutenant, from Colour-Sergeant Seaforth Highlanders, 14th of July 1900; Lieutenant, 17th of February 1902; served with the Egyptian army in the Dongola Expedition of 1896, being present at the engagement at Firket (Khedive's medal with clasp); also served in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (mentioned in despatches, British medal, two clasps to Khedive's medal, and medal for distinguished conduct in the field); served with the regiment in the South African War, 1900-01, and took part in the operations in the Orange River Colony, May to 29th November 1900, including the action at Ladybrand (mentioned in despatches, Queen's medal with three clasps, King's medal with two clasps); promoted Captain into the Gordon Highlanders, 16th of August 1905.

M'LEOD, HUGH TILGHAM. Ensign, 26th of June 1867; Lieutenant, 1st of November 1871; left the regiment, 14th of February 1872.

M'LEOD, MARTIN. Lieutenant from the 27th Regiment, 18th of September 1816; half-pay, 25th of March 1817; served with the 27th Regiment in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Nivelle, Nive, Orthes, and Toulouse (silver medal with four clasps); subsequently Paymaster of the 25th King's Own Borderers; retired, 15th of January 1830.

M'LEOD, NORMAN. Ensign from half-pay of the 42nd Regiment, 27th of July 1815; half-pay, 8th of March 1821.

MACLEOD, RODERICK WILLOUGHBY, of CADBOLL and INVERGORDON. 2nd Lieutenant, 25th of October 1880; Lieutenant, 1st of July 1881; Captain, 1st of July 1887; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (British medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served in the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86, being present at Kosheh during its investment and at the engagement at Giniss; retired on the 7th of December 1892.

M'MUNN, ROBERT ANDREW, M.D. Surgeon, 18th of September 1840; left the regiment, 7th of July 1846; had formerly served at the bombardment of Antwerp.

M'MURDO, CHARLES EDWARD. Ensign, 17th of November 1854; Lieutenant, 9th of March 1855; Captain, 1st of December 1865; served in the Crimea in 1855, including the siege and fall of Sebastopol and the assault of the 8th of September (medal with clasp and Turkish medal); served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow and the Rohilkund and Oude campaigns (medal with clasp); subsequently served in the Royal Canadian Rifles.

M'NAIR, JOHN MILLER. Ensign, 18th of August 1854; Lieutenant, 9th of February 1855; Captain, 10th of July 1860; exchanged to the 5th Lancers, but subsequently returned to the regiment as Paymaster; served in the Crimea from the 16th of August 1855, including the siege and fall of Sebastopol and the assault of the 8th of September (medal with clasp and Turkish medal); served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow, attack on the fort of Rooyah, actions at Allygunge, Shahjehanpore, and Bareilly, capture of Forts Bunnair and Mahomdie, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, capture of Rampore Kussia, and subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (medal with clasp); served in the Egyptian campaign of 1882 as Paymaster (British medal and Khedive's star); died in London, 28th of January 1891.

MACNEAL, HECTOR, of UGADALE. Ensign, 14th of September 1838; Lieutenant, 29th of January 1841; Captain, 11th of November 1845; retired, 2nd of April 1847; died at Losset Park, Machrihanish, 2nd of October 1905.

M'NEIL, DAVID. Ensign, 1799; out of the regiment in 1800.

M'NEIL, DONALD. Ensign, 16th of December 1795; Lieutenant, 14th of November 1796; Captain, 10th of March 1804; Major, 25th of July 1811; Lieutenant-Colonel, 26th of August 1813; served in the island of Martinique and in the campaign in Holland in 1799, being present at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee (wounded), where he captured a French colonel; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, being present at the battle of Alexandria, the engagement at Rhamanieh, and the occupation of Cairo (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807 and in the expedition to Sweden in 1808; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Corunna, Vittoria, Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, Orthes, and Toulouse (silver medal with seven clasps, Knight of the Tower and Sword); joined the Portuguese army in 1813, eventually becoming a colonel in that service; retired in June 1826; died at Auchnabaw House, Argyllshire.

M'NEIL, JOHN. Ensign, 25th of March 1805; Lieutenant, 23rd of April 1805; Adjutant, 2nd Battalion, 5th of May 1808; Captain, 29th of October 1812; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807, and in the Peninsular War, being present at the battle of Salamanca and the siege of Burgos.

M'PHEE, ALEXANDER. Ensign, 30th of November 1815; half-pay, 25th of February 1816.

M'PHEE, DONALD. Ensign, from the ranks of the regiment, 15th of December 1808; Lieutenant, 29th of November 1810; half-pay, 2nd of June 1819; served as a volunteer at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807, in the expedition to Sweden in 1808; served in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Corunna, Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse; was also present at the battle of Quatre Bras (wounded).

M'PHEE, JOHN. Ensign, 25th of February 1813; Lieutenant, 17th of July 1815; half-pay, 25th of March 1817; served at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo; died at Rosemarkie, 20th of June 1850.

MACPHERSON, ALEXANDER DUNCAN. 2nd Lieutenant, 7th of September 1898; Lieutenant, 21st of May 1899; Captain, 28th of March 1904; served in the South African War, 1900-02, with the Mounted Infantry, and took part in the operations in the Orange Free State, March to May 1900; in the Transvaal, May and June 1900, including actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and at Diamond Hill; in the Orange River Colony, June to July 1900, including actions in the Wittebergen; in Cape Colony, 1900; in the Transvaal, August to 29th of November 1900, including action at Eland's River; in the Transvaal, 30th of November 1901 to May 1902; in Cape Colony, May 1902 (Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

M'PHERSON, DUNCAN. Ensign, 8th of October 1807; Lieutenant, 19th of July 1810; served in the expedition to Sweden in 1808 and in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battle of Toulouse (wounded); was also present at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo (killed in action).

MACPHERSON, EVAN, of RALIA. Major from the 92nd Highlanders, 24th of June 1813; half-pay, 25th of February 1816; retired, August 1825.

MACRA, Sir JOHN, K.C.H. Ensign, 17th of April 1805; Lieutenant, 5th of September 1805; exchanged to the 27th Regiment, 23rd of December 1812; became Colonel in 1837; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807, in the expedition to Sweden in 1808, and in the Walcheren Expedition in 1809; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battle of Corunna; subsequently served in the Mahratta Wars in India, 1817-19; died at Bruiach, Inverness-shire, in 1847.

M'RAE, FARQUHAR. Ensign, 20th of February 1866; resigned his commission, 2nd of November 1866.

M'VICAR, CHARLES. Lieutenant, 27th of March 1794; promoted Captain into the 116th Foot, 24th of June 1795.

MADDOCK, WILLIAM. Lieutenant from the 29th Regiment, 21st of April 1808; Captain, 12th of October 1815; served at the battle of Quatre Bras (severely wounded); half-pay, 21st of November 1816; died at Bognor, 15th of May 1844.

MAINWARING, WILLIAM ARTHUR. Ensign, 14th of June 1842; Lieutenant, 12th of April 1844; Captain, 27th of October 1848; retired in 1852; died in May 1854.

MAITLAND, ADAM (*Dundrennan*). Ensign, 9th of June 1846; Lieutenant, 11th of June 1847; Adjutant, 11th of July 1854; Captain, 11th of August 1854; served in the Crimea in 1854, being present at the battle of the Alma; died in the Crimea, 7th of October 1854.

MAITLAND, Sir ALEXANDER CHARLES GIBSON, Baronet, of SAUCHIE. Ensign, 8th of July 1838; retired, 22nd of February 1840.

MAITLAND, Honourable ALFRED HENRY. Third son of the 13th Earl of Lauderdale. 2nd Lieutenant, 27th of June 1894; Lieutenant, 6th of April 1898; Captain, 27th of November 1899; Adjutant, 2nd Battalion, 21st of November 1901; served in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); served in the South African War, 1900-01, and took part in the operations in the Orange Free State, April and May 1900, including the action at Zand River; in the Transvaal, May and June, including the actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and at Diamond Hill; in the Orange River Colony, May to 29th November 1900, including the actions in the Wittebergen and at Ladybrand; in Cape Colony in 1900 (Queen's medal with five clasps).

MAITLAND, KEITH RAMSAY (*Sauchie*). Ensign, 4th of July 1845; Lieutenant, 25th of August 1846; Captain, 24th of December 1852; Brevet-Major, 20th of July 1858; Major, 16th of March 1860; Lieutenant-Colonel, 2nd of March 1872; half-pay, 19th of October 1872; served in the Crimea, 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava, and the siege and fall of Sebastopol (medal with three clasps and Turkish medal); served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow, attack on the fort of Rooyah, actions at Allygunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, capture of Forts Bunniar and Mahomdie, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, capture of Rampore Kussia, and subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (brevet of Major, medal with clasps); served with the Sikkim Field Force in 1861 (mentioned in despatches); died in Edinburgh, 30th of October 1893.

MAITLAND, PELHAM. Ensign, 18th of July 1815; half-pay, 11th of July 1816.

MAITLAND, THOMAS. Ensign, 23rd of August 1844; retired, 27th of June 1845.

MALCOLM, HENRY HUNTLY LEITH (*Glenmorag*). Lieutenant from the 42nd Highlanders, 29th of September 1880; Captain, 24th of August 1885; Major, 3rd of April 1897; Lieutenant-Colonel, 3rd of April 1902; Colonel, 3rd of April 1905; half-pay, 3rd of April 1906; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (twice wounded, medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served throughout the Nile Expedition, 1884-85, on special service as Staff Captain with the whaler boats (clasp); served in the South African War, 1901-02, and took part, as second in command, in the operations in the Orange Free State, March to May 1900, including the actions at Vet River and Zand River; in the Transvaal, May and June 1900, including the actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and at Diamond Hill; in the Orange River Colony, July to 29th of November 1900, including the actions in the Wittebergen and at Ladybrand (mentioned in despatches, D.S.O.); commanded the battalion in the operations in the Eastern Transvaal in 1901, including the action

at Lake Chrissie; in the Western Transvaal, and on Zululand frontier of Natal, 1901 (mentioned in despatches, Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

MALL, ALEXANDER. Captain, from an independent company, 3rd of June 1795; transferred as Major to the 44th Regiment, 17th of January 1797; served in the island of Martinique.

MANNERS, ROBERT. Ensign, 11th of August 1825; transferred to the 50th Regiment, 31st of December 1830; rejoined the regiment, 18th of January 1831; Captain, 8th of July 1837; retired, 3rd of April 1840.

MARSHALL, JOHN. Exchanged as Captain from the 91st Regiment, 6th of October 1825; retired on half-pay, 15th of January 1829; served with the 91st Regiment at the action of Lugo, the battles of Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Orthes (severely wounded), the investment of Bayonne, and siege of Pampeluna (wounded, medal with seven clasps).

MARSHALL, WILLIAM. Ensign, 7th of November 1799; Lieutenant, 25th of June 1803; Captain, 19th of July 1810; Major, 29th of July 1824; Lieutenant-Colonel, 1st of January 1838; retired, 17th of September 1839; served in the expedition to Ferrol in 1800 and in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, being present at the battle of Alexandria and subsequent advance to Cairo (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); served in the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807, in the expedition to Sweden in 1808, and in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the defence of Cadiz and the battles of Corunna, Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor, Salamanca, Burgos (wounded), Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse (wounded, silver medal with eight clasps); was also present at the battle of Quatre Bras (severely wounded, right arm amputated); subsequently served with the army of occupation in France; appointed Inspecting Field Officer of Militia in Canada, 16th of July 1830; died at Dandaluth, Morayshire, in 1871.

MATHESON, DAVID. Ensign, 28th of July 1814; Lieutenant, 12th of March 1818; retired on half-pay, 28th of June 1836.

MATHESON, JAMES SUTHERLAND MACKAY (*Lewis*). 2nd Lieutenant from 3rd (Militia) Battalion, 17th of October 1900; Lieutenant, 8th of May 1904; served in the South African War, 1901-02, and took part in the operations in the Transvaal, March 1901 to May 1902; in Cape Colony in May 1902 (Queen's medal with five clasps).

MATTHIAS, GEORGE. Captain, 8th of July 1826; retired in 1835 and became a Chaplain to the Forces; subsequently held the appointment of Chaplain to Chelsea Hospital.

MAULE, Honourable FOX. Eldest son of the 1st Baron Panmure. Ensign, 3rd of June 1819; Lieutenant, 29th of July 1824; Captain, 8th of April 1826; retired, 5th of April 1831; succeeded as 2nd Baron Panmure and 11th Earl of Dalhousie on the 19th of December 1860; Secretary at War, July 1846 to February 1852, and again during the

Crimean War; Lord-Lieutenant of Forfarshire, June 1849; Keeper of the Privy Seal of Scotland, May 1853; G.C.B. (civil) and K.T.; died, 6th of July 1874.

MAULE, Honourable LAUDERDALE. Second son of the 1st Baron Panmure. Captain from the 95th Regiment, 21st of August 1835; Major, 11th of May 1839; Lieutenant-Colonel, 14th of June 1842; commanded the regiment from the 14th of June 1842 to the 24th of December 1852; died in Turkey on the 1st of August 1854, whilst on the Staff of the army as Assistant Adjutant-General.

MAXWELL, WILLIAM CRAIG (*Dargavel*). Ensign, 18th of May 1832; Lieutenant, 13th of March 1835; Captain, 21st of August 1840; exchanged to the 95th Regiment in 1840.

MAXWELL, WILLIAM JARDINE (*Munches*). 2nd Lieutenant, 10th of August 1904.

MEIKLEJOHN, KENNETH FORBES. 2nd Lieutenant, 27th of February 1904.

METCALFE, THOMAS LEVET. Ensign, 5th of August 1799; Lieutenant, 23rd of May 1800; Captain, 25th of April 1805; served in the expedition to Ferrol in 1800 and in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, being present at the battle of Alexandria (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); appointed to the 6th Veteran Battalion, 22nd of April 1813.

METHUEN, CHARLES LUCAS. Ensign, 1st of April 1863; Lieutenant, 30th of November 1866; retired, 16th of July 1873; died at Clifton in 1905.

METHUEN, HENRY CHARLES. 2nd Lieutenant, 6th of December 1905.

MIERS, CAPEL HENRY. Captain, from the Royal Canadian Rifles, 5th of May 1869; Major, 1st of July 1881; retired, 15th of August 1883; served during the Fenian raid in 1866 (Canadian service medal with clasp).

MIERS, DOUGLAS NATHANIEL CARLETON CAPEL. 2nd Lieutenant from 2nd (Militia) Battalion, 6th of June 1896; Lieutenant, 7th of September 1898; Captain, 7th of March 1901; served in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battle of the Atbara (British medal and Khedive's medal with clasp); served in the South African War, 1900-01, and took part in the operations in the Orange Free State, February to May 1900, including the actions at Vet River and Zand River; in the Transvaal in June 1900; in the Orange River Colony, May to 29th of November 1900, including the actions in the Wittebergen and at Ladybrand; in Cape Colony in 1900 (mentioned in despatches, Queen's medal with four clasps). He was awarded the bronze medal of the Royal Humane Society for saving the life of Lieutenant Maturin, Royal Artillery, in the Vaal river on the 8th of December 1900.

MILLBANK, FREDERICK. Ensign, 29th of December 1837; Lieutenant, 3rd of April 1840; retired, 2nd of August 1842; M.P. for the North Riding of Yorkshire, 1865 to 1885; created a Baronet, 16th of May 1882; died, 24th of October 1892.

MILLER, GEORGE MURRAY, C.B. Ensign, 30th of January 1846; Lieutenant, 2nd of April 1847; Captain, 4th of August 1854; Brevet-Major, 26th of April 1859; Major, 2nd of May 1865; Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, 4th of June 1870; Lieutenant-Colonel, 19th of October 1872; Colonel, 25th of March 1877; Major-General, 31st of August 1882; served in the Crimea, 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava and the siege of Sebastopol (medal with three clasps and Turkish medal); served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow (severely wounded), the capture of Rampore Kussia, and subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (mentioned in despatches, brevet of Major, medal with clasp); served in the North-West Frontier of India against the Mohmund tribes in 1864 (medal); commanded the regiment from October 1872 to October 1877.

MILLER, JAMES. Captain, 20th of June 1798; left the regiment in 1799.

MILLER, T. Assistant-Surgeon, May 1854; resigned, 24th November 1854.

MILLER, WILLIAM BOWEN. Surgeon from the Sicilian Regiment, 25th of February 1808; half-pay, 24th of May 1821; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the defence of Cadiz and the battles of Busaco and Fuentes d'Onor; died at Chatham in 1821.

MILLOWAY, CHARLES P. Ensign, 4th of April 1804; half-pay in 1805.

MILLS, JAMES. Lieutenant, from half-pay, 26th of February 1829; exchanged to the 30th Foot, 30th of September 1829.

MITCHELL, FRANCIS M'Ewen. 2nd Lieutenant, from the 1st Volunteer Battalion, 5th of May 1900; served in the South African War, 1901-02, including operations in the Transvaal, March to September 1901, and October 1901 to 31st of May 1902; operations in Cape Colony, May 1902 (Queen's medal with five clasps); resigned on the 21st of January 1903.

MITCHELL, JOHN. Captain and Brevet-Major from the 19th Light Dragoons, 8th of April 1825; Major, 1st of June 1826; half-pay, 10th of January 1837; Colonel, 11th of November 1851; served with the 1st Foot in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809 and in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Busaco and Fuentes d'Onor and the action at Sabugal (medal with two clasps); served in the expedition to Stralsund in 1813 and the campaign in Holland in 1814.

MITCHELL-INNES, CECIL. Captain, from the Leinster Regiment, 1st of December 1898; retired and was appointed Chief Constable of Lincolnshire, 28th of October 1903.

MITFORD, PHILIP. 2nd Lieutenant, 4th of January 1899; Lieutenant, 24th of November 1899; Captain, 17th of May 1905; served in the South African War, 1901-2, on the Staff, and took part in the operations in the Transvaal, July and August 1901, and January to 31st of May 1902; in the Orange River Colony, September to December 1901; on the Zululand frontier of Natal in September and October 1901 (Queen's medal with five clasps).

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MOCKLER, EDWARD. Surgeon from the 54th Regiment, 9th of October 1840; exchanged to the 15th Hussars, 29th of December 1840.

MOFFATT, WILLIAM. Paymaster, 23rd of May 1805; served in the Peninsular War; died near Lisbon, 19th of October 1810.

MONEY, GORDON LORN CAMPBELL. Ensign, 8th of February 1868; Lieutenant, 28th of October 1871; Adjutant, 19th of December 1879; Captain, 18th of August 1880; Major, 1st of February 1884; Lieutenant-Colonel Commanding, 21st of May 1894; Brevet-Colonel, 23rd of January 1895; served in the Nile Expedition, 1884-85 (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86, as Assistant Military Secretary to Lieutenant-General Sir F. Stephenson, K.C.B., being present at the engagement at Giniss (mentioned in despatches, D.S.O., 4th Class of the Osmanieh); commanded the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (twice mentioned in despatches, C.B., British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); A.D.C. to the Queen; subsequently commanded the troops in Ceylon as Brigadier-General.

MONRO, WILLIAM. Ensign, 10th of October 1834; Lieutenant, 27th of December 1837; Captain, 14th of June 1842; retired in 1854.

MOORSOM, WILLIAM SCARTH. Ensign, 27th of February 1823; exchanged to the 7th Fusiliers, 12th of February 1825.

MORISON, DUNCAN MAITLAND (*Mountblairy*). 2nd Lieutenant from 3rd (Militia) Battalion, 22nd of May 1907.

MORLEY, GEORGE LYDDON. Ensign, 21st of September 1860; transferred to the Commissariat Department, 30th of June 1865.

MORLEY, JAMES ALEXANDER. Captain, 16th of August 1797; out of the regiment in 1798.

MORRISON, Rev. CHARLES. Appointed Chaplain, 22nd of June 1858; retired, 7th of November 1871; served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow (medal with clasp); died, December 1890.

MORRISON, JOHN WHITEFORD. Ensign, 26th of August 1807; Lieutenant, 17th of August 1809; served in the expedition to Sweden in 1808 and in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Corunna, Salamanca, and the siege of Burgos (silver medal with two clasps); appointed to the 9th Veteran Battalion, 20th of October 1820.

MORRITT, HENRY. Captain, 16th of March 1797; half-pay of an independent company in 1799.

MOUNSTEVEN, T. W. BLEWETT. Paymaster, 10th of June 1836; half-pay, May 1847; served with the 28th Regiment at the battle of Waterloo (severely wounded, medal).

MURDOCH, ARCHIBALD JOSÉ CAMPBELL. 2nd Lieutenant, 14th of May 1897; Lieutenant, 2nd of November 1898; served in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); served in the South African War in 1900 with the Mounted Infantry, and took part in the operations in the Orange Free State, March to May 1900; in the Transvaal, May and June 1900, including actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and at Diamond Hill; in the Orange River Colony, June to July 1900, including actions in the Wittebergen; was killed in action during a night attack on General Clements' camp at Nooitgedacht, Transvaal, 13th of December 1900.

MURE, WILLIAM. Ensign, 22nd of October 1847; Lieutenant, 11th of July 1851; Captain, 29th of December 1854; served with the 60th Rifles in the Punjab campaign, 1848-49, including the siege of Mooltan and the storming of the Citadel, the battle of Goojerat, the pursuit of the Sikh army under Rajah Shere Singh until its final surrender at Rawal Pindie, the occupation of Attock and Peshawur, and the expulsion of the Afghan forces under the Ameer Dost Mahomed beyond the Khyber Pass (medal); served with the regiment in the Crimea, being present at the battles of Alma and Balaclava and at the siege of Sebastopol (medal with three clasps and Turkish medal); appointed Lieutenant and Captain in the Scots Fusilier Guards, 29th of December 1854.

MURRAY, ALEXANDER BRUCE (*Polmaise*). Ensign, 18th of March 1859; Lieutenant, 10th of May 1861; Captain, 5th of April 1872; retired with the rank of Major, 29th of September 1880.

MURRAY, Honourable ANDREW DAVID. Second son of Viscount Stormont and grandson of the 4th Earl of Mansfield. Lieutenant, from the Yorkshire Regiment, 24th of December 1884; Captain, 11th of March 1893; Brevet-Major, 16th of November 1898; Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, December 1900; served in the Nile Expedition of 1885 (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86, being present at Kosheh during its investment and at the engagement at Giniss; served in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum; commanded "E" Company, which was selected to accompany Sir H. Kitchener on proceeding to hoist the British flag at Fashoda (three times mentioned in despatches, brevet of Major, British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); served in the South African War in command of Lovat's Scouts, 1900-01, and took part in the operations in the Orange Free State, February to May 1900; in the Transvaal in June 1900, including the actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and at Diamond Hill; in the Orange River Colony, June to November 1900, including the actions in the Wittebergen; in Cape Colony in 1901 (mentioned in despatches, brevet of Lieutenant-Colonel); killed in action during a night attack made by the Boers, under Commandant Kritzinger, on the camp of Lovat's Scouts on the 20th of September 1901.

MURRAY, Honourable EDWARD OLIPHANT. Second son of the 10th Baron Elibank. 2nd Lieutenant, 26th of January 1892; Lieutenant, 14th of June 1893; Captain, 24th of May 1898; served in the South African War in 1901 as Adjutant of Lovat's Scouts, and took part in the operations in Cape Colony, July to September 1901; killed in action during a night attack made by the Boers, under Commandant Kritzinger, on the camp of Lovat's Scouts on the 20th of September 1901.

MURRAY, HENRY. Ensign, 1st of June 1841; Lieutenant, 23rd of August 1843; Captain, 12th of December 1851; retired in 1857; served in the Crimea in 1855, including the siege and fall of Sebastopol and the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal and clasp and Turkish medal).

MURRAY, HENRY AUGUSTUS. Ensign, 29th of March 1844; Lieutenant, 11th of November 1845; retired, 31st of December 1847.

MURRAY, Lord JAMES, K.C.H. Second son of the 4th Duke of Atholl. Major from the 10th Light Dragoons, 25th of March 1805; Lieutenant-Colonel 2nd Battalion Royal Manx Fencibles, 26th of February 1806; Colonel and A.D.C. to the King, 4th of June 1813; Major-General, 12th of August 1819; created Baron Glenlyon, 17th of July 1821; Lieutenant-General, 10th of January 1831; died, 12th of October 1837.

MURRAY, Lord JAMES THOMAS STEWART. Fourth son of the 7th Duke of Atholl. 2nd Lieutenant, 3rd of January 1900; Lieutenant, 29th of May 1901; served in the South African War, 1900-02, and took part in the operations in the Transvaal in May and June 1900, including the actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and at Diamond Hill; in the Orange River Colony, May to November 1900, including the actions in the Wittebergen and at Ladybrand; in the Transvaal, January to October 1901; employed with the Scottish Horse in the Eastern and Western Transvaal and in Cape Colony from the 25th of October 1901 until the close of the war (Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

MURRAY, Sir JOHN, K.C.H., of DUNERNE. Exchanged as Colonel from the 84th Regiment in 1806; appointed to command the Royal Regiment of Malta, 23rd of February 1808; General, 27th of May 1825; served in Flanders, 1793-94, being present at the attack on the French lines at Famars, at the sieges of Valenciennes and Dunkirk, the battle of Maubeuge, and the actions at Cambresis and Tournay; served at the capture of the Cape of Good Hope; commanded the army in the war with Scindiah and during a considerable time in the war with Holkar; commanded the King's German Legion in the expedition to Portugal under Sir John Moore; was present at the siege of Tarragona in 1813; died at Frankfort-on-Maine, 15th of October 1827.

MURRAY-AYNESLEY, JAMES ATHOLE. Ensign, 21st of February 1840; Lieutenant, 14th of June 1842; Captain, 26th of June 1846; retired, 27th of October 1848; died, 28th of March 1869.

MYLNE, THOMAS. Ensign, 1799; Lieutenant, 28th of March 1800; Captain, 24th of April 1805; Brevet-Major, 18th of June 1815; retired in 1821; served in the expedition to Ferrol in 1800 and in the Egyptian campaign in 1801, being present at the battle of Alexandria (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807 and in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the defence of Cadiz and the battles of Busaco, Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse (severely wounded); was also present at the battle of Quatre Bras (severely wounded).

NAPIER, Sir ROBERT, Baronet, of MILLIKEN. Ensign, 7th of August 1835; Lieutenant, 14th of September 1838; Captain, 12th of April 1844; retired, 9th of June 1846; died, 4th of December 1884.

NAPIER, ROBERT FRANCIS LADEVEZE (*Milliken*). Lieutenant, 29th of November 1876; Captain, 14th of July 1883; Major, 4th of October 1893; served throughout the Nile Expedition, 1884-85 (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served in the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86, being present at Kosheh during its investment and at the engagement at Giniss (mentioned in despatches, 4th Class of the Medjidie); served in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battle of the Atbara (mortally wounded); died in Cairo, 23rd of May 1898.

NASH, JOHN. Ensign, 18th of November 1813; Lieutenant, 19th of July 1815; half-pay, 25th of March 1817; served at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo (wounded).

NETTLESHIP, ARTHUR JOHN. Paymaster, 9th of March 1885; served in the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86 (medal and Khedive's star); left the regiment in 1888.

NEWHOUSE, CHARLES B. Ensign, 6th of April 1825; Lieutenant, 1st of August 1826; retired, 25th of June 1829.

NEWPORT, SIMON GEORGE. Captain from the 39th Regiment in 1859; died in India, 6th of December 1860.

NICHOLSON, ARTHUR DAVID. 2nd Lieutenant, 21st of October 1893; Lieutenant, 1st of June 1896; Captain, 12th of July 1899; served in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battle of Khartoum (twice wounded, mentioned in despatches, British medal, and Khedive's medal with clasp); served in the South African War, 1900-02, and took part in the operations in the Orange Free State, February to May 1900, including the action at Vet River; in the Transvaal, January to September 1901, and October 1901 to March 1902; in Orange River Colony, 30th of November 1900 to January 1901; on the Zululand frontier of Natal, September and October 1901; in Cape Colony, March to 31st of May 1902; served latterly on the Staff (Queen's medal with three clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

O'CONNOR, OGLE NISBETT. Ensign, 15th of October 1812; Lieutenant in 1815; retired, 25th of June 1829.

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OLDHAM, Sir HENRY HUGH, C.V.O. Captain from the 48th Regiment, 31st of October 1871; Major, 1st of July 1881; Lieutenant-Colonel, half-pay, 1st of July 1886; served with the China Expeditionary Force in 1860, being present at the actions of Sinhoo and Tangku, assault and capture of North Taku Fort, and surrender of Pekin (medal with two clasps); served in the Cossyah and Jynteah campaign in 1863-64 (mentioned in despatches); appointed to the Honourable Corps of Gentlemen-at-Arms in 1887; Lieutenant of the corps in 1891; knighted in 1897.

ORDE, ROBERT FRANCIS. Ensign, 23rd of August 1833; left the regiment in 1835.

ORE, JAMES ALEXANDER. Surgeon from the 8th Hussars, 6th of December 1839; exchanged to the 22nd Regiment, 12th of December 1840; died at Dinapore, East Indies, 2nd of July 1843.

ORR, ALEXANDER. Ensign, 24th of October 1806; Lieutenant, 16th of December 1807; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807; drowned at Cowes, 15th of July 1809.

ORR, JOHN ARTHUR. 2nd Lieutenant, from the Manchester Regiment, 5th of April 1899; Lieutenant, 6th of June 1900; Adjutant, 5th of December 1904; Captain, 23rd of October 1905; served in the South African War, 1900-02, and took part in the operations in the Orange Free State, February to May 1900, including the actions at Vet River and Zand River; in the Transvaal, May and June 1900, including the actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and at Diamond Hill; in the Orange River Colony, June to November 1900, including the actions in the Wittebergen and at Ladybrand; in the Transvaal, January to September 1901, and October 1901 to 31st of May 1902; in the Orange River Colony, November 1900 to January 1901; on the Zululand frontier of Natal, September and October 1901; in Cape Colony, May 1902 (mentioned in despatches, Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

PALMER, THOMAS. Lieutenant, 30th of May 1800; retired in 1802; served in the expedition to Ferrol in 1800 and in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, being present at the battle of Alexandria (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.)

PATTON-BETHUNE, CHARLIE LIONEL. 2nd Lieutenant, 18th of April 1900; Lieutenant, 21st of November 1901; served in the South African War, 1900-02, and took part in the operations in the Orange River Colony, May to November 1900, including the action at Ladybrand; operations in the Transvaal, attached to the Imperial Yeomanry, January to June 1901, and March 1902 to May 1902; in Orange River Colony, 30th of November 1900 to January 1901, and June 1901 to March 1902; on the Zululand frontier of Natal, September and October 1901 (Queen's medal with three clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

PEACOCK, SAMUEL, M.D. Surgeon, 24th of May 1821; retired in 1824; died in Dublin, 9th of May 1835.

PERCIVAL, PHILIP. Ensign, 16th of August 1850; Lieutenant, 6th of June 1854; Captain, 27th of March 1855; Brevet-Major, 1st of April 1870; Major, 19th of October 1872; Lieutenant-Colonel, 1st of October 1877; Colonel, 19th of October 1878; served in the Crimea, 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege of Sebastopol, assault of the 18th of June, and expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps and Turkish medal); served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow, attack on the fort of Rooyah, actions at Allygunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, capture of Forts Bunniar and Mahomdie, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, capture of Rampore Kussia, and subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (medal with clasp); died in January 1903.

PERSTON, DAVID, M.D. Assistant-Surgeon, 18th of October 1810; Surgeon, 17th of February 1825; transferred to 4th Light Dragoons, 15th of March 1831; half-pay, 2nd of March 1847; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the action of Foz d'Aronce, the battle of Salamanca, advance to and occupation of Madrid, and the siege of Burgos (silver medal with one clasp); was also present at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo (Waterloo medal); subsequently served with the army of occupation in France.

PETERS, WILLIAM BIRD. Ensign, 21st of April 1796; exchanged in 1797.

PETRIE, ALEXANDER. Lieutenant, 5th of September 1795; Captain, 26th of October 1796; Major, 28th of May 1807; Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel, 11th of May 1811; retired, 20th of February 1812; served in the campaign in Holland in 1799, being present at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee; served in the expedition to Ferrol in 1800 and in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, being present at the battle of Alexandria and the subsequent advance to Cairo (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Corunna and Fuentes d'Onor (gold medal); died at Swainswick, near Bath, 29th of April 1844.

PLACE, EDWARD GORDON. Ensign, 25th of August 1846; left the regiment in 1847.

POWLING, JOHN. Ensign, 29th of May 1811; Lieutenant, 15th of October 1812; served at the battle of Waterloo (wounded); died, 23rd of October 1815, as a result of his wounds.

PROBYN, JOHN LANGFORD. 2nd Lieutenant, 5th of October 1878; resigned his commission, 25th of February 1880.

PURVIS, PATRICK. Third son of Sir Alexander Purvis, 5th Baronet of Purvis Hall, Berwickshire. Lieutenant, 23rd of July 1807; Captain, 28th of October 1810; served in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battle of Toulouse (killed in action).

QUIN, GEORGE. Lieutenant from the 101st Foot in 1864; retired in 1872.

RAMSAY, Honourable J., of KELLY. Son of the 9th Earl of Dalhousie. Major-General in 1830; appointed Colonel of the regiment, 29th of April 1841; Lieutenant-General in 1841. He had served previously in the 57th Foot and the Gordon Highlanders. Died on the 28th of June 1842.

RAMSAY, JAMES GORDON (*Bowland*). 2nd Lieutenant, 5th of January 1901; Lieutenant, 6th of August 1904; served in the South African War, 1901-02, including the operations in the Transvaal, September 1901 to 31st of May 1902, and in Cape Colony in May 1902 (Queen's medal with five clasps).

RAWDON, JOHN DAWSON. Ensign, 12th of December 1822; transferred to the Coldstream Guards in 1823.

READE, HENRY COOPER. Assistant-Surgeon from 15th Hussars, 29th of December 1840; half-pay, 19th of December 1845; subsequently served in the 71st Highlanders.

REEVE, THOMAS JOHN. Ensign, 11th of May 1839; Lieutenant, 28th of December 1841; Captain, 9th of June 1846; retired, 12th of December 1851.

REID, GEORGE ALEXANDER CARADOC, of SHANDWICK. Lieutenant, 20th of November 1875; Captain, 19th of September 1881; retired in 1883; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); died in July 1901.

RIACH, MALCOLM STEWART. Lieutenant from the Welsh Regiment, 23rd of May 1883; Captain, 7th of December 1891; Major, 2nd of November 1898; Lieutenant-Colonel Commanding 2nd Battalion, 4th of April 1906; served throughout the Nile Expedition, 1884-85 (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served in the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86, being present at Kosheh during its investment, at the reconnaissance on the 16th of December, and at Kosheh as Staff Officer during the engagement at Giniss.

RIACH, WILLIAM ALEXANDER. Ensign, 17th of October 1811; Lieutenant, 17th of June 1813; Captain, 7th of April 1825; Major, 28th of June 1838; retired, 15th of June 1842; served in the Peninsular War, being present with the army covering the siege of Badajos, at the battle of Salamanca, the occupation of Madrid, the siege of Burgos, and in the campaigns of 1811, 1812, and 1813 (silver medal with clasp); was also present at the battle of Quatre Bras (severely wounded), and with the army of occupation in France (Waterloo medal); subsequently served with the regiment in Canada; died at Perth in 1843.

RIDDELL, HENRY JAMES, K.H. Major from the 50th Regiment, 21st of April 1808; exchanged to the Quarter-Master-General's Staff, 4th of February 1810; Lieutenant-Colonel, 4th of June 1813; Major-General, 23rd

of November 1841; Governor of Edinburgh Castle, 1st of January 1847; Lieutenant-General, 11th of November 1851.

RIDESDALE, GEORGE. Surgeon, 9th of September 1813; half-pay in 1817; served at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo; subsequently served in the 15th Hussars; died in India in 1821.

ROBERTON, JOHN ERNEST. 2nd Lieutenant, 27th of July 1901; resigned his commission in 1903.

ROBERTS, EDMUND HUMPHREY. Assistant-Surgeon, July 1857; Surgeon, 7th of August 1866; Surgeon-Major, 12th of June 1876; Deputy-Surgeon-General, May 1886; served in the Indian Mutiny campaign in 1858, including the siege and capture of Lucknow, attack on the fort of Rooyah, action at Allygunge, and capture of Bareilly (medal with clasp); died in November 1894.

ROBERTSON, ALEXANDER. Ensign, 15th of June 1809; Lieutenant, 4th of July 1811; half-pay, 1816; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battle of Nive (wounded); died at Wick, 23rd of March 1844.

ROBERTSON, ALEXANDER BROWN. 2nd Lieutenant, 4th of January 1899; Lieutenant, 14th of October 1899; Captain, 26th of April 1905; served in the South African War, 1901-02; took part in the operations in the Orange Free State, March to May 1900, including the actions at Vet River and Zand River; in the Transvaal in May and June 1900, including the actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and at Diamond Hill; in the Orange River Colony, June to November 1900, including the actions in the Wittebergen and at Ladybrand; in the Transvaal, January 1901 to 31st of May 1902; in the Orange River Colony, November 1900 to January 1901; in Cape Colony in May 1902 (mentioned in despatches, Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

ROBERTSON, FULTON. Ensign, 5th of January 1809; Lieutenant, 21st of February 1811; half-pay, 25th of January 1817; served in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor (severely wounded), Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse (silver medal with six clasps); was also present at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo (medal); appointed to the 36th Regiment, 27th of August 1829, and to the 92nd Highlanders as Captain, 7th of February 1834; retired, 19th of June 1835.

ROBERTSON, JAMES. Ensign, from Sergeant-Major of the regiment, 6th of January 1814; Lieutenant, 20th of July 1815; half-pay, 25th of February 1816; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Corunna, Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor, and Salamanca (medal with four clasps); was also present at the battle of Quatre Bras (severely wounded, medal).

ROBERTSON, JAMES. Ensign, 29th of February 1841; Lieutenant, 14th of April 1843; retired, 12th of July 1849.

ROBERTSON, Rev. JAMES, D.D. Chaplain during the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885, being present at Kosheh during its investment, at the reconnaissance on the 16th of December, and at the engagement at Giniss (mentioned in despatches, medal and Khedive's star); served in the South African War, 1899-1902, as Chaplain to the Highland Brigade, being present at the battles of Modder River and Magersfontein, the actions at Koodoosberg, battles of Paardeberg, Poplar Grove, and Driefontein, occupation of Bloemfontein, actions at Waterval, Vet River, Blaauwberg, Roodepoort, and in the Wittebergen (mentioned in despatches, D.S.O., Queen's medal with five clasps, King's medal with two clasps); retired after the war, and became minister of the parish of Methven, Perthshire.

ROBERTSON, LEWIS. 2nd Lieutenant, 22nd of April 1903.

ROBERTSON, ROBERT GILZEAN. Ensign, 27th of June 1845; retired, 30th of January 1846.

ROBERTSON, WILLIAM BUXTON. Ensign, 16th of March 1855; Lieutenant, 16th of June 1857; served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, including the Rohilkund and Oude campaigns (medal); transferred to the 25th King's Own Borderers in 1860.

ROBINSON, JEREMIAH. Captain, 15th of January 1829; half-pay, 22nd of August 1834.

ROBINSON, SAMUEL. Ensign, 16th of March 1808; Lieutenant, 29th of June 1809; retired, 25th of June 1812; served in the Peninsular War.

ROMILLY, FREDERICK. Captain from the 90th Regiment, 24th of August 1834; exchanged to the Scots Fusilier Guards, 25th of September 1835; retired, 1st of August 1848.

ROOKE, GEORGE CHARLES. Captain from the Scots Fusilier Guards, 25th of September 1835; retired, 3rd of June 1838.

ROSE, STAIR. Ensign, 4th of November 1797; served in the campaign in Holland, 1799, being present at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee (killed in action).

ROSE, WILLIAM. Captain, 17th of November 1796; Major, 26th of January 1797; retired in 1799; served in the island of Martinique.

ROSS, ALLAN THEOPHILUS. Captain from half-pay, 29th Regiment, 29th of January 1882; half-pay, 5th of January 1884.

ROSS, JOHN. Lieutenant, 4th of July 1798; out of the regiment in 1799.

ROSS, PATRICK. Lieutenant, 20th of June 1798; served in the campaign in Holland in 1799, being present at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee; served in the expedition to Ferrol in 1800 and in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, being present at the battle of Alexandria (severely wounded, right arm amputated; gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); exchanged to

the 69th Regiment, 22nd of December 1803, and was killed at the storming of Fort Cornelis, Java, on the 26th of August 1811.¹

ROWLEY, GEORGE. Major from the 38th Regiment, 16th of April 1794; out of the regiment in 1794.

ROWLEY, HENRY FREDERICK. Ensign, 9th of April 1861; transferred to the 78th Highlanders, 26th of May 1865.

RUSE, JOHN. Lieutenant from the Cape Regiment, 28th of April 1808; died in 1809.

RUTHERFORD, JOHN. Captain from the 98th Argyllshire Regiment of Foot, 14th of January 1795; resigned, 6th of February 1796.

SANDILANDS, JAMES WALTER. 2nd Lieutenant, 24th of March 1897; Lieutenant, 28th of September 1898; Captain, 29th of May 1901; served in the Soudan campaign in 1898, being present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (mentioned in despatches, British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); served in the South African War, 1900-01, with the Mounted Infantry, and took part in the operations in the Orange Free State, March to May 1900; in the Transvaal in May and June 1900, including the actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and at Diamond Hill, and from July to 29th November 1900, including the action at Elands

¹ Lieutenant Patrick Ross was a most gallant officer. His wound necessitated the amputation of his arm, but so great was his zeal and determination that within three weeks he returned to regimental duty and went on outlying picquet. His father, Mr William Ross, late tacksman of Brae, in Ross-shire, evinced similar qualities early in life. In the summer of 1746, when so many gentlemen who had been engaged in the rebellion were forced to take refuge in the woods and mountains, and when the troops were quartered on their estates, Ross of Pitcalney, a chieftain of the clan, was an object of more than ordinary search, having joined Prince Charlie in opposition to the remonstrances and threats of his uncle, the Lord President Forbes. As no concealment from the people was necessary, Pitcalney was in the habit of sleeping in bad weather in his tenants' houses, but always going to one or other of his hiding-places before daylight in case of a search of the house by the troops. One night he slept in the farmhouse at Brae, and, remaining later in the morning than ordinarily, Mr Ross, then a lad of fifteen, was directed by his father to accompany Pitcalney through the most unfrequented parts of the woods in case the troops should be stirring at that late hour of the day. The lad had per-

formed his task, and was returning home, when he met a party of soldiers who knew him, and, suspecting where he had been, questioned him very sharply about Pitcalney's retreat. He pleaded total ignorance, and, persisting in doing so, they threatened to shoot him or hang him on the next tree—a menace which, in those times, was the usual mode of extorting confession. But this having no effect they proceeded to action, and tied him up to a tree, placing four men before him with their pieces ready to fire if he still denied what they were sensible he knew. But all in vain; neither the fear of death nor the previous preparation, which, to a boy of his age, must have been sufficiently trying, could induce him to betray the friend and landlord of his father, so strong were the principles instilled thus early by the instruction of his parents and the example of his countrymen. The party, either respecting the boy's firmness or not wishing to carry matters to extremity, released him and allowed him to go home. When he told the story he always concluded—“When I shut my eyes, waiting to be shot, I expected to open them again in heaven.” Such was the father of the brave Lieutenant Patrick Ross.—General Stewart's Book, ‘History of the Highland Regiments.’

River; in the Orange River Colony, June to November 1900, including the actions in the Wittebergen; in Cape Colony in 1900; in the Transvaal, 30th November 1900 to January 1901 (dangerously wounded, mentioned in despatches, D.S.O., Queen's medal with five clasps).

SCOBELL, WILLIAM LEAPER. Ensign, 7th of December 1826; Lieutenant, 18th of May 1832; retired, 25th of October 1833.

SCOT, THOMAS GOLDIE, of CRAIGMUIRE. Assistant-Surgeon, 23rd of September 1845; surgeon, 18th of February 1853; Surgeon-Major, 14th of December 1861; retired on half-pay as Deputy-Inspector-General, 7th of June 1867; served in the Crimea, 1854-55, including the battle of Alma and siege and fall of Sebastopol (medal with two clasps, 5th Class of the Medjidie, and Turkish medal); served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow and the Rohilkund and Oude campaigns (medal with clasp); died in 1874.

SCOTT, JOHN. Ensign, 27th of October 1848; served in the Crimea, 1854, being present at the battle of the Alma; transferred as Captain to the Scots Fusilier Guards during the war.

SCOTT, Sir WILLIAM, Baronet, of ANCRUM. Captain from the 34th Regiment, 21st of July 1848; retired in 1854; died, 21st of May 1902.

SCOTT, WILLIAM ANGEL. 2nd Lieutenant from the 31st Regiment, 6th of December 1879; Lieutenant, 21st of July 1880; resigned his commission, 13th of November 1884; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1882 (medal and Khedive's star); served in the Soudan Expedition of 1884 as A.D.C. to Major-General Sir Gerald Graham, V.C., K.C.B., being present at the actions of El Teb and Tamaii (mentioned in despatches, two clasps); Major in the 3rd Battalion Black Watch, 17th of March 1897; served with the Black Watch in the South African War, 1899-1901, and took part in the operations in the Orange Free State, February to May 1900, including the action at Vet River, and in the Orange River Colony, including the action at Rhenoster River; served as Assistant Press Censor, and afterwards as Press Censor, on the Lines of Communication (medal with two clasps); subsequently became Hon. Lieutenant-Colonel and a member of the Honourable Corps of Gentlemen-at-Arms.

SCOTT-ELLIOT, ADAM (Arkleton). 2nd Lieutenant, 23rd of October 1880; Lieutenant, 1st of July 1881; Captain, 22nd of October 1890; Major, 19th of May 1898; Lieutenant-Colonel commanding 1st Battalion, 9th of March 1905; Brevet-Colonel, 9th of March 1908; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served in the Nile Expedition, 1884-85 (clasp), and throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86, in command of the Cameron Division of the Camel Corps, being present at the engagement at Giniss.

SCOTT-KERR, FRANCIS LOUIS (Chatto and Sunlaws). 2nd Lieutenant, 17th of July 1889; Lieutenant, 26th of February 1891; Captain, 24th of July

1895 ; retired, 19th of December 1902 ; served in the South African War in the operations in the Transvaal, February to May 1902 (Queen's medal with three clasps).

SCOVELL, GEORGE JULIAN SELWYN. 2nd Lieutenant, 11th of August 1900 ; Lieutenant, 16th of April 1904 ; Adjutant, 5th of December 1907 ; served in the South African War, 1901-02, including the operations in the Transvaal, March to September 1901 and October 1901 to May 1902 ; on the Zululand frontier of Natal in September and October 1901 ; in Cape Colony in May 1902 (Queen's medal with five clasps).

SCOVELL, GEORGE THOMAS. Ensign, 6th of June 1854 ; Lieutenant, 8th of October 1854 ; Captain, 12th of June 1857 ; retired in 1866 ; served in the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1858, including the siege and capture of Lucknow (medal with clasp).

SCULTHORPE, G. K. Ensign, 6th of September 1795 ; out of the regiment in 1796.

SEDLEY, FREDERICK. Captain from the 5th Lancers, 9th of May 1871 ; exchanged to the 48th Foot, 1st of November 1871 ; served in the China War in 1860 (medal).

SEWELL, WILLIAM HENRY, C.B. Major-General, 9th of November 1846 ; Colonel of the regiment, 24th of March 1854 ; served on the Staff in the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Corunna, Talavera, and Busaco, the action on the Coa, the sieges of Ciudad Rodrigo, Badajos, and San Sebastian ; the battles of Nivelle, Nive, and the sorties from Bayonne ; the battles of Orthes and Toulouse (silver medal with ten clasps) ; died at Florence on the 13th of March 1862.

SHAND, WILLIAM JORIE. 2nd Lieutenant, 4th of January 1899 ; Lieutenant, 27th of December 1899 ; served in the South African War, 1900-01, and took part in the operations in the Orange Free State, March to May 1900, including the actions at Vet River and Zand River ; in the Transvaal, May and June 1900, including the actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and at Diamond Hill ; in the Orange River Colony, June to November 1900, including the actions in the Wittebergen and at Ladybrand, and from November 1900 to January 1901 ; appointed Adjutant of Damant's Horse, 21st of April 1901 ; mortally wounded during an action at Taffel Kop, in the vicinity of Heilbron ; died, 22nd of December 1901.

SHAW, NORMAN DALRYMPLE. 2nd Lieutenant, 18th of January 1902 ; Lieutenant, 17th of May 1905 ; served in the South African War in 1902, including the operations in the Transvaal, April to 31st of May 1902, and in Cape Colony in May 1902 (Queen's medal with four clasps).

SHORT, JOHN, M.D. Surgeon, 25th of March 1824 ; transferred to the 24th Regiment, 23rd of April 1835 ; Deputy-Inspector-General, 10th of November 1843 ; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the defence of Cadiz ; served also in the American War of 1812.

SIMMS, Rev. JOHN MORROW, D.D. Served as Chaplain in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); served in the South African War, 1900-01, as Senior Presbyterian Chaplain (Queen's medal with five clasps); served in the Somaliland Expedition in 1904 (mentioned in despatches, medal with clasp).

SIMPSON, JAMES M. T. Ensign, 4th of April 1856.

SIMPSON, WILLIAM. Quarter-Master, 16th of March 1867; retired as Hon. Captain, 19th of April 1878; served in the Crimea, 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege and fall of Sebastopol, the assaults of the 18th of June and the 8th of September, and the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps and Turkish medal); served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow and the Rohilkund and Oude campaigns (medal with clasp).

SINCLAIR, ARCHIBALD. Quarter-Master, 2nd Battalion, 25th of February 1813; Lieutenant in the 3rd Veteran Battalion, 31st of August 1815; served with the regiment in the expedition to Ferrol in 1800 and in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, being present at the battle of Alexandria; served in the expedition to Sweden in 1808 and in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the defence of Cadiz and the battles of Corunna, Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor, Salamanca, and the siege of Burgos; died, 8th of August 1837.

SINCLAIR, Honourable JAMES. Son of the 12th Earl of Caithness. Captain from the 95th Regiment, 8th of April 1825; exchanged to the 92nd Highlanders, 2nd of February 1826; died, 18th of January 1856.

SINCLAIR, JOHN. Ensign, 19th of November 1803; Lieutenant, 14th of March 1805; Captain, 4th of July 1811; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807, in the expedition to Sweden in 1808, and in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battle of Fuentes d'Onor (wounded); was also present at the battle of Quatre Bras (killed in action).

SKENE, CHARLES. Ensign, 12th of April 1833; Lieutenant, 6th of November 1835; Captain, 29th of January 1841; retired, 4th of July 1845; died in Aberdeen, 28th of May 1894.

SLEIGH, EDGAR HUME. 2nd Lieutenant, 7th of May 1902; resigned his commission, but was subsequently reappointed 2nd Lieutenant in the Gordon Highlanders, 3rd of August 1904; transferred to the 5th Lancers, 8th of November 1905.

SMITH, ASTLEY CAMPBELL. Captain from the 25th Regiment, 29th of January 1841; retired, 4th of July 1845.

SMITH, GEORGE. Major, 15th of August 1798; out of the regiment in 1799.

SMITH, GEORGE. Lieutenant from the 72nd Highlanders, 2nd of November 1855; retired in 1859.

SMITH, HASKETT. Ensign, 29th of May 1835; Lieutenant, 8th of June 1838; Captain, 14th of August 1843; retired, 11th of November 1845; died at Bath, 10th of April 1907.

SMITH, HERBERT. 2nd Lieutenant, 18th of April 1900; resigned his commission in 1901.

SMITH, WILLIAM HASKETT. Ensign, 9th of February 1870; Lieutenant, 28th of October 1871; Captain, 29th of September 1880; Major, 9th of February 1885; retired with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, 4th of October 1893; served throughout the Nile Expedition, 1884-85 (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served in the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86, being present at Kosheh during its investment, at the reconnaissance on the 16th of December, and at the engagement at Giniss.

SMYTH, JOHN STEWART. Ensign, 10th of September 1825; Lieutenant, 5th of April 1831; Captain, 29th of December 1837; retired, 14th of April 1843.

SMYTHE, DAVID MURRAY (*Methven*). Sub-Lieutenant, 8th of May 1872; Lieutenant, 8th of May 1874; retired in 1878.

SODEN, AMBROSE. Lieutenant, 31st of May 1795; Captain, 11th of May 1797; superseded, 17th of September 1803; served in the campaign in Holland in 1799, being present at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee; served in the expedition to Ferrol in 1800, and in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, being present at the battle of Alexandria (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.)

SODEN, JOHN SMITH. Assistant-Surgeon, 26th of June 1800; retired, 16th of April 1803; served in the expedition to Ferrol in 1800, and in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, being present at the battle of Alexandria (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.)

SOREL-CAMERON, GEORGE CECIL MINETT. 2nd Lieutenant, 5th of April 1893; Lieutenant, 7th of December 1895; Captain, 21st of May 1899; served in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps).

SOUTER, THOMAS. Served in the ranks of the regiment in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (mentioned in despatches, promoted to a Lieutenancy in the Black Watch, medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served with the Black Watch in the Nile Expedition, 1884-85, being present at the engagement of Kirbekan (two clasps); served with the Egyptian army in the advance to Dongola in 1896 (4th Class of the Medjidie, Egyptian medal with clasp); commanded the East African Rifles in the operations against the Ogaden Somalis in 1901 (medal with clasp); promoted to Major in the Cameron Highlanders on the 30th of August 1899; served in the South African War, 1901-02 (Queen's medal with three clasps); died at Inverness, whilst in command of the regimental depot, 15th of April 1904.

STEELE, THOMAS. Captain, 3rd of September 1795; transferred to the recruiting service in 1797.

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STEPNEY, HERBERT HERBERT. Ensign, 29th of July 1862; Lieutenant, 5th of August 1864; resigned his commission, 8th of February 1868.

STEVENSON, HENRY HALFORD. Ensign, 29th of June 1849; Lieutenant, 24th of December 1852; Captain, 29th of December 1854; Brevet-Major, 20th of July 1858; half-pay, 23rd of October 1860; served in the Crimea, 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege and fall of Sebastopol, assaults of the 18th of June and 8th of September 1855, and the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps, 5th Class of the Medjidie, Sardinian and Turkish medals); served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow; acted as Brigade-Major from February 1858 to the close of the Lucknow campaign (frequently mentioned in despatches, brevet of Major, medal with clasp); died, 7th of May 1892.

STEWART, ALEXANDER. Ensign, 23rd of August 1793; promoted Lieutenant into the 100th Gordon Highlanders, when they were raised on the 12th of February 1794.

STEWART, DUNCAN. Quarter-Master, 17th of August 1793; exchanged out of the regiment in 1797.

STEWART, FRANCIS, of LESMURDIE. Major, 9th of August 1799; Lieutenant-Colonel, 1st of January 1800; half-pay, 17th of February 1800; Major-General, 4th of June 1813; died in London, 25th of April 1824.

STEWART, P. DUNCAN. Lieutenant from half-pay of the 74th Highlanders, 19th of August 1793; Captain, 1st of December 1794; out of the regiment in 1799.

STEWART, ROBERT (*Culgruff*). Ensign, 13th of July 1855; Lieutenant, 17th of June 1859; Adjutant, 18th of February 1859; retired in 1863; served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow and the Rohilkund and Oude campaigns; died, 27th of December 1902.

STEWART, WILLIAM MURRAY. 2nd Lieutenant from the West Riding Regiment, 4th of December 1895; Lieutenant, 19th of May 1898; Captain, 6th of June 1900; served in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battle of the Atbara (medal with clasp and Khedive's medal); served in the South African War, 1900-02, and took part in the operations in the Orange Free State, February to May 1900, including the actions near Johannesburg and Pretoria; in the Orange River Colony, May to 29th of November 1900, including the actions in the Wittebergen and at Ladybrand; in the Transvaal, January to August 1901 and February to May 1902; in Orange River Colony, 30th of November 1900 to January 1901; in Cape Colony in May 1902 (twice wounded, mentioned in despatches, Queen's medal with three clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

ST LEGER, HENRY HUNTERFORD. Major from the 71st Highlanders, February 1881; Lieutenant-Colonel, 1st of July 1881; Colonel, 1st of July 1885; retired, 1st of July 1887; served with the 80th Regiment in the Indian

Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, being present at the action at Gowlowlie and the capture of Calpee (medal with clasp); served with the regiment in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served throughout the Nile Expedition, 1884-85 (clasp); commanded the regiment throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86, being present as Commandant at Kosheh during its investment and at the engagement at Giniss (mentioned in despatches, D.S.O.)

STOURTON, ALFRED C. E. J. 2nd Lieutenant from 2nd (Militia) Battalion, 10th of October 1891; Lieutenant, 11th of March 1893; died at Malta, whilst serving with the regiment, 11th of September 1893.

STREET, HENRY JARDINE. Ensign, 14th of November 1845; Lieutenant, 3rd of November 1846; exchanged to the 34th Regiment, 21st of July 1848; retired, 19th of October 1849.

STRONACH, ALEXANDER. Ensign, 19th of April 1796; out of the regiment in 1799.

STUART, EUSTACE ROBERTSON BURNETT (*Crichtie*). Lieutenant from the 7th Fusiliers, 27th of August 1873; retired, 14th of April 1875.

STUART, JOHN. Ensign, 24th of June 1795; Lieutenant, 9th of September 1795; served in the campaign in Holland in 1799, being present at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee; served in the expedition to Ferrol in 1800, and in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, and was wounded in the action on the 13th of March (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); subsequently served as a Major in the 95th Rifles in the Peninsular War, being present at the battle of Busaco (gold medal) and at the action at Casal Nova (mortally wounded); died, 14th of March 1811.

SULLIVAN, WILLIAM. Major from the 8th Garrison Battalion, 23rd of April 1807; retired, 4th of October 1810; served in the expedition to Sweden in 1808 and in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809.

SUTHERLAND, GEORGE. Ensign, 3rd of November 1797; Lieutenant, 27th of September 1798; transferred to the 71st Highlanders, 8th of December 1804; served in the campaign in Holland in 1799, being present at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee; served in the expedition to Ferrol in 1800 and in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, and was wounded in the action on the 13th of March (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); died in Walcheren in 1809.

SUTHERLAND, ROBERT. Lieutenant from the Staff Corps Cavalry, 20th of April 1815; half-pay, 25th of February 1816; subsequently served in the 92nd Highlanders.

TAYLOR, Sir RICHARD C. H., G.C.B. Ensign, 11th of December 1835; Lieutenant, 29th of March 1839; Captain, 23rd of August 1844; Major, 8th of August 1854; Lieutenant-Colonel, 12th of December 1854; Colonel, 21st of May 1858; Major-General, 6th of March 1868; Lieu-

tenant-General, 1st of October 1877; General, 1st of April 1883; Colonel of the regiment, 9th of September 1887; served in the Crimea, 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava and the siege and fall of Sebastopol (medal with three clasps, 5th Class of the Medjidie, Sardinian and Turkish medals); commanded the regiment from February to November 1858 in the Indian Mutiny campaign, including the siege and capture of Lucknow; also took part in the Rohilkund and Oude campaigns, and commanded a Brigade in Oude from November 1858 to January 1859 (mentioned in despatches, C.B., brevet of Colonel, medal with clasp); acted as Adjutant-General to the Forces for a short time in 1882; died on the 6th of December 1904.

THARPE, JOHN. Ensign from the 82nd Regiment, 20th of May 1814; Lieutenant, 15th of October 1815; half-pay, 25th of January 1816.

THOMPSON, FREDERICK HACKET. 2nd Lieutenant, 6th of August 1879; Lieutenant, 22nd of May 1880; Captain, 20th of February 1884; Major, 21st of May 1894; Lieutenant-Colonel, 9th of March 1901; Colonel, 9th of March 1904; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1882 as Regimental Transport Officer, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86, being present at Kosheh during its investment (wounded) and at the engagement at Giniss; served in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (mentioned in despatches, 4th Class of the Osmanieh, British medal, and Khedive's medal with two clasps); commanded the 1st Battalion in the South African War from the 2nd of June 1901 to the 31st of May 1902, including the operations in the Transvaal, June 1901 to May 1902; in Cape Colony in May 1902 (mentioned in despatches, C.B., Queen's medal with five clasps).

THOMSON, JOHN R. Ensign, 31st of October 1811; Lieutenant, 18th of November 1813; half-pay, 27th of January 1820; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the battle of Nivelle (wounded); was also present at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo; died at Boulogne in 1830.

THOMSON, THOMAS. Chaplain, 17th of August 1793; retired in 1797.

THOMSON, WILLIAM SEAMAN. Ensign, 31st of May 1859; transferred to the Scots Greys, 12th of June 1860.

TOWNSHEND, LEE PORCHER. Ensign from the 54th Regiment, 23rd of May 1822; Lieutenant, 7th of April 1825; Captain, unattached, 1826; retired, 30th of August 1830; died in 1871.

TRAVERS, Sir R., K.C.M.G., C.B. Captain from the 112th Regiment, 3rd of July 1799; served in the Irish Rebellion of 1798; served with the regiment in the expedition to Holland in 1799, being present at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee; served in the expedition to Ferrol in 1800 (wounded); appointed to the 95th Rifles, 25th of August 1800; served in the expedition to Hanover in 1805; in the expedition to South America in 1807,

and in the expedition against Genoa in 1814; served at the battles of Maida, Roleia, and Vimiera (gold medals); promoted Major-General, 27th of May 1825; died at Cork in 1834.

TROTTER, REGINALD BAIRD (*Mortonhall*). 2nd Lieutenant, 9th of August 1899; Lieutenant, 7th of March 1901; served in the South African War, 1900-01, and took part in the operations in the Orange Free State, February to May 1900, including the action at Zand River; in the Transvaal in May and June 1900, including the actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and at Diamond Hill; in the Orange River Colony, May to 29th of November 1900, including the actions in the Wittebergen and at Ladybrand; in Cape Colony in 1900 (mentioned in despatches, Queen's medal with five clasps).

TURNER, AUGUSTUS HENRY. Ensign, 24th of May 1861; Lieutenant, 4th of July 1865; transferred to the Bengal Staff Corps, 7th of May 1868.

TURNER, FRANCIS CHARLES. Ensign, 9th of July 1852; Lieutenant, 6th of June 1854; Captain, 15th of June 1855; exchanged to the 39th Regiment in 1859; served in the Crimea, 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege and fall of Sebastopol, and the assault of the 8th of September (medal with three clasps and Turkish medal); served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow (medal with clasp); died at Staines, 30th of March 1905.

URQUHART, BEAUCHAMP COLCLOUGH, of MELDRUM and BYTH. 2nd Lieutenant, 14th of January 1880; Lieutenant, 12th of February 1881; Captain, 2nd of November 1885; served in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served throughout the Nile Expedition, 1884-85 (clasp); served throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86, being present at Kosheh during its investment and at the engagement at Giniss; appointed A.D.C. to the Earl of Aberdeen, Governor-General of Canada, in 1893; served in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battle of the Atbara (killed in action).

URQUHART, JOHN. Lieutenant, 20th of August 1793; Captain-Lieutenant and Captain, 2nd of September 1795; half-pay of the 135th Foot, 26th of November 1796; served with the regiment in the island of Martinique.

WALBEOFFE, THOMAS WILKINS. Ensign from 3rd Battalion The Buffs, 29th of March 1810; Lieutenant, 13th of October 1812; half-pay, 25th of December 1815.

WALKER, ARTHUR. Ensign, 9th of March 1855; Lieutenant, 16th of June 1857; Captain, 20th of February 1866; half-pay, 11th of January 1867; served in the Crimea after the fall of Sebastopol; served in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, as A.D.C. to Brigadier-General Douglas, including the operations across the Goomtee, the siege and capture of Lucknow, and subsequent operations on the march to the relief of Azimghur (mentioned in despatches, medal with clasp).

WATSON-KENNEDY, THOMAS FRANCIS ARCHIBALD. Major, from the Black Watch, 22nd of February 1893; Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, 16th November 1898; Lieutenant-Colonel commanding 1st Battalion, 20th of May 1899; half-pay, 10th of July 1902; served with the Black Watch in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star), and in the Soudan campaign of 1884, being present at the engagements at El Teb and Tamaii (two clasps); served also in the Nile Expedition, 1884-85, accompanied the River Column under Major-General Earle, and was present at the engagement at Kirbekan (severely wounded, two clasps); served with the regiment in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battle of the Atbara (mentioned in despatches), and at the battle of Khartoum (mentioned in despatches, brevet of Lieutenant-Colonel, British medal, and Khedive's medal with two clasps); commanded the 1st Battalion in the South African War, 1900-01, including the actions at Vet River, Zand River, near Johannesburg and Pretoria, at Diamond Hill, and in the Wittebergen (Queen's medal with five clasps).

WAUGH, GILBERT. Captain from half-pay of the 84th Highland Emigrant Corps, 17th of August 1793; Major, 1st of March 1794; appointed to the command of the Hospital Corps at San Domingo, 1st of October 1795.

WEBB, JOHN WYNNE. Ensign, 15th of March 1808; Lieutenant, 20th of July 1810; Captain, 23rd of September 1813; transferred to the 3rd Veteran Battalion in 1815; served in the expedition to Sweden in 1808 and in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; served in the Peninsular War, being present at the defence of Cadiz and the action at Sancti Petri, the battle of Corunna, the passage of the Coa, the actions at Zobral, Sabugal, and Foz d'Aronce, the battles of Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor (severely wounded), Salamanca (three times wounded), and the siege of Badajos (silver medal with five clasps); died in the Isle of Man in 1845.¹

WEBSTER, JAMES. Ensign, 2nd of April 1847; Lieutenant, 12th of October 1849; retired in 1854.

WELD, EDMUND. Assistant-Surgeon, from the Elgin Fencibles, 16th of April 1803; transferred to the 67th Regiment, 19th of July 1806; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen, 1807, and in the expedition to Sweden, 1808; served in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809; died in Dublin, 15th of August 1831.

WIGHT, JAMES. Ensign, 12th of October 1815; half-pay, 25th of February 1816; died in London, 31st of July 1820.

WILLIAMSON, JAMES. Lieutenant, from the 42nd Highlanders, 25th of March 1805; Captain, 8th of June 1809; served at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807 and in the expedition to Sweden in 1808; subsequently

¹ At some of the battles and engagements in the Peninsular War he was doing duty with Portuguese troops.

exchanged to the 94th Regiment, and served in the Peninsular War, being present at the siege of Ciudad Rodrigo (killed in action).

WIMBERLEY, DOUGLAS. Exchanged as Lieutenant from the 20th Regiment, 30th of June 1857; Adjutant, 18th of June 1858; retired, 12th of May 1863; served in the Crimea with the 20th Regiment from 13th of October 1855 to the end of the war; served with the regiment in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow and the Rohilkund and Oude campaigns up to the capture of Rampore Kussia (medal with clasp).

WOLRIGE-GORDON, HENRY GORDON (*Esslemont*). Lieutenant, 6th of May 1885; Captain, 7th of September 1893; Major, 3rd of April 1902; retired and joined the 3rd (Militia) Battalion, 7th of December 1904; served throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86, being present at Kosheh during its investment and at the engagement at Giniss (medal and Khedive's star).

WOOD, ALBERT CHARLES. Ensign, 19th of March 1859; Lieutenant, 2nd of July 1861; transferred to the 8th Hussars in 1864.

WOOD, DAVID, M.D. Assistant-Surgeon, 3rd of June 1805; transferred to the 57th Regiment, 3rd of November 1808; died in London, 23rd of February 1842.

WOOD, WILLIAM THOMAS WAYTE. Ensign, 15th of June 1842; Lieutenant, 23rd of August 1844; exchanged to the 20th Regiment in 1845.

WYATT, JAMES HENRY. Ensign, 20th of September 1844; Lieutenant, 26th of June 1846; Captain, 3rd of August 1855; half-pay, 1855; subsequently promoted Major in 1863, and Lieutenant-Colonel, 1st of April 1870.

WYVILL, RICHARD AUGUSTUS. Served with the 46th Regiment in the American War, and was present at the evacuation of New York; Captain in the regiment, 1st of October 1795; served in the island of Martinique, and in the campaign in Holland, 1799; served in the expedition to Ferrol in 1800, and in the Egyptian campaign of 1801, including the battle of Alexandria, the engagement at Rhamanieh, and the occupation of Cairo (gold medal from the Sultan, Selim III.); appointed Major in the 7th West India Regiment, 3rd of March 1804; subsequently commanded the 3rd Veteran Battalion; left the service in 1814.

YEADON, ALEXANDER PRESTON. Quarter-Master, 9th of March 1898; Captain, 30th of September 1898; Major, 29th of November 1900; served with the regiment in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served in the Nile Expedition, 1884-85 (clasp), and with the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86, being present at Kosheh during its investment and at the engagement at Giniss; served in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (mentioned in despatches, granted the honorary rank of Captain, British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); served in the South African War, 1900-02, and

took part in the operations in the Orange Free State, February to May 1900, including the actions at Vet River and Zand River; in the Transvaal in May and June 1900, including the actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and at Diamond Hill; in the Orange River Colony, June to 29th of November 1900, including the actions in the Wittebergen and at Ladybrand; in the Transvaal, January 1901 to 31st of May 1902; in the Orange River Colony, 30th of November 1900 to January 1901; in Cape Colony in May 1902 (mentioned in despatches, granted honorary rank of Major, Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

YOUNG, GEORGE FREDERICK. Ensign, 30th of June 1865; transferred to the Bengal Staff Corps, 19th of February 1870.

YOUNG, JAMES. Ensign and Adjutant, from Sergeant-Major, 2nd of October 1854; Lieutenant, 9th of February 1855; Captain, 11th of May 1860; retired in 1860; served in the Crimea, 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege and fall of Sebastopol, the assaults of the 18th of June and the 8th of September 1855, and the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps, Knight of the Legion of Honour, and Turkish medal); served as Adjutant in the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858, including the siege and capture of Lucknow and the Rohilkund campaign (medal with clasp).

YOUNG, JOHN CRAWFORD. Captain from the 91st Highlanders, 9th of October 1817; Major, 6th of September 1833; half-pay, 10th of May 1839; served with the 91st Highlanders in the Walcheren Expedition of 1809, and throughout the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Roleia, Vimiera, Corunna, Nivelle, Nive, Orthes, and Toulouse (silver medal with seven clasps).

YOUNG, WILLIAM. Quarter-Master, 16th of April 1891; served with the regiment in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, being present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (mentioned in despatches, silver medal for distinguished conduct in the field, medal with clasp, and Khedive's star); served in the Nile Expedition, 1884-85 (clasp), and throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86, being present at Kosheh during its investment and at the engagement at Giniss; died at Cairo, 13th of January 1898.

Officers' Services of the Militia Battalion (now
the 3rd Battalion Cameron Highlanders).

1881-1908.

ABINGER, JAMES YORK MACGREGOR SCARLETT, Lord. 2nd Lieutenant, 29th December 1888; Lieutenant, 9th August 1890; Captain, 12th June 1896; resigned, 16th April 1898; served with the Imperial Yeomanry in the South African War; died, 11th December 1903.

ALFORD, HENRY STAMFORD LEWIS (late Royal Scots Fusiliers). Captain, from the Reserve of Officers, 6th February 1904. Expedition to Dongola, 1896—operations of 19th September (Soudan medal with clasp, Queen's medal). South African War, 1900-01—employed with Army Transport; relief of Ladysmith, including operations of 18th to 24th January 1900, operations of 5th to 7th February 1900, and operations on Tugela Heights (14th to 27th February 1900); operations in the Transvaal in May and June 1900; operations in Natal (March and April 1900); operations in the Transvaal, West of Pretoria, July to October 1900; operations in Cape Colony, North of Orange river, including action at Ruidam (Queen's medal with five clasps); appointed a member of His Majesty's Royal Bodyguard for Scotland, 29th of November 1904.

ANDERSON, ALISTAIR ALEXANDER STEWART. 2nd Lieutenant, 15th March 1879; Lieutenant, 10th November 1880; resigned, 9th January 1884.

ANDERSON, ALLAN MEVRICK. Lieutenant, 25th April 1885; Army Commission (A. & S. Highlanders), 4th May 1887; Indian Staff Corps, 4th April 1889; Major, 4th May 1905. Burma, 1890-92—Tonhon Expedition and North-Eastern Column (medal with clasp). Burma, 1893-94. N.W. Frontier of India, 1897-98—operations on the Samana and in the Kurram Valley during August and September 1897 (medal with two clasps). Tirah, 1897-98—actions at Chagru Kotal and Dargai; operations in the Bazar Valley, 25th to 30th December 1897 (clasp).

ANTROBUS, CECIL HUGH. 2nd Lieutenant, 4th January 1899; Lieutenant, 21st March 1900; Captain, 1st August 1903; resigned, 18th February 1905; attached 1st Battalion during South African War. South African

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War, 1900-01—operations in the Orange Free State, February to May 1900, including actions at Vet River (5th and 6th May) and Zand River; operations in the Transvaal in May and June 1900, including actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and Diamond Hill (11th and 12th June); operations in the Orange River Colony (May to 29th November 1900), including actions at Wittebergen (1st to 29th July) and Ladybrand (2nd to 5th September); operations in the Transvaal, January to April 1901; operations in Orange River Colony, 30th November 1900 to January 1901 (Queen's medal with five clasps).

ARCHDALL, NICHOLAS JAMES MERVYN. 2nd Lieutenant, 2nd June 1900; Lieutenant, 20th July 1901; Captain, 28th May 1904. South African War, 1901-02—served with Imperial Yeomanry (Queen's medal with five clasps).

AYTOUN, CHADWICK. Lieutenant from Duke of Edinburgh's Own Artillery Militia, 21st May 1880; Captain, 11th June 1887; Hon. Major, 25th March 1891; resigned, 18th April 1891.

BAIRD-DOUGLAS, ARTHUR. Captain from Royal South Middlesex Militia, 25th May 1889; Hon. Major, 16th July 1890; Major, 2nd March 1898; killed in action at Roodevaal, South Africa, 7th June 1900, whilst attached to and second in command of the 4th Battalion Derbyshire Regiment.

BANKS, WILLIAM MEYRICK (*Letterewe*). Lieutenant, 11th April 1861; Captain, 23rd August 1865; Major, 28th May 1873; died at Southport, 24th February 1882.

BASKERVILLE, RALPH HOPTON. 2nd Lieutenant, 13th August 1901; Army Commission (1st Dragoons), 26th March 1902.

BAXTER, GEORGE LEWIS (*Kincaldrum*). 2nd Lieutenant, 19th February 1902; Lieutenant, 7th February 1903; Army Commission, 5th April 1905. (*Vide* List of Regular Officers.)

BAYNES, KENNETH SCHALCH. Captain and Brevet-Major; appointed Adjutant, from 1st Battalion, 2nd November 1885. (*Vide* List of Regular Officers.)

BOLTON, HAROLD EDWIN. Lieutenant, 25th July 1883; Captain, 13th April 1889; resigned, 18th March 1893.

BRANDER-DUNBAR, JAMES, of PITGAVENY. 2nd Lieutenant, 23rd October 1895; Lieutenant, 28th April 1897; Captain, 21st March 1900. British Central Africa, 1900—operations in Central Angoniland against Kalulu (medal with clasp). South African War, 1900-01—defence of Kimberley; served with the Town Guard; afterwards served with Lovat's Scouts (despatches, 'London Gazette,' 8th May 1900 and 10th September 1901, Queen's medal with four clasps). Resigned, 25th May 1908.

BRODIE, EWEN JAMES, of LETHEN. 2nd Lieutenant, 10th February 1900; Army Commission, 26th May 1900. (*Vide* List of Regular Officers.)

BRODIE, RONALD HUGH (*Brodie*). 2nd Lieutenant, 13th April 1891; Lieutenant, 27th August 1892; resigned, 9th May 1896.

BROWN, HENRY ROBERT. Captain and Brevet-Major; appointed Adjutant, from 1st Battalion, 21st April 1902; Captain and Brevet-Major (retired pay) from 1st Battalion, 17th May 1905. (*Vide* List of Regular Officers.)

CAMERON of LOCHIEL, DONALD WALTER. Captain (retired pay) from Grenadier Guards, 8th September 1906. South African War, 1899-1902—advance on Kimberley, including action at Belmont (severely wounded); operations in Cape Colony, December 1901 to 31st May 1902 (Queen's medal with three clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

CAMERON, JOHN. Hon. Lieutenant and Quarter-Master, from 2nd Battalion, 12th March 1904; Hon. Captain, 26th April 1907. (*Vide* List of Regular Officers.)

CAMPBELL, CHARLES COLIN KINLOCH. 2nd Lieutenant, 30th November 1906.

CAMPBELL, COLIN FREDERICK FITZROY. 2nd Lieutenant, 11th October 1899; Army Commission, 5th January 1901. (*Vide* List of Regular Officers.)

CAMPBELL-ORDE, Sir ARTHUR JOHN, Bart., of KILMORY. Lieutenant, 27th October 1883; resigned, 14th January 1888; reappointed 2nd Lieutenant, 5th December 1891; resigned, 23rd April 1892; served in South African War with Lovat's Scouts, 1900-01; operations in the Transvaal, May and June 1900, including actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and Diamond Hill (11th and 12th June); operations in the Transvaal West of Pretoria, July to 29th November 1900, including actions at Zilikats Nek; operations in the Transvaal and Orange River Colony, 30th November 1900 to April 1901 (Queen's medal with five clasps).

CANCH, MAXWELL ROBERT. 2nd Lieutenant, 14th May 1889; resigned, 6th May 1891.

CAVAYE, GEORGE ROSS. Major from Reserve of Officers, 9th July 1904; Hon. Lieutenant-Colonel, 3rd September 1904; retired, 1st July 1908. (*Vide* List of Regular Officers.)

CAVAYE, RONALD JAMES. 2nd Lieutenant, 4th November 1905.

CORBALLIS, FREDERICK FRANCIS. 2nd Lieutenant, 13th April 1889; resigned, 26th February 1890.

CORBALLIS, JAMES FREDERICK. Lieutenant, 18th October 1884; Army Commission (Royal Irish Regiment), 4th May 1887; attached and served with A.S.C. during South African War, 1900.

CRICHTON-STUART, Lord NINIAN EDWARD. Second son of the 3rd Marquis of Bute. 2nd Lieutenant, 1st August 1903; resigned, 7th May 1904; appointed 2nd Lieutenant Scots Guards, 20th May 1905.

CROSBIE, CHARLES HOWARD. Lieutenant from 8th Battalion K.R.R. Corps, 25th March 1896; Captain, 2nd November 1898; resigned, 16th July 1902.

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CUDDON-FLETCHER, BERNARD SULYARDE (*Dunans*). Lieutenant, from 4th Volunteer Battalion A. and S. Highlanders, 7th April 1894 to 23rd September 1896.

DAVIDSON, HUGH MIDDLETON. 2nd Lieutenant, 2nd November 1898; resigned, 4th March 1899.

DAVY, GEORGE ALISTAIR CHARLES. 2nd Lieutenant, 10th September 1892; Lieutenant, 22nd August 1894; resigned, 3rd March 1897.

DE PRÉE, CECIL GEORGE. 2nd Lieutenant, 10th April 1893; Army Commission (15th Hussars), 17th July 1895.

DEWAR, WILLIAM. 2nd Lieutenant, 26th September 1903; Lieutenant, 4th August 1906.

DONALDSON, WILLIAM. Appointed Captain and Adjutant from Scots Guards, 6th March 1857; Major, 1st October 1875; retired, 16th November 1881.

DOUGLAS-HAMILTON, LESLEY REGINALD COVENTRY. 2nd Lieutenant, 12th June 1900; Lieutenant, 20th July 1901; Army Commission, 14th September 1901. (*Vide* List of Regular Officers.)

DUFF, ALEXANDER GARDEN, of HATTON. Lieutenant, 12th November 1872; Captain, 24th February 1875; Major, 26th May 1882; resigned, 13th April 1889.

ELPHINSTONE, Hon. JAMES DRUMMOND (MASTER OF ELPHINSTONE). Eldest son of the 15th Baron Elphinstone. Lieutenant, 22nd November 1884; resigned, 28th August 1886; died in Bechuanaland, 9th November 1890.

EMSLIE, JOHN. Hon. Lieutenant and Quarter-Master from 1st Battalion, 13th April 1887; Hon. Captain, 13th April 1897; Hon. Major, 1st January 1903; retired, 7th March 1904. (*Vide* List of Regular Officers.)

EVANS, JOSEPH SIDNEY PEARSON. Lieutenant from 4th Battalion Sherwood Foresters, 12th December 1903; resigned, 5th April 1905.

EWART, WALTER DOUGLAS. Captain; appointed Adjutant from 1st Battalion, 4th November 1895. (*Vide* List of Regular Officers.)

FALCONER, ARTHUR GEORGE, Lord. Second son of the 9th Earl of Kintore. 2nd Lieutenant, 22nd June 1898; Lieutenant, 14th December 1898; Army Commission (Scots Guards), 20th December 1899. South African War, 1900-02—operations in the Transvaal, February to 31st May 1902; operations in Cape Colony, December 1900 (Queen's medal).

FASKALLY, JOHN DOUGLAS. 2nd Lieutenant, 14th April 1897; Lieutenant, 4th June 1898; Army Commission (Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders), 14th November 1899; subsequently transferred to the Irish Guards. South African War, 1900-02.

FERGUSON, ARTHUR GEORGE (*Pitfour*). 2nd Lieutenant, 27th October 1880; Army Commission (Norfolk Regiment), 27th January 1883; transferred, Rifle Brigade, 16th May 1883. South African War, 1899-1901—Special Service Officer; operations in the Transvaal, 30th November 1900 to August 1901 (Queen's medal with three clasps).

FORBES, PETER. Quarter-Master from 71st Highland Light Infantry, 9th November 1878; retired with honorary rank of Major, 8th March 1887; died in 1900. Crimean campaign, 1855—siege of Sebastopol and expedition to Kertch (medal with clasp and Turkish medal). Indian Mutiny, 1858—with the Field Force in the Central India campaign; actions of Koonch, Deapoza, and Gowlowlee; capture of Calpee and action of Morar; capture of Gwalior (medal with clasp). North-West Frontier of India campaign, 1863—forcing of the Umbeyla Pass, storm and recapture of the Craig Picquet, and total defeat of the assembled hill tribes (medal with clasp).

FORBES-GORDON, ARTHUR DALRYMPLE (*Rayne*). 2nd Lieutenant, 27th August 1892; Lieutenant, 22nd August 1894; Army Commission (20th Hussars), 7th December 1895; transferred to Cameron Highlanders, 6th June 1896.

Fox, HUBERT CHISHOLM. 2nd Lieutenant, 13th December 1899; Army Commission (Royal Scots Fusiliers), 21st April 1900. West Africa (South Nigeria), 1902-03—despatches, 'London Gazette,' 28th October 1904 (medal with clasp). West Africa (South Nigeria), 1904 (clasp). West Africa (South Nigeria), 1904-05—operations in the Ekpaffia, Etchie, and Ogoni countries; despatches, 'London Gazette,' 23rd February 1906. West Africa (South Nigeria), 1905-06—despatches, 'London Gazette,' 18th September 1906.

FRASER, Hon. HUGH JOSEPH. Third son of the 13th Baron Lovat. 2nd Lieutenant, 8th April 1892; Lieutenant, 19th August 1893; Army Commission (Scots Guards), 12th December 1894. Served South African War, 1900-02—operations in Orange River Colony, May to 29th November 1900, including actions at Biddulphsberg and Wittebergen (1st to 29th July); operations in the Transvaal and Orange River Colony, 30th November 1900 to 31st May 1902; despatches, 'London Gazette,' 10th September 1901 (Queen's medal with three clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

FRASER, Sir KEITH ALEXANDER, Bart. of INVERINATE. 2nd Lieutenant, 12th February 1887; Lieutenant, 16th June 1888; Army Commission (7th Hussars), 8th December 1888. Operations in South Africa, 1896-97.

FRASER-MACKENZIE, ROBERT SCARLETT (*Bunchrew*). Lieutenant from 1st Volunteer Battalion, 5th June 1902; Captain, 11th June 1904; resigned, 27th September 1905.

FRASER-TYTLER, EDWARD GRANT, of ALDOURIE. Sub-Lieutenant, 20th February 1878; Lieutenant, 27th September 1879; Captain, 26th August 1882; resigned, 27th April 1887; served with Lovat's Scouts during South African War. (*Vide* also List of Volunteer Officers.)

FRASER-TYTTLER, WILLIAM THEODORE (*Aldourie*). 2nd Lieutenant, 6th August 1879; Lieutenant, 10th November 1880; resigned in 1884. Served in the South African War with Lovat's Scouts; 1900-01—operations in the Transvaal, May and June 1900, including actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and Diamond Hill (11th and 12th June); operations in Orange River Colony, including actions in Wittebergen (1st to 29th July); operations in Cape Colony, 30th November 1900 to July 1901 (Queen's medal with five clasps).

GARFORTH, WILLIAM H. Lieutenant, 25th November 1874; Captain, 27th September 1879; resigned, 20th February 1889.

GILLAM, WILLIAM ALBERT. 2nd Lieutenant, 12th May 1888; Lieutenant, 3rd April 1889; Captain, 27th August 1892; transferred to Royal Fusiliers, 28th April 1894.

GRANT, EWEN (*Glenmoriston*). 2nd Lieutenant, 29th November 1879; resigned in 1883. Served in South African War with Lovat's Scouts, 1900-02—operations in the Orange River Colony, May to 29th November 1900, including actions at Bethlehem (6th and 7th July), Wittebergen (1st to 29th July 1900), Witpoort and Caledon River (27th to 29th November); operations in Orange River Colony and Cape Colony between 30th November 1900 and 31st May 1902 (Queen's medal with three clasps).

GRANT, ROBERT W. E., of KINCORTH. 2nd Lieutenant, 24th December 1879; Lieutenant, 27th November 1880; resigned, 27th September 1884.

GRANT-PETERKIN, MONTAGUE JAMES, of GRANGE HALL. 2nd Lieutenant, 8th March 1890; Lieutenant, 15th August 1891; Captain, 11th August 1898.

GREENHILL-GARDYNE, NORMAN CHARLES (*Finavon*). 2nd Lieutenant, 27th October 1880; Army Commission (Royal Berkshire Regiment), 28th February 1885.

HAIG, DAVID PRICE (*Blairhill*). 2nd Lieutenant, 1st March 1893; Lieutenant, 10th April 1895; Captain, 16th March 1898; Major, 18th July 1906; Lieutenant-Colonel Commanding, 14th February 1908.

HAIG, WILLIAM PRICE (*Blairhill*). 2nd Lieutenant, 17th March 1897; Lieutenant, 4th June 1898; Captain, 23rd May 1900; resigned, 13th June 1903.

HANBURY, JOHN M. 2nd Lieutenant, 11th December 1878; Lieutenant, 4th February 1880; resigned, 21st April 1883.

HAY, Lord ARTHUR VINCENT. Second son of the 10th Marquis of Tweeddale. 2nd Lieutenant, 28th March 1903; Lieutenant, 5th March 1904; Army Commission, 28th June 1905. (*Vide* List of Regular Officers.)

HAY, Hon. ARTHUR, late Scots Guards. Second son of the 19th Earl of Erroll. Captain, 8th June 1894; Honorary Major, 10th March 1897; resigned,

10th May 1899. Egyptian Expedition, 1882—was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal and clasp, bronze star). Burmese Expedition, 1888-89 (medal with clasp).

HERON, REGINALD MANNING. Captain from Reserve of Officers, New South Wales Forces, 1st November 1906. South African War, 1899-1902—relief of Kimberley; operations in the Orange Free State, February to May 1900, including operations at Paardeberg (17th to 26th February); actions at Poplar Grove, Dreifontein, and Karee Siding; operations in the Transvaal in May and June 1900, including actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and Diamond Hill (11th and 12th June); operations in the Transvaal, East of Pretoria, July to 29th November 1900, including actions at Riet Vlei and Belfast (26th and 27th August); operations in Orange River Colony (May 1900); operations in Cape Colony South of Orange river, including actions at Colesberg (1st January to 12th February); operations in Orange River Colony, 1901-02 (despatches, 'London Gazette,' 29th July 1902, Queen's medal with six clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

INNES, IAN CHARLES. 2nd Lieutenant, 28th January 1905; Army Commission ("The Buffs," East Kent Regiment), 16th January 1907.

KEMBLE, HORACE LEONARD (*Knock*). 2nd Lieutenant, 1st March 1900; Army Commission (Scots Guards), 4th May 1901.

KEMBLE, HORACE WILLIAM, of KNOCK. Lieutenant, 9th May 1874; Captain, 21st September 1878; Honorary Major, 25th May 1889; resigned, 27th February 1892.

KNIGHT, HENRY JOHN. Major, appointed Adjutant, from 78th Highlanders, 16th October 1880.

LANGFORD-BROOKE, HENRY LEWIS BROOKE (late 60th Rifles). Captain, 11th August 1875; Honorary Major, 20th April 1881; resigned, 26th May 1885; reappointed Major, 4th June 1889; Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel, 29th June 1889; resigned, 4th May 1892; died, 17th December 1907.

LIVINGSTON, ALEXANDER WILLIAM JOHN. 2nd Lieutenant, 12th February 1900; resigned, 29th August 1900.

LOVAT, SIMON FRASER, Lord. Captain, 10th May 1855; Lieutenant-Colonel Commanding, 10th December 1855; Honorary Colonel, 16th August 1879; Colonel, 15th August 1883; was Lord-Lieutenant of Inverness-shire and A.D.C. to Queen Victoria; died, 6th September 1887, whilst in command of the regiment.

LOVAT, SIMON JOSEPH, Lord. 2nd Lieutenant, 20th February 1889; Lieutenant, 9th August 1890; Army Commission (1st Life Guards), 23rd December 1893. (*Vide* also List of Volunteer Officers.)

MACANDREW, HENRY JOHN MILNES. Lieutenant, 6th August 1884; Army Commission (Lincolnshire Regiment), 10th November 1886; transferred to Indian Staff Corps. Tirah, 1897-98—Brigade Transport Officer, 2nd

Brigade, 1st Division (6th October 1897 to 2nd February 1898); capture of the Sampagha and Arhanga Passes; operations against the Khani Khel Chamkanis; operations in the Bazar Valley, 25th to 30th December 1897 (despatches, 'London Gazette,' 7th June 1898, medal with two clasps). South African War, 1900-02—on Staff; also served with Kitchener's Horse; operations in the Orange Free State, February to May 1900, including operations at Paardeberg (17th to 26th February), actions at Poplar Grove, Driefontein, Karee Siding, and Houtnek (Thoba Mountain); operations in the Transvaal in May and June 1900, including actions near Johannesburg and Pretoria; operations in the Transvaal East of Pretoria, July to September 1900; operations in the Transvaal West of Pretoria, September to 29th November 1900; operations in the Transvaal, Orange River Colony, and Cape Colony, 30th November 1900 to 31st May 1902 (despatches, 'London Gazette,' 8th February and 7th May 1901, Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps, D.S.O.); placed on the list of officers considered qualified for Staff employment, in consequence of service on the Staff in the field.

M'DONALD, ARCHIBALD WILLIAM. Lieutenant, 4th May 1892; Captain, 12th June 1896; resigned, 7th March 1903. (*Vide* List of Regular Officers.)

MACDONALD, Hon. GODFREY EVAN HUGH. Second son of 6th Baron Macdonald of Sleat. 2nd Lieutenant, 14th April 1897; Lieutenant, 4th June 1898; Army Commission (Scots Guards), 21st April 1900.

M'DONALD, JOHN. Lieutenant, 11th July 1885; Captain, 9th April 1890; resigned, 8th October 1892.

MACDONALD, JOHN ANDREW, of GLENALADALE. Captain, 9th August 1865; Major, 11th February 1874; Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel, 28th April 1886; Lieutenant-Colonel Commanding, 7th September 1887; Honorary Colonel, 24th March 1888; resigned, 9th October 1897; appointed C.B., June 1897.

MACDONALD, KENNETH LACHLAN (*Skeabost*). 2nd Lieutenant, 14th April 1899; Lieutenant, 21st March 1900; transferred to Lovat's Scouts, 10th June 1903. South African War, 1899-1902—operations in the Transvaal, May and June 1900, including actions near Johannesburg, Pretoria, and Diamond Hill (11th and 12th June); operations in the Orange River Colony, including actions at Lindley, Bethlehem (6th and 7th July), Wittebergen (1st to 29th July 1900), and Witpoort; operations in Cape Colony and Orange River Colony, 30th November 1900 to 31st May 1902 (Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

MACDONALD, Hon. RONALD IAN. Fourth son of the 6th Baron Macdonald of Sleat. 2nd Lieutenant, 12th October 1901; Lieutenant, 7th February 1903; resigned, 24th March 1906.

MACDONALD, WILLIAM MOSSE. 2nd Lieutenant, 30th March 1895; Lieutenant, 12th June 1896; Captain, 7th June 1899; resigned, 11th June 1902.

MACDONELL, JAMES SIDGREAVES (*Morar*). 2nd Lieutenant, 15th February 1893; Lieutenant, 22nd August 1894; resigned, 29th May 1895; re-appointed as Captain, 30th November 1907.

MACDONELL, RONALD TALBOT (*Morar*). Lieutenant, 28th October 1882; resigned, 23rd March 1886; reappointed as 2nd Lieutenant, 28th May 1889; Lieutenant, 15th August 1891; died, May 1892.

MFADYEN, DUNCAN. Assistant-Surgeon, 2nd May 1873; Surgeon, 2nd May 1877; Surgeon-Major, 2nd May 1885; Surgeon Lieutenant-Colonel, 2nd May 1893.

MACGILLIVRAY, JOHN WILLIAM, of DUNMAGLASS. Lieutenant, 29th October 1882; Captain, 13th April 1889; resigned, 4th May 1889.

MACKENZIE, COLIN LYON, of BRAELANGWELL. Lieutenant, 18th October 1876; Captain, 26th August 1882; Honorary Major, 4th November 1891; Major, 27th August 1892; resigned, 24th April 1895.

MACKENZIE, Sir KENNETH JOHN, Bart., of GAIRLOCH. Captain (from Rifle Brigade), 4th May 1892; retired with the honorary rank of Major, 21st February 1900. Burmese Expedition, 1888-89 (medal with clasp).

MACKENZIE, THOMAS ARTHUR (*Ord*). Captain, appointed Adjutant from 1st Battalion, 3rd November 1890. (*Vide* List of Regular Officers.)

MACKENZIE, WILLIAM RODERICK DALZIEL (*Farr*). Lieutenant, 10th April 1886; Captain, 15th August 1891; Major, 20th October 1900; resigned, 11th June 1904.

MACKENZIE-GILLANDERS, EDWARD BASKERVILLE (*Farr*). 2nd Lieutenant, 1st March 1893; Lieutenant, 18th March 1896; Captain, 2nd November 1898; resigned, 27th May 1905. He took the name of Gillanders on his marriage. Served in South African War with Lovat's Scouts, 1901-02 (Queen's medal with four clasps).

M'KESSACK, GEORGE ROSS, of ARDGAY. Lieutenant, 5th October 1872; Captain, 10th July 1875; Honorary Major, 5th November 1887; Major, 3rd March 1888; resigned, 29th May 1889.

MACKINTOSH, ALFRED DONALD, of MACKINTOSH (late Lieutenant 71st Foot). Captain, 20th February 1878; Honorary Major, 29th December 1886; Major, 17th April 1889; Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel, 10th March 1894; Lieutenant-Colonel Commanding, 24th November 1897; Honorary Colonel, 22nd December 1897; resigned, 24th December 1902; appointed Honorary Colonel of the Battalion, 8th August 1903.

MACKINTOSH, DAVID EVAN (*Kyllachy*). 2nd Lieutenant, 14th April 1897; Lieutenant, 14th December 1898; Captain, 23rd May 1900; Major, 6th October 1906; served with Lovat's Scouts during South African War, 1901-02—operations in Cape Colony and Orange River Colony from July 1901 to May 1902 (Queen's medal with four clasps).

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MACKINTOSH, ENEAS NORMAN (*Mackintosh*). 2nd Lieutenant, 28th December 1888; Lieutenant, 9th August 1890; Captain, 29th October 1892; died at Los Angeles, California, 5th March 1900.

MACKINTOSH, WILLIAM ENEAS (*Kyllachy*). 2nd Lieutenant, 18th October 1890; Lieutenant, 27th August 1892; resigned, 13th May 1896.

MACLEOD, NORMAN, of DALVEY (late Captain 42nd Royal Highlanders, The Black Watch). Captain from Reserve of Officers, 23rd April 1892; Honorary Major, 30th July 1892; Major, 25th May 1898; Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel, 15th June 1898; Lieutenant-Colonel Commanding, 14th February 1903; resigned, 13th February 1908. Egyptian Expedition, 1882-84 (medal, bronze star). Soudan, 1884—battles of El Teb (slightly wounded) and Tamaïi (wounded), (despatches, 'London Gazette,' 6th May 1884, two clasps).

MACNEILL, MALCOLM, of COLONSAY. Lieutenant, 11th February 1882; Army Commission (5th Lancers), 5th December 1883; subsequently appointed Equerry to His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught; died in 1905. Soudan Expedition, 1885—Suakim (medal with clasp, bronze star).

MACPHERSON, ALEXANDER DUNCAN. 2nd Lieutenant, 9th October 1895; Lieutenant, 28th April 1897; Army Commission, 7th September 1898. (*Vide* List of Regular Officers.)

MACPHERSON, KENNETH IAN. 2nd Lieutenant, 11th February 1905.

MACPHERSON, WILLIAM ROBERT. 2nd Lieutenant, 19th September 1894; Lieutenant, 12th June 1896; resigned, 7th April 1897.

MARJORIBANKS, Hon. COUTTS. Third son of the 1st Baron Tweedmouth. 2nd Lieutenant, 12th May 1880; Lieutenant, 16th February 1881; resigned, 7th February 1883.

MATHESON, JAMES SUTHERLAND MACKAY (*Lewis*). 2nd Lieutenant, 18th May 1898; Lieutenant, 14th December 1898; Army Commission, 17th October 1900. (*Vide* List of Regular Officers.)

MENZIES, WILLIAM GEORGE STEWART, of CULDARES and ARNDILLY. Lieutenant, 29th March 1876; Captain, 27th September 1879; resigned, 19th November 1887.

MERRY, CHARLES JAMES, of BELLADRUM. Lieutenant, 11th February 1874; Captain, 21st September 1878; resigned, 2nd June 1888.

MIERS, DOUGLAS NATHANIEL CARLETON CAPEL. 2nd Lieutenant, 24th February 1894; Army Commission, 6th June 1896 (*vide* List of Regular Officers); appointed Captain and Adjutant from 2nd Battalion, 21st April 1905.

MORISON, DUNCAN MAITLAND (*Mountblairy*). 2nd Lieutenant, 10th September 1904; Army Commission, 21st May 1907. (*Vide* List of Regular Officers.)

- MOSTYN, GEORGE T. B. Lieutenant, 1st April 1876; resigned, 14th June 1882.
- NICHOLSON, ARTHUR STUART (*Arisaig*). 2nd Lieutenant, 30th November 1907.
- NICHOLSON, WILLIAM DUKINFIELD (*Arisaig*). 2nd Lieutenant, 29th August 1906.
- NICOL, DONALD NINIAN (*Ardmarnock*). 2nd Lieutenant, 16th March 1900; Army Commission (Scots Guards), 5th September 1900.
- PART, DEALTRY CHARLES. 2nd Lieutenant, 6th December 1899; Lieutenant, 20th July 1901; Army Commission (21st Lancers), 26th March 1902.
- PATERSON, ROBERT ARTHUR. Lieutenant, 27th October 1880; Captain, 19th May 1888; Major, 15th May 1895; resigned, 27th April 1898.
- PATTON-BETHUNE, CHARLIE LIONEL. 2nd Lieutenant, 17th March 1899; Lieutenant, 21st March 1900; Army Commission, 18th April 1900. (*Vide* List of Regular Officers.)
- POTTS-CHATTO, DENIS JOHN FRANCIS. 2nd Lieutenant, 29th January 1887; Lieutenant, 16th June 1888; resigned, 6th May 1891.
- RADCLIFFE, JOSEPH HENRY FRANCIS. Lieutenant, 14th February 1885; Captain, 13th April 1889; resigned, 8th July 1896.
- ROBERTSON, Hon. HUGH. Second son of Lord Robertson of Forteviot. 2nd Lieutenant, 7th March 1899; Lieutenant, 21st March 1900; Army Commission (14th Hussars), 15th October 1900; died as the result of an accident at Johannesburg during the South African War, 1st February 1901.
- ROSS, EDWARD MACRAE. 2nd Lieutenant, 10th March 1888; Lieutenant, 3rd April 1889; Army Commission (Seaforth Highlanders), 10th October 1891.
- SANDEMAN, ARTHUR DUDLEY. 2nd Lieutenant, 18th April 1907.
- SCOTT-KERR, FRANCIS LOUIS. Captain, appointed Adjutant, from 1st Battalion, 18th January 1897. (*Vide* List of Regular Officers.)
- SHAND, WILLIAM JORIE. 2nd Lieutenant, 24th February 1897; Lieutenant, 4th June 1898; Army Commission, 4th January 1899. (*Vide* List of Regular Officers.)
- SHAW, JAMES THOMAS. Lieutenant, 11th April 1872; Captain, 10th March 1875; Honorary Major, 7th May 1887; resigned, 21st May 1887.
- STEWART, CHARLES DUNCAN, of BRIN. Lieutenant, 8th March 1884; Captain, 13th April 1889; resigned, 4th April 1896.
- STEWART, NORMAN SINCLAIR. 2nd Lieutenant, 29th August 1901; Lieutenant, 7th February 1903; Army Commission (Royal Scots), 16th April 1904.

200 RECORDS OF THE CAMERON HIGHLANDERS.

STIRLING, CHARLES (*Fairburn*). 2nd Lieutenant, 14th May 1889; Lieutenant, 15th August 1891; resigned, 3rd February 1894. South African War, 1900 (Queen's medal)—served with Lovat's Scouts.

STOURTON, ALFRED C. E. J. 2nd Lieutenant, 19th May 1888; Lieutenant, 9th August 1890; Army Commission, 10th October 1891. (*Vide* List of Regular Officers.)

STOURTON, EVERARD JOSEPH. Lieutenant, 16th April 1884; resigned, 20th August 1887.

TIDMAN, ROBERT. 2nd Lieutenant, 9th January 1889; Lieutenant, 9th August 1890; resigned, 6th June 1894.

WALLACE, PERCY DOUGLAS. 2nd Lieutenant, 26th August 1901; Lieutenant, 7th February 1903; resigned, 27th May 1903.

WARRANT, HUGH MUNRO (*Bught*). 2nd Lieutenant, 13th April 1889; Lieutenant, 9th August 1890; resigned, 26th March 1891.

WOLRICE-GORDON, HENRY GORDON (*Esslemont*). Captain from retired pay, 7th December 1904. (*Vide* List of Regular Officers.)

WOLRICE-GORDON, WALTER GORDON (*Esslemont*). 2nd Lieutenant, 23rd March 1881; Army Commission (South Wales Borderers), 12th May 1883; transferred to The Black Watch, 3rd October 1883. Egyptian Expedition, 1884—Soudan; battle of El Teb (slightly wounded; medal with clasp, bronze star). Soudan Expedition, 1884-85—Nile; action of Kirbekan (two clasps). Operations in Matabeleland, 1893-94. South African War, 1901-92 (Queen's medal with five clasps).

WYMER, REGINALD AUGUSTUS (late 91st Highlanders). Lieutenant, 19th January 1871; resigned, 31st October 1872; reappointed Captain, 12th June 1896; Major, 12th December 1903; resigned, 10th February 1905.

YOUNGER, JOHN HENDERSON. Lieutenant, 2nd May 1885; Captain, 4th May 1889; transferred to Royal Scots, 18th April 1891.

Officers' Services of the 1st Volunteer Battalion (now 4th Battalion) Cameron Highlanders.

1881-1908.

CLARENCE, His Royal Highness ALBERT VICTOR CHRISTIAN EDWARD, Duke of Clarence and Avondale, K.G., K.P., A.D.C., Major 10th Hussars. Honorary Colonel, 19th July 1890; died, 14th January 1892.

ADAM, HUGH R. 2nd Lieutenant, 31st May 1879; Lieutenant, 1st July 1881; Captain, 18th March 1893; retired, 1897.

ALLISON, THOMAS. 2nd Lieutenant, 4th March 1899; Lieutenant, 9th August 1902.

ANNAT, HUGH R. Captain, 21st May 1879; retired, 1881.

BARRON, JAMES. 2nd Lieutenant, 31st March 1902; Lieutenant, 9th August 1902; Captain, 27th May 1905.

BEATON, MURDOCH. 2nd Lieutenant, 17th January 1903; Lieutenant, 9th September 1903.

BLACKBURN, HUGH. Major, retired pay, Reserve of Officers; Captain, 30th April 1902; retired, 1904. Served with the 3rd Buffs in Zulu campaign of 1879, including action of Inyezone and occupation of Ekowe (medal).

BURN, JOHN. 2nd Lieutenant, 6th January 1897; Lieutenant, 5th March 1899; temporary Lieutenant, Army, 5th May 1900; Honorary Lieutenant, Army, 31st May 1901; retired, 1903. Served with the Volunteer Service Company in the South African War, 1900-01; operations in Orange River Colony, May to July 1900; operations in Transvaal East of Pretoria, July to 29th November 1900; operations in Orange River Colony, 30th November 1900 to April 1901; operations in Cape Colony, April 1901 (Queen's medal with four clasps).

CAMERON, EWEN. Lieutenant, 25th September 1886; retired, 1889.

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CAMERON, JOHN. Lieutenant, 20th December 1900; Captain, 15th February 1899; retired, 1901, with honorary rank of Major.

CAMPBELL, ALEXANDER. Late Lieutenant 3rd Gordon Highlanders; Captain, 27th November 1889; retired, 1892.

CAMPBELL, ALEXANDER. 2nd Lieutenant, 7th March 1903; Lieutenant, 3rd February 1904; retired, 1905.

CAMPBELL, EWAN, V.D. 2nd Lieutenant, 2nd June 1897; Lieutenant, 10th May 1899; Captain and Honorary Major, 9th January 1901; Major, 1st November 1906; Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel, 24th December 1907.

CAMPBELL, JOHN. 2nd Lieutenant, 2nd June 1897; Lieutenant, 29th November 1899; temporary Lieutenant, Army, 5th May 1900; Honorary Lieutenant, Army, 31st May 1901; Captain and Honorary Major, 27th May 1905. Served with Volunteer Service Company in South African War, 1900-01 (slightly wounded); operations in Orange River Colony, May to 29th November 1900, including actions at Rhenoster River, 11th June; and in the Wittebergen (1st to 29th July); operations in Cape Colony, 30th November 1900 to April 1901 (Queen's medal with three clasps).

CAMPBELL, JOHN. 2nd Lieutenant, 18th March 1908.

CARRUTHERS, WALTER R. Lieutenant, 5th June 1886; retired, 1890.

CARRUTHERS, WILLIAM L. Lieutenant, 23rd June 1883; retired, 1892.

CHRISTIE, JAMES. Quarter-Master, 25th October 1890; Honorary Captain, 1897; retired, 1897.

COLVIN, JOHN. Captain, 14th February 1871; retired, 1881.

CORBETT, KENNETH. Honorary Surgeon-Major, 1st October 1877; retired, 1890.

CORNET, JAMES. Lieutenant, 3rd November 1886; retired, 1889.

CRERAR, ALEXANDER. 2nd Lieutenant, 20th April 1878; Lieutenant, 1st July 1881; retired, 1887.

DAVIDSON, LACHLAN. Captain, 7th June 1876; retired, 1881.

DEWAR, JOHN, M.B. Surgeon-Lieutenant, 14th March 1891; retired, 1897.

DICKSON, JAMES W. 2nd Lieutenant, 15th April 1893; Lieutenant, 6th January 1897; retired, 1902.

DOUGLAS, JAMES. 2nd Lieutenant, 16th December 1882; retired, 1892.

DOUGLAS, JAMES. Captain, 26th June 1895; Honorary Major, 1900; retired, 1901.

DUNMORE, CHARLES ADOLPHUS, Earl of, V.D. Lieutenant-Colonel, 2nd November 1882; Honorary Colonel, 19th August 1896; died, 27th August 1907.

EWART, JOHN SPENCER, C.B., Major-General. Honorary Colonel, 10th February 1908. (*Vide* List of Regular Officers.)

FERGUSON, WILLIAM, V.D. 2nd Lieutenant, 21st August 1880; Lieutenant, 1st July 1881; Captain, 11th May 1889; Honorary Major, 1892; died, December 1898.

FINDLATER, A. K. Quarter-Master, 17th August 1881; Captain, 26th September 1903; retired, 1906.

FRASER, ALEXANDER, V.D. 2nd Lieutenant, 17th May 1890; Lieutenant, 20th December 1890; Captain, 10th August 1898; Honorary Major, 1903; Major, 25th February 1905; Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel, 5th April 1907.

FRASER, DONALD. 2nd Lieutenant, 23rd March 1878; Lieutenant, 1st July 1881; retired, 1886.

FRASER, HECTOR. 2nd Lieutenant, 4th March 1899; Lieutenant, 12th September 1900; Captain, 4th May 1902; Honorary Major, 8th January 1908.

FRASER, JAMES LESLIE. 2nd Lieutenant, 17th May 1890; Lieutenant, 20th December 1890; Captain, 9th September 1896; Major, 19th September 1903; Lieutenant-Colonel, 8th September 1906. In possession of Volunteer Long Service medal.

FRASER, RICHARD A. (Bunchrew), late Lieutenant Seaforth Highlanders. Captain, 13th September 1884; Major, 6th July 1889; died, 1895. Served with the 78th Highlanders in the Afghan War, 1880 (medal).

FRASER, RICHARD MACBEAN. 2nd Lieutenant, 6th May 1903; Captain, 16th September 1905; resigned, 7th January 1908.

FRASER, SIMON. 2nd Lieutenant, 17th May 1890; Lieutenant, 2nd July 1892; retired, 1896.

FRASER, THOMAS. 2nd Lieutenant, 17th May 1890; Lieutenant, 20th December 1890; retired, 1892.

FRASER, WILLIAM. Quarter-Master, 1st January 1898; retired, 1906.

FRASER-MACKENZIE, ROBERT SCARLETT (Bunchrew). 2nd Lieutenant, 28th March 1900; Lieutenant, 3rd Battalion, 5th June 1902. (*Vide* also List of Officers, Militia Battalion.)

FRASER-TYTLER, EDWARD G., of ALDOURIE. 2nd Lieutenant, 27th November 1895; Lieutenant, 13th January 1897; temporary 2nd Lieutenant, Army, 21st February 1900; retired, 1902. Served with Lovat Scouts in South African War, 1900-02; operations in the Orange River Colony, May to 29th November 1900, including actions at Bethlehem (6th and 7th July), Wittebergen (1st to 29th July), Witpoort and Caledon River (27th to 29th November 1900); operations in the Orange River Colony and Cape Colony, 30th November 1900 to 31st May 1902 (Queen's medal with three clasps). (*Vide* also List of Officers, Militia Battalion.)

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GIBSON, THOMAS. 2nd Lieutenant, 14th March 1900; Lieutenant, 9th August 1902; Captain, 19th December 1903.

GRANT, JOHN PETER, of ROTHIEMURCHUS. Captain, 27th June 1885; Major, 22nd May 1895; retired, 1898.

GRANT, OGILVIE, M.B. Surgeon - Lieutenant, 27th July 1889; Brigade Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel, 29th April 1891; died, 1905.

GRANT, ROBERT. Captain, 26th November 1868; Honorary Major, 1883; Major and Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel, 9th October 1886; retired, 1887.

GUILD, JAMES. 2nd Lieutenant, 2nd January 1897; Lieutenant, 7th December 1898; Captain, 21st March 1903; retired, 24th March 1908.

INNES, GILBERT. 2nd Lieutenant, 9th May 1896; died, 25th December 1897.

LINDSAY, ROBERT. 2nd Lieutenant, 2nd January 1904; Lieutenant, 10th October 1906; served as Surgeon, South African War, 1900 to 1902; Cape Colony and St Helena, March to May 1900; operations in Orange River Colony, May 1900 to February 1901; operations in Transvaal, North of Pretoria, March 1901 to June 1901; operations in Orange River Colony, July 1901 to March 1902; operations in Griqualand, Cape Colony, March 1902 to 31st May 1902 (Queen's medal with three clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

LIVINGSTON, COLIN. Lieutenant, 19th November 1873; retired, 1891.

LOCKIE, JOHN. Quarter-Master and Honorary Lieutenant, 1st November 1906; Honorary Captain, September 1907. Served with the 2nd Battalion, 15th Regiment, in the 2nd Division Kandahar Field Force in the Afghan War of 1879 to 1880 (medal); with the Cameron Highlanders in the Soudan Expedition of 1884 to 1885, the Nile (medal with clasp, bronze star); with Lovat's Scouts in the South African War, 1900 to 1901; operations East and West of Pretoria, July to October 1900; operations in Orange River Colony and Cape Colony, October 1900 to July 1901 (Queen's medal with four clasps).

LOVAT, SIMON JOSEPH, Lord, K.C.V.O., C.B., D.S.O., A.D.C. to the King, late Lieutenant 1st Life Guards. Captain, 10th November 1897; Major, 13th December 1899; temporary Captain, Army, 21st February 1900; Honorary Major, Army, 11th July 1902; Lieutenant-Colonel, Lovat's Scouts, 30th March 1903; Colonel, 9th November 1908. Raised and served with Lovat's Scouts in South African War, 1900 to 1902; commanded Lovat's Scouts from 20th September 1901 to 31st May 1902; in command mobile force, November 1901 to March 1902, March 1902 to 31st May 1902; operations in the Orange Free State, February to May 1900; operations in the Orange River Colony, May to 29th November 1900, including actions in the Wittebergen (1st to 29th July) and on Caledon River, 27th to 29th November; operations in Cape Colony, North and

South of Orange River, 1899 to 1900; operations in Cape Colony, Orange River Colony, and the Transvaal, 30th November 1900 to 31st May 1902 (despatches, 'London Gazettes' of 8th February and 10th September 1901, and 29th July 1902, C.B., D.S.O., Queen's medal with three clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

MACANDREW, Sir HENRY C. Major, 4th September 1875; Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel, 1885; retired, 1886.

MACBEAN, DANIEL. 2nd Lieutenant, 15th April 1893; Lieutenant, 16th October 1895; Captain and Honorary Major, 8th March 1905.

MACBEAN, WILLIAM. 2nd Lieutenant, 23rd April 1902; Lieutenant, 8th March 1905; retired, 1906.

MACBEAN, WILLIAM CHARLES. 2nd Lieutenant, 13th July 1889; Lieutenant, 20th December 1890; Captain, 20th May 1896; Honorary Major, 1903; retired, 1903.

MACDONALD, ALEXANDER, V.D. Captain, 11th May 1872; Major and Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel, 14th May 1887; Lieutenant-Colonel and Honorary Colonel, 22nd July 1896; died, 2nd October 1899.

MACDONALD, ALEXANDER STROTHER. 2nd Lieutenant, 30th May 1908.

MACDONALD, ANDREW. Captain, 30th April 1879; Honorary Major, 1887; retired, 1889.

MACDONALD, ANDREW E. 2nd Lieutenant, 3rd March 1906.

MACDONALD, DONALD. Lieutenant, 1st June 1873; retired, 1891.

MACDONALD, Rev. DONALD, D.D. Acting-Chaplain, 15th September 1880; retired, 1890.

MACDONALD, DONALD. 2nd Lieutenant, 7th March 1891; Lieutenant, 2nd July 1892; retired, 1902.

MACDONALD, D. P. Captain, 31st December 1873; Honorary Major, 1888; retired, 1891.

MACDONALD, JOHN, M.B. Surgeon-Lieutenant, 8th October 1892; Surgeon-Captain, 19th August 1896; Captain, Seaforth and Cameron Volunteer Brigade Bearer Company, 18th June 1902.

M'DONALD, JOHN. Late Captain 2nd Battalion; Captain, 14th January 1893; retired, 1901.

MACDONALD, RONALD. 2nd Lieutenant, 17th May 1899; Lieutenant, 9th August 1902.

MACDONALD, THOMAS R., M.D. Lieutenant-Colonel (retired), Indian Medical Service; Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel, 14th May 1902; retired, 1903.

M'GILLIVRAY, DONALD HUGH. 2nd Lieutenant, 30th May 1908.

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MACKAY, DANIEL J. Lieutenant, 3rd November 1880; retired, 1885.

MACKENZIE, DAVID FERGUSON. 2nd Lieutenant, 2nd February 1905; Lieutenant, 10th October 1906.

MACKENZIE, JOHN, V.D. 2nd Lieutenant, 11th May 1889; Lieutenant, 16th October 1895; Captain, 5th October 1901; Honorary Major, 1903; retired, 1908.

MACKENZIE, WILLIAM. Lieutenant, 10th April 1878; retired, 1881.

MACKINNON, ALEXANDER D., V.D. 2nd Lieutenant, 15th July 1893; Lieutenant, 6th January 1897; temporary Captain, Army, 5th May 1900; Honorary Captain, Army, 31st May 1901; Honorary Major, 1904. Served with the Volunteer Service Company in the South African War, 1900 to 1901; operations in Orange River Colony, May to 29th November, including actions at Ladybrand, 2nd to 5th September; operations in Orange River Colony, 30th November 1900 to April 1901; operations in Cape Colony, April 1901 (Queen's medal with four clasps).

MACKINTOSH, JAMES. 2nd Lieutenant, 21st May 1887; retired, 1891.

MACKINTOSH, ROBERT LUMSDEN. 2nd Lieutenant, 2nd April 1887; retired, 1889.

MACKINTOSH, WILLIAM. 2nd Lieutenant, 6th May 1903; Lieutenant, 10th October 1906.

MACLEAN, RODERICK. 2nd Lieutenant, 4th February 1903; Lieutenant, 9th September 1903. Served with Lovat's Scouts in South African War, 1900 to 1901; operations in Transvaal, May and June 1900, including actions at Doornkop (Johannesburg) and Diamond Hill (11th and 12th June); operations in Orange River Colony, July to November 1900, including actions in the Wittebergen and at Caledon River (Queen's medal with four clasps).

MACLEISH, DANIEL, V.D. Captain, 16th July 1873; Honorary Major, 1888; retired, 1899.

MACLEOD, Rev. DONALD, B.D. Acting-Chaplain, 28th March 1908.

MACLEOD, Rev. NORMAN, D.D. Acting-Chaplain, 25th October 1890; retired, 24th March 1908.

MACPHERSON, EWEN, C.B., of CLUNY. Late Captain, 42nd Regiment; Lieutenant-Colonel, 3rd June 1861; Honorary Colonel, 2nd November 1882; died, 11th January 1885.

MACPHERSON, JAMES. 2nd Lieutenant, 4th February 1903; Lieutenant, 9th September 1903. In possession of Volunteer Long Service medal.

MACRAE, JOHN, M.D. Surgeon, 16th July 1873; Surgeon-Lieutenant, 1st October 1877; retired, 1892.

MACRAE, KENNETH. 2nd Lieutenant, 26th April 1907.

MACRITCHIE, ANDREW JOHN. 2nd Lieutenant, 1st July 1881; Captain, 29th May 1889; retired, 1896.

MARSHALL, JOHN. 2nd Lieutenant, 18th June 1879; Lieutenant, 1st July 1881; retired, 1883.

MATHESON, L. M. Surgeon, 7th February 1868; retired, 1889.

MILLER, ALEXANDER C., M.D. Surgeon-Lieutenant, 11th June 1892; Surgeon-Captain, 26th June 1892.

MITCHELL, FRANCIS M'Ewen. 2nd Lieutenant, 9th March 1898; 2nd Lieutenant, 1st Battalion, 5th May 1900. (*Vide* List of Regular Officers.)

MORRISON, EDWARD SHAW. 2nd Lieutenant, 22nd March 1899; 2nd Lieutenant, South Staffordshire Regiment, 5th May 1900.

MUNRO, DAVID, V.D. Lieutenant, 14th July 1875; Captain, 16th October 1886; Honorary Major, 1888; Major and Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel, 26th August 1896; Lieutenant-Colonel, 13th December 1899; retired, 1902.

MUNRO, HUGH. Lieutenant, 3rd November 1880; Captain, 31st May 1882; retired, 1884.

MURRAY, JAMES, M.D. Acting-Surgeon, 28th October 1882; retired, 1898.

REAT, DAVID. 2nd Lieutenant, 31st August 1880; Lieutenant, 1st July 1881; retired, 1889.

REID, F. ROBERTSON, jun. Captain, 31st August 1881; retired, 1885.

ROBERTSON, JOHN. Lieutenant, 3rd November 1880; Captain, 25th June 1887; retired, 1889.

ROSE, FRED A. 2nd Lieutenant, 6th July 1889; retired, 1891. Served as a volunteer with the 1st Battalion in the South African War, 1901 to 1902.

ROSE, GEORGE. Major, 4th September 1875; Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel, 1887; retired, 1888.

ROSE, HUGH. Lieutenant, 26th November 1868; Captain, 30th June 1881; Honorary Major, 1883; retired, 1889.

ROSE, JAMES. Captain, 12th November 1867; retired, 1885.

ROSS, DAVID. 2nd Lieutenant, 4th February 1903; Lieutenant, 9th September 1903.

ROSS, JOHN. 2nd Lieutenant, 17th June 1882; retired, 1886.

ROSS, LACHLAN, V.D. 2nd Lieutenant, 27th October 1877; Lieutenant, 1st July 1881; Captain, 29th May 1889; Honorary Major, 1895; retired, 1897.

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RUSSELL, DONALD, V.D. Lieutenant, 31st May 1873; Captain, 22nd August 1885; Honorary Major, 1883; retired, 1889; rejoined as Captain and Honorary Major, 12th April 1890; Major and Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel, 11th October 1902; retired, 1905.

SCOTT, RODERICK. Captain, 30th April 1879; retired, 1889.

SHAW, DUNCAN, V.D. 2nd Lieutenant, 17th December 1873; Captain and Honorary Major, 6th July 1889; Major and Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel, 2nd August 1889; Lieutenant-Colonel and Honorary Colonel, 26th July 1902; retired, 1906.

SIMPSON, JOHN, M.D. Acting-Surgeon, 2nd November 1878; retired, 1882.

SKENE, LAWRENCE J. 2nd Lieutenant, 5th April 1890; Lieutenant, 2nd July 1892; Captain, 18th November 1896; retired, 1900.

STEWART, WILLIAM J. 2nd Lieutenant, 6th August 1892; retired, 1896.

TOD, DAVID. 2nd Lieutenant, 22nd June 1889; retired, 1890.

WATSON, JOHN. 2nd Lieutenant, 1st August 1894; Lieutenant, 13th January 1897; retired, 1899.

WATTEVILLE, WALTER DE, M.B. Surgeon-Lieutenant, 25th June 1892; Surgeon-Captain, 1895; retired, 1905.

The following are a few of those whose honourable and distinguished services in the ranks of the "Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders" have contributed so much to the credit of the Regiment.

Services of the Warrant Officers.

ABBOTT, WILLIAM HENRY. Joined the Royal Scots Fusiliers on the 11th of September 1888, and became Band-Sergeant in 1901; was transferred to the Cameron Highlanders and posted as Bandmaster to the 1st Battalion on the 26th of August 1907; served with the Royal Scots Fusiliers with the Tirah Expeditionary Force in 1897-98 (medal with two clasps); is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct. Bandmaster Abbott's grandfather, Colour-Sergeant Robert Naughton, served with the 79th in the early part of the Indian Mutiny campaign, and died at Sasseram, Bengal, on the 27th of February 1858.

AUSTIN, JOHN CHRISTIAN. Joined on the 24th of February 1883, and became the first Sergeant-Major of the present 2nd Battalion on its formation on the 1st of April 1897; served with the regiment throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); also served throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86, and was present in Kosheh during its investment; is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct; was transferred as Sergeant-Major to the 79th Regimental District in January 1903.

CAMPBELL, JOSEPH ALEXANDER. Joined on the 8th of August 1857, and, as the first warrant officer appointed, became Sergeant-Major on the 18th of April 1878; served with the regiment during the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1858-59, including the passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, capture of Rampore Kussia, and subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (medal); was Sergeant-Major of the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (mentioned in despatches, silver medal for distinguished conduct in the field, medal with clasp, and Khedive's star); was appointed

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Chief of the Instructional Staff, Western Australia, in February 1884; Chief Staff Officer in 1886; was Camp Commandant and Chief Instructor at Karrakatta, training troops for South Africa, 1899-1902; and Acting-Commandant of Commonwealth Military Forces of Western Australia from August 1901 to September 1902, with rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, when he retired; is in possession of silver medals for meritorious service and for long service and good conduct. In 1907 Lieutenant-Colonel Campbell was presented by His Excellency the Governor of Australia with the insignia of the Grand Priory of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem.

FISHER, HENRY. Joined the Seaforth Highlanders on the 16th of February 1886, and became Band-Sergeant 9th of August 1893; was transferred to the Cameron Highlanders, and posted to the present 2nd Battalion, as its first Bandmaster, on the 1st of October 1898; is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct.

FRASER, ALEXANDER DONALD. Appointed Colour-Sergeant in the Highland Light Infantry Militia from the Scots Guards on the 7th of December 1880, and became Sergeant-Major of the 2nd Battalion (Militia) on the 1st of April 1885; was appointed Sergeant-Major of the 79th Regimental District, May 1892, and discharged to pension on the 15th of November 1892. His two sons joined the regiment, and are serving as Colour-Sergeants in the 2nd Battalion.

LEVIE, GEORGE. Joined on the 27th of April 1880, and became Sergeant-Major of the 2nd Battalion (Militia) on the 6th of May 1892, receiving the warrant rank on the 1st of April 1900; served with the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct. He was discharged to pension on the 21st of May 1906.

M'CABE, JOHN. Joined on the 14th of February 1879, and became Sergeant-Major of the 79th Regimental District on the 16th of November 1892; served with the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882 (medal and Khedive's star); also throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (clasp); served with the regiment throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86; was present in Kosheh during its investment, and at the engagement at Giniss; discharged to pension on the 21st of April 1897; died on the 20th of January 1902. His son, John Oliver, is serving in the regiment.

MACDONALD, ARTHUR JAMES. Joined on the 14th of October 1889, and became Sergeant-Major of the 1st Battalion on the 19th of October 1901; is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct.

MACDONALD, JAMES RONALD. Became Bandmaster on the 13th of September 1872, and received warrant rank on the 1st of July 1881; served with the regiment in Egypt from 1883 to 1885; granted the silver medal for long service and good conduct; was Inspecting Bandmaster of the

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Egyptian army. He was discharged on the 29th of November 1885, and died on the 14th of May 1902.

M'LAREN, JOHN. Joined on the 9th of November 1866, and became Sergeant-Major on the 13th of April 1891; he served with the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (mentioned in despatches, medal with clasp, and Khedive's star); also served throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (clasp); is in possession of the silver medals for long service and good conduct, and the meritorious service medal with annuity; was transferred as Sergeant-Major to the Royal Military College on the 29th of January 1895, and became Garrison Sergeant-Major at the Curragh on the 1st of November 1896. He was discharged to pension on the 1st of January 1900.

M'LEAN, HUGH. Joined on the 30th of January 1866, and became Sergeant-Major on the 1st of July 1881; was the first warrant officer of the 79th Regimental District on the depot being moved from Perth to Fort George. He was discharged to pension on the 5th of May 1892.

M'LEOD, DONALD. Joined on the 18th of October 1888, and became Sergeant-Major of the 1st Battalion on the 9th of March 1898; served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (mentioned in despatches, silver medal for distinguished conduct in the field, British medal, and Khedive's medal with two clasps); served with the 1st Battalion in the South African War, 1900-01 (mentioned in despatches, Queen's medal with five clasps); discharged on the 17th of October 1901.

NICOLSON, JAMES. Joined on the 4th of May 1888, and became Sergeant-Major (warrant officer) of the 3rd Battalion on the 22nd of May 1906; served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); was the Colour-Sergeant of "E," the Hon. A. D. Murray's, Company when it accompanied the Sirdar to Fashoda on the 9th of September 1898; also served with the 1st Battalion throughout the South African War, 1900-02 (mentioned in despatches, silver medal for distinguished conduct in the field, Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps); is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct.

PATRICK, JOHN M'DONALD. Joined on the 30th of January 1892, and became Sergeant-Major of the 2nd Battalion on the 20th of September 1902.

WAKELEN, RICHARD B. B. Joined on the 21st of March 1873, and became Bandmaster on the 1st of November 1885; served with the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); also served with the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1886; is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct. He was discharged to pension on the 10th of July 1903. Four of his brothers have served, and a fifth is still serving, in the regiment.

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ANDERSON, JOHN. Joined on the 11th of August 1837, and became a Sergeant; served with the regiment throughout the Crimean campaign, 1854-55, and was present at the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege and fall of Sebastopol, and the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps, Turkish and Sardinian medals); he also received the silver medal for long service and good conduct. He was discharged to pension on the 18th of October 1858, and died at Darnick, Roxburghshire, on the 14th of December 1899.

ANDERSON, PETER. Joined on the 22nd of April 1891, and became Colour-Sergeant on the 1st of April 1907; served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); also served with the 1st Battalion throughout the South African War, 1900-02 (mentioned in despatches, silver medal for distinguished conduct in the field, Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

AXTEN, SYDNEY. Joined on the 14th of March 1892, and became Colour-Sergeant on the 5th of January 1903; served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battle of Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with clasp); was a Sergeant of "E," the Hon. A. D. Murray's, Company when it accompanied the Sirdar to Fashoda on the 9th of September 1898; also served with the 1st Battalion in the South African War, 1900-02 (mentioned in despatches, silver medal for distinguished conduct in the field, Queen's medal with three clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

BAKER, DANIEL. Joined the 72nd Highlanders on the 23rd of November 1846, was transferred to the 79th Highlanders on the 1st of October 1847, and afterwards became a Colour-Sergeant; served with the regiment throughout the Crimean campaign, 1854-55, and was present at the battles of Alma and Balaclava, and the siege and fall of Sebastopol (mentioned in despatches, silver medal for distinguished conduct in the field, medal with three clasps, and Turkish medal); also served throughout the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1858-59, including the engagements at Secundragunge, siege and capture of Lucknow, actions of Allygunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, capture of Mahomdie, storming of Rampore Kussia (severely wounded), passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, and the subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (medal with clasp); he also received the silver medal for long service and good conduct, and the Jubilee medal. After twenty-two years' service Colour-Sergeant Baker was discharged to pension, but afterwards served three years as Colour-Sergeant of the 1st Royal Lanark Militia, and five years as instructor of "H" Company, Lanark Rifle Volunteers; he was appointed

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a Yeoman of the Guard on the 3rd of April 1869, and promoted Yeoman Sergeant-Major on the 15th of October 1892; he died on the 27th of February 1906.

BRAND, GEORGE. Joined on the 5th of November 1877, and became Colour-Sergeant, 1st of January 1884; served with the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); also served with the regiment throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (clasp); died in Edinburgh on the 11th of July 1890.

BROWN, DAVID. Transferred from the Grenadier Guards, as Drum-Major, on the 1st of February 1851, and held the post until 1864; served with the regiment throughout the Crimean campaign, 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava, siege of Sebastopol, assaults of the 18th of June and the 8th of September, and the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps and Turkish medal); also served throughout the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1858-59, including the engagement at Secundragunge, siege and capture of Lucknow, actions at Rooyah, Allygunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, capture of Mahomdie, storming of Rampore Kussia, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, and subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (medal with clasp). He was discharged on the 6th of October 1863, and died in London on the 31st of December 1907.

BRUCE, ROBERT. Served as a Private throughout the Crimean campaign of 1854-55, and was present at the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege and fall of Sebastopol, and in the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps, French war medal, and Turkish medal). Private Bruce received the French war medal for good and gallant conduct at the battles of Alma and Balaclava, and in the trenches before Sebastopol.

BUNYAN, THOMAS. Joined in April 1838, and became Sergeant-Major in October 1854; served as Sergeant-Major of the regiment throughout the Crimean campaign, 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava, siege of Sebastopol, assaults of the 18th of June and the 8th of September, and expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (mentioned in despatches, silver medal for distinguished conduct in the field, medal with three clasps, and Turkish medal); also served throughout the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1858-59, including the engagement at Secundragunge, siege and capture of Lucknow, actions of Allygunge, Rooyah, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, and the capture of Mahomdie (medal with clasp). He was discharged to pension in June 1859; was appointed Yeoman Warden of the Tower of London on the 3rd of December 1859, and was subsequently Yeoman-Sergeant-Major. He died on the 19th of February 1889.

BURT, GEORGE. Joined on the 16th of September 1895, and became Colour-Sergeant on the 19th of August 1906; served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); also served with the 1st Battalion throughout the South African War,

1900-02 (mentioned in despatches, silver medal for distinguished conduct in the field, Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

CAMERON, ALEXANDER. Joined on the 14th of December 1888; served with the 1st Battalion in the South African War, 1900-01 (mentioned in despatches, and promoted Corporal from Private by Lord Kitchener on the 8th of March 1901, Queen's medal with four clasps); discharged on the 13th of December 1901.

CAMERON, DAVID. Joined on the 18th of November 1891, and became Colour-Sergeant on the 2nd of January 1901; served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps).

CAMERON, DONALD (a native of Perthshire). Joined on the 10th of January 1878. He accompanied the battalion to Egypt in 1882, and was killed at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir, where he was the first man to gain the top of the enemy's trenches. His brother, Thomas Cameron, "F" Company, died at Cairo on the 24th of June 1899, from the effects of the hardships of the Soudan campaign of the previous year.

CAMERON, DUNCAN. Served with the 79th as a Sergeant in the expeditions to Ferrol and Egypt in 1801, in the expeditions to Copenhagen and Sweden, the retreat to Corunna, the Walcheren Expedition, the defence of Cadiz, the battles of Busaco and Fuentes d'Onor, and the siege of Burgos; went to a Veteran battalion on the 25th of March 1813.

CAMERON, FINLAY. Joined on the 15th of July 1882; served with the regiment throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); also served throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86, was present at Kosheh during its investment, and at the engagement at Giniss; served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (mentioned in despatches, silver medal for distinguished conduct in the field, British medal, and Khedive's medal with two clasps); also served with the 1st Battalion throughout the South African War, 1900-02 (Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps); he also received the silver medal for long service and good conduct. He was discharged to pension on the 14th of July 1903, and was in the service of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales. He died at Aberdeen on the 4th of October 1908.

CAMERON, GEORGE. Joined 10th of August 1881, and became Pioneer-Sergeant, 31st July 1891. He served with the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasps and Khedive's star); also served with the Nile Expedition, 1884-85 (clasp), and in the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force, 1885-86, including the defence of Kosheh Fort and the engagement at Giniss; served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign of 1898, being present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps).

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CAMERON, JOHN, 1st. Joined at Fort William in 1793, and was present on parade at Stirling on the 3rd of January 1794, when the 79th Cameron Highlanders were passed as an effective corps; served with regiment in Holland, Egypt, Spain, Portugal, and in the Waterloo campaign, taking part in the following engagements—viz., Egmont-op-Zee, Alexandria, Fuentes d'Onor, Salamanca, Burgos, Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, Toulouse, and Quatre Bras (wounded three times, Peninsular medal with eight clasps and Waterloo medal); discharged to pension in 1818, and died at Fort William, November 1857.

CAMERON, JOHN, 2nd (son of John Cameron, 1st, above). Joined the 79th depot at Aberdeen in 1836; purchased his discharge about 1840; again enlisted in 79th about 1847, but subsequently volunteered with others from the depot for active service with the 1st Battalion 60th Rifles in the Punjab campaign of 1848-49; attained the rank of Sergeant, and died at Jullunder, in the Punjab, in 1849.

CAMERON, ANGUS (son of John Cameron, 1st, above.) Joined on the 27th of September 1853, and became Colour-Sergeant in 1861; served with the regiment throughout the Crimean campaign of 1854-55, and was present at the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege and fall of Sebastopol, and in the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal and three clasps and Turkish medal); also served throughout the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1858-59, including the engagement at Secundrungunge, siege and capture of Lucknow, storming of Rampore Kussia, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, and the subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (medal with clasp). He also received the silver medal for long service and good conduct; was transferred to the Inverness Militia in 1874, and discharged to pension on the 24th of August 1875; died on the 22nd of March 1908. Three of his sons joined the regiment—viz., John Newton (whose services are entered below), James, and Angus, both of whom are still serving.

CAMERON, JOHN NEWTON (son of Angus Cameron, above). Joined on the 1st of December 1882, and became Sergeant on the 25th of July 1895; served with the regiment throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86 (medal and Khedive's star); died while serving with the 3rd Battalion at Aldershot on the 25th of April 1900.

CAMERON, JOHN. Served with the 79th, as a Sergeant, at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee, in the expeditions to Ferrol in 1800 and Egypt in 1801, at the battle of Alexandria, in the expeditions to Copenhagen and Sweden, in the retreat to Corunna, in the Walcheren Expedition, at the defence of Cadiz, at the battles of Busaco and Fuentes d'Onor, and at the siege of Burgos.

CAMPBELL, COLIN. Served, as a Sergeant, in the Crimean campain of 1854-55, and was present at the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege and fall of Sebastopol, and the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps, French war medal, and Turkish medal). Sergeant Campbell received

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the French war medal for good and gallant conduct at the battles of Alma and Balaclava and in the trenches before Sebastopol.

CAMPBELL, WILLIAM. Served, as a Private (afterwards Corporal), in the Crimean campaign of 1854-55, and was present at the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege and fall of Sebastopol, and in the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps, Turkish and Sardinian medals).

CHAPMAN, FRANCIS. Joined on the 11th of August 1869, and became Quarter-Master-Sergeant on the 1st of December 1883; served with the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (wounded, medal with clasp, and Khedive's star); also throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (clasp); served with the regiment throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86; was present in Kosheh during its investment, and at the engagement at Giniss. He also received the silver medal for long service and good conduct. After leaving the regiment on the 10th of July 1890, was Garrison Quarter-Master-Sergeant in Glasgow, and was discharged on the 31st of May 1896. He died on the 6th of September 1905. His son served in the regiment.

CLARKE, JAMES. Served with the 79th, as a Sergeant, in the expedition to Sweden, in the retreat to Corunna, in the Walcheren Expedition, at the defence of Cadiz, and at the battles of Busaco and Fuentes d'Onor.

COLLEDGE, FRANK WILLIAM. Joined on the 1st of February 1892, and became Orderly-room Clerk, 1st Battalion, 7th May 1897; Orderly-room Sergeant, depot, 12th January 1898; Colour-Sergeant, 7th May 1900; and Quarter-Master-Sergeant, 7th May 1903. On the abolition of depot orderly-room sergeants, on the 1st of May 1905, he was posted for duty to the Record Office at Perth, where he performed the duties of Superintending Clerk, until absorbed as Regimental Quarter-Master-Sergeant of the 3rd Battalion on the 23rd of July 1907.

CROSS, THOMAS. Joined on the 3rd of June 1892; served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battle of the Atbara (mentioned in despatches, silver medal for distinguished conduct in the field, British medal, and Khedive's medal with clasp). In the attack upon the zeriba at the battle of the Atbara, Private Cross saved the life of Major-General Gatacre, commanding the British Brigade, by bayonetting a dervish who was aiming point-blank at the General. He died of dysentery at Darmali on the 23rd of April 1898.

DAVIE, WILLIAM. Served as a Sergeant in the Crimean campaign of 1854-55, and was present at the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege and fall of Sebastopol, and in the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps, Legion of Honour, French war medal, and Turkish medal); also served in the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1858, including the engagement at Secundrungunge; was killed in action on the 10th of March 1858 at the capture of Lucknow (medal with clasp). Sergeant Davie was

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the only non-commissioned officer or man of the 79th who had the distinction of receiving the Legion of Honour; he was awarded the French war medal for good and gallant conduct at the battles of Alma and Balaclava and in the trenches before Sebastopol, and for having volunteered and acted as a sharpshooter during the early part of the siege.

DEWAR, WILLIAM. Joined on the 6th of February 1805; served with the regiment in the expeditions to Copenhagen and Sweden, in the retreat to Corunna, in the Walcheren Expedition, in the defence of Cadiz, at the battles of Busaco and Fuentes d'Onor, at the siege of Burgos, and at the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse; was Colour-Sergeant of the Light Company at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo, and was Sergeant-Major from 1820 to 1824.

DRUMMOND, PETER. Joined on the 1st of August 1885. While the regiment was stationed at Devonport, in 1887, Private Peter Drummond was awarded a bronze medal and special certificate of the Plymouth Humane Society for gallantry in saving the life of a boy named Thorne, who was in great danger of being drowned. Private Drummond sprang off the stone pier at Tinside without undressing, and seized the boy as he was sinking for the third time. He was discharged as medically unfit for further service in October 1889, but in December 1901 joined the Royal Garrison Regiment.

FARMER, DONALD, V.C. Joined on the 29th of March 1892, and became Colour-Sergeant on the 22nd of February 1905; served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); served with the mounted infantry company of the 1st Battalion throughout the South African War, 1900-02 (twice mentioned in despatches, awarded the Victoria Cross, Queen's medal with four clasps, and the King's medal with two clasps). During the attack on General Clement's camp at Nooitgedacht, on 13th December 1900, Sergeant Farmer saved the life of Lieutenant J. W. Sandilands and then returned to the firing-line with ammunition; for this gallant act he received the Victoria Cross, which was presented to him by the Prince of Wales (then Duke of York) at Pietermaritzburg, Natal, on the 15th of August 1901.

FINLAY, ROBERT. Joined on the 6th of July 1868, and became Pioneer-Sergeant, 9th of March 1875; Canteen-Sergeant, 1885; served with the 42nd Black Watch in the Ashantee campaign (medal); served with the Cameron Highlanders throughout the Egyptian War of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); also throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (clasp); served in the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86; is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct; was discharged to pension on the 31st of December 1889, but served with the 1st Battalion as Canteen Steward until it moved from Gibraltar to Egypt in October 1897.

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FISHER, ANDREW. Joined on the 5th of January 1885, and became a Colour-Sergeant on the 5th of June 1895; served with the regiment throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86; was present in Kosheh during its investment, and at the engagement at Giniss (medal and Khedive's star); served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (mentioned in despatches, silver medal for distinguished conduct in the field, British medal, and Khedive's medal with two clasps); also served with the 1st Battalion throughout the South African War, 1900-02 (mentioned in despatches, Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

FLETCHER, JOHN. Joined on the 20th of April 1811, and became Sergeant in 1816; served with the 79th in the Peninsular War, and was present at the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse (silver medal with four clasps); also throughout the campaign of 1815, being present at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo (Waterloo medal); discharged on the 8th of March 1837; died on the 12th of February 1873.

FLETCHER, WILLIAM FORMAN (son of John Fletcher, above). Joined and became Armourer-Sergeant on the 9th of December 1847; served with the regiment throughout the Crimean campaign of 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava and the siege of Sebastopol (medal with three clasps and Turkish medal); also throughout the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1858-59, including the engagement at Secundrungunge, siege and capture of Lucknow, actions of Allygunge, Rooyah, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, capture of Mahomdie, storming of Rampore Kussia, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, and subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (medal with clasp); died at Rawal Pindie on the 11th of April 1864.

FLETCHER, WILLIAM (son of Armourer-Sergeant Fletcher, above). Joined on the 24th of May 1866; became Sergeant on the 12th of February 1876, and was appointed Cook-Sergeant in March 1878; served with the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); also throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (clasp); served with the regiment throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86; was present in Kosheh during its investment, and at the engagement at Giniss; is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct. In April 1887 Sergeant Fletcher was transferred to the Army Service Corps (Barrack Section), and became a warrant officer on the 26th of February 1895; he was discharged to pension on the 15th of March 1900. His son Charles is serving in the regiment—the fourth generation of Fletchers.

FRASER, ALEXANDER. Joined on the 20th of May 1884, and became Quarter-Master-Sergeant of the 3rd Battalion on the 14th of November 1899; served with the regiment throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); also served throughout the opera-

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tions of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86, was present in Kosheh during its investment, at the reconnaissance on the 16th of December, and at the engagement at Giniss; is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct. He was discharged to pension on the 22nd of July 1907.

FRASER, ALEXANDER. Joined on the 27th of November 1889, and became Colour-Sergeant on the 5th of December 1902; served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); also served with the 1st Battalion throughout the South African War, 1900-02 (mentioned in despatches, silver medal for distinguished conduct in the field, Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps); discharged on the 5th of April 1904.

GOODBRAND, ALEXANDER. Joined on the 29th of November 1847, and became Colour-Sergeant on the 20th of September 1854; served with the regiment throughout the Crimean campaign of 1854-55, and was present at the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege and fall of Sebastopol, and the expedition to Kerch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps, French war medal, and Turkish medal). Colour-Sergeant Goodbrand received the French war medal for good and gallant conduct at the battles of Alma and Balaclava, and in the trenches before Sebastopol. He was discharged on the 30th of March 1857.

GRANT, DAVID. Joined on the 8th of November 1887, and became Pipe-Major on the 29th of October 1896; served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); also served with the 1st Battalion in the South African War, 1900-01 (Queen's medal with five clasps); died of enteric fever at Pretoria on the 1st of November 1901.

GRANT, JOHN MACGREGOR. Served as Pipe-Major of the regiment throughout the Egyptian War of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (mentioned in despatches, medal with clasp, and Khedive's star); died of cholera on Mokkattam heights on the 1st of August 1883.

GRAY, WILLIAM. Joined the regiment on the 7th of June 1810; Schoolmaster-Sergeant of the regiment; served with the 79th in the Peninsula, and was present at the battle of Salamanca; also present at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo (slightly wounded).

GRIMMOND, JOHN. Joined on the 11th of April 1864, and became Sergeant on the 1st of January 1870; served with the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); also throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (clasp). Is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct. He was discharged to pension on the 21st of October 1885. His son John joined the regiment, and is serving as a Sergeant.

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GUNN, ALEXANDER. Joined the regiment from the Caithness Fencible Highlanders on the 15th of July 1800; served with the 79th in the Peninsula, and was present at the battle of Fuentes d'Onor, at the siege of Burgos, and at the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, Toulouse (wounded), Quatre Bras, and Waterloo; was appointed Colour-Sergeant of the Grenadier Company shortly after the last named battle, *vice* James M'Queen, killed in action.

GUNN, DONALD. Joined the 79th in 1808, and served with the regiment throughout the Peninsular War, being present at the battles of Fuentes d'Onor and Salamanca, the siege of Burgos, and the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse. At the battle of Toulouse he was three times wounded—rejoining his company twice after his wounds had been dressed. On the third occasion he was carried off the field by his wife, Jean Gunn, whose courageous behaviour in dressing the wounds of other soldiers was especially taken notice of by the Duke of Wellington. Mrs Gunn accompanied her husband in almost every battle and engagement in which the regiment took part. She lived to be upwards of ninety-eight years of age, and died in Edinburgh on the 24th of June 1882.

GUNN, WILLIAM (son of Private Donald Gunn, above). Joined in March 1835, and became Sergeant in May 1843; served with the regiment throughout the Crimean campaign of 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava and the siege and fall of Sebastopol (medal with three clasps, French war medal, and Turkish medal). He also received the silver medal for long service and good conduct. He was discharged in July 1857, and died in July 1883. Sergeant Gunn received the French war medal for volunteering to act in front as a sharpshooter at the siege of Sebastopol.

GUNN, WILLIAM (son of Sergeant William Gunn, above). Joined on the 19th of December 1867, and became Colour-Sergeant on the 8th of July 1879; served with the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (mentioned in despatches, medal with clasp, and Khedive's star). Colour-Sergeant Gunn was transferred in 1887 to the Seaforth Militia. In 1890 he was appointed to the Recruiting Staff, with the rank of Quarter-Master-Sergeant, retiring through illness in 1902. He died in Edinburgh on the 6th of April 1907.

GUNN, DONALD (grandson of Private Donald Gunn, above). Joined on the 13th of June 1878, and became Sergeant on the 20th of January 1882; served with the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (dangerously wounded, mentioned in despatches, silver medal for distinguished conduct in the field, medal with clasp, and Khedive's star). Her Majesty (Queen Victoria), when visiting the wounded at Netley, took special notice of Sergeant Gunn, who had a bullet lodged just above his heart. He was discharged to pension on the 8th of May 1883, and since July 1886 has held the appointment of gatekeeper of Queen Anne's Gate, Windsor Park.

GUNN, JOHN. Joined on the 6th of September 1884, and became Sergeant on the 26th of March 1889; served with the regiment throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86, and was present at Kosheh during its investment, and at the engagement at Giniss (medal and Khedive's star); served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); also served with the 1st Battalion throughout the South African War, 1900-02 (Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps); is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct. He was discharged to pension on the 10th of October 1908.

GUTHRIE, JAMES. Joined on the 8th of August 1896, and became Sergeant on the 1st of January 1901; served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); also served in the mounted infantry company of the 1st Battalion in the South African War, 1900-01 (Queen's medal with five clasps); was severely wounded on the fifth anniversary of his enlistment, and died of his wounds on the 12th of August 1901. Sergeant Guthrie's grandfather, father (who died in Egypt on the 7th of July 1886), and two uncles, all served in the regiment.

HAY, JAMES. Joined the regiment on the 6th of March 1798; served with the 79th in the expeditions to Copenhagen and Sweden, the retreat to Corunna, the Walcheren Expedition, the defence of Cadiz; at the battles of Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor, Salamanca, the siege of Burgos, the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, Toulouse, Quatre Bras, and Waterloo; was Paymaster-Clerk of the 1st Battalion from 1812 to 1813, and Quarter-Master-Sergeant of the 1st Battalion from 1813 to 1816.

HAY, ROBERT. Joined on the 14th of November 1845, and became a Sergeant; served with the regiment throughout the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1858-59, including the engagement at Secundrungunge, siege and capture of Lucknow, actions of Rooyah, Allygunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, capture of Mahomedie, storming of Rampore Kussia (wounded), the passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, and the subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (medal with clasp); served with the regiment in the North-West Frontier campaign in 1863 (medal with clasp); he also received the silver medal for long service and good conduct; he was discharged to pension in 1867, and died on the 11th of June 1905. Three of his sons served in the regiment, and his grandson (Band-Sergeant William Hastie) is still serving in the 2nd Battalion. **JAMES ROBERTSON**, the eldest, joined in 1863, was promoted Quarter-Master-Sergeant of the 57th Brigade Depot, Perth, in March 1880, and was transferred to the Royal Highlanders in July 1881 when the Territorial system was inaugurated; he was gazetted Lieutenant and Quarter-Master on the 20th October 1883, Honorary Captain 1893, and retired on the 8th of June 1902. Captain Hay was Recruiting Officer for the 42nd Regimental District from 1890 to 1898, and from then until the

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date of his retirement was Recruiting Staff Officer in Edinburgh. ROBERT, the second son, joined the regiment on the 22nd of May 1866, and became Colour-Sergeant on the 23rd of March 1880; he was transferred to the 7th V.B. Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders in January 1883, and became Sergeant-Major; he died whilst serving at Alloa in August 1891; he received the silver medal for long service and good conduct. ANDREW, the third son, joined on the 17th of March 1884, and became Colour-Sergeant on the 1st of October 1898; he served with the regiment throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86, was present in Kosheh during its investment, at the reconnaissance on the 16th of December, and at the engagement at Giniss (medal and Khedive's star); also served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign of 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); he was discharged to pension on the 20th of April 1905.

HAY, WILLIAM (brother of Sergeant Robert Hay, above). Joined on the 17th of August 1852; served with the regiment in the Crimean campaign of 1854-55, and was present at the battles of Alma and Balaclava (medal with two clasps and Turkish medal). He died at Balaclava on the 9th of May 1855.

HAY, ANDREW (brother of Sergeant Robert Hay, above). Joined on the 17th of July 1857, and became Colour-Sergeant on the 17th of June 1869; he had previously served with the Royal Navy in the Black Sea during the Crimean War, and was present at the siege of Sebastopol (medal with clasp and Turkish medal); served with the regiment throughout the Indian Mutiny campaign, 1858-59, including the engagement at Secundrungunge, siege and capture of Lucknow, actions of Rooyah, Allygunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, capture of Mahomdie, storming of Rampore Kussia, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad (slightly wounded), and subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (medal with clasp); served with the regiment in the North-West Frontier campaign in 1863 (medal with clasp). On the regiment leaving India in 1871 he was transferred to the unattached list, afterwards to the 92nd Highlanders and 23rd Regiment (Royal Welsh Fusiliers), and from the last named he was discharged to pension in 1883; is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct, and the meritorious service medal with annuity. For the past eighteen years he has been employed as ranger at the Royal Park at Holyrood, Edinburgh. His son, Francis, joined the regiment on the 22nd of February 1908.

HENDERSON, DAVID. Joined on the 11th of December 1812, and served with the 79th in the Peninsula and throughout the Waterloo campaign, being present at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo.

HENDERSON, JOHN (son of Private David Henderson, above). Served as a Sergeant with the regiment throughout the Crimean campaign of 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale, and the siege of Sebastopol (medal with three clasps and Turkish

medal). He died on the 19th of April 1858, during the Indian Mutiny campaign, after being present at the siege and capture of Lucknow (medal with clasp).

HENDERSON, DAVID (son of Sergeant John Henderson, above). Joined the 14th Hussars on the 3rd of June 1871, was transferred to the Cameron Highlanders on the 1st of September 1873, and became Colour-Sergeant 1st of July 1886; served with the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); also throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (clasp); served as Sergeant-Major of the British Camel Corps throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86, and was present at the engagement at Giniss (mentioned in general orders). He was transferred to the Army Service Corps (Barrack Section) on the 2nd of February 1891, and was discharged with a view to immediate appointment as Barrack Warden on the 31st of July 1896. He died on the 1st of July 1901.

HENDERSON, THOMAS. Sergeant on the 20th of June 1850; Colour-Sergeant, 1st of June 1852; served with the regiment throughout the Crimean campaign of 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava and the siege and fall of Sebastopol (medal with three clasps and Turkish medal); he also received the silver medal for meritorious service and the silver medal for long service and good conduct; discharged on the 20th of January 1860; served, after leaving the 79th, for eighteen years with the Royal Perth Militia.

HEWITT, KENNEDY. Joined on the 6th of June 1876, and became Sergeant-Instructor of Musketry, 18th of April 1887. He served with the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (wounded, medal with clasp and Khedive's star); he was discharged on the 16th of August 1889.

ILOTT, HENRY WILLIAM. Joined at Kamptee, India, on the 18th of September 1871, and became Colour-Sergeant in 1883; served with the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); also throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (clasp); served throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86, was present in Kosheh during its investment, and at the engagement at Giniss (brought favourably to the notice of Lieutenant-General Sir Frederick Stephenson, K.C.B., by the commanding officer).

JAMES, WILLIAM. Sergeant-Major of the 2nd Battalion, 1815. He served as a Sergeant with the 79th in the expedition to Egypt in 1801; was present at the battle of Alexandria, and the subsequent occupation of Cairo; he also served in the expedition to Sweden, in the retreat to Corunna, in the Walcheren Expedition, and at the battle of Salamanca.

KEYS, JAMES. Joined on the 10th of May 1865, and became a Colour-Sergeant on the 2nd of December 1883; served with the regiment throughout the

Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); also served throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86, was present in Kosheh during its investment, and at the engagement at Giniss (brought favourably to the notice of Lieutenant-General Sir Frederick Stephenson, K.C.B., by the commanding officer). He was discharged to pension on the 6th of July 1886.

KNIGHT, JAMES. Joined on the 14th of February 1854, and became Colour-Sergeant, 1st of January 1860; Quarter-Master-Sergeant, 15th of January 1867; Canteen Steward, 16th of February 1875; served with the regiment throughout the Crimean campaign of 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava, siege of Sebastopol, assaults of the 18th of June and the 8th of September, and the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps and Turkish medal); also served throughout the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1858-59, including the engagement at Secundragunge, siege and capture of Lucknow, actions of Rooyah, Allygunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, capture of Mahomdie, storming of Rampore Kussia, passage of the Gogra and Raptee rivers (medal with clasp); served with the regiment in the North-West Frontier campaign in 1863 (medal with clasp); served with the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882 (medal and Khedive's star); also throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (clasp). He left the regiment in 1885. He also received the silver medal for long service and good conduct, and the meritorious service medal with annuity. Quarter-Master-Sergeant Knight had the honour of being presented to Her Majesty Queen Victoria at the ceremony of depositing the old Colours of the 79th at Osborne House on the 22nd of April 1873. Died on the 6th of December 1907.

LAMBELL, WILLIAM. Joined the regiment on the 20th of March 1800; served as a Sergeant with the 79th in the Peninsula, being present at the battles of Fuentes d'Onor and Salamanca, the siege of Burgos, and the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse. He was Colour-Sergeant of No. 6 Company at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo (severely wounded).

LANE, WILLIAM. Joined the regiment on the 25th of August 1798; served with the 79th as a Private at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee and in the expeditions to Ferrol and Egypt; was present at the battle of Alexandria, and at the subsequent occupation of Cairo. He served with the regiment in the expedition to Sweden, in the retreat to Corunna, in the Walcheren Expedition, at the defence of Cadiz, at the battles of Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor, and Salamanca, at the siege of Burgos, and at the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, Toulouse, Quatre Bras, and Waterloo. He was Paymaster's Clerk of the 1st Battalion from 1808 to 1812 and from 1813 to 1820.

LAWSON, ROBERT. Joined on the 10th of February 1855, and became a Sergeant on the 16th of July 1862; served with the regiment in the Crimean campaign, 1854-55, and was present at the siege of Sebastopol

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(medal with clasp and Turkish medal). He died at Parkhurst, Isle of Wight, on the 10th of October 1872.

LAWSON, JOHN CLARK (son of Sergeant Robert Lawson above). Joined on the 13th of March 1886; was promoted a Sergeant on the 21st of December 1897, and was transferred to the staff of the 3rd Battalion as Sergeant-Drummer in December 1905. Is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct. From 1888 until he left for the 3rd Battalion in 1905, a period of seventeen years, Sergeant-Drummer Lawson played in the first team of either the 1st or 2nd Battalions, both at cricket and at football, helping in no small measure to maintain the high reputation both battalions have always held in the field of sport.

LEITCH, ALEXANDER. Joined on the 17th of March 1884, and became a Colour-Sergeant on the 19th of March 1904; served with the regiment throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); also served throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86, was present at Kosheh during its investment, and at the engagement at Giniss; served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); also served with the 1st Battalion throughout the South African War, 1900-02 (Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps); is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct. He was discharged to pension on the 18th of March 1905.

LEVACH, JOHN. Served as a Sergeant with the regiment in the expedition to Sweden, the retreat to Corunna, the Walcheren Expedition, the battles of Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor (where he was taken prisoner¹), and Salamanca, the siege of Burgos, and the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse.

LOCKIE, JOHN. For services see Officers, 1st Volunteer Battalion.

LONG, GEORGE MARK. Joined the 76th Regiment on the 30th of March 1863; re-engaged for and joined the regiment on the 14th of March 1873, and became Sergeant on the 19th of April 1876; served with the 76th Regiment in the North-West Frontier campaign in 1863 (medal with clasp). Sergeant Long was transferred to the Royal Military College on the 15th June 1879, was promoted Sergeant-Major on the 13th of October 1880, became a Warrant Officer on the 1st of July 1881, and held that rank until finally discharged to pension on the 1st of April 1894; is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good

¹ "Sergeant Levach of the 79th Regiment, taken prisoner on the 5th of May 1811, made his escape from Salamanca, and brought with him a check upon the French Commissary there, with which he was sent to draw pro-

visions for the whole of the prisoners. The number agreed with Lord Wellington's statement."—Extract from the Journal of Lieutenant John Ford of the 79th.

conduct. Before joining the British Army he served with the Federal Navy at the blockade of Charleston in the American War of Secession, receiving a star for his services.

M'ADAM, PETER. Was present with the 79th as a Sergeant at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee; appointed Sergeant-Major on the 25th of February 1801, and in that rank served with the regiment in the campaign in Egypt of 1801; was present at the battle of Alexandria, and at the subsequent occupation of Cairo.

M'COLL, MALCOLM. Paymaster's Clerk, 1797-1808; served with the 79th in the campaign in Holland in 1799, and was present at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee; also served with the regiment in the expeditions to Ferrol in 1800 and Egypt in 1801; was present at the battle of Alexandria, and in the subsequent occupation of Cairo. He died at Weeley, on the 13th of February 1809, from the effects of the hardships he underwent in the retreat to Corunna in 1808-09.

M'CONNEL, GEORGE. Served with the regiment at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee, in the expeditions to Ferrol in 1800 and Egypt in 1801, including the battle of Alexandria, in the expedition to Sweden, the retreat to Corunna, the Walcheren Expedition, the defence of Cadiz, and the battles of Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor, and Salamanca. He was a Sergeant throughout the Peninsular War.

M'CRUMMIN, JOHN. Joined the regiment on the 19th of September 1804; served with the 79th as a Sergeant in the expedition to Sweden, the Walcheren Expedition, the defence of Cadiz, the battles of Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor, and Salamanca, the siege of Burgos, and the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse. He was Colour-Sergeant of No. 2 Company at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo.

M'CUE, JOHN. Joined on the 2nd of January 1896; served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); also served with the mounted infantry company of the 1st Battalion in the South African War, 1900-01 (mentioned in despatches, and promoted Corporal from Private for distinguished conduct in the field, Queen's medal with four clasps). He was killed in action on the 11th of December 1901.

M'DAVID, GEORGE. Joined the 91st Highlanders on the 26th of September 1877, and volunteered for the Cameron Highlanders from the Army Reserve on the 26th of February 1885, becoming Colour-Sergeant on the 19th of July 1892; served with the 91st Highlanders throughout the Zulu campaign of 1879 (medal with clasp), and with the Cameron Highlanders throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86; was present in Kosheh during its investment and at the engagement at Giniss (medal and Khedive's star). He was discharged to pension on the 7th of December 1898.

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MACDONALD, ALEXANDER. Embarked for the Crimea with the regiment, and was present at the battle of the Alma; was Paymaster-Clerk, 1854 to 1856, and was appointed Cornet in the Land Transport Corps on the 2nd of February 1856.

MACDONALD, COLIN. Joined the regiment on the 11th of May 1811. He participated with the 79th in the operations in the Alemtejo for covering the siege of Badajos; in the advance to, and occupation of Madrid; the siege of Burgos; the subsequent retreat through Spain; the battle of the Pyrenees, where he was wounded in the right thigh; and the battles of Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse, in which latter action he received a bullet wound in the right groin; he also served in the Waterloo campaign in 1815 as a Sergeant of the Grenadier Company, being present both at Quatre Bras and Waterloo, where he was twice wounded (in the right leg and right cheek). In the year 1824, while the regiment was serving in Ireland, he was appointed Sergeant-Major, a position which he occupied during the subsequent stay of the regiment in Canada, until, on the 28th of January 1835, he was promoted to be an Ensign on the unattached list, and was made Town-Major at Montreal. He subsequently took part in the suppression of the rebellion in Canada in 1837-38; was promoted Lieutenant on the 13th of November 1860, and gazetted to half-pay. He died in the year 1862.

MACDONALD, DONALD. Joined on the 13th of November 1866, and became Orderly-room Sergeant (Quarter-Master-Sergeant) on the 1st of November 1891; served with the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); he also received the silver medal for long service and good conduct; died at Inverness on the 5th of June 1896. His three sons joined the regiment. The eldest (Malcolm) attained the rank of Sergeant, and was discharged to pension in April 1906; is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct. The second (Donald) served with the 1st Battalion throughout the Soudan campaign in 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); also served with the 1st Battalion in the South African War, 1900-02 (Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps); is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct. The third son (Peter) served with the 1st Battalion in the South African War, 1902 (Queen's medal with four clasps).

MACDONALD, WILLIAM. Joined on the 27th of October 1876, and became Colour-Sergeant on the 8th of August 1889. He served with the regiment throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (medal with clasp and Khedive's star) and throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86; was present in Kosheh during its investment and at the engagement at Giniss; was posted to the permanent staff of the 1st Volunteer Battalion on the 24th of June 1895, and served with the Volunteer Service Company in the South African War, 1901 (Queen's

medal with three clasps); is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct. He was discharged to pension on the 31st of January 1908.

M'INTOSH, DONALD. Served with the 79th as a Sergeant in the Peninsular War, and was promoted to a commission in the 88th Regiment, on the 4th of June 1811, for his conspicuous bravery at the battle of Fuentes d'Onor; he was promoted Lieutenant on the 21st of April 1814, and on the 25th of March 1824 was appointed Adjutant of the 97th (Earl of Ulster's) Regiment. He obtained his company on the 27th of September 1834, and retired on half-pay on the 29th of May 1840.

MACINTOSH, JAMES. Joined on the 9th of November 1852; served with the regiment throughout the Crimean campaign of 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege and fall of Sebastopol, and the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps and Turkish medal); also served throughout the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1858-59, including the engagement at Secundragunge, siege and capture of Lucknow, actions of Rooyah, Allygunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, capture of Mahomdie, storming of Rampore Kussia, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, and subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (medal with clasp); was discharged in 1863, but served for many years in the reserve, making a total connection with the regiment of over thirty-one years. He died at Glasgow on the 12th of February 1908.

M'INTOSH, MASTERTON. Joined the regiment from the Inverness Fencible Highlanders on the 15th of July 1800. He accompanied the regiment to Egypt in 1801 as a Corporal, and was present at the battle before Alexandria, and at the subsequent occupation of Cairo. He served with the 79th in the expeditions to Copenhagen and Sweden, in the retreat to Corunna (as a Sergeant), in the expedition to Walcheren, the defence of Cadiz, the battles of Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor, Salamanca, the siege of Burgos (where he was brought favourably to the notice of Lord Wellington for his bravery), and at the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, and Nive. He was appointed Sergeant-Major of the regiment on the 6th of January 1814, and in that rank was present at the battles of Toulouse, Quatre Bras, and Waterloo.

M'INTYRE, DUNCAN. Was appointed Quarter-Master in the Land Transport Corps from Quarter-Master-Sergeant, 3rd of March 1856; afterwards transferred as Quarter-Master to the 4th Rifle Brigade. He served with the regiment throughout the Crimean campaign of 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege and fall of Sebastopol, and the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (mentioned in despatches, silver medal for distinguished conduct in the field, medal with three clasps, and Turkish medal).

M'KAY, KENNETH. Joined the regiment from the Caithness Fencible Highlanders on the 6th of November 1802. Piper of the Grenadier Company, was present at Quatre Bras and Waterloo with the regiment. At Waterloo, Piper Mackay stepped outside the bayonets and continued to play round

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the outside of the square the air, "Cogadh na Sith" (War or Peace), while the regiment awaited the charge of the French cavalry. This intrepid act inspired the late Mr Lockhart Bogle with an idea for a picture, which took tangible form in the well-known and admirable oil-painting of which a reproduction is published in this work.

M'KAY, MURDOCH. Served with the 79th as a Sergeant in the expedition to Sweden, in the retreat to Corunna, the Walcheren Expedition, the defence of Cadiz, the battles of Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor, and Salamanca, the siege of Burgos, and the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse.

M'KAY, WILLIAM. Drum-Major, 1st Battalion, 1813-15; served with the 79th in the Peninsular campaign, and was present at the siege of Burgos and at the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse.

M'KENZIE, DONALD. Joined the regiment on the 14th of July 1804; served with the 79th as a Sergeant in the expedition to Sweden, the Walcheren Expedition, the defence of Cadiz, the battles of Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor, and Salamanca, the siege of Burgos (where he was dangerously wounded and was recommended by Lord Wellington for a commission), and the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse; he was also dangerously wounded in the Waterloo campaign. He was discharged to pension in 1832, and died in France in 1849.

M'KENZIE, EWEN. Joined the regiment on the 7th of March 1803; served with the 79th in the Peninsula, and was present at the battles of Fuentes d'Onor and Salamanca, at the siege of Burgos, and at the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse; was Colour-Sergeant of No. 1 Company at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo.

M'KENZIE, JOHN. Served with the regiment in the Walcheren Expedition in 1809; served throughout the Peninsular War with the 79th, being present at the attack on Cadiz, battles of Busaco, Foz d'Aronce, Fuentes d'Onor, Salamanca, Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse. He was promoted to Corporal for his bravery at the battle of the Pyrenees; he volunteered for the "forlorn hope" in the projected attack on the French position at Trocadero on the 16th of March 1810; he again volunteered for the "forlorn hope" at the storming of Burgos, and was actually the first man to enter the horn-work, being lifted over the palisades by Sergeant Masterton M'Intosh of the 79th; he received a bayonet wound through his left arm at the storming of Burgos, and a bullet in his ankle at the battle of Toulouse.

MACKENZIE, JOHN. Joined on the 8th of August 1854, and became Sergeant, 19th April 1855; Orderly-room Sergeant, 8th of October 1858; Paymaster-Sergeant, 21st of February 1870; transferred to the Royal Perth Rifles on the 1st of July 1875, and became Quarter-Master-Sergeant of the 3rd Battalion Royal Highlanders on the 1st August 1879; served with the regiment throughout the Crimean campaign of 1855, including the siege and fall of Sebastopol and assaults of the 18th of June and the 8th of September (medal with clasp and Turkish medal); also served throughout

the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1858-59, including the engagement at Secundragunge, siege and capture of Lucknow, actions of Rooyah, Allygunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, capture of Mahomdie, storming of Rampore Kussia, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, and subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (thanked by Colonel Taylor, C.B., commanding the 79th, for conspicuous conduct at Lucknow, silver medal for distinguished conduct in the field, medal with clasp); served with the regiment in the North-West Frontier campaign in 1863 (medal with clasp); he also received the silver medal for long service and good conduct, and the meritorious service medal with annuity; was discharged on the 21st of October 1894, after forty years and two months' service. Quarter-Master-Sergeant Mackenzie had the honour of being presented to Her Majesty Queen Victoria at the ceremony of depositing the old Colours of the 79th at Osborne House on the 22nd of April 1873; he was also specially selected for presentation to His Majesty King Edward at the parade of Crimean and Indian Mutiny veterans at Edinburgh Castle in May 1903; died on the 17th of January 1908.

MACKENZIE, THOMAS EDWARD (son of Quarter-Master-Sergeant John Mackenzie, above). Joined on the 24th of August 1885, and became a Colour-Sergeant on the 1st of February 1892; served with the 1st battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (mentioned in despatches, silver medal for distinguished conduct in the field, British medal, and Khedive's medal with two clasps); also served with the 1st Battalion throughout the South African War, 1900-02 (mentioned in despatches, Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps); discharged to pension on the 22nd of October 1902.

M'KINNON, ALEXANDER. Joined on the 16th of July 1891, and became Colour-Sergeant on the 6th of April 1904; served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign of 1898, and was present at the battle of Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with clasp); served as Maxim Gun Sergeant with the 1st Battalion throughout the South African War, 1900-02 (mentioned in despatches, silver medal for distinguished conduct in the field, Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

M'LACHLAN, LACHLAN. Joined on the 4th of June 1804; served with the 79th as a Sergeant in the expedition to Sweden, the retreat to Corunna, the Walcheren Expedition, the defence of Cadiz, the battles of Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor, and Salamanca, the siege of Burgos, and the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, Toulouse, Quatre Bras, and Waterloo.

M'LACHLAN, PETER. Joined on the 27th of October 1802; served with the 79th in Egypt in 1801; served also in the Peninsular War with the regiment; was present at the battles of Fuentes d'Onor and Salamanca, at the siege of Burgos, and at the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse; died, as a Sergeant, of wounds received at the battle of Waterloo.

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M'LAGGAN, ROBERT. Joined on the 22nd of September 1875; Colour-Sergeant, 20th of April 1885; Paymaster-Sergeant, 10th of July 1887. He served with the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); also throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (clasp); served with the regiment throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86; was present in Kosheh during its investment, and at the engagement at Giniss. He was the last of the regimental paymaster-sergeants, and on the abolition of the rank in January 1890 was transferred to the Corps of Military Staff Clerks, and subsequently to the Army Pay Corps on the 1st of April 1893. He was promoted a Warrant Officer on the 1st of November 1896, and was discharged to pension on the 31st of October 1901.

M'LAREN, JAMES. Drum-Major of the 1st Battalion, 1811-13. He served with the regiment at the battles of Fuentes d'Onor and Salamanca, and at the siege of Burgos.

M'LAREN, JAMES. Joined the regiment at Quebec in 1834, and subsequently became Band-Sergeant. He served with the regiment throughout the Crimean campaign of 1854-55, including the battles of Alma and Balaclava, siege of Sebastopol, assaults on the 18th of June and the 8th of September, and the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps and Turkish medal); also served throughout the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1858-59, including the engagement at Secundragunge, siege and capture of Lucknow (wounded), actions of Allygunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, storming of Rampore Kussia, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, and subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptée rivers (medal with clasp). He was discharged to pension in 1859.

M'LEAN, ANGUS JAMES. Joined on the 9th of January 1888, and became dépôt Quarter-Master-Sergeant on the 5th of December 1903; served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battle of the Atbara (British medal and Khedive's medal with clasp); also served with the 1st Battalion throughout the South African War, 1900-02 (Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps); is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct.

M'LUGISH, NEIL. Served with the 79th, as a Corporal, at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee and in the expedition to Egypt in 1801; was present at the battle of Alexandria and at the subsequent occupation of Cairo, and as a Sergeant served in the expeditions to Copenhagen and Sweden, the retreat to Corunna, the Walcheren Expedition, the defence of Cadiz, and the battle of Busaco; was invalided from the Peninsula.

M'NAUGHTON, EWEN. Served with the 79th, as a Sergeant, in the expedition to Sweden, the retreat to Corunna, the Walcheren Expedition, the defence of Cadiz, and the battles of Fuentes d'Onor and Salamanca. He died on the 7th of April 1815.

M'NEIL, JAMES. Joined on the 9th of February 1875, and became Colour-Sergeant, 12th of July 1882. He served with the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir

(mentioned in despatches, medal with clasp, and Khedive's star); also throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (clasp). Served with the regiment throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86; was present in Kosheh during its investment, at the reconnaissance on the 16th of December, and at the engagement at Giniss (brought favourably to the notice of Lieutenant-General Sir Frederick Stephenson, K.C.B., by the commanding officer); was appointed Acting-Sergeant-Major of the 1st Volunteer Battalion on the 1st of February 1894; served in the South African War, 1900-01, with Lovat's Scouts, as Sergeant-Major from the 12th March to 25th April 1901, on which latter date he was invalidated home in consequence of wounds received at Diamond Hill (Queen's medal with four clasps); is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct; was discharged to pension on the 15th of February 1903. He has three sons at present serving in the regiment.

M'PHERSON, ALEXANDER. Joined on the 31st of July 1840, and became Sergeant, 31st of May 1854; he served, attached to the light cavalry brigade, throughout the Crimean campaign of 1854-55, including the battles of Alma, Balaclava, Inkerman, and the siege and fall of Sebastopol (medal with four clasps and Turkish medal); he served with the 79th throughout the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1858-59, including the engagement at Secundragunge, siege and capture of Lucknow, actions at Rooyah, Allygunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, capture of Mahomdie, storming of Rampore Kussia, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, and subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (medal with clasp); discharged, 4th of October 1864; he also received the silver medal for long service and good conduct.

M'PHERSON, JAMES. Joined on the 16th of May 1846, and became Sergeant on the 15th of July 1862; served with the regiment throughout the Crimean campaign of 1854-55, and was present at the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege and fall of Sebastopol, and the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps and Turkish medal); also served throughout the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1858-59, including the engagements at Secundragunge, siege and capture of Lucknow, actions of Rooyah, Allygunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, capture of Mahomdie, storming of Rampore Kussia, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, and subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (medal with clasp); is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct, and the meritorious service medal with annuity. He was discharged in November 1867, but served as Colour-Sergeant in the Royal Lanark Militia for eight years and one hundred and ninety-one days, and was finally discharged on the 9th of September 1876; for eight years he was employed as a pensioner recruiter in Glasgow. Two of his sons, David and John, served in the regiment; David is now a pensioner, and John was transferred to the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders in 1891.

M'QUEEN, JAMES. Served with the 79th in the expedition to Sweden, the retreat to Corunna, the Walcheren Expedition, the defence of Cadiz, the

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battles of Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor, Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, Toulouse, and Quatre Bras. He was killed, as a Colour-Sergeant (Grenadier Company), at the battle of Waterloo.

MANUEL, GEORGE. Joined the regiment from the Caithness Fencible Highlanders on the 7th of July 1800; served with the regiment in the expedition to Sweden (as a Sergeant), in the retreat to Corunna, the Walcheren Expedition, the defence of Cadiz, the battles of Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor, and Salamanca, the siege of Burgos, and the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse. He was Colour-Sergeant of No. 5 Company at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo (severely wounded).

MARS, MICHAEL. Joined on the 2nd of June 1882, and became Sergeant on the 25th of December 1887; served with the regiment throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); also served throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86, was present in Kosheh during its investment, at the reconnaissance on the 16th of December, and at the engagement at Giniss. He was transferred to the Army Reserve on the 1st of June 1889, and discharged on the 1st of June 1894.

MESSENGER, HENRY C. Appointed Armourer-Sergeant on the 3rd of July 1882; served with the regiment throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); also throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in charge of machine guns; was present in Kosheh during its investment (slightly wounded), and at the engagement at Giniss (brought favourably to the notice of Lieutenant-General Sir Frederick Stephenson, K.C.B., by the commanding officer). He left the regiment in September 1897, and was promoted a Warrant Officer on the 5th of September 1901. He was discharged to pension on the 4th of September 1906.

MIDDLETON, THOMAS. Joined on the 18th of April 1857, and became Colour-Sergeant on the 12th of March 1872; served with the regiment throughout the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1858-59, including the siege and capture of Lucknow, actions at Rooyah, Allygunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, capture of Mahomdie, storming of Rampore Kussia, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, and the subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (medal with clasp); also served in the North-West Frontier campaign of 1863 (medal with clasp); is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct, the Diamond Jubilee medal, the Coronation medal, and the Royal Victorian (silver) medal. He was transferred to the permanent staff of the 3rd Gordon Highlanders as Sergeant-Major on the 14th of March 1877, became a Warrant Officer on the 1st of July 1881, and was discharged to pension on the 12th of October 1886. He was appointed a Yeoman Warder of the Tower of London on the 5th of February 1890. His son James joined the regiment on the 24th of August 1891, and served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); also served with the 1st Battalion throughout the South African

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War, 1900-02 (Queen's medal with three clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

MILNE, JAMES. Joined on the 3rd of January 1894; served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); served with the mounted infantry company of the 1st Battalion in the South African War, 1900-02 (mentioned in despatches, silver medal for distinguished conduct in the field, Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps); transferred, as a Corporal, to the Army Reserve on the 30th of April 1903.

MORRIS, JOHN. Joined the regiment on the 1st of May 1798; served with the 79th in Egypt in 1801, and was present at the battle of Alexandria, and at the subsequent occupation of Cairo; served in the expeditions to Copenhagen and Sweden, the retreat to Corunna, the defence of Cadiz, at the battles of Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor, and Salamanca, the siege of Burgos, and at the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, Toulouse, Quatre Bras, and Waterloo. He was Armourer-Sergeant of the regiment during the Peninsular War and in the Waterloo campaign.

MORTON, JAMES. Joined on the 9th of October 1876, and became Quarter-Master-Sergeant on the 10th of July 1890; served with the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); also throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (clasp); served throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86, was present in Kosheh during its investment, and at the engagement at Giniss (brought favourably to the notice of Lieutenant-General Sir Frederick Stephenson, K.C.B., by the commanding officer, and mentioned in despatches); is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct. He was transferred to the permanent staff of the 9th Lanark Volunteers on the 19th of July 1892, and was discharged to pension on the 10th of October 1907.

MUIR, ROBERT. Was Sergeant-Major of the 79th from 1797 to 1801, and in that rank was present at the battle of Egmont-op-Zee; served as a Sergeant in Egypt in 1801, and was present at the battle of Alexandria and at the subsequent occupation of Cairo. Again becoming Sergeant-Major in 1803, he served in that rank with the 1st Battalion until 1808, with the 2nd Battalion from 1808 to 1812, and with the 1st Battalion from 1812 to 1813; served in the Peninsula, being present at the battle of Salamanca and at the siege of Burgos, whence he was invalided home.

MURRAY, WILLIAM. Joined 3rd March 1882; served with the regiment in the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); also served in the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86, including the defence of Kosheh Fort, the reconnaissance on the 16th December, and the engagement at Giniss (brought favourably to the notice of Lieutenant-General Sir Frederick Stephenson, K.C.B., by the commanding officer); became Colour-Sergeant, 21st April 1891.

NEWELL, JOHN. Joined on the 6th of October 1863, and became Colour-Sergeant on the 17th of March 1874; afterwards Quarter-Master-Sergeant at the depot. He served with the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (mentioned in despatches, medal with clasp, and Khedive's star); is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct; was transferred to the permanent staff of the 6th Volunteer Battalion of the Royal Highlanders in December 1883, and was discharged to pension on the 13th of July 1886.

OCC, ROBERT. Joined on the 27th of November 1882; served with the regiment throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); also served throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86, was present in Kosheh during its investment, and at the engagement at Giniss; served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); also served with the 1st Battalion throughout the South African War, 1900-02 (Queen's medal with three clasps, King's medal with two clasps).

OGILVIE, JAMES. Served as a Private with the 79th in Egypt in 1801, and was present at the battle of Alexandria; accompanied the expedition to Sweden in 1808; served as a Sergeant with the 79th in the campaign of 1808-09, being left in charge of the sick of the regiment at Lisbon; served in the Walcheren Expedition, in the defence of Cadiz, and at the battles of Busaco and Fuentes d'Onor. He was killed, as a Sergeant, at the siege of Burgos on the 22nd of September 1812.

OWENS, SAMUEL. Joined the regiment from the Inverness Fencible Highlanders on the 15th of July 1800; served with the 79th as a Corporal in the expedition to Egypt in 1801, was present at the battle of Alexandria and at the subsequent occupation of Cairo; served as a Sergeant in the expeditions to Copenhagen and Sweden, in the retreat to Corunna, the expedition to Walcheren, the defence of Cadiz, the battles of Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor, and Salamanca, the siege of Burgos, and the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse (wounded); was regimental Post-Sergeant for some time in the Peninsula; was Colour-Sergeant of No. 4 Company at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo (slightly wounded).

PATCHETT, WILLIAM ERNEST. Joined on the 6th of October 1892, and became Quarter-Master-Sergeant of the 2nd Battalion on the 19th of October 1901. He was the first Orderly-room Sergeant of the 2nd Battalion on its formation in April 1897.

PATERSON, JOHN. Joined on the 26th of May 1879, and became Colour-Sergeant in July 1886; served with the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); also throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (clasp); served with the regiment throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86; was present in Kosheh

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during its investment, and at the engagement at Giniss. He was transferred to the permanent staff of the 1st Volunteer Battalion of the Royal Highlanders on the 15th of March 1895, and was discharged to pension on the 10th of August 1902.

PATON, JAMES. Joined on the 27th of December 1855, and became Pipe-Major on the 28th of April 1868; served with the regiment throughout the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1858-59, including the engagements at Secundragunge, siege and capture of Lucknow, actions at Rooyah, Allygunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, capture of Mahomdie, storming of Rampore Kussia, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, and subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (medal with clasp); is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct; was discharged to pension on the 25th of September 1877. He has three sons at present serving in the regiment.

RAMSHAW, JOHN. Joined on the 4th of March 1845, and became a Sergeant on the 30th of June 1855; served with the regiment throughout the Crimean campaign of 1854-55, and was present at the battles of Alma and Balaclava, siege and fall of Sebastopol, and the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps and Turkish medal); also served throughout the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1858-59, including the engagements at Secundragunge, siege and capture of Lucknow, actions at Rooyah, Allygunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, capture of Mahomdie, storming of Rampore Kussia, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, and subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (medal with clasp); served in the North-West Frontier campaign in 1863 (medal with clasp). He also received the silver medal for long service and good conduct, and the meritorious service medal with annuity. After serving for nearly twenty-two and a half years with the regiment, he served another twenty-two and a half years as instructor in the 2nd Volunteer Battalion Scottish Rifles.

RANKIN, ROBERT. Joined on the 10th of March 1854; Colour-Sergeant, 9th of May 1863; Sergeant-Major, 16th of March 1867; died at Kamptee on the 17th of March 1871. He served with the regiment throughout the Crimean campaign of 1854-55, including the battle of Balaclava, siege of Sebastopol, assaults of the 18th of June and the 8th of September, and expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with two clasps and Turkish medal); also served with the 79th throughout the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1858-59, including the engagement at Secundragunge, siege and capture of Lucknow, actions of Rooyah, Allygunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, capture of Mahomdie, storming of Rampore Kussia, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, and subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (medal with clasp); served in the North-West Frontier campaign against the Mohmunds in 1863 (entitled to a medal).

ROBERTSON, JOHN. Joined on the 15th of January 1876, and became Sergeant-Master-Tailor on the 29th of October 1876; served with the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882 (medal and Khedive's star);

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also throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (clasp); served with the regiment throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86; was present in Kosheh during its investment and at the engagement at Giniss; served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); also served with the 1st Battalion throughout the South African War, 1900-02 (South African medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps); is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct and the meritorious service medal with annuity. Sergeant Robertson has the distinction of being the oldest soldier still serving, and the first to receive the meritorious service medal whilst serving.

ROSE, JOHN M. Joined on the 28th of February 1884, and became Colour-Sergeant on the 14th of April 1894; served with the regiment throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86; was present in Kosheh during its investment, at the reconnaissance on the 16th of December, and at the engagement at Giniss (medal and Khedive's star); is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct. He was discharged to pension on the 20th of April 1908.

Ross, DONALD. Joined the 79th in the year 1794, and served for twenty-one years in the regiment as a Private. He served with the regiment at the bombardment of Copenhagen in 1807; in the Peninsular War, being present at the retreat to Corunna, Talavera (wounded), Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor, Salamanca, Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse; in the Waterloo campaign in the Light Company (medal); he also received the medal for long service and good conduct. His grandson, Sergeant Hugh Ross, enlisted in the regiment on the 6th of February 1900, and served in the South African War, 1901-02 (Queen's medal with five clasps).

Ross, WILLIAM JOHN. Joined on the 6th of April 1874, and became depot Quarter-Master-Sergeant on the 21st of April 1891. He served with the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star); served throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (clasp); also served with the regiment throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86; was present in Kosheh during its investment, at the reconnaissance on the 16th of December, and at the engagement at Giniss; is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct; was discharged to pension on the 20th of October 1896.

SINCLAIR, JOHN. Sergeant-Major, 2nd Battalion, 1806-08; 1st Battalion, 1808-12; 2nd Battalion, 1812-15. He served with the 79th, as a Sergeant, in Egypt in 1801; was present at the battle of Alexandria and at the subsequent occupation of Cairo. He accompanied the expedition to Sweden in 1808, and served with the regiment as Sergeant-Major in the retreat to Corunna, in the Walcheren Expedition, in the defence of Cadiz, and at the battles of Busaco and Fuentes d'Onor. He was invalided from Spain in 1811. His grandson, George Sinclair, joined the regiment in February

1878 and served with it in the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star). On the Staff of the Egyptian Army, he served in the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (clasp), and with the Soudan Field Force in 1885-86. George Sinclair's two sons (great-grandsons of John Sinclair) are at present serving in the 1st Battalion.

SLOAN, JAMES. Served, as a Private, in the Crimean campaign of 1854-55, and was present at the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege and fall of Sebastopol, and the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps, French war medal, and Turkish medal). Private Sloan received the French war medal for good and gallant conduct at the battles of Alma and Balaclava, and in the trenches before Sebastopol, and for having volunteered to act in front as a sharpshooter.

SMITH, JOHN. Joined the Leinster Regiment on the 13th of April 1876, and volunteered for the Cameron Highlanders from the Army Reserve on the 26th of March 1885; served with the regiment throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86; was present in Kosheh during its investment and at the engagement at Giniss (medal and Khedive's star); served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); also served with the 1st Battalion throughout the South African War, 1900-02 (Queen's medal with three clasps, King's medal with two clasps). Private Smith has the distinction of being the oldest private soldier still serving.

SMITH, PETER. Joined on the 28th of June 1854, and became Colour-Sergeant, 12th of April 1861; served with the regiment during the Crimean campaign of 1855, and was present at the siege of Sebastopol, assaults of the 18th of June and the 8th of September, and with the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with clasp and Turkish medal); also served throughout the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1858-59, including the engagement at Secundragunge, siege and capture of Lucknow, actions of Rooyah, Allygunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, capture of Mahomdie, storming of Rampore Kussia, and subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (medal with clasp). He also received the silver medal for long service and good conduct. He was discharged on the 31st of August 1875.

SPENCE, JAMES. Joined on the 14th of June 1843, and became Colour-Sergeant on the 1st of July 1857; served with the regiment throughout the Crimean campaign of 1854-55, and was present at the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege and fall of Sebastopol, and with the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps, French war medal, and Turkish medal); also served in the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1858, including the engagement at Secundragunge and the siege and capture of Lucknow (medal with clasp); died in India on the 23rd of April 1858. Colour-Sergeant Spence received the French war medal for good and gallant conduct at the battles of Alma and Balaclava, and in the trenches before Sebastopol.

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STEWART, JAMES. Joined on the 20th of April 1892; served with the 1st Battalion, as a Piper, in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was killed while playing "The March of the Cameron Men" at the battle of the Atbara on the 8th of April 1898 (British medal and Khedive's medal with clasp). When his body was recovered it was found that no fewer than seven bullets had passed through it. A memorial in the form of an Ionic Cross has been erected to his memory at Kinraig, Inverness-shire.

SUTHERLAND, JOHN. Joined the regiment from the Caithness Fencible Highlanders on the 7th of July 1800; served with the 79th in the expeditions to Copenhagen and Sweden, in the retreat to Corunna, the Walcheren Expedition, the defence of Cadiz, the battles of Busaco, Fuentes d'Onor, and Salamanca, the siege of Burgos, and the battles of the Pyrenees, Nivelle, Nive, and Toulouse; was Colour-Sergeant of No. 7 Company at the battles of Quatre Bras and Waterloo (severely wounded).

SUTTON, RANDOLF. Joined on the 11th of April 1892, and became Quarter-Master-Sergeant (Orderly-room Sergeant) of the 2nd Battalion on the 1st of April 1905.

SWEENEY, JAMES. Joined the regiment on the 2nd of November 1869, and became Paymaster-Sergeant on the 9th of March 1875; Staff Clerk, 6th of July 1887. He served, attached to the Black Watch, throughout the Ashantee campaign of 1873, including the battle of Amoaful, capture and destruction of Becquah, battle of Ordahsu, and capture of Coomassie (medal with clasp); served with the Cameron Highlanders throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882 (medal and Khedive's star); served throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (clasp); also served with the regiment throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86. He also received the silver medal for long service and good conduct. Died in Glasgow on the 23rd of March 1899.

SYME, STEPHEN. Joined the regiment on the 1st of September 1877 from the 42nd Black Watch, and became Sergeant on the 15th of May 1883; served with the Black Watch throughout the Ashantee campaign of 1873, including the battle of Amoaful, capture and destruction of Becquah, battle of Ordahsu, and capture of Coomassie (medal with clasp). He served with the Cameron Highlanders throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (mentioned in despatches, appointed Lance-Sergeant for conspicuous gallantry, medal with clasp, and Khedive's star); served throughout the Nile Expedition of 1884-85 (clasp); also served with the regiment throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86; was present at Kosheh during its investment and at the engagement at Giniss. Discharged to pension on the 6th of February 1892.

TAYLOR, DAVID. Joined on the 1st of August 1885, and became Colour-Sergeant on the 1st of April 1897; served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); also

served with the 1st Battalion throughout the South African War, 1900-02 (Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps); is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct. He was discharged to pension on the 29th of December 1905.

TEMPLEMAN, THOMAS. Joined on the 7th of July 1873, and became depot Quarter-Master-Sergeant (Orderly-room Sergeant) on the 1st of August 1885. He served with the regiment throughout the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and was present at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir (medal with clasp and Khedive's star). He was discharged to pension on the 25th of April 1893, and died on the 29th of December 1905.

THOMPSON, WILLIAM. Joined the Bedfordshire Regiment on the 27th of May 1879, and the Cameron Highlanders from the reserve on the 19th of March 1885, and became Sergeant on the 10th of February 1890; served with the regiment throughout the operations of the Soudan Frontier Field Force in 1885-86; was present in Kosheh during its investment and at the engagement at Giniss (medal and Khedive's star); served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); also served with the 1st Battalion throughout the South African War, 1900-02 (Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps). He also received the silver medal for long service and good conduct. He died of dysentery at Elandsfontein, South Africa, on the 1st of April 1902.

THORBURN, JOHN. Joined on the 18th of December 1891; served with the 1st Battalion throughout the South African War, 1900-02 (Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps). While on the permanent staff of the 3rd Battalion he was awarded the medal of the Royal Humane Society for gallantry in saving the life of a child from drowning in the river Ness on the 23rd of July 1895.

WALSH, WILLIAM. Joined on the 16th of June 1892, and became Colour-Sergeant on the 19th of February 1900; served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); served as Colour-Sergeant of the mounted infantry company of the 1st Battalion in the South African War, 1900-01 (mentioned in despatches, silver medal for distinguished conduct in the field, Queen's medal with five clasps). Colour-Sergeant Walsh, No. 3163 Private J. Tearney, and No. 3557 Private H. Wilson, met their deaths at the same time, being struck by lightning at Middelburg on the 10th of November 1901.

WHITE, ROBERT. Joined in November 1854 from the Royal Hibernian Military School, and became Band-Sergeant in 1866; served with the regiment throughout the Indian Mutiny campaign of 1857-59, including the engagement at Secundrungunge, siege and capture of Lucknow, actions of Rooyah, Allygunge, Bareilly, and Shahjehanpore, capture of Mahomdie, storming of Rampore Kussia, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, and sub-

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sequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (medal with clasp); also served with the regiment in the North-West Frontier campaign in 1863 (medal with clasp); is in possession of the silver medal for long service, the meritorious service medal with annuity, the Diamond Jubilee medal, and the Coronation medal. He was discharged from the regiment in January 1869, but joined the 8th Regiment the following month, and was transferred to the Royal Artillery in April 1869, and from the last named regiment he was discharged in April 1880, with the rank of Battery Sergeant-Major. For the past sixteen years he has been a State Trumpeter for Scotland.

WILKIE, JAMES. Served as a Private in the Crimean campaign of 1854-55, and was present at the battles of Alma and Balaclava, the siege and fall of Sebastopol, and the expedition to Kertch and Yenikale (medal with three clasps, French war medal, and Turkish medal). Private Wilkie received the French war medal for good and gallant conduct at the battles of Alma and Balaclava, and in the trenches before Sebastopol, and for having volunteered and acted as a sharpshooter during the early part of the siege.

WILKINS, EDWIN JAMES. Joined on the 9th of May 1889, and became Quarter-Master-Sergeant of the 1st Battalion on the 19th of March 1904; served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); also served with the 1st Battalion throughout the South African War, 1900-02 (Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps); is in possession of the silver medal for long service and good conduct.

WILSON, THOMAS. Joined on the 25th of September 1893; served with the 1st Battalion in the Soudan campaign, 1898, and was present at the battles of the Atbara and Khartoum (British medal and Khedive's medal with two clasps); also served with the mounted infantry company of the 1st Battalion in the South African War, 1900-02 (mentioned in despatches, silver medal for distinguished conduct in the field, Queen's medal with four clasps, King's medal with two clasps). He was transferred to the Army Reserve (Lance-Corporal) on the 7th of July 1902.

WINNING, ROBERT. Joined on the 10th of April 1856; served with the regiment during the Indian Mutiny campaign in 1858-59, including the storming of Rampore Kussia, passage of the Gogra at Fyzabad, and subsequent operations in Oude across the Gogra and Raptee rivers (medal). At Muchligaon, Private Winning greatly distinguished himself. Coming alone in the jungle upon six of the enemy, he shot one of them down and bayoneted two, the remainder taking to flight. He was discharged to pension on the 23rd of April 1878. His son John joined the regiment, and was transferred to the Seaforth Highlanders in 1907 as Sergeant-Master-Tailor.

APPENDIX A.

The Dress of the 79th.

Introduction.

THIS Appendix is essentially a chronicle of what are hoped to be, for the most part, facts, which have been arranged under various headings to facilitate reference, and which are supplemented by a series of notes put down in chronological order at the end.

It is probable that the first thing that will strike the inquirer who refers to it is that the particular piece of information he is in search of is nowhere to be found. This is a difficulty that any one who has tried to ascertain the facts about old regimental uniforms will at once appreciate.

The period from 1855 onwards, which includes the Crimea, Indian Mutiny, Egypt, and South Africa, and which is covered by the invention of photography, has been a comparatively easy task ; all previous to that is obscured by the mist of years and uncertainty, and it is only possible to make sure of points here and there.

It is true that a great deal can be done by deduction from the known contemporary uniforms and customs of other regiments, but the pitfalls of such a method are exceedingly easy to tumble into, especially in the case of the 79th, which, as a well-known authority has said, was always a law unto itself in matters of dress.

Advertisements were put in the newspapers, and in reply many interesting letters were received, some of the most useful coming from Canada, where a number of old 79th officers and men have settled.

A printed circular was sent to all who were likely to be interested in the search after facts connected with the Cameron Highlanders, and this also elicited much useful information. But there is no finality to this kind of research, and it is recognised that, in spite of what has been done in this way, much that should be recorded may have been missed. For example, no reliable picture or description of the original dress of officers or men has yet been forthcoming, but who can say that full details on this interesting point may not appear from some dusty and neglected corner after the publication of these records? On the other hand, the most minute details about many articles of uniform have been in some cases available, but have found no place in this Appendix. Inquirers as to the exact measurements of lace or the precise dimensions of a full-dress sporran tassel will search it in vain. Apart from its historical interest, the only object such an Appendix can have is to exist as a guide to artists and to costumiers; and if a reference to these pages enables them to avoid making egregious mistakes as to period and regimental custom, the labour involved in the writing will have been fully repaid. The main landmarks in the evolution of the present uniform of the regiment, though treated at greater length later on, may here be summarised as follows :—

- 1794. First uniform issued. Facings green.
- 1798. Coatees buttoned down to the waist, thus hiding the old white waistcoat.
- 1808. Queues discontinued.
- 1810. Earliest record of spats in the 79th.
- 1829 (*circa*). Red and white hackle for battalion companies replaced by white.
- 1830. Gorgets finally abolished; sergeants discontinued carrying pikes.
- 1834. Earliest record of a separate "undress" for officers.
- 1836-39. Tartan trousers replaced grey trousers.
- 1840. Red and green hose replaced the old red and white; glengarry replaced diced humble bonnet. Earliest record of sgian dubh in 79th.
- 1841. Earliest record of green jackets for pipers.
- 1845. Sergeants' red and green sash replaced by plain red one.
- 1852. Sergeants discontinued carrying swords.

- 1853. Earliest record of present pattern full-dress sporran.
- 1855. Coatee and epaulets abolished; Highland doublet introduced.
- 1856. Present pattern undress sporran introduced.
- 1863. Green hackle for Light Company discontinued.
- 1868. Steel scabbards replace leather ones for officers.
- 1872. Last issue of white doublets to band.
- 1873. Blue facings replaced green; tartan made slightly darker in hue.
- 1874. Breeches and jack-boots replaced trews for officers when mounted.
- 1881. Numeral replaced by Territorial title.
- 1902. Drab service clothing finally replaced red coat and feather bonnet for war.
- 1903. Officers' red shell-jacket replaced by white.

The contrast between 1794 and 1908 in the matter of clothing for the Cameron Highlanders is great.

At the raising of the regiment the soldier had his kilt, purse, red coatee, and white waistcoat. For war he discarded his purse, and probably took to wearing short home-made black or tartan gaiters over his shoes and hose, whilst his officers (in some campaigns at least) left their kilts at home and adopted grey trousers and black gaiters. For fatigues he took off his coatee and turned his kilt outside in. Gradually loose trousers and white jackets came to be recognised for fatigues, and then the craze which prefers smartness in appearance to practical utility insinuated itself, and these garments became so unsuited to their proper uses that they, in turn, are now replaced by canvas clothing.

A general's inspection at the present day brings out four distinct orders of dress, of which there are several intermediate combinations, viz.:—

1. *Review order*, the almost unrecognisable survival of the original uniform.
2. *Service dress*, which has replaced No. 1 for war.
3. *Clean fatigue*, white jacket and trews, the old fatigue dress.
4. *Canvas clothing*, which has replaced No. 3 for fatigues.

Could "Old Cia Mar tha" come to life again, and see his regiment on parade, the only thing he could recognise as familiar would be the

APPENDIX A.

tartan, which has changed very little since the day the first 79th plaid was woven to his mother's designs.

He would be astonished at the enormous modern development of the sporrans and of the feather bonnets, and would note the disappearance of the old green hackle on the left of the line, and wonder why the whole battalion was wearing the white hackle, sacred to the Grenadier Company. The array of white spats in review order, and the red and green hose, would strike him as peculiar; and he would probably want to know what had made the plaids of the rank and file so small, while those of the officers had so strangely altered. He would look in vain for the familiar hue of the old facings, until his eye rested on the novel green doublets of the pipers.

Steel scabbards, gold dirk belts, sgian dubhs, and silver brooches would cause him to shake his head at our modern vanity, until he caught sight of a khaki apron,—but we must spare his feelings.

Many items of clothing and appointment have been frequently altered from time to time, and as the age of the regiment is now 115 years, it will be seen that the average life of some patterns works out at less than 25 years.

	No. of different patterns of articles known to have existed.			
Sporranks, officers'	.	.	.	7
Sporranks, rank and file	.	.	.	7
Breast-plates	.	.	.	5
Feather bonnet badges	.	.	.	4
Officers' dirks	.	.	.	4
Garter knots	.	.	.	3 or 4
Red coats (full dress)	.	.	.	5

Colonel the Hon. Lauderdale Maule made many changes in the uniform of the regiment throughout the period of his command, 1842-52, tradition affirming that he would have clothed the whole regiment in green instead of red had he not been restrained by his brother, Fox Maule, Secretary at War.

Trivial regimental customs, such as wearing the sash over or under the shoulder-strap, have frequently altered, and there is a variety of orders on the wearing of wings and epaulets amongst flank companies, battalion companies, and field officers.

The temptation to change and tamper with uniform has always been strong, and in the records of the Clothing Board we find a letter

wigging Major Alan Cameron for not adhering to sealed patterns! The nice questions of tailoring involved in the dressing of a new unit were, as the following letter would indicate, considered of sufficient importance to occupy the time of more than one general officer.

Extract from the letter-book of the "Clothing Board."

"COMPTRROLLER'S OFFICE,
"21st Sept. 1793.

"SIR,—Lord Amherst has appointed a Board of General Officers to meet here on Thursday next, the 26th inst., at 11 o'clock, for the purpose of inspecting Patterns of Clothing for the 79th Regiment of Foot, at which time you will please to attend.

"I am, with the greatest respect, sir, your most obedient humble servant,

"WM. WALMSLEY,

"*In the absence of the Secretary.*

"To the General Officers of the Clothing
Board then in town."

As may be seen in the notes to this Appendix, attempts have been made to regulate the wearing of uniform in the regiment in the Standing Orders of 1806, 1819, 1835, and 1897, and from time to time in Battalion Orders. To show the inconvenience which arises when these regulations are not in permanent form, it is related that, shortly before the 79th returned to the United Kingdom in 1871, the officers had to attend a levée in India, when it was found that no one then with the regiment knew exactly of what levée dress consisted. So they went to the levée followed by their servants carrying odd articles of equipment, which could, if required, be donned hastily on the spot before entering!

Articles of Dress and Equipment, treated Chronologically.

The Regimental Tartan.

“But most, with mantles folded round,
Were couch'd to rest upon the ground,
Scarce to be known by curious eye
From the deep heather where they lie,
So well was match'd the tartan screen
With heath-bell dark and brackens green.”

—The Lady of the Lake, Canto III., xxx

If the ordinary Macdonald tartan be examined, it will be seen that four narrow red stripes run throughout the length of the broad blue band which forms part of the groundwork of the sett. If, now, these four narrow red stripes be replaced by two, with a thin yellow stripe inserted between them, we have at once the *Erracht tartan* worn by the 79th Cameron Highlanders. [Note.—The collection of the Highland Society of London contains a piece of old hard Glengarry tartan, certified as the correct sett under the Chief's seal-at-arms. This sett is identical with the 79th tartan as regards blue, black, green, and red. A white line, however, runs down the broad green band, in distinction to the yellow line down the blue band of the 79th sett.] The 79th tartan was designed for the regiment by Sir Alan Cameron's mother, and has been worn by all ranks ever since 1794, when the first uniforms were issued.

Messrs Holms of Paisley were the original makers, and the tartan has since been supplied by Messrs Wm. Wilson & Son of Bannockburn and other firms.

Up to a few years after the return of the regiment from India in 1871 the rank and file wore the hard tartan—a comfortless stuff, which feels more like the bunting used in making flags than anything else. The edge of the kilt chafed the knees of the wearers, giving rise to painful sores. The hardness is due to the yarn having been made of “combed” wool, the present soft woollen tartans being made of “carded” wool.

“In the autumn of 1872 Her Majesty, Queen Victoria, having noticed that a detachment of the 93rd (the Guard of Honour at Ballater) wore kilts and plaids of hard tartan, and that after a march in wind and rain the men's knees were much scratched and cut by the sharp edge of this tartan, the Queen was graciously pleased to direct that soft instead of hard tartan be in future supplied to Highland regiments” (*History of the Scottish Highlands, Clans, and Regiments*, by J. S. Keltie). Soft tartan had been worn by the officers of the 79th since 1842 (Notes 21 (1) and 22 (2)). It was first made in large quantities by machinery about 1829-30, and at that time the green and blue were much lighter in hue than is the case in the ordinary parade tartan of to-day (see

Plate 16). The five colours were all plain and distinct, as in the present pattern officers' full-dress or levée plaid.

The tartan worn by officers and staff-sergeants when the regiment came home from India used to change colour considerably after it had been worn some time. The green became very light in hue, as is noticeable in photographs taken in those days. When in 1873 the facings of the regiment were changed from green to blue, this pale-green tartan was considered an unsightly match with the new facings, so a committee of officers was appointed to deal with the matter. On their recommendation the green and blue were made darker and dyed "faster." The change was really very slight, and between a *new* specimen of the old tartan and a specimen of the new tartan little difference could be seen.

The Erracht or 79th tartan is not a clan tartan, but a purely regimental one. The real Cameron tartan (Lochiel) is quite different in appearance, being prevalently bright red, with green and blue checks and a white stripe. There is a well-known picture in which the "Gentle Lochiel" of the '45 appears in the 79th tartan—a historical inaccuracy.

The Militia Battalion adopted the Erracht tartan in 1881, and the Volunteer Battalion in 1896. (See vol. ii. page 76.)

Kilt and Plaid.

"Nowhere beats the heart so kindly
As beneath the tartan plaid!"
—AVTOUN.

The Gaelic word *feile* means a skin or covering, and is connected etymologically with the English word *peel*. *Breacan* means striped or spotted—*i.e.*, tartan. *Breacan feile* is, therefore, the striped covering or tartan plaid, from which simple form all styles of the Highland dress have sprung. *Feile beg* means the "little covering"—*i.e.*, the made-up modern kilt which goes no higher than the waist, in opposition to the old *feile* or belted plaid which covered the whole body, and which now occasionally gets the name of *feile mor*.

Whether the 79th ever wore the belted plaid, or kilt and plaid in one, is doubtful. Some of the other Highland regiments began to discard it in 1794. The Disarming Act had been repealed only eleven years before the Cameron Highlanders were raised and had been in force for thirty-five years, so the number of young men then in Scotland who knew how to wear it was probably small.

It is more likely that the modern *feile beg* (see Plate 4) was adopted from the beginning as being simpler to put on and off, and more adaptable to military ideas of uniformity in appearance; though there is no doubt that for a soldier accustomed to its use the old belted plaid was a much more useful and healthy dress than the modern made-up kilt. The belted plaid was unbelted

at night and used as a blanket ; the *feile beg*, though excellent for marching, is not, like its predecessor, a complete campaigning dress.

The term "belted plaid" as used above refers to the *breacan feile* worn as kilt and plaid in one, but on the introduction of the "little kilt" the name came to be applied to the fly or made-up plaid which was fastened round the waist by a belt, and designed to imitate the top part of the old *feile*, which had become detached from the kilt. At first the fly was probably a tolerable imitation of what it was meant to represent, but it has since been so much "improved" that the original idea appears to have been lost sight of altogether. The present pattern is quite devoid of utility, and has a doubtful value as an ornament.

1800 Each sergeant, corporal, drummer, or private in a Highland corps got six yards of plaid once in two years as "cloathing." This, if of double width, would make an ample belted plaid (old meaning); if of single width, would make a *feile beg* and leave a little over to make a "fly" or belted plaid (new meaning).

"At this time a notion was very prevalent that the Highland garb was highly improper for soldiers in any situation, particularly in hot climates. Colonel Erskine (of the 92nd) gave in to this opinion, and put his men in trousers of the strong thick cloth of which the greatcoats are made. Colonel Cameron (of the 79th) was, at the same time and in the same manner as Colonel Erskine, prevailed upon, altogether contrary to his inclination, to put his men in pantaloons. A field officer of his regiment, his principal adviser, enforced his argument by saying that he understood the 42nd never wore a dress so improper in hot climates. When the fleet was off Cadiz, and the troops were descending into the boats for landing, Colonel Cameron was standing on deck with this officer by his side, when the Colonel perceived the men of the 42nd going down to the boats in kilts. He hastily turned round to his adviser to know how this had happened, but he was gone. He had run down below, and took care not to show himself before his colonel any more that day. This was the last time the Cameron Highlanders ever appeared in pantaloons" (*Stewart's Highlanders of Scotland*, vol. ii.)

1810-14 That the rank and file of the regiment wore the little kilt in the latter part of the Peninsula campaign there is no doubt. No plaids were worn in the 1st Battalion at that period.

Officers did not, as a rule, wear the kilt the second time the 79th went to the Peninsula, whatever may have been their dress the first time. Stooks Smith's description is quite clear on this point (Note 5). In his *Diary of a Cavalry Officer in the Peninsula and Waterloo Campaigns*, however, Lieutenant-Colonel William Tompkinson of the 16th Light Dragoons says, "Major Cocks rendered himself conspicuously known to the enemy by his gallantry, always wearing the kilt of his Highland uniform"; but this contradictory evidence in a particular case may not, however, discredit the general statement.

1815 The N.C.O.'s and men wore the kilt at Waterloo, and the field officers wore grey pantaloons (see Plate 14). There is no good evidence to show whether the company officers wore the kilt at that historic fight or not. *The Illustrated Record of the Campaign of Waterloo, &c.* (R. Bowyer, Marlborough Place, Pall Mall, 1815), contains a large coloured plate of a view from Mont St. Jean of the battle at 7 P.M., 18th June. On the left of the 28th Regiment is

the back view of a Highland regiment, noted in the text as the 79th. Two officers are shown in the kilt. There are stories about their leaving the Duchess of Richmond's ball at Brussels so hurriedly that they had to march South to Quatre Bras in their dancing shoes; but the ball dress of the period is not now certain, so they may have danced in pantaloons, as was certainly the custom at a later period (Note 25).

At this period the kilt was not worn by officers except in "full dress." For 1819 "dress" and "undress" they wore white or blue pantaloons. The word "kilt" is not even mentioned in the Standing Orders!

Logan, who was born in 1794, and whose sister married Captain Kynock of the 79th, says:—"I cannot help noticing an unaccountable practice in some Highland regiments, where the officers seldom appear in the Feile Beg except on field days and on particular occasions! Is it from an idea that it is unbecoming, or that privates only are obliged to wear the kilt? It is a strange inconsistency and a very unmilitary custom, for which I presume the respective colonels or adjutants are answerable. Having some time since lived four or five years where the 78th were stationed, I must exonerate that corps from the above reflections, officers and men being always dressed in proper regimentals."

Certainly he would not have been able to exonerate the 79th officers, for it is quite true that for a considerable period the kilt was very little worn by them (Notes 3 (16) and 26 (1)). Officers even went on guard in trousers, with their men in the kilt.

In all probability this early practice of officers wearing pantaloons, when their men were in the kilt, was the outcome of the original idea in the Highlands that the latter was the dress of the poor man, whose means did not permit of the provision of a more expensive outfit. Be this as it may, it was a very unmilitary habit which gradually died out in the Highland regiments.

A totally different explanation of this custom is, however, given in the following extract from Colonel C. Greenhill Gardyne's *Life of a Regiment*.—

"In Wellington's campaigns they (the officers) wore grey or blue pantaloons and shoes with gaiters; and the reason given for this by the late Sir John MacDonald was that officers were encouraged to ride as much as possible, in order that they might be able at any moment to take a message quickly, but chiefly that they might be fresh at the end of a march to attend to the comforts of their men in the straggling villages and farms in which they were often billeted, for an officer's most important work began when the march was over, and though a great advocate of the Highland garb, as long as he commanded he would not allow an officer to wear it on the line of march."

The earliest picture of a field officer wearing the big plaid occurs not later than this date—viz., that of Colonel Duncan Cameron, C.B. (Plate 11.)

"At dinners of ceremony, balls, evening parties, &c., the scarf is to be 1831 worn by the officers." (Reg. Ord., 24th Nov.) See also Note 20 (3).

Big plaid ordered to be worn with the red jacket when the kilt is not 1834 worn (Note 16).

At this time the plaid and kilt were necessaries to be provided at the 1835 soldier's own expense.

This is the earliest record of the big plaid being worn with the kilt (Notes 1841 20 (6) and 24 (3)). The pipers wore it under the shoulder-belt. A portrait

of Major Riach (1842) shows the plaid worn just as a field officer does now, passing under the shoulder-strap, with the brooch in front of the collar-bone; that of Major Forbes (1843), also under the shoulder-strap, but without a brooch, and the plaid hanging low in a sort of festoon across the body, as in the portrait of Colonel Duncan Cameron. See, however, Note 20 (3). The field officer in Plate 14 (1815) is not wearing a plaid, but this may be due to the regiment being on service at the time. The band began to wear the big plaid early in the 'Forties (Note 20 (8)).

1840-45 At this period the kilt was often worn shorter than it is now, and the yellow stripe did not always go down the centre in front as is now the regulation.

1850 The big plaid now began to be worn with the kilt at balls. Hitherto pantaloons had been the ball dress (Note 25). *Apropos* of this, there is an excellent story told of the regiment when quartered at a place in England in the days before the kilt was well known south of the Tweed. They had made themselves so agreeable that, when they were ordered away, the ladies determined to give a ball to the officers. At a meeting of the ladies to arrange it, a suggestion was made by some of the fair, but prudish, hostesses that they should ask the officers to come in their trousers and not in the kilt. Whereupon the Dowager in the chair said:—"My dears, I understand that we are giving the ball to these gentlemen because we like them and are sorry that they are leaving us. Don't you think that while they are with us the *more we see of them the better?*" Accordingly the officers appeared at the ball in the Highland dress.

The Seaforth Highlanders wear on the right side in review order a tartan "poke," ending in a rosette like that on the fly. This is an imitation of that part of the old belted plaid which hung over the waist-belt after being tucked in at either side of the wearer. The 79th also at this period wore this plaid neuk, or dirk flap as it is sometimes called, but without the rosette. It was discontinued in India in 1863, as the new free issue of tartan by Government was not sufficient to make both it and the fly plaid.

1854 The group of rank and file done by D. Cunliffe (see Plate 20) shows that the kilt had then come down to its present-day length, the yellow stripe down the centre of the apron, the box plaiting, and the fly with rosette, all as worn now.

1855 The depot at Aberdeen had several photos taken this year, in which the kilts appear to be very badly made and to be worn at varying heights. (See Plate 22.)

1857 "The belted plaid being a part of the prescribed uniform for Highland soldiers, will be again taken into wear in the 79th Highlanders." (Reg. Ord., 1st May.)

1864 A group taken at Rawal Pinday on St. Andrew's Day shows officers in review order wearing the "fly" plaid, without brooch, same as the men. Officers at this period had a dress kilt for balls, made of lighter hued tartan and with box plaits.

1875 Officers adopted the present pattern belted plaid. It is much fuller than the old "fly," is fringed all round, and has a long piece of fringed tartan hanging down in front, from the brooch on the left shoulder as far as the waist-belt. It is often worn very long behind, even below the edge of the kilt, so has now

lost all resemblance to the upper part of the old belted plaid it has been evolved from.

On the return of the 1st Battalion from foreign service, a regimental order was issued that the subaltern of the day would wear the kilt, with red shell-jacket, from reveille to retreat. He had hitherto worn patrol jacket, trews, and undress sword. 1887

The present-day kilt is a much more elaborate affair than it was in the old hard tartan days, the plaits being cut out at the top so as not to be too bulky round the waist. In the old days the plaits were simply sewn up without cutting, and four periods of wear were got out of the piece of tartan which made the kilt, by turning it after the first period; then, for the third period, unpicking the stitches, turning the kilt upside down, and sewing up the plaits, so that the edge which used to be at the knees was round the waist; and finally, turning the kilt again for the fourth period!

THE KILT.

By ALEXANDER MACDONALD (Alasdair Mac Mhaighstir Alasdair),
"The Bard of Moidart," with a translation by the late Mr Lockhart Bogle.¹

1. Eilidh cruinn nan cuachan,
Gur buadhach an-t-earradh gaisgeach ;
Shiubhlainn leat na fuarain,
Feadh fhuar-bheann ; 's bu ghasd 'air faich thu.
2. Fior chulaidh an-t-saighdear,
'S neo-ghloiceil ri uchd na caismeachd ;
'S ciatach 's an adbhangs thu,
Fo shrantrach nam plob 'nam bratach.
3. Cha mhios anns an dol sios thu,
'Nuair sgriobar à duille claiseach ;
Fior earradh na ruage,
Gu luaths a chuir anns na casan !

(*Translation.*)

1. The circular kilt of the pleats,
It's the dress of a victorious hero ;
In you I'd walk the bleak hills, full of springs,
And you're fine on the plain too.
2. True garb of the soldier,
Not useless to breast the alarm ;
You're beautiful in the advance,
Amid the humming of the pipes and banners.
3. You're not worse in the going down,
When the grooved sword is torn from the scabbard ;
True dress for the pursuit,
You put swiftness into the feet.

¹ From *Loyal Lochaber*, by W. Drummond Norie.

Sporranks.

- 1794** The original patterns for officers and rank and file are uncertain, the first authentic mention of the article being in the Clothing Regulations of 1800. It is probable that the pattern was often altered to suit the ideas of different commanding officers.
- 1806** The purse-strap was worn tight round the waist, with the top of the sporran close up to the bottom edge of the coatee (Note 3 (7)). This may be plainly seen in an old print of Lord Nelson's funeral obsequies, at which the 79th assisted (Note 33, R.U.S. Inst.) The first authentic pattern (officers) appears in Plates 12 and 16, and probably dates back to 1807 (Note 33, M'Kinlay; Riach.), but nothing is known of the men's at this period.
- As was the custom in other Highland regiments, the purse was only worn in full dress. In undress, and for fighting, purses were not worn at all. This was the case with the 79th both in the Peninsula (Note 5) and at Waterloo, no sporrans being worn in those campaigns.
- 1812** In *The Military Costume of Europe*, published by Goddard in 1812, a 79th officer is shown wearing a three-cornered brown purse with seven gold tassels. This sporran comes to a point at the bottom, being finished off there by one tassel.
- 1819** Sporrans are not even mentioned in the Regimental Standing Orders of Lieutenant-Colonel Neil Douglas (Note 8).
- 1822** A well-known print of two 79th officers shows a sporran, white above and black below, with five red tassels surmounted by brass beads; top, brass and black. The artist, however, is not famed for accuracy.
- 1833** Plate 17 shows the earliest known pattern for rank and file, painted as one of a series at Windsor Castle in 1833 by the French artist A. T. Dubois Drahonet.
- 1835** The purse and belt are included in the list of necessaries published by Lieutenant-Colonel Macdougall (Note 17).
- 1839** Plate 18 shows the rank and file wearing a sporran with whitish grey hair, and five white tassels (shaving-brush type), each in a black leather bell. The top is a narrow black arc.
- 1840** In Plate 19 may be seen an officer's purse, which marks the transition stage between the sporran on Plate 16 and the dress sporran of the present day. The top is an enlarged and vulgarised copy of the former, while the five bullion tassels have been increased in size and are as big as those worn on the present pattern. This purse opens behind, and is big enough to include a full-sized company cash-book! The hair is longer and coarser, and the whole appearance is generally for the worse (Note 33, Skeoch Cumming).

		lb. oz.
The 1807 purse opened in front weight		0 11½
The 1840 purse opened behind "		1 4½
The present pattern opens behind "		2 0

So purses have increased in size and weight. The rank and file sporran of this period also may be seen in Plate 19.

The sporran worn by sergeants at this time may be seen in Plates 20 and 23. **1850**
 Gun-metal top with silver badge (numeral in thistle wreath), brown hair, five black shaving-brush tassels in black leather bells surmounted with silver beads threaded on to cords (Note 33, Mrs Moyes, Perth).

Pipers and rank and file had a purse on similar lines to that worn by sergeants, but with a lighter top with a plain LXXIX embossed on it; dark brown or black hair, five black tassels, same as in sergeants' sporran, but with brass beads instead of silver (Plates 20 and 23; Note 33, Captain Miers). The earliest record of the full-dress sporran for officers is in a coloured steel engraving published on 25th May 1853. It was probably introduced by Colonel Lauderdale Maule some years earlier than this.

This is the earliest record of an undress sporran for officers: five black **1855** tassels, with silver bells and beads, on a brown hair purse with a very light metal top. (See Plate 22.)

It was in the autumn of 1856 that the present pattern undress purse came **1856** into use for all ranks, while the 79th were at Dover Castle. Lieutenant-Colonel John Douglas, C.B., went personally to London with the pattern and got it approved by the Commander-in-Chief. The badge worn on the patent leather top is the old rank and file cap badge.

The grey sporrans with white metal mountings, which are now worn by the **1878** pipers, were introduced in 1873 by Colonel G. M. Miller. They are Pipe Fund property, and not Government issue.

The top of the officers' full-dress sporran had the crowned thistle in silver **1881** put in place of the "79," which was on the original pattern.

There is no evidence to show that any purse-belt other than the black one was ever worn in the 79th. Purses were worn by the regiment throughout the campaigns in the Crimea, Indian Mutiny, Egypt, and Soudan; in the South African War they were discontinued after April 1900, the badge and white tassels having been taken off some weeks earlier.

At various times sergeant-majors, quarter-master-sergeants, band-masters, drum-majors, &c., have worn fancy sporrans, often copies of the officers' full-dress one; but these customs have never been continuous.

Head-Dress.

"Rob Roy remained for some time standing on the rock, from beneath which we had departed, conspicuous by his long gun, waving tartans, and the single plume in his cap, which in those days denoted the Highland gentleman and soldier; although, I observe, that *the present military taste has decorated the Highland Bonnet with a quantity of black plumage resembling that which is borne before funerals.*"—*Rob Roy*, chap. xxxvi.

The 79th probably adopted the military feather bonnet, as described above **1794** by Sir Walter Scott, from the beginning, though there is no direct evidence to prove this (see Plate 4). In those days the bonnet was not nearly so top-heavy as it is now. The feathers, few in number, were not originally sewn on to a cage, but were fixed in the edge of the bonnet, which stuck on to the

wearer's head without the aid of a chin-strap. All the fesse check or dice border was visible, and part of the blue as well. The other Highland regiments also wore feather bonnets at that period, but each had its own way of making them up; so that it would probably not be correct to show a 79th soldier in a feather bonnet which is known to be the pattern of some other regiment.

1800-5 The earliest mention of bonnets and feathers in connection with the 79th is in the Clothing Regulations and Inspection Reports, but no details are given (Notes 1 and 2).

1810-14 In the Peninsula all ranks wore the feather bonnet. Except for the 42nd, the universal rule for hackles at that time, and until some years after Waterloo, was—

Grenadier Company	.	.	.	White.
Battalion	"	.	.	Red and white.
Light	"	.	.	Green.

[This rule also applied to the plumes and pom-poms worn by English regiments.] (See Plates 5 and 12 and Note 5.)

This has been called in question for the 79th, and it has been stated that the Grenadiers wore the red and white, while the Battalion wore white. There is, however, no evidence to show that the Camerons were different from other regiments in this respect. The bonnet in the Peninsula had a peak fitted over the eyes, and the badge on the cockade was a sphinx (Note 5 and Plate 5).

1815 The peak, however, does not appear in Vernet's sketches; it had been done away with before Waterloo. The sergeant, too, is shown by that artist to have a small round badge (probably a regimental button (Note 3 (5)) instead of a sphinx. The absurd custom of wearing the oilskin cover on the bonnet in marching order was introduced about this period, and was not discarded until after the Crimea.

Small bonnets are first noticed in the Peninsula and Waterloo campaigns, and are called "foraging caps." They appear to have been uniform for the rank and file, but each officer pleased himself as to the pattern he wore. They were only worn on fatigues and in camp, never on the march or on duty (Note 5).

1819 The officers wore the feather bonnet in "dress," "full dress," and "undress." The rank and file had "a humble bonnet edged and lettered white" for wear "from tap - too to sunrise and on all fatigues." On other occasions they wore the feather bonnet (Note 8).

1822 A change was now made in the hackle. "*Regulations for the Dress of General, Staff, and Regimental Officers (A.G.'s Office, Horse Guards, 25th April 1822)*" laid down the following for Highland regiments:—"Bonnet cocked and feathered about twelve inches deep, skull of tartan plaid, ornamented with six black Ostrich Feathers, a rosette with Regimental Button on the left side. *Feather*—a red Vulture feather, 12 inches long."

Now the red hackle is the peculiar distinction of the Black Watch, so it was probably representations on behalf of that gallant regiment that caused the following letter, cancelling the above order, to be issued:—

"FOR OFFICERS COMMANDING HIGHLAND REGIMENTS.

"HORSE GUARDS, 20th August 1822.

"The red Vulture feather prescribed by the recent regulations for Highland Regiments is intended to be worn exclusively by the 42nd Regiment. Other Highland Corps will be allowed to continue to wear the same description of feather that may have been hitherto in use."

"(Signed) H. TORRENS, *Adjt. Gen.*"

The hackle, therefore, continued to be red and white for the eight battalion companies up to about 1829, when white was adopted for all but the Light Company. 1829

"The C.O. directs that the officer's bonnet and frame, previous to its being feathered, is not to exceed 13 inches in height, and the feathers not to be lower than the rim of the bonnet" (Reg. Ord., 5th April). 1831

The chin - strap first appears in the picture of Private Ritchie. 1833
(Plate 17.)

The regulations for this year lay down for the "Bonnet, cocked and feathered," a white hackle eight inches long (Note 16). 1834

Though the hackle was thus reduced by four inches, this order was little heeded, the hackles of the period being very long indeed. The term "cocked" applied to a bonnet did not refer to the manner of wearing it, but to the way in which it was set up as opposed to the way civilians wore it pulled down.

Amongst the necessaries to be provided at the soldier's own expense in 1835 are:—Bonnet complete with drooping feathers, hackle, cockade, and oil-skin cover; forage cap. The latter was simply the pork-pie Kilmarnock with red knob, on which the superstructure of a feather bonnet is raised. There is a silhouette of Major Barwick, done in 1825, wearing this style of cap. In the modern bonnet all the crown of this is cut off and only the dice band retained, round which the wires of the cage are fixed. In the old style, the entire Kilmarnock, crown and dicing, is incorporated into the completed feather bonnet. The oil-skin cover may be seen in Plate 20. 1835

The "humble bonnet," with chin-strap, white band, and white knob, is shown in Plate 18. The sergeant wears dicing instead of the white band. A portrait belonging to Mrs Moyes, Perth, shows this type of bonnet very plainly, with three miniature sergeant's chevrons in white metal over the numerals "79." On the other hand, Colonel Clephane writes of "the high, white-banded sergeant's forage cap" in MacVeigh's *Historical Records of the 79th Highlanders*. 1839

A Regimental Order of 23rd July draws attention to men having been noticed in town without chin-straps, and calls on them to mend their ways.

Quarter-Master Cruickshanks (1838-49), in a photograph in the officers' mess, 1st Battalion, wears a staff cap with peak and gold band.

The earliest record of the glengarry bonnet in the 79th is 1840 (Notes 20 (3) (4) and 23 (2)). It is first seen on the piper in Plate 19, and then it appears for good in Plate 20, where the piper is seen wearing it in full dress, others in undress. The glengarry never appears to have been worn with dicing in the Cameron Highlanders, though the old forage cap undoubtedly was. 1840

- 1847** "The height of the bonnets for the whole of the battalion will in future be limited to 14 in., officers 16 in." (Reg. Ord., 22nd March.)
- 1854** Height of feather bonnet reduced to 12 inches.
- 1868** The Light Company's green hackle (Plate 19), which had survived the Grenadier's red and white for about forty years, was finally discontinued this year, the Light Company itself having ceased to exist as such in 1860. During the Mutiny feather bonnets were worn until the middle of May, when they were replaced by quilted cap covers with flaps. The Cameron Highlanders kept up and wore the feather bonnet all through their Indian service, and landed in the United Kingdom in 1871 with them. During the voyage home in H.M. troopship *Jumna* they threw their Indian helmets (which they had as well) overboard. They could be seen floating astern for miles.
- 1872** Up to this date the badge on the forage cap was not of the universal pattern which is now worn by all ranks. All except officers, staff-sergeants, band, and pipers wore the present pattern sporran badge on their caps, with "79" in silver underneath. N.C.O.'s had one, two, or three chevrons above the cap badge, according to rank. The officers of the Grenadier and Light Companies wore a grenade or a bugle above the cap badge, which was the same as the present universal pattern. The rank and file of the flank companies had discontinued the grenade and bugle in 1862.
- At this period the black cockade on the cap was notched along the vertical edges, not plain as now worn.
- 1873** The Departmental medical officer replaced the regimental surgeon about this date, so the distinguishing dark hackle worn by the latter disappeared.
- 1887** It was proposed at a mess meeting to give the pipers blackcock tails in their caps instead of the eagle feather. Meeting decided by a majority to retain the eagle feather, which had certainly been worn since 1841. (Plate 19.)
- In a photograph taken at Stirling in 1856 Pipe-Major Simpson appears wearing one large feather; in Plate 20 the piper wears two feathers; while in a painting done by Eugene Louis Lami at Chobham Camp in 1853 the piper has three feathers! On a breezy day most pipers find one enough to wear in a glengarry bonnet.
- Feather bonnets have not been worn abroad by the 79th since the return from India in 1871. The detachment which joined the Black Watch in the Ashantee Expedition of 1873 wore helmets; and solar helmets of some pattern, white or khaki, have been worn instead of the feather bonnet by all ranks in Gibraltar, Malta, Egypt, South Africa, and China.
- Helmet-plates, cap badges, blue cloth patches, and tartan patches have from time to time been worn on helmets; there is no settled rule.

Coats, Jackets, Waistcoats, &c.

- 1794** As the original uniform of the 79th was on the same lines as that of other kilted regiments, we must suppose that at first they wore the jacket open in front, showing the white waistcoat (see Plate 4). This jacket had small flat

epaulets and a turn-down collar, with which was worn a lace cravat. The gorget, which was finally discarded in 1830, was worn with this jacket when on duty.

Four years after the regiment was embodied, however, a general order was issued directing that coats were to be buttoned over the body down to the waist. Colonel David Stewart says:—"This was an improvement on the English uniform, as it gave additional warmth to the back and bowels; but when it was adopted by Highland corps the nature of the garb was overlooked. The numerous plaits and folds of the belted plaid and little kilt form so thick a covering, that when the coat is added, the warmth is so great that on a march it debilitates those parts of the body, whereas the former cut of the jacket, with the skirts thrown back and the breast open, left them uncovered; and the waistcoat being white, relieved the uniform, which, from the dark shade of green in the plaid, and the blue and green facings of the 42nd and 79th Regiments, gave these corps a rather sombre appearance when drawn up in line." This buttoning up in the case of officers was accomplished in two ways. The jacket was a double-breasted one, the lapels being green on the inside. They could be buttoned right over to show nothing but red,¹ or sometimes three or four top buttons were undone and the lapels turned back to show some of the green facings (see Plates 7 and 12 for this fashion). The green side of the lapels was ornamented with bars of gold lace, which ran horizontally across the breast, ending in buttons. For some orders of dress both lapels were opened down to the waist and completely buttoned back, the coatee being kept together down the centre by means of hooks and eyes. This gave the appearance of a broad, vertical, green stripe, covered with gold lace bars (see Lieutenant-Colonel Duncan Cameron, C.B., Plate 11; Vernet's Field Officer, Plate 14). The high collar and stock appear in this coatee. The jackets of the rank and file had no lapels, and were single-breasted, the bars of regimental tape or white lace being across the breast (see 1822 and 1837). Instead of epaulets, the rank and file had a tuft of worsted at the ends of their shoulder-straps.

The white waistcoat continued to be used by itself, or underneath the red jacket in cold weather, and, though the present pattern white jacket is its direct lineal descendant, it continued to be called a waistcoat for many years. Coat and waistcoat are still mentioned as such in the Clothing Regulations and Inspection Reports of 1800-05. The officers' waistcoat was not altogether discarded till 1825, but was still worn in some orders of dress, with the jacket left open, in the old style (Note 10).

Chevrons introduced for N.C.O.'s.

The red jacket or coatee was worn by all ranks through the Peninsular War,² but the rank and file had their white woollen waistcoats (now called jackets and furnished with sleeves) for fatigue dress, along with their grey trousers (Notes 5 and 7). This fatigue costume at that time filled the place of the present-day canvas clothing. The white jacket was not yet worn with the kilt. The rank and file had regulation grey greatcoats, but the officers had no regulation pattern, though they all possessed cloaks of some kind (Note 5).

1802
1810-14

¹ This style may be seen in a Plate of a 79th officer in *The Military Costume of Europe*, published in 1812.

² The coatee in which Captain Thomas Brown was wounded at Quatre Bras still exists (Note 33, M'Kinlay).

- 1819** Officers wore the coatee or regimental jacket in all orders of dress. For "dress" the lapels were buttoned back, for "undress" buttoned over. The fashion for "full dress" is not recorded. The rank and file wore the white flannel jacket on fatigues, on board ship, and when not on duty. Watch coats are also included in the list of necessaries for a soldier, but this is probably merely a regimental name for the greatcoat which is inventoried in the official soldier's small-book of that period (Note 8).
- N.C.O.'s and privates wore wings like fusiliers and light infantry, but the officers wore epaulets. The band also wore white metal epaulets up to about 1830, when green wings were adopted instead.
- 1822** On April 16th, 1822, King George approved of a change in the regimental lace worn by the privates of the 79th or Cameron Highlanders. Hitherto it had been white with a thin yellow stripe or worm down the centre, and a thin red worm on each side of the yellow one half way between it and the edges. The change did away with the yellow stripe, and made the lace somewhat narrower. These coloured laces were abolished in 1836 (Note 18).
- The dress of the officer was, at this time, much smothered in gold lace. The lapels of the jacket introduced in 1798, and consequently the gold lace bars, had increased in size, and, before 1820, had assumed a plastron-like appearance when open;¹ and in 1822 wings had replaced epaulets (Plate 16). On the jackets of the rank and file the horizontal bars of lace were made longer at the top than at the bottom about 1825-26 (Note 11).
- 1829** In 1829, however, a reaction set in, and a plain double-breasted coatee, without any lapels or horizontal lace bars, was adopted for officers, and wings were replaced by epaulets once more (Note 13 (4) (5)). This style of coatee prevailed with few alterations till 1855.²
- 1830** Gorgets finally abolished.
- 1831** "To remedy the present want of uniformity in the tufts of the men, the C.O. directs that N.C.O.'s and men of the regiment may be supplied with wings agreeably to a pattern, and the Quarter-Master will have sufficient number made for the regiment on or before 1st February 1832" (Reg. Ord., 14th November). "The sash is to be worn on all occasions with the red coat" (Reg. Ord., 24th November).
- 1834** This is the first record of a separate garment being authorised as "undress" for officers, the blue frock-coat with gold crescents and lace shoulder-straps being made regulation in the United Kingdom (Note 16). A photograph of Quarter-Master Cruickshanks (1838-49) shows him in a plain frock-coat with gold scales, wearing two cords and tassels on his breast.
- 1835** "Waistcoat with sleeves" appears for the first time (Note 17), and it was about this period that the white jacket began to be worn with the kilt. The coat and waistcoat were provided by the Colonel, but greatcoats came from the Ordnance.
- 1837** Breast lace abolished for sergeants (Plate 18), and their coatees changed from single to double breasted (Note 18).
- 1838** "The C.O. remarks that men have got into a habit of wearing the greatcoat

¹ The coatee worn by Ensign MacLeod with the army of occupation in France still exists (Note 33, MacLeod).

² Two specimens of this style of coatee exist (Note 33, Riach).

as a slop dress, which he never permitted on any account. It is not to be worn except on duty (when ordered) or in wet and boisterous weather."

This is the earliest record of pipers wearing the green coatee. (See Plate 1841 19; and Note 33, Munro-Ferguson.)

During this period a sleeveless waistcoat was worn on fatigues, which may 1840-54 be seen in the photo in Jameson's *Historical Record of the Seventy-Ninth Regiment of Foot*, page 72, of "The 79th preparing for a March,"—probably the move from Gibraltar to Canada in 1848. It has been said that this sleeveless waistcoat was originally introduced in India, when the lining of the jacket (removed for the sake of coolness) was made up into waistcoats, but the picture is certainly pre-Crimean.

The green stripe in the sergeant's sash (see Plates 4 and 14) was 1845 discontinued, as it faded very quickly and made the sash look old long before it was worn out (Note 33, Mrs Moyes).

The red shell-jacket, hitherto only worn abroad, replaced the blue frock-coat 1847-8 for officers at home.

"The black hand-kerchief to be neatly tied in a sailor's knot round the 1849 collar (which will be doubled over it) of the smock-frock whenever the latter is worn." (Reg. Ord., 2nd May.)

Plate 20 shows the rank and file wearing the coatee, red shell-jacket, and white jacket of the period. The pipers' green doublet, with square buttons, also appears.

Plate 22 marks the transition between the old coatee and the doublet, 1855 both appearing in the same group. This new doublet¹ was a double-breasted one with square buttons, and plain cords on the shoulders instead of epaulets, the idea of the skirts probably being taken from those on the pipers' green doublet. In this form it existed one year only. In these Aberdeen groups may also be seen the *red shell-jacket* (Lieutenant D. McDonald and Quarter-Master-Sergeant Gow); the "*grey garment*," a sort of undress surtout, which had been in use some years (Captains Cunningham and Keith Maitland); the earliest record of the *mess dress*, which was practically the same as now, except that the waistcoat and facings were green instead of blue (Lieutenant Durant); the quaint, tight-fitting double-breasted *overcoat* of the orderly-room clerk, with its scanty cape and green facings; and the *coatees and white jackets* of the N.C.O.'s.

Epaulets and wings were abolished this year, except for the band, who adopted double-breasted doublets like the rank and file, only white instead of red. For one year the drummers wore white doublets with thistle lace, and then reverted to red (Note 32).

The mess jacket above mentioned was evolved by unbuttoning the red shell-jacket and turning down the stand-up collar. This exposed the lining on the lapels, which is said to be the origin of the brownish-yellow facings on the lapels of the present pattern. The red shell-jacket was worn at this time without any white piping, but the mess jacket had piping on the cuffs and round the edge of the collar. The shoulder-cords of the shell-jacket were the same as those on the doublet, but twisted; the buttons were very small, and those on the cuffs were sometimes brass and sometimes cloth-covered. The red shell-

¹ A specimen of this doublet exists at the Depot (Note 33, Depot Officers' Mess).

- jacket was always worn about barracks with strapped-down trews, a custom which has long disappeared in the regiment. Numerous photos of officers of this period so dressed are in possession of the Officers' Mess, 1st Battalion.
- 1856** Single-breasted doublets with round buttons replaced the 1855 pattern for all ranks, white being still retained for the band. This doublet is practically the present one, with the exception of the facings, cuffs, and shoulder-cords, which have been altered (see Coloured Plate in Jameson's *History*). The collar in 1856 was much higher, and not hooked up in front. Silver lace for N.C.O.'s was abolished throughout the Army about this year. Aprons discontinued for pioneers.
- 1857** The earliest record of khaki having been worn by the 79th is 1857. It was worn throughout the Mutiny in the hot weather, both with kilt and trews. All ranks also had loose red serge jackets with green facings. In the Mutiny campaign some of the double-breasted jackets were made down into the new pattern single-breasted, the square buttons being still worn on them.
- 1866** The special "Thistle" lace adopted for drummers in 1826 was abolished (Note 32).
- 1867** Braided blue patrol jackets introduced for officers.
- 1870** The gauntlet cuff made its first appearance in the 79th, the first man to wear it being Lance-Sergeant John Brown, who paraded with it on for inspection in the summer of this year, when the depot was linked with the 42nd at Aldershot.
- 1872** The band got their last issue of white doublets in April 1872, and it was on this last issue that they wore the gauntlet-cuff for the first time. The band-sergeant did not wear wings this year, but the rest of the band still had green wings with white edging. The next issue to the band was red, the same as that worn by the rest of the regiment.
- 1873** Facings changed from green to dark blue. This made a difference to doublet, shell jacket, mess jacket, mess waistcoat, full-dress dirk-belt, and edging to the red lining of the basket-hilt.
- 1876** Photos of this date show the shoulder-straps of the rank and file edged with white piping, while the officers wore an untwisted double gold cord on their doublets.
- 1891-2** Pipers, who had hitherto worn their shoulder-straps plain, adopted green wings edged with white (gold for pipe-major), and replaced the white metal "79" on their shoulder-straps with the word "Cameron."
- 1897** Gold cords on mess jacket replaced by dark blue shoulder-straps edged with white piping.
- 1901-2** Present pattern drab service-dress jacket introduced.
- 1903** The red shell-jacket abolished for officers and replaced by a white one, without facings, to correspond with those of the rank and file. The sergeant-major, band-master, and quarter-master-sergeant continued to wear the red one for a few years, but eventually all adopted the white.

Trousers.

There is no record of the old Highland trews ever having been worn in the regiment.

The Clothing Regulations and Inspection Reports make no mention of any other dress but the kilt for the rank and file. There is no record of the officers wearing trousers or pantaloons, though of course the field-officers must have had something of the kind when mounted. 1800-5

The officers wore grey pantaloons with black gaiters during the 79th's second campaign in the Peninsula. The rank and file had grey trousers to wear on fatigues along with the white waistcoat, but they wore the kilt for marching and fighting (Note 5). According to Captain George Jones of the Royal Montgomery Militia, who was a famous artist of military subjects, the officers' grey trousers had broad red stripes down the side. 1810-14

Vernet's sketch of a field officer in Paris shows him in grey strapped-down pantaloons, with straight box-spurs. (See Plate 14.) 1815

The Regimental Standing Orders show that the officers wore white pantaloons with Hessian boots for "dress," and pantaloons (blue in winter and white in summer) with Hussar boots for "undress." Only in "full dress" did they wear the kilt. The rank and file had grey trousers for fatigues. (Note 8.) 1819

Standing Orders show that each man had a pair of "fatigue trousers," presumably grey (Note 17). 1835

"Strict attention must be paid to the men being properly dressed in grey trousers, with their white jackets buttoned up." (Reg. Ord., 24th Jan.) 1836

First appearance of tartan trousers (Plate 18). A picture (done in 1843) of Major Forbes, who went on half-pay in 1838, shows him in strapped-down tartan overalls very like those now worn (Note 33, Kirkpatrick). 1839

In Gibraltar officers wore white trousers, except with the uniform coat and at mess, when bright-coloured tartan trousers of poplin were worn (Notes 20 (3) and 33, Riach). 1841

Plates 20 and 22 show the modern tartan trews almost identical with those now in use. 1854-55

Mounted officers adopted tartan riding-breeches with black jack-boots and jack-spurs in place of trews and box-spurs. 1874

Mounted officers adopted khaki breeches for wear with service dress instead of tartan breeches. This regulation was cancelled in 1908. (See Plate 43 for both styles.) 1897-98

Shoes, Gaiters, Hose, and Garters.

The original hose were of the red and white pattern, tied with red garters at the top, which were finished off by a more or less elaborate garter knot on the outside of each leg. These garter knots were "made up" with fanciful rosettes, loops, and tails, which became very exaggerated after Waterloo (see Plate 17). The part which went round the calf was not always hidden by the turnover of the hose as is the case to-day. 1794

Buckled shoes were worn with these hose (see Plate 4). The night before the first inspection at Stirling an order was issued that men were to parade with "their shoes on." This was to prevent their appearing in brogues, which they usually wore in civil life.

- 1800** Two good pairs of shoes and four pairs of hose were issued annually as "cloathing," and three pairs of additional hose as necessaries (Note 1).

In those days and until much later hose were not constructed like the modern stocking, but were made of cloth cut to fit and sewn up the back.

The continuous campaigning through which the Highland regiments had been going had brought out the disadvantages of low shoes on service, so spats (called half-gaiters) were introduced. The earliest record of them in the 79th is in the Peninsula. They were black, like the high gaiters of the English regiments. Compared with the white ones now worn, they were much shorter, and did not splay so much over the foot. The sergeant in Vernet's sketch is shown with them in Paris in 1815 (see Plates 5 and 14).

- 1801** The 92nd wore half-gaiters in Egypt in 1801, so, although there is no proof, it is more than likely the 79th did so too. Spats once adopted, the economical hose top followed as a matter of course, as the following extract, dated 1808, will show :—

"I may here observe that in performing this journey [Aberdeen to Leith, *en route* for Spain] I wore a sort of hose termed 'moggans'; these are hose from which the feet had been cut; the spats cover this deficiency, and the legs appear as if the under parts were complete. This was an excellent method of hardening the feet so as to accustom them to bad shoes and bad roads. I afterwards observed on joining the regiment that very few of the men wore any other kind, although they had complete ones in their possession."—*Diary of a Highland Soldier*.

- 1819** Though spats (or half-gaiters) were in use in the Highland regiments on service at this early date, they do not appear to have been at once recognised as articles of uniform in peace, as there is no mention of them in the Regimental Standing Orders of 1819 or in the list of necessaries then printed in the

1835 soldier's small-book. In those of 1835, however, the list includes—

Three pairs of tartan hose.
Garters and rosettes.
Pair of shoes and buckles.
Pair of gaiters.

It was after Waterloo that white spats first made their appearance in Highland regiments. The earliest record of them in the 79th is May 1818 (Note 7). They appear in Haye's pictures of 1839 (see Plate 18), shorter than now worn, and without a peak behind. They were only worn in certain orders of dress, the long hose and buckled shoes being still in everyday use. The buckles were brass for officers, white metal for men. By 1850 spats were worn on all occasions except on Sundays and on Guards of Honour.

- 1841** A small bow was added to the garter knot (Note 20 (5)).

1858 The last issue of stocking hose, buckles, and buckled shoes was made to a batch of recruits in Aberdeen depot in January 1858, but Mr John Brown, Larbert, late Lance-Sergeant 79th, who was one of the batch, records that they never wore them. He lost his in India.

The earliest record of the introduction of green and red hose in place of the original white and red is a painting of an ensign, done by Eugene Louis Lami in 1840, which is now in the Victoria and Albert Museum, Kensington, London. The piper and private in Plate 19 wear red and green, 1841.

The usual date given for the supersession of cloth hose by stocking hose is 1848, but the officers certainly had them earlier. The date on which the garter knot attained its present simplified pattern is 1854, but the tails still appear very long and untidy in the groups taken in Aberdeen in 1855 (see Plate 22). On the other hand, a coloured print, published by Ackermann in April 1855, shows an officer with garters tied outside his hose, as also does a photo of Lieutenant C. R. K. Fergusson, taken in Calcutta between 1862 and 1871.

It is interesting to note how the original short black half-gaiter, which was nothing if not practical, gradually became, in the long peace which followed Waterloo, an article of review order, stiff with whalebone, close-fitting, and pipe-clayed. Colonel David Stewart of Garth refers to this change as an "absurd deviation from the national garb," and writing of the 42nd in 1800, says that then "no attempts had been made to throw ridicule on the Celtic uniform, by covering the hose with white spatterdashes, &c." The spat is now so identified with the Highland regiments that ignorant people look on it as part of the dress of the ancient Gael! In course of this evolution it has become unsuited for its original object, and is replaced on service and manoeuvres by the khaki spats, which were worn by the 79th for the first time in the Soudan campaign of 1898.

Cold Steel.

"For I have seen war's lightning flashing,
Seen the claymore with bayonet clashing."
—*The Lay of the Last Minstrel*, Canto v. 21.

The basket-hilted Highland broadsword (now commonly, but erroneously, called a claymore) was worn by officers, sergeants, pipers, drummers, and bands-men. At that period the basket-hilt was of steel, and about 1797 changed to brass or copper for officers, and probably also for the rank and file. The scabbard was of black leather with brass or steel mountings. Mounted officers probably carried a light sabre, but this is not certain. Officers certainly wore the dirk, but there is no record of the rank and file doing so. Sergeants did not carry firearms, but had a pike as well as a broadsword; the men carried bayonets for their firelocks. (See Plate 4.)

In the Peninsula no dirks were carried by any one in the regiment. Officers 1810-14 of the flank companies (viz., Grenadiers or Light) wore a sabre (*e.g.*, Major Kenneth Cameron's sword, now in possession of Dr Kenneth Cameron, Montreal), as did probably the mounted officers; but the other company officers carried the Highland broadsword, with a copper-gilt basket and a black leather scabbard (Note 33, Colonel Leslie and Lord James Murray).

A field officer of the 79th sketched by Vernet is wearing a curved sabre, 1815 with a sword-knot. (See Plate 14.)

The manner of wearing the sword in those days varied. Mounted officers

sometimes carried the sabre on a waist-belt with slings (see Plate 14), but more often on a shoulder-belt, a practice still in use as late as 1856 (Plate 23). Officers of the flank companies had slings on their shoulder-belts, much as the company officers have now; but in the battalion companies the broad-sword was worn in the Highland fashion in a frog, which was part of the shoulder-belt (see Plates 12 and 14 and Notes 5 and 7). This frog is still to be seen in the black belts worn by the pipers at the present time. These shoulder-belts were of buff leather, and had an oval breast-plate in front, not an oblong one as now worn.

1819 The only mention of cold steel in the Standing Order is that officers must always wear the sword when out of barracks or quarters, or when in company (Note 8).

1822 A print by William Heath, Chelsea, shows a front and back view of two 79th officers wearing swords with brass hilts and brass-mounted leather scabbards. No red tassel on the hilt, but a heavy gold sword-knot, which also appears in the plate in Goddard's *Military Costume of Europe* (1812).

1828 The brass and copper basket-hilts replaced by steel ones. Pipers, however, wore brass hilts up to and throughout the Indian Mutiny.

1880 Sergeants had their pikes taken away, and were issued with fusils and bayonets instead (Plate 18). The bayonet was carried on the same shoulder-belt that supported the sword (Note 17).

1882 A circular memo, dated "Horse Guards, 30th April," directs adjutants to wear steel scabbards.

1885 The following got a sword, with knot, belt, and breast-plate, at the expense of the colonel :—

Sergeant-Major.		Sergeants.
Quarter-Master-Sergeant.		Drummers.
Drum-Major.		Fifers. ¹

This custom of wearing a sword-knot with the basket-hilt has quite disappeared. The bayonets were supplied by the Ordnance.

Note 33 records three specimens of officers' dirks, which were probably all of the general pattern worn when the regiment was raised, viz. :—

Colonel Duncan Cameron's: Brass scabbard, flat black handle without studs, round metal knobs on pommels of dirk, knife, and fork, no stones.

Colonel Marshall's: Brass scabbard, round black handle with studs, moss-stone on pommel of dirk, pebbles on knife and fork.

Major Riach's: By same maker, and practically identical with Colonel Marshall's, but cairngorms on pommels of dirk, knife, and fork.

1838 A picture shows Major Alexander Forbes, as a mounted officer, wearing a sabre with steel hilt and scabbard, and gold sword-knot, carried on a white buff waist-belt with slings and a gold clasp (Note 33, Mrs Kirkpatrick). It is impossible to see from the picture whether the belt is worn over or under the coatee.

1840 A painting of Captain Haskett Smith by Firth discloses a new pattern of dirk, like the present day pattern, but longer. Captain Wimberley (Note 33) has one like this, with the pommel stone set horizontally, as in the three dirks described above, not on the slope as nowadays.

¹ Fifers were discontinued in the 79th after the Crimea.

The earliest record of the sgian dubh in the 79th is in a painting of an ensign done in 1840 by Eugene Louis Lami; also on a statuette of a piper made in Gibraltar and given to Colonel Ferguson in 1841 (Note 33, Victoria and Albert Museum; and Munro-Ferguson). Colonel C. Greenhill-Gardyne, in his *Life of a Regiment*, tells how, a few years after this, it was proposed that the officers of the 92nd should wear the sgian dubh; but that Colonel MacDonald would not permit its adoption, saying that it was the weapon of a gillie, not of an officer.

A picture done by a private soldier shows a sergeant in walking-out dress 1841-5 wearing a dirk on a white waist-belt (Note 33, Mrs Moyes).

The cross belts of the rank and file ordered to be discontinued; bayonet to 1850 be carried on waist-belt; ammunition continued to be slung in pouch-belt over the left shoulder.

Sergeants discontinued carrying the sword, and consequently the shoulder-belt as well, being now armed with the fusil and bayonet only, as opposed to the longer musket and bayonet of the men. 1852

The custom of officers wearing the black dirk-belt *over* the coatee or tunic 1853 is first noticed in a coloured print of this date. In India the black dirk-belt was always worn *under* the doublet in the old way. The gold embroidered dirk-belt first appears in 1845, in a picture of Captain Haskett Smith (Note 25).

Black leather scabbards discontinued for officers' broadswords, and replaced 1868 by new steel scabbards made in Delhi. It may be noted, however, that Major Barwick, who left the regiment in 1832, had a broadsword with a steel scabbard (Note 33, Mrs Walter Barwick). See also 1832. The sergeant-major and staff-sergeants still wear the black leather scabbard (1908).

Swords and buff shoulder-belts discontinued for drummers; dirks and waist-belts issued instead. 1872

A photograph taken in Edinburgh shows the pipers still wearing swords, but 1876 they were really discontinued in 1872 (see 1828).

Officers returned to the fashion of wearing the shoulder-belt in full ball-dress; and also with the red shell-jacket instead of the black slings. 1892

In the Soudan campaign the broadsword was worn with the cross-hilt. 1898 This was done because the basket-hilt did not sit properly with the Sam Browne equipment. We laugh at the mental kink of the Chinaman who burnt down his house to obtain roast pork, but what about the mind of the person who alters his sword-hilt to suit his belt?

The sabre worn by mounted officers is the old Light Cavalry pattern, still 1908 worn by the Royal Artillery and the Army Service Corps. The white buff sword-knot is worn, except when with the Sam Browne belt, when a brown knot is worn. Formerly both gold and black sword-knots were worn in the regiment (Notes 21 (2) and 33, Mrs Kirkpatrick). The mounted officers of the 79th have never worn the half-basket hilt with red tassel.

The earliest record of the red tassel on the basket-hilt of the broadsword occurs in a regimental order of June 1817 (Note 7). Until quite recent times photographs often show the basket-hilt without a tassel at all. It is only within late years that the red tassel attained its present abnormal length. For a short period in the early 'eighties it was the custom for mounted officers to wear the gold belt and dirk as well as the sabre with slings.

NOTES TO APPENDIX A.

NOTE 1.

Clothing Regulations.

1800 "In a Highland corps each sergeant, corporal, drummer, and private man shall have annually for cloathing:—

A coat.	6 yards of plaid once in two years.
A waistcoat.	A purse every seven years.
A bonnet.	Also 2 good pairs of shoes."
4 pairs of hose.	

Necessaries.

"In Highland corps, instead of two pairs of black cloth gaiters and a second pair of breeches, the following articles are to be substituted:—

	<i>s. d.</i>
Kelt (<i>sic</i>)	5 6
Feather	6 0
Additional hose	3 0"

NOTE 2.

Inspection Report on the 2nd Battalion of the 79th.

1805 The men had in possession the following articles of clothing:—

Coats.	Shoes.
Waistcoats.	Hose.
Plaids.	Bonnets.
Rollers.	
[There is no mention of sporrans.]	

The Regiment (2nd Battalion) also had in its possession:—

57 halberts.
14 drums.
750 firelocks.
750 bayonets.
750 cartridge boxes.

NOTE 3.

(Circa 1806.)

Extract from Captain Thomas Brown's MS. copy of Standing Orders. [The date has unfortunately been torn out, but the 4th and 10th Orders below point to the date being subsequent to 1798 and previous to 1809.]

Officers' Dress.

1. Perfect uniformity in the dress and appointments of the officers contributes much to the good appearance of a corps, and affords a very good example to the soldiers.

2. No officer is to order his cloaths or appointments to be made according to his own fancy, but to be at all times agreeable to the regimental pattern, and the staff are to be at all times dressed in strict conformity to His Majesty's regulations.

3. Patterns of officers' cloaths and appointments may be seen with the adjutant.

4. The jacket to be worn buttoned up to the . . . button from the top, and to show . . . loops of lace upon the lapel.

5. The bonnet to be worn with the cockade just over the back part of the left ear, and to fall a little over the right eye. The regulation feather is to be exactly long enough to reach the top of the black feathers, and not longer, and is to be so fixed as to prevent its having the least play. The cockade to be made of black ribbon, and to be made exactly according to the pattern. A small regimental button to be fixed in the centre, but no loop.

6. The kilt is to be put on evenly round the body. The edge in front to come down as far as the centre of the cap of the knee, and to be rather shorter behind.

The plaid to come down as far as the back part of the kilt, the upper part of it to be fixed to the button of the right (? left) epaulette by a short loop of green ribbon, which is to be sewed to the outside of the upper end of the plaid. Over that end of the ribbon which does not loop on to the button, is to be fixed a small rosette made of the same kind of ribbon as the loop. The rosette to be in size and make the same as the pattern one.

7. The purse to be worn over the front part of the kilt, to be hung upon a leather strap, which is to be buckled tight round the body, and the purse to be kept close up to the lower part of the jacket.

8. The hose to be gartered just upon the upper part of the thick of the leg. Only one fold of them to come over the garter. No bows to be fixed to the garters. The ends of them to be neatly turned under the part which goes round the leg, and only two inches of them is to hang loose. The ends of the garters not to be fringed.

9. Black velvet stocks to be worn on all parades. The stock to be neatly tied over a white handkerchief, about $\frac{2}{5}$ ths of an inch of which is to be seen above the stock all round the neck. The stock to be fixed close to the neck.

10. The hair is always to be kept in a military form. The cue is to be ten inches in length, including one inch of hair to appear below the binding, and to be tied in such manner as that the upper part of the binding shall rest against the centre of the coat collar.

By His Majesty's orders, officers are forbid to cut their hair in such manner as may prevent its being tied as above directed.

11. The ends of the hair ribband are on no account to be flying loose. Rosettes to be worn on the top of the cue, and to be made according to the pattern one.

12. The sash to be worn under the strap of the left epaulette, to be tied in such manner as that the knot shall be exactly on the top of the right centre button on the back of the coat. The noose of the knot is to be next the coat, and the two ends to hang over the knot on the outside. The ends are to be of equal length with the noose.

13. The belt to be worn under the sash, and to be so fitted as that the frog of it may hang on the left skirt of the coat exactly opposite the knot of the sash.

14. The breast-plate to be according to the regimental pattern.

15. The gorget to be such as is prescribed by His Majesty's regulations, and no other to be worn.

APPENDIX A.

16. At all parades, when not particularly ordered to the contrary, officers are to appear in pantaloons and boots, instead of the kilt, &c. The cap will also be worn on these occasions. The pantaloons to be blue, and the boots according to the regimental pattern.

17. The regulation feather to be worn in the cap is to be . . . inches long, and to be so made as to prevent its having much play. All officers, except those of flank companies, are to have two inches of red at the bottom of their feathers, which is to be included in the length above mentioned.

NOTE 4.

*Extracts from Regimental Orders.**Battalion Order.**Sunday, 24th Sept. 1809.*

No N.C.O. or private is to walk in the country without side-arms and otherwise properly dressed.

Coats or kilts are not to be turned without an order is given to that effect.

Monday, 25th Sept. 1809.

No. 3. The C.O. finds himself compelled to express his disapprobation of the conduct of several of the officers in appearing in round hats when on duty, as well as quitting the garrison dressed in that manner, both of which is in direct opposition to the orders of the Battalion.

*Battalion Order.**WEELY BARRACKS, 25th Oct. 1809.*

It is the intention of the C.O. in a few days to direct the officers to appear in the Highland dress.

NOTE 5.

Description of the Dress of the Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Privates of the 1st Battalion of the 79th Regiment when in the Peninsula, 1810 to 1814.

Bonnet.—The full-plumed Highland bonnet was worn by the officers, on guard, on parade, on the march, and on fatigue duties ; there was no regulation forage cap, or substitute for it, though each officer had some kind of covering for the head,—either an old hat, or bonnet without feathers, which he wore when off duty, strolling about the camp or bivouac. The plumed bonnet was formed of feathers, called flats and foxtails, and six of the latter were pendant on the right side (the bonnet of the 42nd had not these pendant feathers), a black cockade with a silver sphinx in the centre of it on the left side of the bonnet, and a leather peak in front placed above the black velvet binding.

The bonnets of the sergeants and privates were of the same form as those worn by the officers, but not having quite so many feathers, did not look so rich. They were bound with patent leather, with a slit behind fastened with ribbon so as to admit the bonnet being enlarged or contracted to fit the head, black cockade and sphinx, and peak in front ; the hackle, or feather, was white, red and white, or green, according as the party belonged to the flank or a battalion company. They had forage caps also.

Epaulettes.—Each battalion company officer wore a pair of rich gold epaulettes ; the officers of the flank companies wore wings without epaulettes. The privates had straps to keep the belts on their shoulders, with a small woollen tuft at the end of each ; those belonging to the flank companies had wings of fringe.

Coatee.—The officer's coatee had double lapels, lined with green, and gold lace to buttons in pairs (the lapels were only buttoned back on particular occasions, such as dining out, &c.), and lace to buttons in pairs on collar and cuffs ; not having any undress coat or uniform greatcoat, the red coatee and epaulettes were always worn ; most of the officers had, however, either a cambric cloak or blue greatcoat (of various forms), which they put on over the coatee on the march and on fatigue duties, but only in bad weather. The privates had white woollen undress jackets for fatigue duty, and grey cloth greatcoats.

Trousers.—Grey trousers and black gaiters were the uniform dress of the officers—they had no kilts with them ; but as it was found difficult to get grey cloth of one colour, there were many shades of it, and blue cloth or tartan often substituted for the grey ; but the non-commissioned officers and privates wore the *kilt and tartan hose*. For fatigue duties they had white woollen jackets, grey trousers, and the Scotch bonnet without feathers.

Sash.—A crimson silk sash was worn by the officers ; it passed under the epaulette strap of the left shoulder, and tied in a knot on the right side ; it passed over and crossed the sword-belt on the breast. The sergeants' sashes were of worsted, crimson and green, and also worn over the left shoulder and tied on the right side.

Sword.—The officers of the flank companies carried a sabre in a pipe-clayed sling shoulder-belt, but the battalion company officers carried a Highland broadsword in a frog shoulder-belt ; this broadsword had a basket handle of copper gilt, black leather scabbard. No waist-belts or black belts were worn except by the medical officers.

Breast-plate.—This was of an oval form, of copper gilt with a silver rim and a silver garter or band with a crown over it, and 79th in the centre. The 79, the circular band, and the outer border were in relief, and riveted to the gilt plate ; the 79th on green enamel ; “Cameron Highlanders” engraved on the circular band. A few of the privates retained still the breast-plate furnished, I believe, when the regiment was raised, having the words “Cameronian Volunteers,” all the others “Cameron Highlanders.”

No plaids, purses, dirks, or pistols were carried by any one in the regiment. The greatest uniformity in dress was in the feather bonnet, red coatee, and epaulettes of the officers ; and the feather bonnet, red coatee, kilt, and tartan hose of the non-commissioned officers and privates, shoes and black gaiters, no buckles.

[The above description was compiled with the assistance of Captain John Ford and Surgeon Andrew Anderson, who served with the regiment in the Peninsula, so it may be taken as pretty correct. It is extracted from p. 3 of *An Alphabetical List of the Officers of the 79th Regiment, or Cameron Highlanders, from 1800 to 1852*, by Henry Stooks Smith. (London : Simpkin, Marshall, & Co., 1852).]

It has been recorded that towards the end of the campaign the clothing of the Highland regiments had become very ragged and quite un-uniform. The 42nd was the only regiment left in the kilt, the others wearing any sort of trousers they could get. An old coatee with new sleeves made of material quite different from the rest of the garment was nothing unusual, and everybody was in patches. Raw hide shoes were made from newly slaughtered bullocks, and many men went barefoot for miles at the side of the road.

In connection with this it has been stated that the 79th actually fought at the battle of Toulouse in pantaloons, as their kilts were worn out. Colonel C. Greenhill-Gardyne, however, combats this statement as follows :—It is stated that the 79th were too late for Orthes owing to having been to St. Jean de Luz for their new clothing. They seem to have arrived at the end of the day, as a journal of a 92nd sergeant mentions a meeting of the three kilted regiments, 42nd, 79th, and 92nd, on the night of—or the night after—the battle of Orthes. Now Orthes was fought on the 27th February, and Toulouse on the 10th April. If they had just arrived from St. Jean de Luz—a three or at most a four days’ march—with new clothing, it could not have been worn out at Toulouse. So that it would take very clear and trustworthy evidence to prove that the men of the 79th fought in their pantaloons on that occasion, though the officers no doubt did so. Even if they got the tartan, as they certainly would get it, in the piece, it did not take long to make a kilt with the back not cut out. The companies made their own—i.e., certain men in each company,—and they had plenty of time and long halts between February 27 and April 10. In Stewart of Garth’s History it is stated that, when Pack’s Brigade advanced, a French officer exclaimed, “My God ! how firm these sans culottes are ” (distinguishing the 42nd and 79th by their dress). General Stewart himself was at Toulouse a few days after the battle, and would surely have mentioned it if the 79th had *not* worn the Highland dress at that fight.

APPENDIX A.

NOTE 6.

*Extracts from Captain Thomas Brown's Note-books.*CAMP BEFORE BURGOS,
27th Sept. 1812.

1. Return of kilt tartan due to the 79th Regiment by Major-General Cameron for the years 1811-1812:—

2 staff sergeants 1 drum-major 50 sergeants 30 drummers 700 rank and file	} at 6 yards each = 4698 yards.
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(Signed) R. FULTON,
Lt.-Col. 79th Regt.

2. Return of clothing for year 1813:—

Coats and Waistcoats—

2 staff sergeants.
1 drum-major.
50 sergeants.
30 drummers.
200 rank and file, flank companies.
400 rank and file, battalion companies.

Shoes—695 pairs.[*N.B.*—The drummers' coats to be made as formerly.]

3. List of sergeants' appointments, 1812:—

Pikes.	Fusils.
Bayonets.	Ramrods.
Scabbards.	Slings.
Swords.	Sashes.
Sword-belts.	Breast-plates.

[*NOTE.—It is difficult to account for sergeants having fusils at this date as well as pikes. Possibly only sergeants of the flank companies had them.*]]

NOTE 7.

Extracts from Orders, 1815-18.

(Lieutenant-Colonel Douglas.)

BELFAST, 30th March 1815.

No. 2. Officers' coats to be worn constantly buttoned over to the top, and no officer ever to appear out of his quarters without his sword, sash, and bonnet. The only exception to this order is in court or ball dress with white pantaloons, when the lapels may be buttoned back, but hooked up to the stock, and no waistcoat ever to be shown; and even then the sash, belt, &c., never to be dispensed with. (See Order of 14th Dec. 1817.)

BELFAST, 14th April 1815.

No. 2. Grey trowsers are in future to be considered part of the regimental necessaries, and are to be kept at all times in the best order.

BELFAST, 21st April 1815.

At muster on the 24th of every month, every man is expected to appear with his hair close cut, and this is to be considered a standing order.

AVERNE, 20th Nov. 1815.

In future any N.C.O. will be brought before a court-martial if he parades a fatigue without their fatigue dress, and he is himself on such occasions to be always in full uniform.

Regimental Orders (Lieutenant-Colonel Cameron).

VIZERNES, 23rd Feb. 1816.

In compliance with the orders of the army, no officer of the 79th Regiment is to enter the town of St Omer without being in full uniform, or in coloured clothes.

[This order is repeated in substance on 23rd June at Blandecques.]

Regimental Orders (Lieutenant-Colonel Brown).

BLANDECQUES, 23rd June 1816.

No. 3. The sergeants are to have the hilts of their swords lined with red cloth edged with green ribbon according to the regulation.

No. 4. The C.O. has observed several of the men walking about in the cantonments with coloured and black handkerchiefs round their necks. He desires that O.'s C. companies will warn their men against such an unsoldierlike habit, and confine any men who may be seen in future without their stocks on.

No. 5. In order that the officers may appear as uniformly as possible, the Quartermaster has undertaken to have always a supply of grey cloth for their use.

Brigade Order (Sir D. Pack).

ROQUETOIRE, 25th June 1816.

No. 2. C.O.'s are strictly to prohibit the soldiers from wearing round hats and neckcloths with any part of the regimental dress.

Regimental Order (Lieutenant-Colonel Brown).

BLANDECQUES, 1st July 1816.

O.'s C. companies are requested to pay particular attention in having their men sized at all parades according to their Size Roll, from flanks to centre—that their accoutrements are fitted and worn uniformly—as also their new bonnets.

Regimental Order (Lieutenant-Colonel Douglas).

BLANDECQUES, 14th Nov. 1816.

No. 5. Companies will occasionally parade in white waistcoats and foraging caps, to ascertain that they are kept clean and in good repair.

Regimental Orders (Lieutenant-Colonel Douglas).

28th Jan. 1817.

No. 3. The waist-belt is done away with.

Note.—This relates to Field and Staff officers only.

Regimental Orders (Lieutenant-Colonel Douglas).

BLANDECQUES, 28th Feb. 1817.

Havresacks to be taken into company stores and only issued when ordered to be worn on certain parades.

Regimental Order (Lieutenant-Colonel Douglas).

BLANDECQUES, 2nd May 1817.

The grey trowsers are only meant for fatigues and not to be worn out of the cantonments, excepting upon that duty.

APPENDIX A.

Regimental Orders (Lieutenant-Colonel Douglas).

BLANDECQUES, 9th June 1817.

No. 2. The officers who are permitted to wear sabres are to furnish themselves immediately with buff sword-knots similar to a pattern to be seen in the orderly-room; and the claymores are to be furnished with buff lining covered with red cloth and silk fringe round the knobs.

Regimental Orders (Lieutenant-Colonel Douglas).

BLANDECQUES, 10th Nov. 1817.

No. 5. The flank officers, when in the Highland uniform, are to wear frog-belts and claymores, the same as the other officers.

14th Dec. 1817.

At balls, officers are authorised by His Majesty's regulations, when in white breeches, shoes, and stockings, to dispense with the sash, and to wear the belt under the coat; at all other times every officer when in uniform is to wear his sash, sword, and belt. (See Order of 30th March 1815.)

Division Orders.

ROQUETOIRE, 17th February 1818.

Major-General Sir D. Pack has frequently observed orderlies and men on pass without their side-arms, which all soldiers should wear when in full dress. The Major-General requests, &c., &c.

Regimental Orders (Lieutenant-Colonel Douglas).

BLANDECQUES, 11th May 1818.

No. 1. For the sake of uniformity the officers in the ranks are requested to provide themselves before Saturday next with white linen gaiters of a similar pattern with the men's.

Regimental Order (Lieutenant-Colonel Douglas).

CAMP, NEAR BLANDECQUES, 1st July 1818.

No. 4. The fatigue dress of the regiment is forage cap, stock, white jacket, grey trowsers, and hose.

NOTE 8.

Extract from the Standing Orders of the 79th Regiment, issued on 1st May 1819 by Lieutenant-Colonel Neil Douglas, and sanctioned by Major-General Sir Alan Cameron, K.C.B. (page 48).

1819 The officers' dress is of three kinds—viz., the dress, the full dress, and the undress.

DRESS.	FULL DRESS.	UNDRESS.
Regimental jacket, lapels buttoned back. Regimental bonnet. Stock. White pantaloons, with Hessian boots. Regimental sword, belt, plate, and sash. White leather gloves.	The complete Highland uniform.	The same as Dress, except that the lapels of the jacket are buttoned over, and that the pantaloons are to be blue in winter, white in summer, and worn with hussar boots.

Field officers and the adjutant at all times to be distinguished by *spurs* of uniform make.
Sash, belt, and sword to be at all times worn out of barracks or quarters, or in company.
The *gorget* is the mark of duty for all officers.

Fatigue dress for N.C.O.'s and men is permitted by the Lieutenant-Colonel for use on fatigues, on shipboard, when not on parade or on duty. Men on fatigue, or company orderlies, hospital orderlies, or cooks found in regimentals will be punished.

This fatigue dress consists of—

White flannel jacket.

Grey trowsers.

Foraging cap (a humble bonnet, edged and lettered white).

Foraging caps to be worn from tap-too to sunrise, and on all fatigues.

The following is the list of *soldiers' necessaries*, to be shown complete every muster :—

Regimental suit, watch-coat and straps, pack, and bonnet.

Fatigue dress and trowsers.

3 white shirts.

2 pairs good shoes.

3 pairs hose.

Comb, razor, clothes-brush, and shoe-brushes.

Buff-stick, button-stick, black-ball, piece of soap, and sponge.

Knife, fork, and spoon.

Arms and accoutrements—

Musquet.

Turn-key.

Oil-can.

Sling.

Worm-screw.

Picker.

Muzzle-stopper.

Good conduct medals were of two kinds, silver and brass, worn with tartan ribbon on the left breast (page 76).

NOTE 9.

April 22nd (referring to an order issued May 10th, 1817).—In the case of Highland regiments, 1820 the staff officers—*i.e.*, paymaster, quartermaster, and surgeons—will not be required to wear long coats and cocked hats, but may wear jackets and ornaments as before.

NOTE 10.

Officers of the 79th may continue to wear their waistcoats as before; they may also adopt 1822 white kerseymere pantaloons to be worn in cases, in dress, when the kilt is not worn; they need not adopt the sling-belt as laid down in the regulations, but must wear the frog-belt as other infantry regiments do.

NOTE 11.

Feb. 28th.—The loops of lace across the chest of the private soldiers' coats to be made broader 1826 at the top than at the bottom.

NOTE 12.

Highland Corps: Sept. 28th.—Officers and N.C.O.'s to wear steel-mounted swords. 1828

NOTE 13.

1. March 18th: *Highland Officers*.—The undress bonnet is abolished, and the full-dress 1829 bonnet ordered to be worn upon all occasions; the forage cap as for officers of infantry, excepting that the band to be of the tartan of the regiment.

2. March 20th.—A general inquiry having taken place into the cost of officers' dress and equipments, it has been found that for Highland regiments the cost appears to be about £80, compared with infantry corps having lace, £50; without lace, £40.

3. *April 15th.*—A pattern wing for officers of Highland regiments has been approved of, and deposited at the office of Military Boards; field officers of Highland regiments to wear epaulettes only, of the same pattern as those worn by officers of infantry regiments.

4. *June 29th.*—The lapels upon the coats of Highland regiments discontinued.

5. *July 7th.*—Officers of battalion companies of Highland regiments to wear epaulettes instead of wings.

NOTE 14.

1830 *Jan. 28th.*—Officers of Highland regiments to have a row of lace round the bottom of the waist of the jacket and extending along the skirt, and a triangle of lace resting between the two back buttons; the black waist-belt to be worn with slings, but the broadsword not to trail upon the ground.

Aug. 2nd.—Band's coats changed to white with regimental facing; wings to be worn by the N.C.O.'s and men of the Highland regiments. Drummers' jackets to be red.

NOTE 15.

Regimental Order relative to Cholera.

YORK BARRACKS (CANADA), 24th Aug. 1833.

1833 The kilt will be discontinued until further orders and the grey trowsers worn in the place of it; galoshes must at all times be worn by the men in wet weather, either on or off duty, and they will always wear them during the night.

NOTE 16.

1834 1. *June 4th.*—Officers of Highland regiments to wear the new shoulder-strap with the blue frock-coat, the strap edged with the regimental gold lace and a solid gilt crescent, having a gold embroidery thistle in the centre of the crescent.

2. *"Regulations for the Dress of the Army," 1st Aug. 1834.*

Blue frock-coat issued for officers' undress in the United Kingdom; shell jacket to be worn in Gibraltar, Malta, West Indies, and Canada.

Bonnet cocked and feathered, with six ostrich feathers 14 inches deep; hockle, white vulture, 8 inches long.

Scarf (i.e., big plaid) according to regimental pattern, to be worn with red jacket on occasions when kilt is not worn.

Belted plaid, kilt, purse, hose, garters, } According to Highland costume and to established regimental pattern.
shoes, and buckles. }

[There is no mention of mess dress.]

NOTE 17.

Extract from the Standing Orders for the 79th Highlanders, issued on 1st March 1835 at Quebec by Lieutenant-Colonel Duncan McDougall.

1835 *Clothing (to be provided by the colonel)—*

	COMPENSATION FOR ONE YEAR.		
	Sergeants.	Other ranks.	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
Coat	1 6 0	0 14 0	
Waistcoat with sleeves	0 12 9	0 5 0	
Pair of shoes	0 6 3	0 6 3	
Towards provision of Highland articles .	0 15 0	0 7 9	
	3 0 0	1 13 0	

Necessaries (to be provided at the soldier's own expense)—

Bonnet, complete with drooping feathers, hackle, cockade, and oilskin cover ;	Pair of braces ; forage cap ; Knapsack with straps ;
Plaid ; kilt ;	2 shoe-brushes ;
Pair of fatigue trowsers ;	1 clothes-brush ;
3 pairs of tartan hose ;	1 button-brush and stick ;
Garters and rosettes ;	1 shaving-brush and soap ;
Pair of shoes and buckles ;	1 razor, sponge, comb ;
Pair of gaiters ; knee-cap ;	Knife, fork, and spoon ;
Purse and belt ; stock and clasp ;	1 pair of mitts (when required by climate) ;
2 pairs of trowsers, } for regiments wearing the	1 tin of blacking ; 2 towels ;
3 pairs of socks, } trowsers ;	Mess-tin and cover ; gun-stopper.
1 pair of boots,	Turnscrew ; worm ; brush ; pricker.

Accoutrements and appointments (to be furnished at the expense of the colonel)—

Regimental colours and belts.

Sergeant-Major's	Sword with knot, breast-plate, sash.															
Quartermaster-Sergeant's																
Drum-Major's	Sword and knot, pouch with belt, bayonet-belt with double carriage, fusil-sling, breast-plate, sash, whistle and chains for L.I. regiments and for Light companies of other regiments.															
Sergeant's	Pouch with belt, bayonet-belt, breast-plate, firelock sling.															
Corporal's and Private's	Pouch with belt, bayonet-belt, breast-plate, drum carriage ; two fifes															
Drummer's and Fifer's	Sword with knot and belt, breast-plate, drum carriage ; two fifes and cases, for grenadiers only.															
Pioneer Corporal and 10 Pioneers.	<table border="0"> <tr> <td>11 leather aprons,</td> <td>3 saws with cases and belts,</td> <td>2 felling-axes with cases,</td> </tr> <tr> <td>11 pouches,</td> <td>3 broad-axes with cases,</td> <td>3 pick-axes,</td> </tr> <tr> <td>11 slings,</td> <td>8 spades with cases and belts,</td> <td>8 mattocks.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>11 breast-plates,</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>11 bill-hooks with cases and girdles,</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table>	11 leather aprons,	3 saws with cases and belts,	2 felling-axes with cases,	11 pouches,	3 broad-axes with cases,	3 pick-axes,	11 slings,	8 spades with cases and belts,	8 mattocks.	11 breast-plates,			11 bill-hooks with cases and girdles,		
11 leather aprons,	3 saws with cases and belts,	2 felling-axes with cases,														
11 pouches,	3 broad-axes with cases,	3 pick-axes,														
11 slings,	8 spades with cases and belts,	8 mattocks.														
11 breast-plates,																
11 bill-hooks with cases and girdles,																

Ordnance Articles—*Sergeants*.—Fusil, bayonet, scabbard, greatcoat.*Rank and File*.—Musket, bayonet, scabbard, greatcoat.*Drummers*.—Drum (bugle) and greatcoat.

A description of the *Officers' Dress and Appointments*, and directions for wearing them, are lodged with the Quartermaster and Adjutant and at the orderly room, and reference is directed to His Majesty's 'Regulations for the Dress of the Officers of the Army,' and also to article 27 or p. 72 of these Standing Orders, which says—

"Every individual of the corps is invariably, when on parade or out of his quarters, barracks, or camp, to be dressed in strict conformity to the orders of the army and regiment in the minutest particular ; the senior officer on parade is responsible for the correctness of the dress of all who are there present."

[The above list of necessities is almost identical with that given in the small-books of Private Walker (1812 to 1831) and of Sergeant Patterson (1827 to 1849).]

NOTE 18.

Sept. 20th.—Coloured and striped lace for the rank and file abolished ; sergeants to wear 1836 double-breasted coats.

NOTE 19.

Extracts from the 'Squad Book of No. 4 Company, for Captain Monro,' a manuscript book with printed columns and headings (sold by W. Fraser, Army Printer, 39 Arran Quay, Dublin), and kept in Gibraltar, 1840-48, for No. 4 Company 79th Highlanders, that company having during that period been commanded first by Captain Wm. M'Call and later by Captain Wm. Monro. The book is now the property of Colour-Sergeant Rose, late of the 3rd Battalion Cameron Highlanders.

Directions for wearing the Highland Dress.

1840-48 *Kilt.*—The kilt is to touch the cap of the knee in front and to be half an inch lower behind than before. The plaiting of the kilt to begin $15\frac{1}{2}$ inches from the bottom; the part of the kilt into which the kilt pins are put must be lined with black cotton or linen—great care must be taken that the kilt is not lower on the one side than the other—three pins, $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch between each—the top pin to be placed in an exact line with the upper edge of the kilt.

Plaid.—The lower part of the plaid to reach exactly the bottom of the kilt, the dirk flap of the plaid is to touch the outside of the bottom loop of lace on the right side of jacket; it is to be $9\frac{1}{2}$ inches broad and $9\frac{1}{2}$ inches in perpendicular length; the rosette of the plaid is to be 2 inches broad: the centre of the rosette must be fixed to the upper corner of the plaid and close to the shoulder-strap.

Purse.—The bottom of the purse to be as low as the lowest stripe, about 2 inches from the bottom of the kilt.

Bonnet.—The bonnet is to be worn on the one side and touching the right eyebrow; the feathers to commence on the left side so as to touch the top of the tartan, and they will hang down on the right side so as to be as low as the upper edge of the binding; the front hanging feather to be in a line with the right eye, the lower edge of the cockade to be in line with the upper edge of the lower dice of the bonnet; the cockade to be perpendicular with the left ear; the ribbon to be 4 inches, bows, and the end to be 8 inches in the extreme point; the breadth of ribbon to be 2 inches; the top of the ribbon to be exactly on the centre of the middle row of dicing in rear of the right ear, the joining of the binding to be exactly in rear of the right ear.

The Garter.—The two top loops above the tie, the one to be $\frac{1}{4}$ of an inch above the garter and the other $\frac{1}{4}$ of an inch higher than the first; the two lower loops to be, the first 1 inch below the tie, and the second to be $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch below the first, and the ends to be 3 inches below the lower loops—the length from the upper top loop to the extreme end 8 inches. The swallow tails about $\frac{1}{2}$ an inch in depth, the centre bow to be sewed in the centre to the turn over, and to be the breadth of the pendant part.

The Hose.—The hose not to be worn higher than the centre of the calf—say the breadth of the palm of the hand from the bone on the outside of the leg below the knee; the top loop of the garter must be in a line with the top of the hose, which brings the garter when circled exactly half an inch below the hose. The inner edge of the pendant part to be about 1 inch from the outer edge of the bone of the leg.

Gaiters.—Each man must be measured for his gaiters, which must be cut according to the size of the wearer.

The gaiter is to be slightly peaked behind, the peak coming up as high as the lower part of the calf of the leg, so as to show about 3 inches of the hose below the garter. It is to descend as low as within $\frac{1}{4}$ of an inch of the top of the shoe heel, coming rather to a point at the bottom.

The tongue of the gaiter to be gradually rounded to within $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch of the toe of the shoe; the outer sides not to hang too long over the side of the shoe. The buttons on the side are to be about 1 inch from each other; there will, however, never be less than seven (boys excepted). The distance between the buttons must be increased according to the length of the spat; the strap-buttons are to be two on each side, about $\frac{1}{4}$ inch apart.

Knapsack.—The top of the knapsack to be in a line with the lace round the bottom of the collar; the knapsack-strap to be $\frac{1}{4}$ of an inch from the outside of the regimental number.

Greatcoat.—The top of the greatcoat, when on the back, to be in a line with top of lower lace. The greatcoat to be 17 inches across the top of the back, and 12 inches deep, the straps on the back to be 7 inches from each other.

Pricker and Brush.—The brush to be on the right side and the pricker on the left ; the strap to be 9 inches clear of the breast-plate and $\frac{3}{4}$ of an inch in breadth, and to be divided into two at $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches from the bottom, the strap to be secured by a hook to an eye sewed on the inside of the bayonet-belt 1 inch from the lower edge of the lower keeper of the breast-plate.

Parade Dresses.—*Review Order:* Full dress with knee-caps ; Staff officers, tartan trowsers and scarfs.

Guards of Honour: Full dress without knee-caps.

Guard-mounting Order: As the order may be. If with greatcoat, to be worn as laid down ; if with knapsack, in light marching order. Officers as the order may be.

Light Marching Order.—Spats, bonnet, and pouch-covers. The greatcoat within the knapsack, mess-tin on top, the tin-strap passing through the centre keepers of pack and the lower and top keepers of tin ; the spare end of strap to be rolled, and close down the inner edge of pack. In the pack :—

Greatcoat:	3 brushes and 1 blacking-box.
Pair shoes and buckles.	1 pair socks.
Hold-all complete.	1 hackle.
1 shirt.	Soap, pipeclay, and sponge.
1 pair dress hose.	1 hand-towel.

Officers as ordered, but without covered caps.

Field Exercise Order to be light marching order, without bonnet or pouch-covers.

Heavy Marching Order.—The greatcoat to be rolled and secured on top of knapsack with two straps. Mess-tin to be placed flat on knapsack below greatcoat—the top of the tin to be in a line with the upper part of knapsack and to be fastened by two straps, the top strap passing through the centre keepers of knapsack and the lower and top keeper of tin ; the buckle to be close to inner edge of top keeper ; the other strap to be fastened to the back slings of pack and passed through the side keepers of tin, the buckle to left.

Spats, bonnet, and pouch-covers on ; officers in blue, forage caps covered. The whole kit to be in the pack.

Hair Cutting.—Every man's hair must be cut twice a-month . . . strictly according to regulations—*i.e.*, quite close at the back of head, the side locks not to be too much thinned, but the length must not exceed 2 inches.

[This book has a hand-painted plan of a kit laid out for inspection, showing amongst other things three pairs of red and green hose, a pair of the garters described above, and a pair of shoe-buckles mounted on black leather.]

NOTE 20.

Gibraltar.

1. The regulations for the greatcoat buttons must in future be strictly observed. Sixteen **1841** in a set—viz., breast 9, flaps 2, neck 3, rear 2. [Memo., 27th Feb.]

2. The band will discontinue wearing velvet stocks from the 1st May, and will provide themselves with leather stocks from that date. [R.O., 24th March.]

3. On and after 3rd May the following rules will be observed with regard to the dress of the officers :—

The scarf may be discontinued on all duties and the sash substituted. White trowsers may be worn upon all occasions, excepting with the uniform jacket and at mess.

The forage cap to be worn uncovered.

The shell jacket may be worn in conformity with the custom of the garrison.

For evening dress, poplin trowsers may be worn with the shell jacket and white waistcoat.

When the uniform jacket is worn in the evening, the poplin scarf and brooch must also be worn.

It is to be observed that the scarf is to be worn of the exact regimental length; it is not to be tied with ribband; it is to be turned once over under the right arm, so as to lessen the breadth there, and the end which hangs down behind, having been passed once from right to left under the part which crosses the back, both ends will be drawn tight over the strap of the left epaulette; and the brooch will secure the cross parts on the left shoulder, exactly below the collar-bone.

When the glengarry bonnet is used for evening dress, it is to be made of fine cloth, trimmed with silk ribband, having a drop tie of 6 inches; the ornament formerly used in the centre of the old breast-plate will be worn on the left side, about 3 inches from the front of the cap. [Memo., 29th April.]

4. The Officer Commanding having, with the approval of Lieutenant-Colonel Brown, established a new ornament for the glengarry cap, makes the first issue of these ornaments to the men free of expense to them. He expects, however, that every man will, in return, take a proper pride in appearing with a good glengarry, more especially as they are now worn on Sundays in public. [R.O., 15th Aug.]

5. The C.O. approved of an alteration of the garter by the addition of a small bow, to be so worn after 23rd October. [R.O., 27th Sept.]

6. In future the scarf will be worn with the kilt instead of the belted plaid and sash; the fringe is not to hang lower in front than the edge of the kilt, and it is exactly to hang clear of the lower edge of the kilt in rear. The scarf is in other respects to be worn as per memo. of 29th April 1841. [Memo., 17th Oct.]

7. The Quartermaster will issue to the different companies belt-slides for 4 sergeants and 100 rank and file, with the exception of the Grenadier Company, to which will be issued sergeants' slides for the Staff. The whole will be worn 3 inches below the breast-plate. [R.O., 20th Nov.]

8. The brooches having arrived for the band and pipers, will be given out by the Quartermaster at the rate of six per company. The cost is 14s. 2½d. each. [Memo., 12th Dec.]

NOTE 21.

Gibraltar.

1842 1. The Quarter-Master having received a supply of soft tartan, it will be taken into wear by the officers for all parades and duties till further orders, but not for mess or evening dress. [R.O., 22nd Jan.]

2. The swords having arrived for the officers, will be taken into wear from this date. They will be worn on all regimental parades and duties, and in undress uniform for walking. The black sword-knots will be worn in winter, the white in summer. [R.O., 9th March.]

3. The officers are directed to have their claymores repaired, and to keep them in future according to the regulation. [R.O., 12th March.]

NOTE 22.

1843 1. At dinner roll-call parade the orderly officer will inspect the men daily and see that they are properly dressed in trowsers, clean shoes, and clean smocks. If neglect should still be found to prevail, it will be necessary to have the daily dinner parade in buttoned-up jackets and the Sunday parade in full dress, as when on home service. [R.O., 9th July.]

2. O.C. companies will arrange with the Quarter-Master for completing their companies with one pair of hose per man of the new pattern—to be properly fitted to each man.

Officers will complete themselves with the new soft tartan, which will be taken into wear this autumn, instead of the hard tartan in use. The fringe of the scarf must be in line with the bottom of the kilt in rear, and it must descend to the middle of the thigh in front and no lower. [R.O., 28th July.]

NOTE 23.

1. Havresacks will be worn on the left side under the accoutrements, top side in a line with the bottom edge of the coat, the centre over the hip-bone. [R.O., 2nd Aug.]

2. A supply of glengarry caps having arrived, this head-dress will be taken into wear by the sergeants, band, and pipers on 24th inst. In future the privates' glengarries will be worn without binding; those of the sergeants, band, and pipers are of superior quality, with binding. The prices fixed by the Regimental Board are—

	s.	d.
Sergeants, band, and pipers	3	9½
Privates	1	11½
Tartan bonnets	1	10½

[R.O., 20th Aug.]

NOTE 24.

Gibraltar.

1. The C.O. having approved of a pattern shoe-buckle, leather sealed, directs that the whole regiment be supplied with the same before the inspection. [R.O., 5th May.]

2. The uniform of dress for summer (officers) will be as follows, unless otherwise specified:—

Parades: Blue coats, white trowsers, and glengarry caps. In riding or walking out the shell jacket or blue coat may be worn, but invariably buttoned up, the latter with the sash, and the belt with both. Officers going into Spain in uniform must always appear with their side-arms. The C.O. positively forbids the wearing of any mixed description of dress—*i.e.*, of plain clothes and uniform. [R.O., 2nd July.]

3. The plaids and soft dress tartan having arrived from Scotland, officers will apply for the same. The tabbinette will be discontinued from 31st August. The trowsers and scarf of fine tartan will be substituted in full dress. The belted plaid will be resumed with the kilt as usual, and of the same material as the latter. [R.O., 27th July.]

4. Sergeants' sashes to be altered to plain crimson.

NOTE 25.

Ball Dress, 1845.

(From a painting of Captain Haskett Smith, done at Gibraltar.)

Hair worn very long above the ears.

Big plaid worn naturally, and not made up into regular folds as is now the practice. Worn over the epaulet strap. Brooch, same as present pattern, in front of collar-bone.

Double-breasted coatee of the period, buttons not in pairs. Green facings.

Gold embroidered dirk-belt; dirk, worn on right side, is of the present pattern, but longer.

Bright coloured poplin trowsers, strapped down over Wellington boots.

White gloves.

Feather bonnet (on table) shows two rows of dice and long white hackle.

Sword, with cross-belt and slings (on settee). Breast-plate of the period (LXXIX in wreath). Broadsword has green edging to red lining of hilt, and the red tassel is only one inch long all round. The black leather scabbard is steel-mounted, and fitted both for slings and for frog. Blade of sword is plain, scabbard ends off with round knob.

NOTE 26.

*Quebec.*1. *Officers' Dress—*

Heavy and Light Marching Orders.—Red jacket, sash, and glengarry, trowsers, spats, and claymore with white shoulder-belt.

Parade Order in red and glengarries.—Same as above, but without spats.

Guard Order (unless otherwise ordered).—Red jacket, sash, and feather bonnet, trowsers, claymore, and white shoulder-belt.

Parade Order in red and feather bonnets uncovered.—Officers in kilts, without the dirks.

Review Order.—Full dress.

But until the blue coat is finally done away with, the present arrangement with regard to dress will be retained. [R.O., 6th Aug.]

2. Dinner parade roll-call. Men in smock-frocks and trowsers. On Sundays in red clothing and forage caps, except men who have not attended church. [R.O., 11th Aug.]

3. New pattern buckle shoe approved of by C.O. Present dress shoe abolished, but may be worn out. [R.O., 9th Nov.]

4. Blue frock-coat with shoulder-scales abolished, and round shell jacket substituted.

NOTE 27.

(By the late Quarter-Master-Sergeant J. Mackenzie.)

Clothing, Equipment, Accoutrements, and Kit of a Private of the 79th Cameron Highlanders on embarkation for the Crimea, 4th May 1854.

Worn on the person—

- 1 feather bonnet, with oil-skin cover and leather chin-strap.
- 1 red coat, with wings and double bar lace. Lead buttons.
- 1 leather stock with brass clasps.
- 1 brown leather cap-pouch, worn in a fob, right front, lower side, of red coat, above waist-belt.
- 1 kilt (5 yards tartan).
- 1 sporran. Brown, brass top, 79 in Roman letters, five black tassels surmounted by brass beads.
Black leather strap with brass buckle.
- 1 belt and pouch, holding 60 rounds of ball ammunition.
- 1 waist-belt, 79th pattern waist buckle and V-shaped frog.
- 1 musket (Brown Bess), with wooden muzzle-stopper, clothes-peg shape, brass top.
- 1 sling.
- 1 bayonet and scabbard.
- 1 leather knee-cap.
- 1 cotton shirt, 1 pair hose tops, 1 pair garters, 1 pair gaiters.
- 1 pair shoes, 1 havresack, 1 pair socks.
- 1 greatcoat rolled and carried on top of the knapsack, which contained 1 white jacket, 1 pair trowsers, 1 belted plaid, 1 pair shoes, 1 pair socks, 1 cotton shirt, 1 pair gaiters, 1 hold-all for knife, fork, spoon, razor, comb, soap-brush, button-stick and sponge, 1 brass brush, 1 clothes-brush, 1 blacking-brush, 1 polishing-brush, 1 Bible, 2 towels, 1 hackle and case.
- 1 mess-tin with cover,
- 1 glengarry with badges, and } carried on back of knapsack.
- 1 piece of soap. 1 piece of pipeclay.

25 per cent Minnie rifles issued just before embarking, remainder issued at Varna. Battle of Alma fought with Minnie rifle.

Yearly issue of clothing on 1st April : 1 red coat, 1 white jacket, 1 pair of shoes. Everything else kept up at soldier's expense.

Issued at Scutari: after landing.

- 1 wooden water keg with brown leather strap per man.
- 1 blanket per man.
- 1 camp kettle for 10 men, Bill hooks, about 10 per company, } carried on back of knapsacks by men in turn.
- 1 bell tent for 1 sergeant and 20 men (just a man for each seam of the tent).

Bulgaria.

Feather bonnet cover, leather stock, razor, and soap-brush discarded, also leather knee-cap.

Crimea (landed 14th September 1854).

Knapsacks, camp equipment, camp kettles, and bill hooks left on board of ship. Each man landed with—

1 greatcoat and 1 blanket, mess-tin, cotton shirt, knife, fork, and spoon, water keg, and havre-sack containing 20 round of extra ammunition and 3 days' cooked rations.

One day's ration consisted of—1 lb. of biscuit, 1 lb. of salt beef or pork, a portion of coffee-beans and sugar, and 2 issues of undiluted rum commonly called "Grog."

Each man provided his own firewood for cooking.

Before Sebastopol, September 1854.

Camp equipment, knapsacks, &c., re-issued from board of ship.

Winter at Balaklava, 1854-55.

Darned socks, patched flannel shirts, and worsted cravats in small quantities were sent to the Highland Brigade by the Glasgow public, together with an acceptable supply of whisky, sufficient to give each man two glasses altogether.

A ration of fresh meat (Cape sheep) occasionally issued during the winter.

Trenches before Sebastopol, from 17th June 1855.

1 coarse canvas coat and trowsers occasionally issued to special working-parties. These were returned every time after being used.

Going on trench duty, greatcoat was carried bandolier fashion over left shoulder.

One and sometimes two grogs issued in the trenches in addition to the usual ration of two grogs per diem.

Waterproof sheets, one for two men, kept in the trenches.

Winter of 1855-56.

At the beginning of winter there was issued to each man—

1 fur cap, 1 fur coat, 1 pair fur gloves (Canadian pattern), 1 pair infantry trowsers, and 1 pair Wellington boots of brown leather.

Autumn 1855 or early winter 1855.

Enfield rifle issued.

October 1855 to May 1856.

One day's ration consisted of—

1 lb. bread or biscuit. ½ oz. of coffee, ½ oz. of tea.

1 lb. preserved vegetables and potatoes. 1 oz. of salt, and

2 oz. of sugar. 1 grog.

1 lb. fresh beef or mutton.

Return to England, May 1856.

Dress : heavy marching order, with one blanket for board ship.

At Home. Different Order of Parades.

1, Heavy marching order ; 2, review order ; 3, drill order ; and 4, fatigue dress, viz., white jacket, trews, and glengarry.

1856 or 1857.

Pouch to hold 40 rounds replaced the 60 rounds one, and a pouch, also black leather, holding 20 rounds, was issued and worn on the waist-belt. A cap-pouch, made of buff and worn on pouch-belt, was issued at the same time.

APPENDIX A.

1855. First and only issue of Highland tunic with lapels and square brass buttons.
 1856. First issue of single-breasted Highland tunic with square cuffs and 79th pattern brass button. Pioneers' aprons abolished [G.O., 18th Nov.]
 1856. Sporran with white tassels (2) and leather top with small ornament replaced the old pattern sporran.
 1857. July. Knapsacks of a much smaller pattern adopted. Old Crimean knapsack with breast-belt and broad belts discarded.

Embarkation for India, July 1857.

Kit, &c., as for the Crimea, less—

1 brown leather cap pouch, 1 feather bonnet cover, and 1 leather knee-cap, also a few changes in accoutrements, and as previously noted.

Sea kit issued to each man for the voyage to India, viz. :—

1 sea-kit bag.	1 smock frock (twill).
1 pair canvas trowsers.	1 pair ship shoes.
1 straw hat.	1 black sateen necktie.
1 clasp knife.	2 bars sea soap.
1 brush for scrubbing clothes.	1 tin plate.

Tobacco as required during voyage, 1s. per pound.

At Calcutta, November 1857.

1 soda-water bottle covered with brown leather, and strap, to replace wooden water-keg.
 1 service blanket.

At Allahabad, December 1857.

1 cotton quilt, 1 blue rug, and 1 gunny bag.
 The gunny bag held 2 men's clothing, knapsacks, bedding.
 1 camel carried 4 gunny bags or 8 men's possessions.
 Indian marquees or tents (each holding 16 men), cooking utensils, and camp equipment pertaining to active service in India were also supplied.

After the Fall of Lucknow, March 1858.

Ship smock frocks, dyed light blue, were taken into wear in lieu of scarlet cloth Highland tunic.

1 quilted sunshade and 1 light blue muslin puggaree to wear with glengarry, by volunteers not supplied with feather bonnets.

Futteghur, June 1858.

Issue of summer clothing : 3 coats, 3 pair of trowsers (cotton white), and 1 wicker helmet, issued on payment.

Mean Meer, 1859.

Feather bonnets for established strength completed, others re-cocked. When in Portsmouth, 1854, the feather bonnets were reduced in height from 16 to 12 inches, and velvet replaced leather binding. For height the bonnet was measured from binding to top of wire cage.

Nowshera, 1862.

Companies numbered from 1 to 10, the Grenadier Company becoming No. 1 and Light Company No. 10. Grenades and bugles in glengarry by flank companies discontinued. Sergeants of late Light Company ceased to wear brass whistle and chain on pouch-belt. White hackles adopted by all ranks. The Light Company, or rather No. 10, wore the green hackle for about three years afterwards, when it gradually died out.

About this time the issue of red serge Highland tunics alternately, or year about, with scarlet cloth tunic commenced.

Peshawur, 1863.

Quilted coats, made of cotton, issued for winter wear.
 Brass number 79, with green cloth (facings colour) ground, adopted for wear on front of wicker helmet.
 Nowshera, 1862; Peshawur, 1863; Rawul Pindee and Murree Hills, 1864-65, part of 1866.
 Khaki-coloured clothing worn (American drill); reverted to white clothing, 1866.

Roorkee, 1869.

Snider rifle issued.

Kamptee, 1871.

1 strong waterproof bag issued to each man, his regimental number and initials, within a wreath, being painted on the outside.
 Soldiers' wives received one wooden box.
 The above were for the passage home.
 When changing stations in India, the marching dress was feather bonnets, red serge coat, and kilts. Helmets tied together and carried by the camel carrying the tent.

Parkhurst, 1872-73.

New feather bonnets issued.
 Knapsacks withdrawn. Valise equipment issued.
 Gaiters altered in front from swallow-tail pattern (as now worn by Royal Highlanders) to rounded shape.
 Official sanction for wear of cap, sporran, and feather bonnet ornaments, now given by H.R.H. the Duke of Cambridge. Although these badges had been worn for many years previously, no official authority was in existence.
 Gauntlet cuff finally taken into wear.

1874.

The present collar badge replaced brass crown worn.

NOTE 28.

79th Uniforms at Tel-el-Kebir, 1882.

Officers.—All wore the store pattern helmet, with puggaree, stained brown with tea, coffee, or tobacco juice. Most officers wore a glengarry badge in front, but some continued to wear the old heavy helmet plate.

Red serge jacket with blue collar and thistle collar ornament, red cuffs marked out with white braid.

Sam Browne belts (made by a saddler in Gibraltar), with one sling over the right shoulder. Broadsword with basket-hilt without red lining and tassel, steel scabbard, either allowed to rust or wound round with string like the handle of a cricket-bat. Revolver in case on waist-belt. Havresack worn over left shoulder. Water-bottle, felt-covered. Rolled greatcoat. Kilt and undress sporran, sgian dubh, spats stained brown like the helmet. Mounted officers wore tartan breeches and black boots, and carried light sword.

Rank and file.—Same as officers as regards dress. Armed with Martini-Henry rifle and bayonet, and wore the valise equipment with a wooden Italian water-bottle. The valise and greatcoat were left at Kassassin before beginning the night march. Buff straps stained brown like helmet and spats. A black suspension-pouch, to hold extra rounds of ammunition, hung below the buff pouch from the brass ring on the right shoulder-brace (not shown in Plate 28).

On 8th October 1882 light-grey ill-fitting serges were issued to officers and men, and were worn till the regiment reached Korosko. The men had a pair of khaki trousers for fatigues, and while up the Nile khaki drill jackets were issued instead of the grey ones. Red jackets were also taken and were worn in action at Kosheh and Giniss.

NOTE 29.

Officers' Dress Regulations, July 1897.

The following memorandum on Dress, published by Colonel J. M. Leith, C.B., will be strictly adhered to.

1. The tartan worn by the officers is of three kinds—summer, winter, and dress; it is supplied by Messrs Romanes & Paterson, Princes Street, Edinburgh.

The kilt is to be made of summer tartan.

The big plaid is to be of dress tartan.

The belted plaid is to be made of summer tartan, to correspond with the kilt.

2. The feather bonnet is to be 10 inches high, showing the lower check of the dice. The foxtails are to be five in number, and as regards length, strictly in accordance with regimental pattern. The top of the whalebone of the hackle is to be in line with the top of the cage of the bonnet.

3. The garter is to have two hanging ends, 5 inches in length ($3\frac{1}{2}$ inches to show below the turn-over), to be worn on the side of the leg 1 inch from the front.

4. The hose tops are to be worn 1 inch higher than the centre of the calf of the leg (a good guide of where they should come to, is to bring them just below the small round bone on the outside of the leg, below the knee): $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch of hose top is to be turned over the garter.

5. The gaiter is to be slightly peaked behind, the peak coming up nearly as high as the centre part of the calf of the leg so as to show about $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch of hose below the turn-over. The gaiter is to descend within $\frac{1}{4}$ inch of the top of the shoe heel, coming rather to a point at the bottom. The tongue of the gaiter is to be gradually rounded to within 2 inches of the toe of the shoe.

6. The following will be the various orders of dress :—

LEVÉE.

(For all ranks, whether mounted officers or not.)

Kilt, tunic, hose, buckle shoes, big plaid, brooch, dirk, dress dirk-belt, skene dhu, dress purse, cross-belt, claymore, feather bonnet, and white gloves.

FULL BALL DRESS.

The same as levée dress, but without claymore or feather bonnet.

OFFICIAL DINNER DRESS.

The same as full ball dress.

REVIEW ORDER, AND GUARDS OF HONOUR.

Kilt, tunic, belted plaid, brooch, hose tops, gaiters, dirk, dress dirk-belt, dress purse, skene dhu, sash, cross-belt, claymore, and feather bonnet.

For Mounted Officers : Tunic, big plaid, brooch, white waist-belt, sabretache, feather bonnet, pantaloons, boots and spurs ; if dismounted, trews and steel spurs.

MARCHING ORDER, AND GUARD, NOT OF HONOUR.

Kilt, tunic, hose tops, gaiters, undress purse, skene dhu, cross-belt, sash, claymore, and feather bonnet.

Mounted Officers : Tunic, pantaloons, boots and spurs, sash, white waist-belt, sabretache, feather bonnet ; if dismounted, trews and steel spurs.

DRILL ORDER.

Kilt, shell jacket, undress purse, hose tops, skene dhu, gaiters, claymore, cross-belt, glengarry, sash.

Mounted Officers : Shell jacket, pantaloons, boots and spurs, white waist-belt, sabretache, sash, glengarry.

FATIGUE DRESS.

Glengarry, patrol jacket, trews, regulation Wellingtons, black undress sword-belt, with either claymore or undress sword.

MESS DRESS.

Shell jacket (turned over), showing an inch of red cloth on each side, mess waistcoat—which should have five regimental buttons—summer tartan trews, Wellington boots. Field officers wear brass spurs; adjutant, steel. In hot countries red cummerbunds instead of waistcoats may be worn. Mess dress for a dance will be shell jacket and waistcoat as above, kilt, dress purse, hose and buckled shoes, skene dhu, dirk, and dress dirk-belt—the last to be worn under the waistcoat.

COURTS-MARTIAL DRESS.

GENERAL COURTS - MARTIAL.

Field officers will wear review order, dismounted; captains and subalterns will wear tunic, big plaid, cross-belt, claymore, dress dirk and dirk-belt, trews, and feather bonnet.

DISTRICT COURTS-MARTIAL.

Field officers will wear marching order, dismounted; captains and subalterns marching order, with trews instead of kilt.

REGIMENTAL COURTS-MARTIAL.

Officers will wear fatigue dress.

WALKING-OUT DRESS.

Drill order, with dirk and undress dirk-belt, but without sword-belt or claymore.

ABROAD.

Summer dress with red serge.

The sash and cross-belt will be worn with the serge in "Review order," "Marching order," and "Field day order." In "Drill order" no sash or cross-belt, but the black sword-belt underneath the serge.

GENERAL RULES.

7. The sash is never to be worn with the big plaid.

The pantaloons of mounted officers are to be made of winter tartan, except in tropical climates when they may be of summer tartan.

Winter tartan trews will, as a rule, be worn from the 15th October to the 15th April, but notice will be given in regimental orders when they are to be changed.

Shoes of a perfectly plain pattern are to be worn underneath the gaiter. Wellington boots will be worn with trews except at musketry, when shooting boots may be worn.

The buckled shoes are to be made of plain patent leather without any ornamentation whatever; plain silver buckles of regimental pattern will be worn.

The cross-belt, and the belts and slings of mounted officers, are to be of unglazed buff leather; the black sword-belts of other officers will also be of plain unglazed leather.

The undress purse-belt is of plain black leather, with a brass buckle, to be worn so that the tongue of the buckle points to the left. The dress purse-belt is of black glazed leather.

The gold tassels of the full dress-purse are six in number, and will be suspended by blue and gold cords (one twist of blue to two of gold).

The light sword will be worn by all mounted officers, and may be worn in the fatigue dress by all other officers. It will never be worn by them on garrison duties.

The sabretache will be of perfectly plain patent leather with no ornament.

When field officers command companies on parade they will wear the dress laid down for captains—*i.e.*, kilt, &c.

Officers, when mounted, will wear boots and steel jack spurs and chain.

The big plaid is to be of exact regimental length, and is not to be tied with ribbon; the

APPENDIX A.

fringe of the plaid is not to hang below the edge of the kilt in front, and should be just clear of the lower edge of the kilt in rear. The brooch will secure the cross parts on the shoulder, just below the collar-bone. Mounted officers will wear the plaid folded square.

Officers' ties for mess dress will be of black silk and not of satin.

Officers will wear medal ribbons in mess dress, but they are invariably to be under the turn-over of the mess jacket, and not on the facing.

Canes of regimental pattern may be carried by officers when in uniform, but never when the sword is worn. Walking-sticks are not to be carried by officers when in uniform. When the sword is worn gloves will be worn also.

Dress Regulations for Non-Commissioned Officers and Men, July 1897.

1. As the kilt is the dress of the regiment, it is to be worn on all duties whenever possible, and when walking out. Too great pains cannot be taken in putting on the kilt; no dress looks smarter when properly put on, and nothing worse when carelessly so.

2. Only warrant officers, the quartermaster-sergeant, and orderly-room sergeant are permitted to walk out in trews, and then only when wearing the shell jacket.

3. The kilt is to touch the centre of the knee-cap in front, and is to be $\frac{1}{2}$ an inch lower behind than in front; great care must be taken that the kilt is not lower on one side than the other. It will be secured with three pins, $\frac{1}{2}$ an inch between each; the top pin to be placed in an exact line with the upper edge of the kilt.

4. The lower part of the belted plaid is exactly to reach to the bottom of the kilt.

5. The feather bonnet is to be worn on one side, slightly cocked to the right, and the edge touching the right eyebrow; the feathers to commence on the left side so as to touch the top of the dice; they will hang down to the right side, the front hanging feather to be in line with the binding. The lower edge of the cockade is to be in line with the upper edge of the lower dice of the bonnet; the cockade to be perpendicular with the left ear; the ribbon to be $5\frac{1}{2}$ inches for bows and 9 inches for the hanging ends; the breadth of ribbon to be 2 inches; the top of the ribbon to be exactly on the centre of the middle row of dicing in rear of the head; the joining of the binding to be exactly in rear and hidden by the ribbon.

6. The ends of the garters are to be 5 inches in length ($3\frac{1}{2}$ inches to show below the turn-over of the hose tops), to be worn on the side of the leg, 1 inch from the front.

7. The hose are to be worn 1 inch higher than the centre of the calf of the leg (a good guide is to get the top of the hose just below the small bone on the outside of the leg, below the knee-cap). There should be about the breadth of the hand between the top of the hose and the bottom of the kilt; $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch of hose top to be turned over the garter.

8. Each man is to be measured for his gaiters, which must be cut according to the size of the wearer. The gaiter is to be slightly peaked behind, the peak coming up as high as the centre part of the calf of the leg, so as to show about $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch of the hose below the turn-over. It is to descend as low as within $\frac{1}{4}$ inch of the top of the shoe heel, coming rather to a point at the bottom. The tongue of the gaiter is to be gradually rounded to within 2 inches of the top of the shoe. The gaiters will have eight white buttons—boys, seven; the distance between the buttons will vary with the length of the gaiter. The strap buttons are to be two on each side, about $\frac{3}{4}$ of an inch apart.

9. No man is allowed to have his kilt turned without the sanction of the Commanding Officer, on the recommendation of the officer commanding his company.

10. No watch-chain or trinket is to be shown outside the uniform.

NOTE 30.

79th Uniforms in the Soudan Campaign, 1898.

Officers.—All ranks wore the store pattern white helmet with khaki cover (no puggaree) for the first part of the campaign. During the second half the Wolseley pattern was worn, khaki, with a blue patch 3 in. by $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. sewn horizontally on the puggaree on both sides of the helmet. Sam Browne belt, with leather scabbard, glasses, havresack, water-bottle, revolver,

and whistle, all over the khaki drill jacket. *Mounted officers* wore khaki breeches, khaki putties, spurs, and light cavalry sword with brown knot. *Company officers* wore khaki spats, sgian dubh, kilt, with undress sporran and white tassels. In most cases the cross-hilt was worn with the broadsword.

The rank and file wore the Slade-Wallace equipment with the pipeclay washed off—*i.e.*, plain unstained buff leather. Lee-Metford rifle and bayonet, with seven rounds (unfiled tips) in the magazine and 120 (filed tips) in the pouches. They carried the small Wallace spade-entrenching tool for the first month; it was then returned to store. Also havresack, water-bottle (Egyptian Army pattern), canteen, and rolled greatcoat on waist-belt behind. Valises were not carried on the man. The sergeant-major wore his sword.

When the men's shoes wore out, many were served out with Egyptian Army pattern boots, which they wore without spats. New shoes were issued at Darmali after the fight at the Atbara.

The *bandsmen* were in the ranks.

Pipers wore the pipe-fund sporrans—*i.e.*, grey with white tassels, metal mounted. Green bags on the pipes, not khaki. Pipers were armed with revolvers. They played the battalion into action at the Atbara to the tune of "The Cameron Men," and also into Omdurman on the evening of 2nd September.

NOTE 31.

79th Uniform in South Africa, 1900-02.

When the battalion first landed in South Africa sporrans were worn, and all ranks had **1900-02**

khaki drill jackets with gauntlet cuffs. These jackets were shorter all round than those issued to English regiments, and were rounded off in front to show the sporran. Spats were also of khaki drill, and had brown horn buttons. Mounted officers and men wore khaki breeches, and putties or puttie-leggings of brown leather. The bags of the pipes were also covered with khaki, and the ribbon streamers taken off. N.C.O.'s and men wore the well-known white helmet with puggaree, all in khaki cover, the spike and chain giving place to a khaki-covered zinc button and a brown leather chin-strap, which was always worn "up." Officers wore a differently shaped helmet, known as the Wolseley or Egyptian pattern, and all ranks had an Erracht tartan patch, 3 in. by 1½ in., sewn horizontally on the left side of the puggaree. The equipment of N.C.O.'s and men was discoloured with Nile mud before leaving Egypt. Officers wore the Sam Browne belt, with two straps (mounted officers one), and carried the broadsword with cross-hilt, leather scabbard, sgian dubh, revolver or Mauser pistol, ammunition pouch, field-glasses, havresack, water-bottle, and whistle. They also took carbines with them, but only carried them about twice in the whole campaign.

On arrival at Bloemfontein the craze for dressing officers and men alike was at its height, so after a few days swords and Sam Browne belts were discontinued. On the "too late" trek to Reddersburg officers carried carbines, the white tassels and badge were taken off the sporrans, and N.C.O.'s stripped off their chevrons. Until a few days before the march North from Kaffir River Bridge, the sporran was worn tasselless and badgeless, and then the khaki-drill apron was adopted in common with all Highland battalions. Officers and warrant officers had a patch-pocket in front, other ranks plain. Aprons were worn sewn on to the front of the kilt, but later it was found better to tie them on with apron-strings, as then they could easily be taken off to be washed.

At the Glen officers discarded carbines and pistols and took to walking-sticks instead, and only a few continued to wear the sgian dubh. During the general advance a marching officer's equipment consisted of the buff leather Slade-Wallace pattern (issued from the Ordnance at Bloemfontein), water-bottle, havresack, field-glasses, wire-cutters, and rolled blanket or greatcoat carried on the equipment. The N.C.O.'s and men carried the Lee-Metford rifle (reservists the Lee-Enfield), bayonet and scabbard, 150 rounds of ammunition, complete buff leather equipment, water-bottle, havresack, canteen, and rolled greatcoat. So many men per company carried an entrenching tool as well, to say nothing of towel, spare socks, one or two days' rations, and various odds and ends in the havresack, and firewood rolled up in the greatcoat.

After leaving the Glen until near the end of the Bethlehem trek, all ranks slept on the ground without shelter, but later on shelter was improvised wherever possible. At long halts

the N.C.O.'s and men made shelters out of blankets, but it was not until Klerksdorp, 1902, that bivouac poles were carried for that purpose.

Spats never lasted very long with arduous trekking, and for many months they were the exception rather than the rule.

Khaki-serge jackets were first issued to the battalion at Frankfort in 1900. They were on a universal pattern, and not rounded off in front. This did not matter much with the apron, however, but later on, when the battalion found the Commander-in-Chief's bodyguard in Pretoria, the men of the guard had them rounded off for the sake of appearance.

Many officers whose clothes were quite worn out after the Eastern Transvaal trek got complete new outfits (kilt, hose-tops, &c.) from the quarter-master's store in Pretoria.

The regiments composing the Highland Brigade, under Macdonald, discarded helmets in 1900 for the slouch hat, but the Gordons and Camerons wore the helmet all the time. The regiment only wore bandoliers for train escorts while in Pretoria, but continued to carry ammunition in pouches on all other occasions, except during the Western Transvaal trek, when many men found bandoliers, and were allowed to carry their extra 50 rounds in them, instead of in the havresack. Each man possessed khaki trews (usually serge), but did not always carry them on trek, although they were always worn in barracks in Pretoria and on fatigues. Such things as collar-badges, brass shoulder names, &c., soon got very scarce, and a sporran badge on a cap excited little comment. On trek many officers, N.C.O.'s, and men wore beards.

Towards the end of the campaign, when escorts to long convoys had frequently to be found, most company commanders were mounted on account of the wide extensions the companies had to adopt.

The Queen's South African medal ribbon was first taken into wear by the battalion at Brakspuit about the middle of June 1902.

NOTE 32.

Notes on the Drummers' Dress, &c., by S. M. MILNE, Esq.

The earliest information upon the drummers' costume is to be found in a drawing by Newhouse (a well-known painter of coaching and sporting subjects) of a recruiting-party of the 79th and Scots Greys : a drummer and a fifer, as well as a sergeant, of the 79th are included.

The drummer and the fifer are dressed in green jackets, with red collars and cuffs, the former edged all round with a band of what appears to be white fluffy fringe ; the same is worn also round the top and bottom of the round red cuff. The regimental lace, with red stripes, is worn upon the coat, the same width across the chest all the way down ; from that fact it may be inferred that the date may be taken as about 1826 ; after that date the loops were put upon the chest much broader at the top, tapering down to the bottom. There is no appearance whatever of the new or, perhaps, already authorised thistle pattern lace. The regimental lace is also shown down each of the seams of the arm, with some six or seven chevrons, pointed upwards, between them ; the green wings are ornamented, likewise, with this regimental lace, the ends of the wings terminating with white fluffy worsted wing fringes.

Not very long afterwards the coats were changed, red substituted for the green, and it may be considered certain that the *thistle lace* would appear upon them.

On December 1852 the 79th marched into Edinburgh Castle, and every distinction worn on the dress of the men, as well as the drummers and pipers, was carefully noted, and water-colour drawings made by a competent authority, Robert Ebsworth.

He shows the drummers in red Highland jackets, with the thistle pattern lace all round the green collars, also across the chest, tapering in width from the top to the bottom ; the loops set on so close as not to exhibit any of the red cloth of the jacket, the outer ends of each loop rounded off, quite differently to the white loops of the men, which were square headed, and set on in pairs. The thistle lace also on the outer edges of the shoulder-straps and upon the wings, the outer edges of these shoulder appendages terminating with large white worsted overhanging wings, the white mixed in patches with green and yellow, to tally with the general hues of the thistle lace.

Thistle lace round the waist and on all the coat and sleeve seams, also round the three or four pewter buttons on the cuff slash. No chevrons of lace appear upon the sleeves, however.

In 1856 the drummers were served out with a double-breasted jacket, or doublet as it was called, of white cloth, having square buttons of brass, edged or piped all over with red. The thistle lace was added all round the green collar, down the back seams, also upon both seams of the sleeves, and round the plain green shoulder-straps and wings,—these latter having now no overhanging particoloured fringe.

The bandsmen had the same white doublet, edged with a red piping, with green shoulder straps, edged red, but no overhanging wings.

This was done, as it was said, to "strengthen the appearance of the music." At the next issue of clothing the single-breasted doublet of red cloth was introduced, together with round buttons, the square ones not being found serviceable. The thistle lace pretty much as in the previous year was added. This lace continued in use till 1866, when it was finally abolished, its place being taken by white lace, ornamented with red crowns, the universal pattern for all drummers throughout the army.

NOTE 33.

List of 79th Relics, Pictures, and Prints.

OWNER.	DESCRIPTION.
Mrs Campbell MacLachlan, 8 Parkston Place, South- ampton.	The following, which belonged to Captain JAMES CAMPBELL of Duntroon and Oig, Argyllshire, killed at Egmont-op-Zee, 2nd October 1799:—Crimson sash (11½ oz.), brass gorget, engraved G.R., with dark green rosette still attached (1¾ oz.); oval breast-plate, off shoulder belt, inscribed "Cameronian Volunteers," with silver and brass grenade on green enamel (2¼ oz.)
Dr Kenneth Cameron, 543 Dorchester Street, W., Montreal.	The following of Lieutenant-Colonel DUNCAN CAMERON, C.B., who retired in 1819:—Dirk, with brass scabbard; woollen Erracht plaid; half-length portrait in uniform reproduced in Plate II. Also the following of Major KENNETH CAMERON, who retired 1832:—Curved presentation sabre, beautifully engraved and inscribed, leather scabbard; gorget, with two dark-blue rosettes and loops; breast-plate of original oblong pattern, introduced after Waterloo, and replaced by another about 1840; several portraits in plain clothes; bonnet badge; and thistle socket. Also the following of Major JAMES BARWICK, who left the regiment in 1832:—Quarter-length silhouette, showing humble bonnet; remains of feather bonnet; red and white hackle; thistle socket; coatee, with 10 rows of G.R. buttons, double-breasted, 1829 pattern; three ornaments off epaulet—viz., thistle, W.R. cypher, and star badge of rank. Also MS. of Jamieson's History of the 79th, and part of Ford's journal in MS.
Mrs J. W. Howard (grand- daughter of Lieutenant- Colonel Duncan Cam- eron).	Silk Erracht plaid, which belonged to her grandfather; miniature of Lieutenant-Colonel Duncan Cameron. Mrs H. Y. Hind, his daughter, owns yet another miniature of him (Windsor, Nova Scotia).
Mrs Walter Barwick . . .	Basket-hilted Highland broadsword, 43 inches long from pommel to point, with dull steel scabbard; brass gorget, engraved G.R., no rosettes. These articles belonged to her husband's grandfather, Major Jas. Barwick, who left the regiment in 1832.
Mrs Herbert Beaumont- Hudson (<i>née</i> Isabella Cameron), Toronto.	Bonnet badge and thistle socket of Major Kenneth Cameron, and also his breast-plate, oblong pattern, with grenade at the top. Both relics similar to those in possession of Dr Kenneth Cameron of Montreal.

APPENDIX A.

- Mrs Stewart, Huntly Lodge, Inverness. Oval breast-plate ($1\frac{1}{4}$ oz.; indented by bullet), worn by her father, Captain Jas. Fraser, at Toulouse; also a visiting-card of Sir Alan Cameron's, and the hard tartan plaid of Major Kenneth Cameron.
- His Grace the Duke of Atholl, K.T. Sir Alan Cameron's cane.
- Dr Cruickshank . . . Dirk of his grand-uncle, Colonel Marshall (1799-1839), brass scabbard, pebbles set in handles of knife and fork.
- Mr A. Marshall Mackenzie, 28 Albyn Place, Aberdeen. Colonel Marshall's gorget, with royal arms in raised silver. Probably dates previous to his joining the 79th in 1799.
- Sheriff D. J. Mackenzie, Crookedholm House, Hurlford, Ayrshire. Colonel Marshall's letters.
- Dr Cameron, Firhall, Nairn. Colonel Marshall's portraits, quarter-length (2), and a pair of his epaulets.
- Miss M'Kinlay, 115 Dalkeith Road, Edinburgh. Half-length pencil sketch of Lieutenant-Colonel Andrew Brown, C.B., in uniform.
- Painted miniature of Lieutenant James Brown (Miss M'Kinlay's grandfather) in uniform. (His presentation sword is now with the 2nd Battalion.)
- The gorget and sporran top of Captain Thomas Brown, also the coatee in which he was wounded at Quatre Bras. Also four interesting MS. books — viz., 1, a draft of standing orders for the regiment (incomplete); 2, a letter-book kept by him as acting Quarter-Master in the Peninsula; 3, an account-book, ditto; and 4, his private account-book kept while with the 79th in France, 1816-17 (now property of 2nd Battalion).
- Also several commissions belonging to the above family—A letter written by James Brown from Copenhagen; plans and descriptive MS., by Ford, of the central Redoubts of the Plateau de Calvinet at Toulouse, attacked and carried by the 42nd and 79th Regiments, 10th April 1814; and a map of Spain and Portugal ($32\frac{1}{2}$ miles to the inch), showing the march of the British columns.
- Colonel A. Y. Leslie of Kininvie. Andrea Ferrara broadsword, carried by his grand-uncle, Captain Leslie, of the 79th, through Peninsula. MS. casualty book kept by Adjutant of 79th in Peninsula.
- Lieutenant Lord James T. Stewart - Murray, Cameron Highlanders. Regimental officer's broadsword, with small brass basket-hilt, engraved with rose and thistle entwined, surrounded by the words "Cameron Highlanders." Blade plain, by J. J. Runkel, Solingen. Circa 1800. Scabbard, black leather with brass mountings. Also a coloured print of a 79th officer, 1828 (Captain D. N. C. Miers has a duplicate copy).
- Colonel N. MacLeod, Dalvey, late commanding 3rd Battalion. Coatee worn by his uncle, who joined in 1816, while with army of occupation in France.
- Colonel M. S. Riach, O.C. 2nd Battalion. The following articles which belonged to his grandfather, Major W. A. Riach (1811-42):—
- Feather bonnet, with badge and thistle socket, red, white, and black dicing (1 lb. 10 oz.); two white hackles.
- A "humble bonnet," diced red, white, and green ($6\frac{1}{4}$ oz.).
- A diced capband, red, white, and green.
- Red shell jacket, with green facings and G.R. buttons (1 lb. 13 oz.).
- Red coatee, with green facings and G.R. buttons (2 lb. 11 oz.).

Colonel M. S. Riach—*continued.*

- Red coatee, with green facings and V.R. buttons (2 lb. 14 oz.)
 Japanned box, containing two brass scales, 15 oz. (to wear with
 blue frock-coat), 2 green fringes, 6 buttons.
 Japanned box, containing 2 gold epaulets (1 lb. 9½ oz.), and 3
 documents, dated 11th Dec. 1815, May 1833, Dec. 1840.
 Pair of strapped-down trousers of poplin (very bright tartan),
 (14½ oz.)
 Tartan plaid or scarf, also of poplin (8½ oz.)
 Two crimson sashes (10¾ oz. and 6½ oz.)
 Two pairs of red and white hose.
 Pair of red garters, and two lengths of garter ribbon.
 Three pairs of white cotton gloves.
 Pair fur gloves (probably Canadian).
 Sporran, with black belt (11½ oz.), in a leather case.
 Dirk, in brass sheath (handle of fork missing), 1 lb. 10 oz.
 Black dirk belt (4 oz.)
 Part of buff shoulder-belt, with slings and swivel hooks.
 Two oblong breast-plates (about 1820 to 1835-40) (1835-40 to
 1881).
 Brass waist-belt plate.
 Pair brass shoe buckles.
 Packet of visiting-cards and copperplate.
 Three pairs brass box-spurs—all different patterns; two pairs
 rests.
 Green horse-cloth.
 Packet of saddlery, bits, &c.
 Leather knee-cap, for use when kneeling down.
 Brown hair flounce.
 Portrait of her father, Major W. A. Riach, in uniform, half-length,
 painted in 1843 from a miniature.
 Presentation sword given to her uncle, Allan Macdonell, in 1838,
 by the "Men of Gore," Canada.
 The commission of his grandfather (Duncan MacDougall, Adju-
 tant 79th); his plaid and trews; and his silhouette (by Frith),
 in uniform.
 Full-length sepia drawing of his father, Captain Haskett Smith
 (79th), in full dress (1840), by Frith (reproduced in '79th
 News'); oil painting of his father in ball dress (coatee, big
 plaid and brooch, trews); his father's sporran, dirk, black
 dirk-belt, sgian dubh, sword and leather scabbard (1835-45).
 Officer's sporran (1840), same as worn by Captain Haskett Smith
 (1 lb. 4½ oz.); and many prints and photos. connected with
 the 79th.
 Red and green sash; and brown sporran with five black tassels
 (1 lb. 3½ oz.), which belonged to her father, Sergeant Patter-
 son (1836-49); water-colour drawings, by Private Matthew
 Collins, 79th, of Sergeant Patterson in marching order and
 review order, Gibraltar, 1841-45 ('79th News,' July 1907).
 Also quarter-length of 79th sergeant wearing diced humble
 bonnet; regimental standing orders for 1835.
 Private's black sporran, with five black tassels; brass top with
 LXXIX. embossed on it. Discontinued in 1856.
 Drummer's lace and fringes, and patterns of buttons, hose,
 hackle, caps, &c., made obsolete in 1863.
- Miss Riach, 3 Mansfield Place, Perth.
- Mrs Orr, 10 Belgrave Place, Edinburgh.
- Lieutenant-Colonel J. C. MacDougall, Wolseley Barracks, London, Ontario, Canada.
- Colonel Haskett Smith, The Beeches, Alton Road, Roehampton, S.W.
- Wm. Skeoch Cumming, Esq., 29 St. Andrew Square, Edinburgh.
- Mrs Moyes, 1 King James Place, Perth.
- Captain D. N. C. Miers, Cameron Highlanders.
- Royal Army Clothing Department, Grosvenor Road, London, S.W.

APPENDIX A.

- Officers' Mess, 1st Battalion.
Oil painting, by Lockhart Bogle, of Piper Kenneth Mackay at Waterloo.
Hackle socket and bonnet badge made into cigar-lighter.
Portrait of Lieutenant-Colonel Philips Cameron in uniform, quarter-length (1794-1811).
Miniature of Major Donald Macneil in uniform, quarter-length (1795-1813).
Silhouette of Sir Alan Cameron, K.C.B. (reproduced in '79th News').
Numerous photos. of groups and individuals since introduction of photography.
Small-book of John Walker (1811-31), with his Waterloo medal and walking-stick.
A collection of medals earned in the regiment.
Two green pipe banners previous to 1873.
Coloured print of officer (1855), by Hy. Martens, full length.
Engraving of Fox Maule, not in uniform, three-quarter length.
Standing orders of regiment, 1819.
Presentation sword given to Lieutenant James Brown by the N.C.O.'s and men of 2nd Battalion, 1808. 79th G.C. medal.
Oil painting by W. Smellie Watson, R.S.A., showing a sergeant in the Light Company in review order (1847).
Officer's double-breasted doublet, 1856 pattern, with diamond buttons and green lapels. Coloured stucco statuette of private soldier, 1840, found in Gibraltar, similar to those at Novar House.
Photos. of Sir Alan Cameron's wife (Miss Philips) (Plate 3) and his son Nathaniel (plain clothes). Both reproduced in '79th News.'
The Military Costume of Europe, published in 1812, by Goddard, Pall Mall, has a plate purporting to represent a 79th officer wearing an unusual three-cornered sporran, with seven gold tassels. Also plate of 79th in action in *The Illustrated Record of the Campaign of Waterloo* (R. Bowyer, 1815). Also in the Museum prints of scene in St. Paul's Cathedral during Lord Nelson's funeral, 1806, showing Grenadiers of 79th and 92nd.
Miniatures of Colonel Philips Cameron and Captain Ewen Cameron in uniform. Miniature of Colonel Nathaniel Cameron in plain clothes.
Full-length sketches of bandsman, sergeant, and field officer of 79th in Paris, 1815, by Vernet (reproduced in Plate 14).
Coloured print of 79th private.
Half-length portrait of Fox Maule in 79th uniform, *circa* 1820 (photo. reproduction in 1st Battalion mess) (Plate 15).
Coloured print, by Heath (1822-30), of two 79th officers in full dress (full length). Major J. Campbell, D.S.O., Cameron Highlanders, has a duplicate copy.
Full-length painting of 79th private, with sporran with red top and tassels, done in 1833 by Drahonet (Plate 17).
Coloured full-length print (Lefevre & Co.) of a 79th officer in full dress, 1835, wearing sporran like Major Riach's. Also several 79th photo. groups of 1873-76-88-93.

- Lady Jane Taylor, 16 Eaton Place, London. Picture of late General Sir Richard C. H. Taylor, G.C.B., done by Edward Hayes, Dublin, 1835 (subaltern in review order). Also several pieces of old uniform.
- Mrs Kirkpatrick, Queen's University, Kingston, Canada. Full-length painting of Major Forbes (1838-43) in field officer's uniform (coatee, plaid, tartan trews, sabre, steel scabbard, gold sword-knot, feather bonnet, chin-strap, white hackle, white waist-belt, box-spurs, no brooch, white gloves).
- R. C. Munro - Ferguson, Esq., M.P. Four water-colour groups of the 79th, done in Dublin in 1839, by Michael Angelo Hayes (Raith House, Kirkcaldy); two stucco statuettes (coloured) of a piper and private of 79th, done in Gibraltar in 1841. (Novar House, Dingwall.)
- Colour-Sergeant Rose, late 3rd Battalion Cameron Highlanders. "Squad Book of No. 4 Company, for Captain Monro," 1840-48, with minute MS. directions for wearing the Highland dress; also hand-painted plate of kit laid out for inspection.
- Victoria and Albert Museum, Kensington, London. Four paintings by Eugene Louis Lami of 79th officers and men, 1840-53.
- General G. M. Miller, C.B., Franche, Malvern. Water-colour drawing by Hayes of Dublin (1846). Figure of private soldier, modelled at Gibraltar from life (1847).
- A. Ackermann & Son, 191 Regent Street, London. Print of officer (1853), showing present pattern full-dress sporran worn with coatee (by Hy. Martens). Also some other prints.
- Captain Douglas Wimberley, 8 Ardross Terrace, Inverness. Remains of doublet and feather bonnet worn in Indian Mutiny. Also long dirk replaced by present pattern.
- Colonel J. Leslie Fraser, 4th Battalion, Inverness. Light Company green hackle, recently given by him to Depot, Inverness, and some 79th coloured prints.
- Major R. A. Wymer, late 3rd Battalion. Various prints, &c., of 79th.
- Major - General J. S. Ewart, C.B. Small oil painting of Captain and Adjutant Adam Maitland in glengarry, red shell jacket with green facings, and trews. Also several photos., *circa* 1881-2-3.
- S. M. Milne, Esq., Calverley House, Calverley, Leeds. Extra illustrated copy of Regimental History (1887), containing 23 water-colour drawings of uniforms, details of equipment, lace, epaulets, colours, &c.; also ten water-colour sketches by Ebsworth, of 79th groups from 1853 to 1873, and various prints and drawings of 79th.
- The Depot, Inverness . 1. Standing Orders for 79th Highlanders, 1st May 1819.
2. Standing Orders for 79th Highlanders, 1st March 1835.
3. Soldiers at the Front. Cameron Highlanders and Lovat Scouts. Appeal for Christmas Gifts.
4. Medal Roll of the 1st Cameron Highlanders for "The Atbara" and "Khartoum."
5. Historical Records, 79th—Subscribers' Book.
6. Sir Alan Cameron's Record of the 79th Regiment or Cameron Highlanders.
7. Medal Roll of the 79th Cameron Highlanders for Waterloo, Indian Mutiny, Crimean War, Gold Coast Expedition, Operations North-West Frontier (India), 1863.
8. Medal Rolls of the 79th Cameron Highlanders for Tel-el-Kebir, 1854; Nile, 1885-86.
9. Portfolio containing correspondence, &c., relating to the regiment.
10. Casualty Book, Depot, 79th Highlanders, 1824.
11. Three small Order Books which belonged to Major Kenneth Cameron and to Lieutenant-Colonel Duncan Cameron, C.B.

APPENDIX B.

i. Facsimile of the Original Recruiting Poster.

G. III  R.
LXXIX. REGIMENT.
OR,
CAMERON VOLUNTEERS.

All VOLUNTEERS, who wish to Serve his Majesty
KING GEORGE THE THIRD,

Have now an opportunity of entering into present Pay, and free Quarters, by Enlisting into
The LXXIX Regiment, or, Cameron Volunteers.

COMMANDANTED BY

Major ALLAN CAMERON of ERCHT.

Who has obtained his *Majesty's* Permission to raise a *Regiment of Highlanders*; which he does at his own private Expence having no other View connected with the undertaking, except the Pride of Commanding a Faithful and Brave Band of his Warlike Countrymen, in the Service of a King, whose greatest Happiness is to reign as the Common Father and Protector of his People.

ALL ASPIRING YOUNG MEN

Who wish to be serviceable to their *King and Country* by Enlisting into the *79th Regiment*, or, *Cameron Volunteers*, will be Commanded by the *Major in Person*, who has obtained from his Majesty, that they shall not be draughted into any other Regiment; and when the Reduction is to take place, they shall be marched in to their own Country in a Corps, to be therein disembodied.

The past and well known Generosity of Major *Cameron* to all his *Countrymen* who have applied to him on former occasions, is the strongest Pledge of his future Goodness to such as shall now step forward and Enlist under his Banner.

Any Young Man who wishes to Enlist into the *Cameron Volunteers*, will meet with every Encouragement by applying to the Major in Person, or, to any of the Officers, Recruiting for his *Regiment*.

GOD SAVE THE KING
A N D
CONSTITUTION AMEN

2. Earliest known Muster Roll of the Cameron Highlanders, dated "Belfast, 7th of February 1794."

<i>Major Commandant.</i>	<i>Surgeon's Mate.</i>	
Alan Cameron	Alex. M'Lachlan	Thomas Collins
<i>Captains.</i>	<i>Sergeants.</i>	James Crawford
Neil Campbell	John Allardice	Alex. Davidson
Patrick Macdowall	James Beveridge	David Fraser
Donald Cameron (absent in India)	Angus Cameron, sen.	James Mathie
Hon. George Carnegie	Angus Cameron, jun.	Peter M'Callum
1 Major and 5 Captains not yet gazetted	Duncan Cameron	Alex. M'Donald
Captain and Lieutenant vacant	John Cameron	Duncan M'Callum
	Hugh Drummond	John M'Donald
	David Ferguson	John M'Dougall
	Alex. Kerr (recruiting)	William M'Kay
	John M'Arthur, sen.	Robert M'Lellan
	John M'Arthur, jun.	William Menzies
	Duncan M'Callum	William Murdoch
<i>Lieutenants.</i>	Hugh M'Comb	Adam Urquhart
Alexander Macdonnell	John M'Culloch	Hugh Ross
Duncan Stewart	Duncan Macfarlane	William Scott
John Urquhart	Alexander Gray	Alex. Sinclair
Archibald Maclean	Hugh Marr	David Simpson
7 Lieutenants not yet gazetted	George M'Donald	Alex. Stewart
	Alex. M'Donnell	Alex. Waugh
	Daniel M'Dougall	James Wright
<i>Ensigns.</i>	John M'Gillivray	<i>Drummers.</i>
Neil Campbell	John M'Gregor	Alex. Anderson
Gordon Cameron	Hugh M'Gregor	Daniel Begg
Archibald Macdonnell	Malcolm M'Innes	Archibald Cameron
Archibald Campbell	Donald M'Lean	Dugald Cameron
Donald M'Lean (recruiting)	Duncan M'Millan	John Cameron
Archibald Cameron	John Menteith	Robert Forrest
Alexander Stewart	Robert Muir	Donald Fraser
William Graham	John Pressue	Alex. Hastie
<i>Chaplain.</i>	Charles Robertson	Neil M'Coll
Thomas Thomson	Duncan Sinclair	Alex. Macdonald
	William Wright	John Macgregor
	<i>Corporals.</i>	Paul Macinnes
<i>Adjutant.</i>	John Akery	Donald Mackechnie
Archibald Maclean	Thomas Boyd	Duncan Maclare
<i>Quarter-Master.</i>	Alex. Cameron	Peter Mitchell
Vacant.	Duncan Cameron	James Moore
	Ewen Cameron	George Paterson
	Samuel Cameron	William Renwick
	Malcolm Campbell (sick)	Thomas Richardson
Vacant.	John Craig	James Robertson
		John Youl
		Duncan Macdougall

<i>Privates.</i>		
George Armstrong	Alex. Cameron (recruiting)	James Calder
Thomas Alexander	John Cameron	James Currie
John Akery	Dugald Cameron	John Case
James Adams	Angus Cameron, sen.	George Cool
Robert Alston	Hugh Cameron	Daniel Clewes
Alex. Aikman	Donald Cameron	Daniel Chain
William Allardice	John Cameron	George Crichton
George Aitken	Hugh Cameron	John Cochrane
Robert Auld	Alex. Cameron	Philip Clarke
Thomas Adams	Charles Cameron	William Cunningham
Lewis Alexander	Duncan Cameron	Alex. Clark
William Allan	Alex. Cameron	James Christie
William Adam	Duncan Cameron	James Callens
Donald Angus	James Cameron	James Clark (recruiting)
Peter Anderson	John Cameron	John Chape
Alex. Alexander	Daniel Cameron	John Colquhoun
David Alexander	John Cameron	Alex. Carmichael
William Blakely	Angus Cameron	Laurence Clark
John Barnes	Alex. Cameron	John Collins
William Buslie	Donald Cameron	William Calder
William Buchanan (sick)	Duncan Cameron	Matthew Cubbie (recruit-
Andrew Barnett	Zachariah Cameron	ing)
Donald Bury	George Cameron	William Donaldson (recruit-
John Brown	Angus Cameron, jun.	ing)
Robert Balfour	James Cameron	Robert Drysdale
Donald Brown	William Calson	James Drummond
Andrew Boyd	James Crockett	Peter Doyle
John Bayne	Robert Clunes	Duncan Dewar
Alex. Burnett	Edward Charlton	Daniel Douglas
Dugald Buchanan (recruit-	John Cunningham	Archibald Dallas
ing)	Hugh Campbell	Alexander Dunn
Edward Brice	Peter Campbell	John Dougherty
John Bell	John Campbell (sick)	John Davison
John Bruce	Hector Campbell	Robert Donaldson
John Bay	Archibald Campbell	John Dick
John Beaton	John Campbell	Michael Dougherty
George Bowman	Peter Campbell	William Douglas
James Brown	John Campbell	James Dowan
Robert Boyle	Colin Campbell	William Darroch
John Black, sen.	John Campbell	William Ewen
John Black, jun.	John Campbell (sick)	Thomas Edwards
Finlay Brown	William Campbell	Andrew Erskine
William Baird	John Cooper	John Forsyth
Robert Boyd	James Craw (sick)	William Finlay
John Boyle	William Calder	Donald Forbes
Neil Baxter	John Carmichael	Charles Fraser
James Brown	William Conser	John Ferguson
John Brown	Charles Craig	William Finlay
Donald Beaton	Ebenezer Clark	James Forsyth, sen.
George Barguie	James Cunningham	James Forsyth, jun.
Allan Cameron	George Cunningham	Thomas Finlay
Duncan Cameron	John Clarkson	Francis Fennestone
John Cameron	Henry Clark	William Fairly
Hugh Cameron (recruiting)	James Chalmers	Robert Forrest
	George Craig	John Falconar

APPENDIX B.

Alex. Fraser	John Hepburn	Donald M'Donald, sen.
Angus Forbes	Edward Haul	Donald M'Donald, jun.
Alex. Fraser (recruiting)	Edward Hylands (recruiting)	John M'Donald, sen.
Hugh Farmar (recruiting)	Adam Johnstone	Archibald M'Innes
Thomas Finlay	Robert Johnstone	Angus M'Donald
James Fleming	Richard Jaffray (recruiting)	Donald M'Donald
Alex. Ferguson	William Jackson	John M'Donald, jun.
John Fraser, sen.	Richard Irwin	Alex. M'Donald
John Fraser, jun.	John Jordan	Ronald M'Donald
John Fulton	John Jack	Duncan M'Dougall
William Grieve	Robert Jamieson, sen.	John M'Lean
James Gillies	John Johnstone	George M'Lean
Henry Gray	Robert Jamieson, jun.	John M'Neil
John Gordon	Charles Kennedy	Alex. M'Phee
John Graham (recruiting)	Duncan Kennedy (sick)	Allan M'Phee
John Gillies	William Kear	Hugh M'Phee, sen.
James Gordon	John Kear	Hugh M'Phee, jun.
James Gow (recruiting)	Daniel Keith	Angus M'Phee
David Graham	Samuel Kirkwood	Robert M'Farlane
William Gilfillan	Alex. Kennedy	John M'Intosh
George Galloway	Simon Kenney	John M'Kinlay
Thomas Gamble	John Kennedy	John M'Innes
John Gillies	James Kennedy	Alex. M'Innes
James Graham	Robert Little	Donald M'Master
James Gow	John Leighton	John M'Intyre
George Gillies	John Lawson	James M'Donald
Barnabas Goosby	John Livingstone	Alex. M'Niven
John Grant	John Long	Duncan M'Ewen
William Gray	John Lowe	Donald Mackay
Robert Gibb	Thomas Lawrence	James M'Lean
John Gibson	Alex. Lockhart	Duncan M'Coll
David Gordon	John Lyle	Dugald M'Coll
William Gibb	David Lamont	Alex. M'Naughton
John Hill	Duncan Lamont	Alex. M'Gillivray
William Hunter	James Lawson	Robert M'Gregor
William Hutchinson	Alex. Leckie	Robert M'Millan
Thomas Hogarth	Robert Lock	Donald M'Intosh
John Hearne	Malcolm Logan	John M'Intyre
William Hart	Bruce Lyston	John M'Kenzie (deserted)
Daniel Handly	Andrew Lynn	Dugald M'Donald
William Henning	Morrison Laing	Malcolm M'Lean
William Holmes	Alexander Lyle	James M'Aulay
John Honeyman	John Little	William M'Pherson
George Howie	Duncan M'Millan	William M'Leod
William Hunter	Allan M'Innes	William M'Millan
James Hamilton	Angus M'Innes	Dugald M'Gregor
John Hutchison	Alex. M'Donnell	John M'Laren
Andrew Harper	Diarmid M'Diarmid	Archibald M'Farlane
Alex. Hamilton, sen.	John M'Donald	Hector M'Kinnon
Alex. Hamilton, jun.	Donald M'Callum	Daniel M'Millan
Alex. Harvey	William M'Dougall	Hugh M'Callum
Peter Hay	John M'Laren	John M'Phee
John Hay	James M'Callum (sick)	Alex. M'Intosh
John Hamilton	John M'Callum	Hugh M'Lellan
James Hamilton	Malcolm M'Coll	James M'Gregor

EARLIEST KNOWN MUSTER ROLL.

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Malcolm M'Kenzie	Angus M'Donald	James Parsons
John M'Donald	Duncan M'Brayne	Robert Parker
David M'Arthur	Hugh M'Donald	James Paterson
William M'Farlane	John M'Kinnon	Robert Perrie
William M'Leod	Archibald M'Kinnon	William Pollock
Charles M'Kinnon	Alex. M'Lachlan	Edward Perkin
John M'Tavish	James M'Laren	James Petrie
James M'Callum	John M'Dowell	James Paul
Hugh M'Donald	Donald M'Phedran	Robert Peacock
John M'Donald	John Mackillop	Archibald Ralston
Alex. M'Intyre	Alex. M'Croke	Donald Ross
Malcolm M'Coll	Matthew M'Innes	James Rankin
James M'Alpine	John M'Kenzie	Ewen Rody
John M'Gillivray	Hector M'Lean	William Ross
William M'Laderty	John M'Naughton	Archibald Rollo
Thomas M'Farlane	William M'Kay	John Ross
John M'Nair	William M'Neil	William Rattray
David M'Coll	Hugh Munro	James Robb
Donald M'Donald	Angus Munro	Thomas Richardson
Donald M'Donald	Alex. Morrison (sick)	Thomas Reid
Angus M'Donald	David Munro	Alex. Robertson
John M'Farlane	Colin Mason	Thomas Robertson
John M'Kechnie	George Munro	Colin Ross
John M'Laren	Gilbert Martin, sen.	John Raw (deserted)
William M'Laren	Hugh Mowart	Andrew Rogers
John M'Clure	Robert Muchin	John Reid
Robert M'Naught	Peter Martin	John Reynolds
Donald M'Nevin	Gilbert Martin, jun.	John Richardson
Alex. M'Pherson	John Morris	William Robertson
Malcolm M'Rae	Malcolm Miller	Thomas Russell
John M'Nevin	James Miller	Malcolm Robertson
Samuel M'Haper	Alex. Miller	Robert Sutherland
Murdoch M'Kendice (re-	James Mair	Matthew Shanks
cruiting)	Peter Morrison	John Sharp
Alex. M'Kay	John Martin	Robert Stevenson
Daniel M'Kinlay	George Martin	Robert Syme
Duncan M'Phail (sick)	Robert Muir	James Smith
Daniel M'Ewen	William Marshall	Alex. Stewart
Duncan M'Naught	Adam Morrison	Dugald Stewart
Edward M'Neil	John Morrison	Peter Stewart
George M'Ewen	William Masson (sick)	Donald Stirling
John M'Clelland	Walter Miller	John Sinclair
Laurence M'Laren	John Montague	Murdoch Shaw
Thomas M'Donald	Duncan Mitchell	Walter Stobbs
Hugh M'Millan	Alex. Munro	Peter Salmon
William Macwanel	Daniel Murray	Hugh Stewart
Alex. Mackay	George Neilson	Peter Sinclair
John M'Neil	Ebenezer Neilson	James Spratt
Duncan M'Nair	James Nish	Archibald Stewart
Robert M'Lachlan	Andrew Nevin	Alex. Stewart
Robert M'Laren	Robert Orr	William Smith
Hugh M'Donald	David Orr	David Stewart
John M'Kenzie	Adam Paton	Paul Stewart
Zachariah M'Phail	Andrew Parker (prisoner)	James Smith
Dugald M'Killop	William Peacock	Colin Sharp

APPENDIX B.

Alex. Stewport	James Townley	<i>Supernumeraries.</i>
James Smith	John Thompson	<i>Privates.</i>
William Skeldon	Richard Tennant	
Thomas Stewart	Alex. Tinker	John Blair
Allan Stewart (recruiting)	John Thomson	William Boasle
John Stewart	James Unthank	John Brown
John Smith	Alex. Urié	William Bresson
John Simpson	Hugh Urié	Alex. Campbell
James Selkirk	John Waugh	Finlay Campbell
Duncan Stark	Alex. Wilcox	James Campbell
Archibald Shaw	William Wilson	Allan Cameron
Alex. Smith	William Wiley	James Cochrane
John Simmers	Robert Watson	Archibald Davidson
John Steel	William Walkinshaw	William Dunham
Robert Shearer	John Wrighton	John Fraser
John Stott	William Wilson	Alex. Gardiner
Samuel Smith	John Whitehead (sick)	James M'Call
Alex. Smith	David Wilson	Dougall M'Dougall
Hugh Stalker	Thomas Williams	Hugh M'Donald
Alex. Stewart	William Wishart	John M'Donald
Dugald Stewart	William Wallace	Daniel M'Gowan
Duncan Stewart	James Watt	Peter M'Gregor
Robert Stewart	David Whitelaw	Murdoch M'Kay
Robert Sandilands	Michael Wallace	Duncan M'Kenzie
Archibald Sinclair	Samuel Williamson	John M'Kinnon
Robert Shaw	William Whitehouse	Donald M'Leod
John Scott (recruiting)	Duncan White	Napier M'Laren
John Steel	John Young (sick)	John Reid
William Taylor	Andrew Youl	Donald Ross
Alex. Taylor	George Young	Robert Skellan
Archibald Thompson	Alex. Young	John Stuport
John Thompson	James Young	Peter Smith
William Turnbull	William Young	William Wilson
James Thompson	John Yates	
Humphrey Taylor	David Young (sick)	
Alex. Thomson		

We do hereby certify that the commissioned, non-commissioned officers, and private men of this regiment, mentioned on the face of this roll, are effective; and that all those that are absent (except the respited) have the true reasons for such absence assigned against their names on the face of this roll.

(Signed) ALAN CAMERON, Major,
Commanding 79th Regiment or Cameron Volunteers.
 S. WAUGH, Paymaster.
 ARCH. MACLEAN, Lieutenant and
Adjutant.

3. Martinique.

Roll of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Men of the 79th Cameron Highlanders who died of Disease during the stay of the Regiment in the island of Martinique, September 1795 to June 1797.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Ashton	Corporal Charles M'Kinnon
Captain John Johnstone	„ Duncan M'Naughton
Lieutenant John Cameron	„ William Marshall
„ Court Ferguson	„ George Munro
„ John Graham	„ William Peacock
„ Donald M'Lean	„ William Pollock
Ensign Duncan Cameron	„ James Smith
Surgeon John M'Lean	„ Alexander Stewart
Sergeant James Beveridge	Drummer George Allardice
„ William Calder	„ Samuel Billy
„ Angus Cameron	„ John Brock
„ Donald Cameron	„ Alan Cameron
„ James Craig	„ Archibald Cameron
„ James Crawford	„ John Forbes
„ John Evans	„ William M'Culloch
„ James Forsyth	„ Alan M'Donald
„ John M'Culloch	„ Colin M'Gregor
„ Daniel M'Dougall	„ John M'Kechnie
„ Duncan M'Farlane	„ James Muir
„ John M'Nicol	„ William Renwick
„ James Paul	„ Alexander Young
„ John Pressue	„ David Young
„ Charles Robertson	Private James Adam
„ Duncan Stewart	„ William Adam
„ Adam Urquhart	„ Thomas Adams
„ Alexander Walker	„ James Agnew
„ Alexander Waugh	„ Alexander Alexander
„ Thomas West	„ Lewis Alexander
„ William Wright	„ Michael Alexander
Corporal George Barge	„ Robert Alston
„ Thomas Brannan	„ Alexander Anderson
„ George Bruce	„ James Anderson
„ Duncan Cameron	„ Lewis Anderson
„ Daniel Chain	„ Donald Angus
„ John Davidson	„ William Banks
„ George Davie	„ Andrew Barnett
„ John Fraser	„ Daniel Baxter
„ William Greenhill	„ James Beane
„ John Lowdon	„ Donald Beaton
„ David M'Coll	„ Andrew Boyd
„ Alexander M'Donald	„ John Bradley
„ Hugh M'Donald	„ Donald Bury
„ John M'Donald	„ John Brown
„ Charles M'Gregor	„ John Bruce
„ Gregor M'Gregor	„ James Bryson

APPENDIX B.

Private John Buchanan
 „ Thomas Budd
 „ Michael Burns
 „ Henry Bush
 „ Robert Cairns
 „ James Caldwell
 „ Donald Cameron
 „ Donald Cameron
 „ Hugh Cameron
 „ John Campbell
 „ Peter Campbell
 „ Robert Carr
 „ Hugh Clark
 „ Daniel Clewes
 „ Robert Clunes
 „ John Collins
 „ Arthur Cullocher
 „ Hugh Curran
 „ William Darroch
 „ Archibald Davidson
 „ James Dick
 „ John Dick
 „ John Dickson
 „ John Docherty
 „ David Donegan
 „ Peter Doyle
 „ Peter Feggen
 „ James Ferguson
 „ William Findlay
 „ Robert Forrest
 „ Charles Fraser
 „ John Fraser
 „ James Galbraith
 „ John Gardner
 „ Andrew Gentleman
 „ William Gibb
 „ James Gillies
 „ Barnabas Goosby
 „ David Gordon
 „ William Gowans
 „ David Graham
 „ Duncan Graham
 „ John Graham
 „ William Gray
 „ William Grewes
 „ John Hammel
 „ John Hanlan
 „ Thomas Hardy
 „ Alexander Harvey
 „ Edward Haul
 „ John Hay
 „ William Holmes

Private David Hossack
 „ William Hunter
 „ John Irving
 „ John Jack
 „ Robert Jamieson
 „ Robert Johnstone
 „ Daniel Keith
 „ Joseph Kennedy
 „ Samuel Kirkwood
 „ Duncan Lamont
 „ James Lawson
 „ Robert Little
 „ Robert Loch
 „ Henry Lockhart
 „ John Lyle
 „ Matthew M'Caine
 „ Donald M'Callum
 „ Duncan M'Coll
 „ Malcolm M'Craw
 „ Donald M'Donald
 „ Donald M'Donald
 „ Donald M'Donald
 „ Donald M'Donald
 „ Ewen M'Donald
 „ Hugh M'Donald
 „ James M'Donald
 „ John M'Donald
 „ John M'Donald
 „ Thomas M'Donald
 „ William M'Ewen
 „ James M'Farlane
 „ Robert M'Farlane
 „ James M'Grady
 „ Angus M'Innes
 „ Archibald M'Innes
 „ Phillip M'Intie
 „ Alexander M'Intosh
 „ Donald M'Intosh
 „ Alexander M'Kay
 „ Alexander M'Kechnie
 „ John M'Kenzie
 „ Daniel M'Kerton
 „ Martin M'Kerty
 „ Archibald M'Kinnon
 „ John M'Kinlay
 „ Dugald M'Lachlan
 „ James M'Law
 „ Hector M'Lean
 „ Malcolm M'Lean
 „ William M'Lean
 „ Hugh M'Lellan
 „ George M'Leod
 „ Walter M'Leod
 „ William M'Leod
 „ Leran M'Leran

Private Donald M'Master
 " John M'Neil
 " William M'Neil
 " Thomas M'Nelly
 " Duncan M'Phail
 " Hugh M'Phee
 " John M'Phee
 " William Macwanel
 " Samuel Mahaffy
 " William Malloch
 " Malcolm Miller
 " Walter Miller
 " Andrew Moody
 " Daniel Morrison
 " Peter Morrison
 " Robert Muchin
 " William Muir
 " Hugh Munro
 " David Orr
 " Robert Orr
 " James Owens
 " George Paterson
 " Robert Peacock
 " Robert Peddie
 " Patrick Quinton
 " Gilbert Reid
 " Moses Reilly
 " John Richardson
 " James Robb
 " Duncan Robertson
 " John Ronald
 " Donald Ross
 " Donald Ross

Private William Ross
 " James Runchman
 " Edward Ryans
 " Robert Sandilands
 " David Sead
 " William Shadden
 " Matthew Shanks
 " William Shannan
 " Colin Sharp
 " William Shaw
 " John Simpson
 " James Smith
 " Peter Smith
 " Samuel Smith
 " John Stark
 " John Steel
 " Robert Stevenson
 " Archibald Stewart
 " Duncan Stewart
 " Daniel Stirling
 " Andrew Strang
 " Richard Tennant
 " Thomas Totton
 " Bernard Trainer
 " James Unthank
 " Robert Walker
 " John Wrighton
 " Samuel Williamson
 " David Wilson
 " William Wilson
 " John Yates
 " John Young

4. List of Casualties at the Battle of Egmont-op-Zee, 2nd of October 1799.

Killed.—Captain James Campbell; Lieutenant Stair Rose; Privates Archibald Campbell, Edward Dalton, William Glavis, James Graham, James Henderson, James Lambart, Charles M'Donald, Donald M'Nicol, Joseph Prew, John Price, Christopher Reuss, Alexander Taylor, and John Thomson.

In addition to the foregoing, the following were wounded at the battle:—

Lieutenant-Colonel Alan Cameron; Lieutenants Donald M'Neil and Colin M'Donald; Ensign Duncan Cameron; 4 sergeants and 54 rank and file.

5. Casualties in Egypt in 1801.

Killed in action, 13th of March (Aboukir).—Privates Thomas Birch, James Boyd, Alexander Bruce, Adam Deans, Owen Griffiths, David Hill, Duncan Robinson, and John Simpson.

Killed in action, 21st of March (Alexandria).—Sergeant James Geddes.

Died of wounds received during the expedition.—Lieutenant-Colonel Patrick M'Dowall;

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Sergeant James Hamilton; Corporal Thomas Barrow; Privates Robert Cockburn, James Cormick, John Danderson, George Durant, William Grayson, Achilles Hanton, Thomas Harrison, John Henley, David Houston, William Markwell, John M'Dougall, James Nicolson, James Phillips, John Stewart, Donald Sutherland, and Peter Wallace.

Died of disease.—Sergeants Alexander Cameron (1), Alexander Cameron (2), and John M'Dougall; Corporals John M'Martin, James Murray, Thomas Ryley, and James Whitelaw; Drummer Joshua James; Privates John Baillie, Thomas Barnes, William Barney, John Begg, William Brownrigg, John Brown, Angus Bruce, Richard Burns, William Butcher, Dugald Cameron, John Campbell, John Clarke, Daniel Cole, Thomas Daddow, John Davies, Joshua Day, James Doig, Robert Donaldson, Peter Dow, Edward Edwards, Thomas Ellis, Richard English, James Evans, John Germyn, Alexander Gordon, George Gordon, John Gunn, Thomas Haddon, Francis Hannock, George Hewitts, James Hexley, William Husk, George Keith, James Kirkwood, William Knight, Alexander M'Donald, Hugh M'Kenzie, John M'Raith, Alexander Munro, James Nesbitt, Alexander Noble, William North, John Nursey, Joshua Parrott, George Phillips, Howlet Powley, David Rose, John Ross, Edward Ryner, Peter Sinclair, Thomas Smith, William Smith, John Sterrick, Mark Stead, Donald Sutherland, John Sutherland, Robert Taylor, Thomas Thomson, George Topley, John Urquhart, Anthony Webley, James Williamson, and Henry Wyles.

Most of the above died at Alexandria, at Ghizeh (Cairo), and at a camp called Shabras.

In addition to the foregoing, the following officers, non-commissioned officers, and men were wounded during the campaign in 1801:—

Captain Samuel M'Dowall; Lieutenants Patrick Ross, George Sutherland, John Stewart, Volunteer Allan Cameron and Surgeon Michael Egan; Sergeants John Cameron, William Lawson, and George Paterson; Corporals John Bell, John Hill, John Jones, John M'Dougall, Robert Patterson, and John Sinclair; Privates William Aiken, George Beakie, James Cracey, John Davison, Samuel Duncan, John Farquharson, Phillip Gallacher, Robert Gillespie, John Hayter, William Head, James King, William M'Bean, Humphrey M'Carty, Alexander M'Donald (1), Alexander M'Donald (2), John M'Gaverone, John M'Kenzie, George M'Kay, Peter M'Kegg, Ninian Mack, James Matheson, George Moore, Edward Owens, Daniel Pettycrew, John Scott (1), John Scott (2), James Scroggie, Alexander Stanners, Daniel Sutherland, William Williams, William Williamson, and John Wilson.

There were also some slightly wounded as well; the above are the wounded shown in the muster roll as "absent" on account of wounds. The slightly wounded would probably not leave the regiment.

[The occurrence in the foregoing list of quite a number of distinctly Welsh names suggests that the interest of Mrs Cameron's family (Philips) was invoked to obtain men for the regiment when its skeleton returned from the island of Martinique.]

6. The following Non-Commissioned Officer and Men of the 79th Cameron Highlanders died in Minorca, during the stay of the Regiment in that island, December 1801 to June 1802.

Corporal Thomas Cosway; Privates Robert Beakley, Thomas Brooks, Thomas Brown, Robert Butcher, Hugh Cameron, Benjamin Gosney, John Kendall, Humphrey M'Carthy,¹ Edward Owens,¹ James Padfield, Daniel Pettycrew,¹ Alexander Ross, Golding Scott, and George Watts.

¹ It is possible that Privates Humphrey crew, who were wounded in Egypt, died from M'Carthy, Edward Owens, and Daniel Petty- the effect of their wounds.

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7. Roll of the Non-Commissioned Officers and Men
of Captain Dawson's Company who were drowned
off Harwich on the 18th of April 1807.

Captain John Dawson	Private George Lewis
Sergeant Robert Gowan	„ Donald M'Donald
„ Hector Sutherland	„ Norman M'Donald
„ Peter Thompson	„ John M'Donald (1)
Corporal Hugh Angus	„ John M'Donald (2)
„ William Cruikshank	„ Phillip M'Gibbon
„ James M'Diarmid	„ Peter M'Gill
Drummer Dugald M'Kenzie	„ William M'Kay
Private Thomas Adams	„ James M'Lean
„ John Birks	„ David M'Lellan
„ Thomas Brown	„ Charles M'Leod
„ Joshua Butler	„ Donald M'Leod
„ Angus Cameron	„ Neil M'Neil
„ John Eustant	„ Archibald M'Pherson
„ William Fraser	„ Francis Matthewson
„ Thomas Glenn	„ Donald Munro
„ John Goldsmith	„ William Munro
„ John Gordon	„ Andrew Murdoch
„ Thomas Hannah	„ David Murray
„ William Head	„ William Murray
„ Anthony Hollingworth	„ John Ranson
„ Duncan Hossack	„ John Ray
„ Donald Hurley	„ James Richardson
„ Andrew Johnstone	„ William Ridgell
„ Solomon Jones	„ Michael Savage
„ William Kelly	„ George Simpson
„ John Kennedy	„ Andrew Souter
„ William Kilpatrick	„ William Spence
„ David Lawson	„ James Walker
„ Archibald Levingston	„ Donald Williamson

8. Roll of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and
Men of the 79th Cameron Highlanders who
were Killed in Action or Died of Wounds or
Disease in the Peninsular and Waterloo Cam-
paigns, 1808-1816 (including the Walcheren
Expedition).

Lieut.-Colonel Philips Cameron . . .	13th May 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
„ William Maundy Harvey	10th June 1813. Died on passage home from the Peninsula.
Major The Hon. Edward Charles Cocks	8th October 1812. Killed, siege of Burgos.
„ Andrew Lawrie . . .	22nd September 1812. Killed, siege of Burgos.

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Captain Alexander Cameron	27th September 1810. Killed at Busaco.
„ Ewen Cameron (son of Sir Alan)	Died of fever at Lisbon, after Talavera.
„ John Cameron	10th April 1814. Killed at Toulouse.
„ John Cameron	18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
„ Neil Campbell	17th July 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo.
„ Walter C. Cooksey	Killed on picket near Almeida, while serving with the 24th Portuguese Regiment, 1811.
„ Sinclair Davidson	7th May 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
„ William Imlach	3rd May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor. ¹
„ Patrick Purvis	10th April 1814. Killed at Toulouse.
„ John Sinclair	16th June 1815. Killed at Quatre Bras.
Lieut. James Calder	25th July 1812. Died of fever at Abrantes.
„ Donald Cameron	21st June 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo.
„ Duncan Cameron	10th April 1814. Killed at Toulouse.
„ Ewen Cameron	11th April 1814. Died of wounds, Toulouse.
„ John Campbell Cameron	13th June 1811. Invalided from the Peninsula. Died in Scotland of consumption brought on by ex- posure.
„ Archibald Fraser	Died of fever at Castel Branco, Portugal, 15th Septem- ber 1811.
„ Hugh Grant	22nd September 1812. Died of wounds, siege of Burgos.
„ Ewen Kennedy	18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
„ and Adjutant John Kynock	16th June 1815. Killed at Quatre Bras.
„ William M'Barnet	17th April 1814. Died of wounds, Toulouse.
„ Angus M'Donald	20th September 1812. Died of wounds, siege of Burgos.
„ Duncan M'Pherson	18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
„ John Powling	23rd October 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo.
Ensign David Bailey	Died of wounds, Albuhera, in August 1811.
Assistant-Surgeon Agit Atkinson	Accidentally drowned in river Douro.
Quartermaster T. A. Hamilton	Died in Portugal on the 28th of December 1812.
Paymaster John Baldock	26th August 1809. Died in Walcheren.
„ William Moffatt	19th October 1810. Died near Lisbon.
Private Alexander Allan	24th December 1811.
„ James Allan	15th July 1811.
„ Daniel Allen	22nd August 1812.
„ James Allen	26th March 1812.
„ James Anderson	23rd August 1812.
„ Robert Anderson	10th December 1816. Died in France.
„ Thomas Anderson	5th August 1810.
„ Alexander Alexander	30th October 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo cam- paign.
„ William Arthur	2nd November 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ Robert Ashton	16th June 1815. Killed at Quatre Bras.
Corporal William Astbury	18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
Private Benjamin Ayres	17th March 1812.
„ George Bain	18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
„ James Bain	24th July 1812.
„ John Bain	3rd October 1812. Died of wounds, Burgos.
„ Archibald Balfour	11th December 1813. Died of wounds, Nive.
„ Thomas Balloch	25th September 1811.
„ Campbell Banks	24th May 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
„ Donald Banks	18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.

¹ Of the casualties at Fuentes d'Onor, Captain William Imlach and 5 rank and file were killed on the 3rd of May 1811, the remainder on the 5th of May. .

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Private John Bannerman	11th March 1812.
„ David Barber	30th April 1814. Died of wounds, Toulouse.
„ Richard Barnes	7th January 1812.
„ Luke Beacrost	8th May 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
„ James Beakie	February 1811.
„ Kenneth Beaton	18th September 1811.
„ Lachlan Beaton	24th December 1811.
„ Adam Bell	13th December 1813.
„ George Bertram	2nd April 1812.
„ Seth Bibby	1st September 1813.
„ William Bishop	25th April 1811.
„ Benjamin Black	24th January 1812.
„ John Blyth	16th June 1815. Killed at Quatre Bras.
„ John Boag	21st November 1812.
„ John Boag	28th July 1813. Killed at Pyrenees.
„ Peter Boag	14th November 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
Drummer Charles Bogle	19th September 1812. Killed at Burgos.
Private John Bowie	10th May 1812.
„ William Bowie	10th December 1812.
„ Hugh Boyd	21st March 1813.
„ John Boyd	22nd July 1812.
„ John Boyd	21st February 1811.
„ John Boyd	21st November 1812. Died, retreat from Burgos.
„ Anthony Bradley	4th January 1812.
„ David Brash	5th January 1812.
„ Alexander Bremner	12th July 1815.
„ Donald Brock	5th January 1813.
„ Hugh Brock	22nd January 1813.
„ John Brotchie	5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
„ David Brown	30th October 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ John Brown	15th October 1808. Died, Corunna campaign.
„ Peter Brown	18th December 1816. Died in France.
„ Malcolm Bruce	28th July 1811.
Corporal James Bruce	3rd February 1809. Died, result of Corunna campaign.
Private John Bruce	16th June 1815. Killed at Quatre Bras.
„ John Bruce	25th June 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo campaign.
„ Malcolm Buchanan	January 1809. Died in Corunna retreat.
„ Alexander Budge	1st June 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
„ William Budge	28th July 1813. Killed at Pyrenees.
„ Alexander Burgess	16th January 1814. Died of wounds, Pyrenees.
„ George Burgess	19th September 1812. Killed at Burgos.
„ George Burgess	28th July 1813. Killed at Pyrenees.
„ John Burgess	22nd October 1811.
„ David Calder	1st January 1809. Died, Corunna campaign.
„ James Calder	22nd November 1812. Died, retreat from Burgos.
„ Angus Cameron	24th November 1812. Died of wounds, Burgos.
„ Donald Cameron	18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
„ Donald Cameron	16th April 1814. Died of wounds, Toulouse.
„ Donald Cameron	16th November 1811.
„ Donald Cameron	5th October 1812. Killed at Burgos.
„ Donald Cameron	10th December 1812.
„ Donald Cameron	7th December 1812.
„ Dugald Cameron	9th January 1813.
„ Dugald Cameron	Missing in south of France, 8th of May 1814; struck off, unaccounted for, in 1815.

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Private Duncan Cameron 16th June 1815. Killed at Quatre Bras.
Sergeant Ewen Cameron 13th September 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
Private Ewen Cameron . . .	. 30th April 1814. Died of wounds, Toulouse.
Sergeant Hugh Cameron . . .	. 18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
Corporal John Cameron . . .	. 14th November 1811.
Private John Cameron . . .	. August 1809. Died in Walcheren.
,, John Cameron . . .	. 17th September 1809. Died after return from Walcheren.
,, John Cameron . . .	. 2nd October 1812. Killed, siege of Burgos.
,, John Cameron . . .	. 11th January 1812.
,, Lachlan Cameron . . .	. 12th June 1814. Invalided; died in England.
Corporal Lewis Cameron . . .	. 9th December 1813. Killed at Nive.
Private Robert Cameron . . .	. 5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
,, Roderick Cameron . . .	. 15th September 1809. Died after return from Walcheren.
,, Alexander Campbell . . .	. 18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
,, Alexander Campbell . . .	. 11th September 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo campaign.
,, Alexander Campbell . . .	. 27th July 1809. Killed at Talavera.
,, Alexander Campbell . . .	. 1st October 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
,, Archibald Campbell . . .	. 17th July 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo campaign.
,, Archibald Campbell . . .	. 1st October 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
Sergeant Donald Campbell . . .	. 23rd October 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
Private Donald Campbell . . .	. 18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
,, Donald Campbell . . .	. 19th June 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo campaign.
,, Donald Campbell . . .	. Severely wounded, Waterloo campaign, and not heard of again; struck off as dead on 16th May 1816.
,, George Campbell . . .	. 13th December 1811.
,, Grant Campbell . . .	. 29th November 1811.
,, John Campbell . . .	. 15th September 1809. Died after return from Walcheren.
,, John Campbell . . .	. 16th November 1810.
,, John Campbell . . .	. 27th October 1811.
,, John Campbell . . .	. 28th August 1811.
,, Lachlan Campbell . . .	. 18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
Sergeant Peter Campbell . . .	. 11th August 1811.
Private Robert Campbell . . .	. 24th November 1810.
,, William Campbell . . .	. 7th October 1808. Died, Corunna campaign.
,, William Campbell . . .	. 27th September 1811.
,, Dennis Carleton . . .	. 13th January 1813.
,, Donald Carmichael . . .	. 27th March 1813.
,, James Carmichael . . .	. 4th October 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
,, Roderick Carr . . .	. 28th March 1812.
,, Peter Carrick . . .	. 16th June 1815. Killed at Quatre Bras.
,, Peter Carron . . .	. 13th October 1812. Died of wounds, Burgos.
,, Alexander Cassells . . .	. 25th December 1810.
,, James Cassells . . .	. 2nd April 1811.
,, William Cassells . . .	. 5th October 1812. Killed at Burgos.
Sergeant William Cherry . . .	. 15th August 1813. Died of wounds, Pyrenees.
Private John Chisholm . . .	. 10th September 1811.
,, Paul Chisholm . . .	. 10th October 1810.
,, Alexander Christie . . .	. 2nd July 1812.
,, Charles Christie 26th October 1811.
,, David Christie 19th December 1811.
,, Francis Clarke 23rd January 1812.

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Private Job Clarke	10th November 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
" John Clarke	23rd July 1812.
" William Clarke	8th April 1816. Died in France.
" William Coghill	12th September 1809. Died after return from Walcheren.
" Peter Coleman	3rd October 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
" John Coll	7th June 1811.
" Alexander Comerie	27th July 1809. Killed at Talavera.
" Daniel Connolly	2nd October 1811.
" William Cooke	5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
" Roderick Cormick	3rd September 1811.
" William Cormick	4th November 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
" Thomas Corrin	28th December 1812.
" Thomas Cottrell	24th September 1812. Killed at Burgos.
" Matthew Cowie	12th March 1812.
" Thomas Crabb	16th June 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
" Robert Craig	5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
" Peter Craig	12th December 1811.
" Thomas Crawford	18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
" Thomas Cullin	10th December 1811.
" Henry Cunningham	1st August 1810.
" Archibald Cummings	5th September 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo campaign.
" James Cummings	26th June 1811.
" John Currie	14th September 1813.
" William Currie	10th October 1810.
Sergeant William Darling	19th May 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
Corporal David Davidson	15th November 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
Private Donald Davidson	4th February 1813.
" Donald Davidson	14th June 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
" Alexander Davie	11th December 1810.
" William Davie	3rd December 1812.
Corporal James Dewar	18th November 1812. Killed at Burgos.
Private Gibson Dick	5th May 1811. Killed, Fuentes d'Onor.
" Peter Dochart	10th April 1814. Killed at Toulouse.
" Archibald Donald	8th October 1812. Killed at Burgos.
" Hugh Donaldson	6th November 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
Corporal John Donaldson	17th June 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
Private John Donaldson	24th October 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
" John Dow	27th December 1812.
" Hugh Dowling	27th September 1810. Killed at Busaco.
" John Dunlop	28th November 1810.
" Andrew Dunnett	18th October 1812. Died of wounds, Burgos.
" William Dunnett	6th February 1813.
" James Easton	10th April 1814. Killed at Toulouse.
" Alexander Edington	9th October 1812. Killed at Burgos.
" John Elder	27th March 1809. Died after landing from Corunna campaign.
" George Evans	28th December 1811.
" Thomas Evans	28th April 1812.
" Donald Falconer	29th July 1812.
" Williams Fankins	16th June 1815. Mortally wounded at Quatre Bras; died same day.
Corporal John Farquharson	25th December 1810.
	21st March 1813.

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Private Joseph Farraday	1st January 1812.
,, John Farrell	27th September 1810. Killed at Busaco.
,, Hugh Ferguson	6th October 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
,, John Ferguson	9th May 1814. Died of wounds, Toulouse.
,, David Ferry	13th May 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
,, Andrew Fife	9th September 1812. Died, siege of Burgos
,, George Findlayson	6th May 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
Corporal James Fletcher	7th October 1812. Killed at Burgos.
Private John Fletcher	28th September 1810. Died of wounds, Busaco.
,, Alexander Forbes	17th March 1812.
,, John Forbes	16th June 1815. Killed at Quatre Bras.
,, Alexander Fraser	12th May 1809. Died after landing from Corunna campaign.
,, Alexander Fraser	12th February 1810.
,, Alexander Fraser	7th November 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
,, Alexander Fraser	11th June 1814. Died of wounds, Toulouse.
,, Andrew Fraser	23rd November 1812. Died of wounds, Burgos.
,, Angus Fraser	24th March 1813.
,, George Fraser	22nd September 1816. Died in France.
,, Hector Fraser	10th May 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
,, Hugh Fraser	27th July 1809. Killed at Talavera.
,, Hugh Fraser	10th September 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
,, James Fraser	30th January 1809. Died after landing from Corunna campaign.
,, John Fraser	22nd January 1811.
,, John Fraser	14th January 1809. Died, Corunna campaign.
,, Kenneth Fraser	5th October 1812. Killed at Burgos.
,, William Fraser	5th August 1812.
,, William Frost	24th January 1809. Died, result of Corunna campaign.
,, William Fullarton	9th September 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
Sergeant William Gardner	12th November 1810.
Private Job Gardner	9th December 1813. Killed at Nive.
,, John Garry	6th January 1813.
,, John Garry	27th January 1812.
,, Andrew Gibson	22nd December 1812.
Drummer John Gibson	Severely wounded, Waterloo campaign, and not heard of again ; struck off as dead on the 16th May 1816.
Private Samuel Giddons	16th June 1815. Killed at Quatre Bras.
,, James Gill	24th September 1813.
,, Daniel Gillespie	6th November 1810. Died of wounds, Busaco.
,, Alexander Gillies	29th November 1810.
,, Donald Gillies	18th November 1810.
,, Finlay Gillies	10th April 1814. Killed at Toulouse.
,, William Glen	2nd January 1811.
,, Colin Gordon	11th September 1810.
,, Robert Gordon	26th February 1813.
,, Roderick Gordon	9th October 1812. Killed at Burgos.
,, Donald Gow	11th September 1811.
,, Andrew Grant	18th February 1814.
,, John Grant	5th October 1812. Killed at Burgos.
,, John Grant	27th July 1809. Killed at Talavera.
,, William Grant	23rd February 1809. Died after landing from Corunna campaign.
,, George Gray	21st January 1810.
,, William Gray	10th April 1814. Killed at Toulouse.

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Private John Greig	8th April 1813.
„ Adam Gunn	6th May 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
„ Angus Gunn	22nd December 1810.
„ James Gunn	24th May 1810.
„ John Gunn (1)	3rd November 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ John Gunn (2)	7th October 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ John Gunn	8th April 1812.
„ Robert Gunn	21st September 1809. Died after return from Wallcheren.
„ Robert Gunn	1st May 1811.
„ Robert Gunn	3rd October 1810. Died of wounds, Busaco.
Drum-Major William Gurney .	7th July 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo campaign.
Private William Gwilliams .	February 1811.
„ Robert Hamilton	12th November 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ Barney Hand	18th September 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ David Hay	12th January 1809. Died, Corunna campaign.
„ James Hay	27th April 1812.
„ John Hays	28th October 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ James Hastie	23rd April 1812.
„ John Hastie	18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
„ Andrew Henderson .	29th December 1811.
Corporal Alexander Henderson .	5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
Private Alexander Henderson .	3rd November 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ Donald Henderson .	21st November 1811.
„ Thomas Henderson .	17th September 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo campaign.
„ Walter Henderson	16th June 1815. Killed at Quatre Bras.
„ James Hill	11th December 1812. Died of wounds, Burgos.
„ John Hill	16th June 1815. Killed at Quatre Bras.
„ John Hogg	12th September 1810.
„ William Holden	25th December 1812.
„ Isaac Holyoak	14th May 1814.
„ Thomas Hosie	12th November 1811.
„ Kenneth Hossack	17th January 1816. Died in France.
„ John Howe	16th June 1815. Killed at Quatre Bras.
„ James Humphrey	15th August 1812.
„ George Hutchison	12th December 1813. Drowned in river Nive.
„ John Hutchison	18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
„ Donald Innes	10th April 1814. Killed at Toulouse.
„ John Innes	15th January 1813.
„ James Jack	18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
„ Richard Jack	29th September 1811.
„ Walter Jack	15th January 1812.
„ William Jack	11th August 1813. Died of wounds, Pyrenees.
„ William Jackson	19th December 1812.
„ James Jamieson	Dangerously wounded, Waterloo campaign; was not heard of again; struck off as dead on 16th May 1816.
„ Thomas Jarvis	19th July 1812.
„ Robert Jeffrey	18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
„ Isaac Jenkins	5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
„ Alexander Johnstone .	17th July 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo campaign.
„ Hugh Johnstone	14th November 1811.
„ James Kain	16th January 1813.
„ Alexander Keith	23rd August 1812.
„ Kairnes Kelly	3rd May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.

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Private William Kelshaw	2nd October 1811.
„ Peter Kemp	6th July 1812.
„ Alexander Kennedy	11th September 1813. Died of wounds, Pyrenees.
„ Angus Kennedy	4th February 1811.
„ Donald Kennedy	29th March 1812.
„ John Kennedy	5th September 1816. Died in France.
„ William Kennedy	16th June 1815. Killed at Quatre Bras.
„ James Kinnaird	16th November 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ John Kirgin	28th October 1808, Corunna campaign.
„ James Kirkland	18th August 1815. Died in France.
„ Abraham Kisher	18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
„ David Knox	10th April 1814. Killed at Toulouse.
„ James Knox	16th November 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ Walter Laing	8th February 1813.
„ John Laird	17th August 1812.
„ Angus Lamont	2nd January 1813.
„ John Lamont	15th December 1811.
„ Malcolm Lamont	8th April 1810.
„ John Lancaster	23rd December 1812.
„ William Lancaster	31st January 1813.
„ William Lane	18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
„ Magnus Larnoch	18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
„ Luke Laton	29th December 1812.
„ Allan Law	21st May 1812.
„ John Lawrie	Severely wounded, Waterloo campaign, and not heard of again; struck off as dead on 16th May 1816.
„ John Lawrison	1st February 1812.
„ Thomas Leggat	5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
„ James Leich	17th December 1811.
„ James Levach	5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
„ John Levach	19th December 1812.
„ William Lightbody	20th June 1815. Died of wound, Waterloo campaign.
„ Alexander Livingstone	5th October 1812. Killed, siege of Burgos.
Sergeant John Livingstone	5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
Private George Logan	21st January 1809. Died from effects of Corunna campaign.
„ Alexander Logie	26th September 1802. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ William Long	19th December 1812.
„ William Longmuir	17th March 1812.
„ Gilbert Love	8th September 1811.
„ John Lowe	12th May 1810.
„ James Lumsden	24th January 1813.
„ Charles Luss	16th June 1815. Killed at Quatre Bras.
„ Alexander Lyle	25th February 1810.
Sergeant James M'Alpine	14th September 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
Private James M'Ardy	5th November 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ Gilbert M'Arthur	16th June 1815. Killed at Quatre Bras.
„ Hugh M'Arthur	4th December 1811.
„ James M'Arthur	5th March 1809. Died from effects of Corunna campaign.
„ Archibald M'Aulay	24th February 1809. Died from effects of Corunna campaign.
„ Alexander M'Bain	31st May 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
Corporal William M'Beth	27th September 1810. Killed at Busaco.
Private Archibald M'Caffer	20th March 1814.

DEATH-ROLL OF PENINSULA AND WATERLOO. 315

Private Henry M'Caugherty . . .	10th December 1813.	Died of wounds, Nive.
" David M'Callum . . .	5th May 1811.	Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
" Duncan M'Callum . . .	26th September 1812.	Died, siege of Burgos.
Corporal John M'Callum . . .	28th December 1811.	
Private Edward M'Caun . . .	9th February 1815.	
" Alan M'Caskill . . .	21st November 1811.	
" John M'Caskill . . .	7th May 1812.	
" Alexander M'Caslin . . .	5th October 1812.	Killed at Burgos.
" Donald M'Coll . . .	Dangerously wounded, Waterloo campaign, and not heard of again; struck off as dead on 16th May 1816.	
" John M'Coll . . .	17th April 1814.	
Paymaster-Sergeant Malcolm M'Coll .	13th February 1809.	Died from effects of Corunna campaign.
Drummer Neil M'Coll . . .	18th July 1815.	Died of wounds, Waterloo campaign.
Private George M'Connell . . .	17th March 1813.	
" Alan M'Donald . . .	29th October 1812.	Died, siege of Burgos.
" Alexander M'Donald . . .	13th May 1812.	
" Alexander M'Donald . . .	16th June 1815.	Killed at Quatre Bras.
" Alexander M'Donald . . .	30th January 1812.	
" Alexander M'Donald . . .	1st March 1812.	
Corporal Angus M'Donald . . .	20th February 1809.	Died from effects of Corunna campaign.
Private David M'Donald . . .	7th January 1813.	
" Donald M'Donald . . .	8th January 1812.	
" Donald M'Donald . . .	26th January 1812.	
" Donald M'Donald . . .	10th April 1814.	Killed at Toulouse.
" Donald M'Donald . . .	16th October 1811.	
" Donald M'Donald . . .	9th September 1811.	
Corporal Duncan M'Donald . . .	19th January 1809.	Died from effects of Corunna campaign.
Private Ewen M'Donald . . .	30th January 1813.	
" Hugh M'Donald . . .	27th January 1813.	
" James M'Donald . . .	Dangerously wounded, Waterloo campaign, and not heard of again; struck off as dead on 16th May 1816.	
" John M'Donald . . .	16th June 1815.	Killed at Quatre Bras.
" John M'Donald (1) . . .	5th October 1812.	Killed at Burgos.
" John M'Donald (2) . . .	(Date not known.) Killed at Burgos.	
" John M'Donald . . .	19th June 1809.	
" John M'Donald . . .	17th May 1811.	
" Malcolm M'Donald . . .	24th February 1811.	
" Peter M'Donald . . .	18th September 1811.	
" Robert M'Donald . . .	27th May 1812.	
" William M'Donald . . .	25th December 1811.	
" William M'Donald . . .	5th May 1811.	Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
" Alexander M'Dougall . . .	31st January 1809.	Died from effects of Corunna campaign.
" Arthur M'Dougall . . .	12th May 1814.	
" Colin M'Dougall . . .	23rd January 1812.	
" Daniel M'Dougall . . .	17th October 1812.	Died, siege of Burgos.
" Duncan M'Dougall . . .	31st January 1809.	Died from effects of Corunna campaign.
" James M'Dougall . . .	16th January 1814.	
" John M'Dougall . . .	30th December 1811.	

APPENDIX B.

Private James M'Ewen	28th November 1811.
„ Angus M'Farlane	15th March 1813.
„ Donald M'Farlane	6th July 1809.
„ John M'Farlane	16th December 1811.
„ Peter M'Farlane	1st February 1813.
Sergeant George M'Ghee	17th April 1814. Died of wounds, Toulouse.
Private Duncan M'Gibbon	22nd June 1816. Died in France.
„ James M'Gill	29th July 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo campaign.
„ Hugh M'Gillivray	26th October 1816. Died in France.
„ Malcolm M'Gillivray	10th January 1811.
„ William M'Gillivray	17th October 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ John M'Gregor	28th July 1813. Killed at Pyrenees.
„ Peter M'Gregor	11th June 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
„ Robert M'Gregor	2nd July 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo campaign.
„ Thomas M'Gregor	5th December 1811.
„ Archibald M'Innes	2nd September 1811.
„ John M'Innes	3rd February 1812.
Sergeant Malcolm M'Innes	5th June 1812.
Private Roderick M'Innes	25th August 1812.
„ Alexander M'Intosh	18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
„ Alexander M'Intosh	15th December 1812.
„ Alexander M'Intosh	6th September 1808. Corunna campaign.
„ Donald M'Intosh	25th April 1810.
„ Gilbert M'Intosh	16th June 1815. Mortally wounded at Quatre Bras; died same day.
„ Hugh M'Intosh	13th November 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ James M'Intosh	19th November 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ John M'Intosh	26th February 1812.
„ Lachlan M'Intosh	8th October 1812. Killed at Burgos.
„ William M'Intosh	8th October 1811.
„ Alexander M'Intyre	7th October 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ Donald M'Intyre	17th April 1812.
„ Peter M'Intyre	25th January 1812.
„ William M'Intyre	5th May 1811. Killed, Fuentes d'Onor.
„ John M'I Isaac	10th May 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
„ Alexander M'Kay	4th October 1812. Died of wounds, siege of Burgos.
„ Alexander M'Kay	5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
Sergeant Angus M'Kay	3rd July 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo campaign.
Private Donald M'Kay	6th October 1812. Died of wounds, Burgos.
„ Donald M'Kay	9th October 1812. Killed at Burgos.
„ Donald M'Kay	1st March 1813.
„ Donald M'Kay	15th June 1811.
„ George M'Kay	5th October 1812. Killed at Burgos.
„ George M'Kay	3rd July 1809.
„ Hugh M'Kay	5th May 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
„ James M'Kay	16th June 1815. Killed at Quatre Bras.
„ James M'Kay	26th August 1810.
„ John M'Kay	1st December 1811.
„ Neil M'Kay	10th October 1812. Died of wounds, siege of Burgos.
„ Neil M'Kay	24th August 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo campaign.
„ Neil M'Kay	9th October 1808. Died, Corunna campaign.
„ Robert M'Kay	19th April 1811.
„ Thomas M'Kay	27th December 1811.
„ William M'Kay	14th June 1814.

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Private William M'Kay	24th December 1814.
" William M'Kay	4th April 1814.
" William M'Kay	12th September 1811.
" Allan M'Kechnie	24th June 1816. Died in France.
Corporal Duncan M'Kechnie	15th March 1811. Killed at Foz d'Aronce.
Private David M'Kellar	27th July 1809. Killed at Talavera.
" William M'Kellar	18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
" Andrew M'Kendrick	19th January 1809. Died from effects of Corunna campaign.
Sergeant Alexander M'Kenzie	28th May 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
Private Donald M'Kenzie	26th November 1811.
Drummer Donald M'Kenzie	20th November 1811.
Private Duncan M'Kenzie	12th February 1812.
Corporal George M'Kenzie	12th July 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo campaign.
" James M'Kenzie	5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
Private James M'Kenzie	26th July 1812.
Corporal John M'Kenzie	24th September 1812. Died of wounds, Burgos.
Private John M'Kenzie	31st December 1811.
" John M'Kenzie	16th June 1815. Killed at Quatre Bras.
" Kenneth M'Kenzie	20th January 1810.
" Kenneth M'Kenzie	11th January 1813.
" William M'Kenzie	13th September 1811.
" John M'Kinlay	5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
" William M'Kinney	12th November 1811.
" Archibald M'Kinnon	29th July 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
Corporal Charles M'Kinnon	4th March 1811.
Private Donald M'Kinnon	31st March 1814.
" Donald M'Kinnon	1st May 1814. Died of wounds, Toulouse.
" Hector M'Kinnon	30th November 1811.
" Peter M'Kinnon	18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
" Alexander M'Lachlan	13th March 1812.
" Ewen M'Lachlan	18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
" Lachlan M'Lachlan	5th July 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo campaign.
" Joseph M'Lachlan	23rd August 1812.
Sergeant Peter M'Lachlan	25th June 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo campaign.
Private James M'Lamont	25th January 1812.
" Alan M'Lean	10th November 1813. Killed at Nivelle.
" Alexander M'Lean	19th January 1809. Died from effects of Corunna campaign.
" Angus M'Lean	3rd November 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo campaign.
" Angus M'Lean	11th October 1811.
" Charles M'Lean	29th July 1813.
" Donald M'Lean	8th September 1809. Died in Corunna campaign.
" Donald M'Lean	5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
" Donald M'Lean	19th September 1812. Killed at Burgos.
" Donald M'Lean	18th October 1812.
" Finlay M'Lean	21st February 1812.
Corporal James M'Lean	10th April 1812.
Private Lachlan M'Lean	3rd November 1811.
" Robert M'Lean	12th May 1812.
" Alexander M'Lennan	19th June 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo campaign.
" John M'Lennan	23rd January 1813.
" John M'Lennan	26th May 1812.
" Alexander M'Leod	5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.

APPENDIX B.

Private Angus M'Leod . . .	24th October 1812. Died of wounds, siege of Burgos.
„ Angus M'Leod . . .	29th August 1813. Died of wounds, Pyrenees.
„ Donald M'Leod . . .	27th July 1809. Killed at Talavera.
„ Donald M'Leod . . .	7th March 1811.
„ Duncan M'Leod . . .	29th June 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo campaign.
„ George M'Leod . . .	12th January 1812.
„ Hector M'Leod . . .	9th October 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ Hugh M'Leod . . .	19th December 1810.
„ James M'Leod . . .	16th June 1815. Killed at Quatre Bras.
„ John M'Leod . . .	29th June 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo campaign.
„ Kenneth M'Leod . . .	1st December 1811.
„ Malcolm M'Leod . . .	5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
„ Murdoch M'Leod . . .	23rd October 1811.
„ Neil M'Leod . . .	4th February 1812.
„ Colin M'Martin . . .	27th February 1814.
Sergeant Alexander M'Master . . .	12th April 1814. Died of wounds, Toulouse.
Private Alexander M'Millan . . .	14th September 1815. Died in Belgium.
„ Alexander M'Millan . . .	14th September 1809. Died on return from Walcheren Expedition.
„ Angus M'Millan . . .	26th July 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
„ Duncan M'Millan . . .	3rd October 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ John M'Millan . . .	16th June 1815. Killed at Quatre Bras.
„ John M'Millan . . .	18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
„ Malcolm M'Millan . . .	27th December 1811.
Sergeant Ewen M'Naughton . . .	7th April 1815.
Private John M'Naughton . . .	26th September 1809. Died on return from Walcheren Expedition.
„ Matthew M'Neil . . .	25th February 1812.
„ John M'Phail . . .	15th January 1812.
„ Alexander M'Pherson . . .	3rd March 1811.
„ Andrew M'Pherson . . .	3rd February 1812.
Corporal George M'Pherson . . .	14th April 1816. Died in France.
Private Hugh M'Pherson . . .	23rd July 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
„ James M'Pherson . . .	7th June 1811.
„ David M'Quattie . . .	17th June 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo campaign.
Colour-Sergeant James M'Queen . . .	18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
Private Lachlan M'Queen . . .	8th October 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ Duncan M'Rae . . .	19th September 1812. Killed at Burgos.
Corporal James M'Rae . . .	30th December 1810.
Private James M'Rae . . .	5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
Corporal John M'Rae . . .	5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
Private John M'Rae . . .	11th February 1812.
„ Alexander M'Robie . . .	3rd January 1813.
„ John M'Swain . . .	16th July 1810.
„ John M'Tavish . . .	December 1808. Died, Corunna campaign.
Corporal Duncan M'Vicar . . .	3rd February 1809. Died from effects of Corunna campaign.
Private Hugh M'Vicar . . .	26th June 1813.
„ Alexander Manson . . .	10th August 1812.
„ George Manson . . .	1st June 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
„ William Marlburn . . .	10th April 1814. Killed at Toulouse.
Corporal James Marshall . . .	8th September 1811.
„ James Marshall . . .	16th June 1815. Killed at Quatre Bras.
Private James Marshall . . .	5th October 1812. Killed at Burgos.
„ William Marshall . . .	(Date not known.) Died of wounds, Pyrenees.

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Private William Martin 19th July 1812.
„ Thomas Massie 25th December 1813.
Corporal Donald Matheson 1st September 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
Private Greig Matheson . . .	. 3rd April 1810.
Sergeant John Matheson . . .	. 16th October 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
Private Murdoch Matheson . . .	. 26th January 1812.
Drummer Ogilvie Matheson . . .	. 30th September 1813. Died of wounds, Pyrenees.
Private Robert Matheson . . .	. 10th April 1814. Killed at Toulouse.
„ Thomas Matheson . . .	. 18th December 1811.
„ John Matthews . . .	. 5th May 1811. Killed, Fuentes d'Onor.
Corporal Robert Menzies . . .	. 27th March 1813.
Private David Miller . . .	. 18th December 1811.
„ Donald Miller . . .	. 15th February 1809. Died from effects of Corunna campaign.
„ John Miller . . .	. 3rd April 1813.
„ John Miller . . .	. 14th September 1809. Died Corunna campaign.
„ John Miller . . .	. 18th June 1815. Mortally wounded, Waterloo; died same day.
„ William Miller . . .	. 28th December 1815. Died at France.
„ Alexander Mitchell . . .	. 17th April 1809. Died from effects of Corunna campaign.
„ Campbell Mitchell . . .	. 18th September 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ Samuel Mitchell . . .	. 18th June 1815. Mortally wounded at Waterloo; died same day.
„ William Moffatt . . .	. 20th January 1812.
„ Alexander Moncrieff . . .	. 10th April 1814. Killed at Toulouse.
„ William Moncur . . .	. 26th May 1811.
„ James Monro . . .	. 22nd October 1811.
„ Peter Montgomery . . .	. 23rd September 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
Corporal William Montgomery . . .	. 10th April 1814. Killed at Toulouse.
Drummer James Moore . . .	. 10th February 1809. Died from effects of Corunna campaign.
Corporal John Moore . . .	. 8th October 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
Private John Moore . . .	. 12th April 1814.
„ Laurence Moore . . .	. 16th June 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
„ John Morgan . . .	. 7th May 1809. Died from effects of Corunna campaign.
„ Angus Morrison . . .	. 11th June 1811.
„ Archibald Morrison . . .	. 27th July 1809. Killed at Talavera.
„ Donald Morrison . . .	. 27th November 1810.
„ Henry Morrison . . .	. 1st December 1812.
Corporal Joseph Morrison . . .	. 19th January 1809. Died from effects of Corunna campaign.
„ John Mowatt . . .	. 18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
Private John Mowatt . . .	. 5th December 1815. Died in France.
„ Thomas Mully . . .	. 16th June 1815. Killed at Quatre Bras.
Sergeant Alexander Munro . . .	. 18th February 1814.
Private Alexander Munro . . .	. 30th May 1811.
„ Alexander Munro . . .	. 3rd June 1814.
„ David Munro . . .	. 24th October 1808. Died in Corunna campaign.
„ Donald Munro . . .	. 18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
„ James Munro . . .	. 13th April 1814.
Corporal Kenneth Munro . . .	. 2nd October 1810.
Private William Munro . . .	. 31st January 1813.
„ Edward Murdoch . . .	. 28th November 1811.
„ William Murdoch . . .	. 9th August 1810.

APPENDIX B.

Private John Murphy	27th December 1808. Died during Corunna campaign.
„ Angus Murray	28th July 1811.
„ John Murray	17th January 1812.
„ John Murray	28th February 1812.
„ Peter Murray	5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
„ William Murray	5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
„ William Murray	13th December 1812.
„ James Nairn	5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
„ Matthew Naismyth	25th December 1813.
„ James Naughty	16th December 1811.
„ Robert Neill	25th August 1815.
„ Thomas Neil	1st October 1811.
„ Andrew Neven	13th February 1809. Died from effects of Corunna campaign.
„ David Newland	12th September 1809. Died on return from Walcheren.
„ Noah Newstead	24th November 1808. Died in Corunna campaign.
„ Andrew Nicholson	31st May 1814.
„ Alexander Nicolson	31st May 1814.
„ Donald Nicolson	4th October 1810. Died of wounds, Busaco.
„ George Nicolson	5th September 1811.
„ John Nicolson	5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
„ William Nicol	9th December 1811.
„ George Nicoll	29th December 1811.
„ Nicol Nisbett	22nd September 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ Andrew Noble	6th April 1816. Died in France.
Sergeant James Ogilvie	22nd September 1812. Killed at Burgos.
Private James Ogilvie	10th April 1814. Killed at Toulouse.
„ Robert Orrex	16th September 1811.
„ Stephen Pace	25th December 1811.
„ Charles Parattes	15th September 1811.
„ William Paterson	28th September 1812. Died of wounds, Burgos.
„ James M'Kinlay Paton	8th December 1812.
„ George Patrick	11th September 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ Lewis Paul	19th March 1812.
„ James Pearman	3rd May 1812.
„ John Pedley	27th December 1812.
„ Job Pennington	13th January 1812.
„ James Perkins	25th October 1810.
„ John Petkins	21st March 1812.
„ Robert Philips	16th June 1815. Killed at Quatre Bras.
„ John Pickard	10th April 1814. Killed at Toulouse.
„ Joseph Pollock	2nd October 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ William Pollock	6th May 1811.
„ Alexander Polson	9th October 1812. Killed at Burgos.
„ John Porter	23rd December 1812.
„ Edward Queen	11th October 1812. Died of wound, Burgos.
„ James Raeburn	12th February 1815.
„ William Rainy	5th September 1811.
„ Alexander Rankin	7th February 1809. Died from effects of Corunna campaign.
„ Andrew Rankin	9th November 1811.
„ Duncan Rankin	10th April 1814. Killed at Toulouse.
„ John Rankin	2nd September 1811.
„ Thomas Raper	8th January 1809. Died in Corunna campaign.
Corporal Robert Reid	17th May 1814.

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Private John Reid	30th September 1809. Died after landing from Walcheren.
„ John Ridgen	18th June 1809.
„ Edward Roberts	Wounded, Waterloo campaign, and not heard of again; struck off as dead on 16th May 1816.
„ Archibald Robertson	15th March 1811. Killed at Foz d'Aronce.
Sergeant John Robertson	29th December 1812.
Private Robert Robertson	5th August 1811.
„ William Robertson	18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
„ Thomas Robinson	2nd June 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
„ Simon Rose	25th August 1812.
„ David Ross	4th August 1813.
„ David Ross	2nd January 1814.
„ James Ross	27th December 1812.
„ John Ross	5th February 1809. Died from effects of Corunna campaign.
„ John Ross	19th August 1811.
„ Joseph Ross	6th May 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
„ Malcolm Ross	23rd January 1809. Died from effects of Corunna campaign.
„ Robert Ross	19th February 1814.
„ William Ross	27th September 1810. Killed at Busaco.
„ William Ross	17th February 1810.
„ John Rowe	19th April 1812.
„ James Rudd	1st January 1809. Died, Corunna campaign.
„ William Russell	1st January 1809. Died, Corunna campaign.
„ Alexander Sanderson	23rd August 1812.
„ George Sangster	19th January 1809. Died from effects of Corunna campaign.
„ George Saunders	9th October 1813.
„ Samuel Saundison	10th July 1812.
„ John Scott	6th January 1812.
„ Owen Scott	3rd June 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
„ John Shambeaux	15th January 1814.
„ James Sharp	18th November 1811.
„ John Shaw	16th June 1815. Killed at Quatre Bras.
„ James Shearer	24th July 1813. Murdered by brigands in Spain.
„ Edward Shepherd	11th December 1812.
„ Matthew Shepherd	18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
„ Edward Sherratt	2nd September 1812.
„ Alexander Sinclair	3rd May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
„ Archibald Sinclair	29th January 1813.
„ Donald Sinclair	21st February 1811.
Corporal James Sinclair	6th July 1810.
Private James Sinclair	1st February 1814.
„ John Sinclair	1st October 1812. Died of wounds, Burgos.
„ George Skene	8th May 1810.
„ John Smeaton	27th January 1813.
„ Donald Smith	21st August 1812.
„ Hugh Smith	27th September 1810. Killed at Busaco.
„ James Smith	8th November 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ Peter Smith	1st November 1811.
„ Daniel Southwell	16th June 1815. Killed at Quatre Bras.
Sergeant Henry Southwood	April 1809. Died at Lisbon.
Private George Spark	5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.

APPENDIX B.

Private Thomas Steel	5th October 1812. Killed at Burgos.
„ Robert Stevens	10th April 1814. Killed at Toulouse.
„ William Stevens	17th September 1811.
„ David Stevenson	4th January 1812.
„ Hamilton Stevenson	10th April 1814. Killed at Toulouse.
Corporal Alexander Stewart	21st June 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo campaign.
Private Alexander Stewart	15th February 1811.
„ David Stewart	30th January 1814.
„ James Stewart	19th December 1811.
„ James Stewart	30th May 1816. Died in France.
„ John Stewart	1st December 1811.
„ John Stewart	19th December 1811.
„ Robert Stewart	24th April 1814. Died of wounds, Toulouse.
„ Ronald Stewart	14th February 1810.
„ Walter Stewart	4th August 1810.
„ William Stewart	21st March 1812.
„ William Stewart	25th February 1811.
„ William Stewart	19th October 1812. Died of wounds, Burgos.
„ William Stewart	December 1808. Missing; believed to have died in Corunna retreat.
„ William Stewart	27th July 1809. Killed at Talavera.
„ Alexander Sutherland	27th July 1809. Killed at Talavera.
„ Angus Sutherland	20th September 1812. Died of wounds, siege of Burgos.
Drummer Angus Sutherland	14th March 1810.
Private Daniel Sutherland	25th December 1811.
„ David Sutherland	27th January 1813.
Sergeant Donald Sutherland	28th July 1813. Killed at Pyrenees.
Private Donald Sutherland	28th June 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo campaign.
„ Donald Sutherland	23rd September 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ George Sutherland	12th January 1809. Died from effects of Corunna campaign.
„ Henry Sutherland	1st July 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo campaign.
„ Hugh Sutherland	9th December 1813. Died of wounds, Nive.
„ James Sutherland	24th October 1812. Killed at Burgos.
„ James Sutherland	3rd December 1812.
„ John Sutherland	20th March 1809. Died from effects of Corunna campaign.
„ John Sutherland	5th May 1811. Killed, Fuentes d'Onor.
„ John Sutherland	11th September 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ John Sutherland	9th October 1812. Killed at Burgos.
Corporal Robert Sutherland	4th September 1814.
Private Robert Sutherland	21st November 1812.
„ William Sutherland	28th October 1808. Died, Corunna campaign.
„ William Sutherland	Severely wounded, Waterloo campaign. Not heard of again; struck off as dead on the 16th May 1816.
„ William Sutherland	24th October 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ David Swan	24th September 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ Donald Swanson	30th September 1810. Died of wounds, Busaco.
„ Donald Swanson	19th January 1809. Died from effects of Corunna campaign.
„ Henry Swanson	28th September 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ John Swanson	8th September 1809. Died after landing from Walcheren.
„ John Swanson	5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.

DEATH-ROLL OF PENINSULA AND WATERLOO. 323

Private William Taggart . . .	9th December 1813. Killed at Nive.
„ Andrew Taylor . . .	14th November 1811.
„ William Taylor . . .	24th October 1812. Died of wounds, siege of Burgos.
„ John Telford . . .	14th January 1813.
„ David Thom . . .	11th April 1814.
„ James Thom . . .	18th April 1812.
„ John Thomson . . .	3rd May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
„ Peter Thomson . . .	1st December 1811.
„ Thomas Thomson . . .	9th December 1813. Killed at Nive.
„ William Thomson . . .	24th September 1812. Killed at Burgos.
„ George Todd . . .	24th December 1811.
„ Moore Todd . . .	5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
Corporal William Townsend . . .	22nd February 1810.
Private Thomas Toy . . .	3rd November 1812. Missing; most probably killed at Burgos.
„ Thomas Train . . .	18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.
„ Peter Turner . . .	12th September 1811.
„ John Tweedie . . .	11th January 1811.
„ Andrew Tyrie . . .	16th June 1815. Killed at Quatre Bras.
„ Duncan Urquhart . . .	9th December 1813. Killed at Nive.
„ Hugh Urquhart . . .	25th October 1812. Died at siege of Burgos.
„ David Vass . . .	10th August 1810.
„ John Wade . . .	1st February 1812.
„ Charles Walker . . .	12th February 1815.
Sergeant John Walker . . .	19th September 1812. Killed at Burgos.
„ Robert Walker . . .	5th December 1811.
Private Thomas Walman . . .	10th April 1814. Killed at Toulouse.
„ James Walsh . . .	Wounded, Waterloo campaign. Not heard of again; struck off as dead on 16th May 1816.
„ William Walton . . .	11th December 1815. Died in France.
„ Hugh Watson . . .	5th March 1814.
„ John Watson . . .	13th September 1811.
„ John Watson . . .	Dangerously wounded, Waterloo campaign; not heard of again. Struck off as dead on the 16th May 1816.
„ James Watt . . .	6th December 1811.
„ Joseph Watt . . .	3rd May 1812.
„ George Waters . . .	5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
„ John Watterson . . .	30th July 1813. Killed, Pyrenees.
„ Daniel Weir . . .	Severely wounded, Waterloo campaign; not heard of again. Struck off as dead on 16th May 1816.
„ James Weir . . .	25th November 1812.
„ Edward Whale . . .	10th December 1812.
„ John Wharton . . .	23rd May 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
„ John White . . .	5th May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
„ James Whitelaw . . .	8th October 1812. Killed at Burgos.
„ John Williamson . . .	9th February 1814.
„ William Williamson . . .	15th April 1811.
„ William Williamson . . .	5th June 1811. Died of wounds, Fuentes d'Onor.
„ John Willox . . .	28th September 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
„ John Wilson . . .	21st August 1813.
„ Seton Wilson . . .	17th November 1812. Died, siege of Burgos.
Corporal William Wilson . . .	24th August 1813. Died of wounds, Pyrenees.
Private William Wilson . . .	18th August 1811.
„ Thomas Wood . . .	17th November 1811.
„ Thomas Woodcock . . .	15th November 1813.

Private James Wyness	10th April 1814. Killed at Toulouse.
„ David Yeaman	3rd May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
„ Earl Young	18th February 1812.
„ James Young	3rd May 1811. Killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
„ James Young	23rd August 1815. Died of wounds, Waterloo campaign.
„ John Young	27th September 1810. Killed at Busaco.
„ John Young	15th June 1811.
„ John Young	28th May 1814.
„ Robert Young	18th June 1815. Killed at Waterloo.

9. The following Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Men of the 79th Cameron Highlanders died in France in the years 1817 and 1818.

1817.¹

Sergeant James Bain	17th June.
Corporal Alexander Clarke	7th February.
Private Angus Cameron	2nd September. (Died at Chatham, having been invalided from France.)
„ John Collie	17th January.
„ Michael Connell	13th January.
„ Hugh Fraser	15th March.
„ Finlay Robertson	7th May.
„ Hugh Sinclair	26th July.

1818.

Lieutenant James Cameron	(At Blandecques.)
Private William Baird	2nd February.
„ George Campbell	19th April.
„ John Gilchrist	8th July.
„ Charles M'Intosh	21st October.
„ Alexander Reid	29th July.
„ Robert Wilson	4th October.

10. Roll of Non-Commissioned Officers and Men of the 79th Cameron Highlanders who died in Canada during the stay of the Regiment, 1825-36.

1826. Privates William Athost, John Creighton, George Henderson, Alexander M'Millan, and George Veitch.

1827. Drum-Major William M'Nair; Privates Rose Coghill, John King, Alexander M'Donald, and George Melville.

¹ On the 17th of December 1817, Lieutenant John M'Arthur was drowned on passage to join the regiment between Dover and Calais.

1828. Privates John Bain, Joseph Blair, George Forbes, and William Wallace.
 1829. Private James Cunningham.
 1830. Sergeant James M'Donald; Privates John M'Kay, Alexander M'Kenzie, Donald M'Kenzie, Robert Miller, William Sinclair, George Stewart, and Maurice Tobin.
 1831. Corporal Donald Keith; Privates William Blissett, William Brown, Alan Cameron, Hugh Cameron, James Chisholm, John Cockburn, John M'Garry, Samuel M'Garry, Donald M'Phee, John Turnbull, and John Walker.
 1832. Drum-Major James Lee; Colour-Sergeant James M'Laggan; Privates William Archibald, Andrew Henderson, Alexander Jones, William M'Intosh, George M'Kay, John M'Kay, Henry Norrie, Hugh Paton, Robert Purdie, George Thompson, and Alexander Weir.
 1833. Corporal George Dye; Drummer Abraham Reid; Privates John Ayrd, Michael Mirron, Thomas Neilly, Robert Patrick, and George Stewart.
 1834. Corporal John Corner; Privates Thomas Anderson, Alexander Bell, Colin Dunlop, James Gavan, John Gray, Alexander Henderson, John Lawson, John M'Donald, Hector M'Kenzie, Isaac M'Kenzie, Donald M'Rae, Alexander Malcolm, Alexander Munro, James Pattison, and Thomas Pringle.
 1835. Colour-Sergeant Andrew Dalgleish; Privates Donald M'Kay, George Scrimger, and Thomas Smith.
 1836. Corporal Thomas M'Combe; Privates Alexander Buchanan, Andrew Fraser, Duncan M'Callum, John M'Kenzie, Thomas Marr, John Murdoch, William Smith, William Watt, and William Waugh.

II. Casualties in the Crimea.

I.

BATTLE OF THE ALMA.

- Killed*.—Privates John Baird and James Watson.
Wounded.—Privates J. Anderson, J. Browne, T. Chapman, J. Dunbar, W. Kilgower, E. M'Luskie, and W. Thom.

SIEGE OF SEBASTOPOL.—KILLED.

- | | |
|--|--|
| Private John Auld, 8th September 1855. | Private William Douglas, 11th August 1855. |
| „ John Beaton, 23rd June 1855. | „ Ronald M'Bean, 27th June 1855. |
| „ George Conn, 13th August 1855. | „ David Marshall, 19th August 1855. |

SIEGE OF SEBASTOPOL.—DIED OF WOUNDS.

- Sergeant Alexander M'Kay, 20th Sept. 1855. Private Charles Howden, 19th August 1855.

SIEGE OF SEBASTOPOL.—WOUNDED.

- | | |
|--|--|
| Lieutenant D. H. M'Barnet, 16th August 1855. | Private J. Cruickshanks, 8th September 1855. |
| Assistant-Surgeon E. L. Lundy, 29th July 1855. | „ J. Dunlop, 8th September 1855. |
| Sergeant J. Anderson, 8th September 1855. | „ J. Gortley, 19th August 1855. |
| „ J. M'Laren, 13th August 1855. | „ P. Gray. |
| Corporal J. Brown, 16th August 1855. | „ T. Hamilton, 6th July 1855. |
| Private J. Borthwick, 8th September 1855. | „ W. Hastie, 19th August 1855. |
| „ J. Bremner, 8th September 1855. | „ W. Kelly, 19th August 1855. |
| „ P. Brodie, 16th August 1855. | „ T. Leith (1), 6th July 1855. |
| „ H. Campbell, 5th July 1855. | „ T. Leith (2), 19th August 1855. |
| | „ J. Lindsay, 19th August 1855. |
| | „ G. Machray, 8th Sept. 1855. |

Private (No. 2215) J. Machray, 8th Sept. 1855.	Private H. M'Vey, 17th July 1855.
„ (No. 2912) J. Machray, 8th Sept. 1855.	„ A. Maxwell, 19th August 1855.
„ J. M'Cormick, 8th September 1855.	„ W. Mitchell, 26th July 1855.
„ C. M'Culloch, 19th August 1855.	„ R. Rae, 4th August 1855.
„ R. M'Donald, 29th July 1855.	„ A. Sanderson.
„ W. M'Ginty, 29th July 1855.	„ J. Sweeney, 29th July 1855.
„ D. M'Gregor, 26th July 1855.	„ J. Urquhart, 4th August 1855.
„ J. M'Gregor, 8th September 1855.	„ G. Vershaw, 5th July 1855.
„ J. M'Lellan, 8th September 1855.	„ J. Watson, 5th July 1855.
„ J. M'Millan, 19th August 1855.	

II.

**Roll of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Men
of the 79th Cameron Highlanders who were
killed in Action or died of Wounds or
Disease in Turkey and the Crimea, 1854-56.**

Colonel the Honourable Lauderdale Maule.¹ Died in Turkey, 1st August 1854.

Lieutenant-Colonel Edmond James Elliot. Died of cholera at Givrakla, near Varna, 12th August 1854.

Lieutenant-Colonel James Ferguson. Died on board ship on 6th August 1854. (He was being invalided home.)

Captain Adam Maitland. Died in the Crimea, 7th October 1854.

Lieutenant Francis Augustus Grant. Died of cholera before Sebastopol, 1st October 1854.

Lieutenant Francis Joseph Harrison. Died at Varna, 21st August 1854.

Dr Richard James Mackenzie. Died of cholera on the heights of Belbek, 25th September 1854.

Colour-Sergeant George Milne 19th September 1854.

Sergeant John Armstrong . 29th June 1855.

„ David Brown . 29th April 1855.

„ Alexander M'Kay . 20th September 1855. Died of wounds, siege of Sebastopol.

„ John M'Kim . 30th December 1854.

„ James M'Laren . 10th February 1855.

„ William Morrison . 9th January 1855.

„ James Smith . 4th February 1855.

„ James Wallace . 2nd November 1854.

„ Walter Wilson . 12th March 1855.

Corporal Daniel Blackwood . 28th March 1855.

„ Hugh Brotherton . 21st March 1855.

„ Alexander Ferguson . 23rd March 1855.

„ James Stewart Fernie 31st December 1854.

„ William James . 3rd August 1855.

„ John Kerr . 12th February 1855.

„ James M'Niven . 4th April 1855.

„ James M'Pherson . 11th April 1855.

„ David Murrie . 23rd April 1855.

„ Thomas Robertson . 17th December 1854.

¹ Colonel the Honourable Lauderdale Maule was on the Staff of the Eastern Army as Assistant Adjutant-General.

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Corporal James Smith .	.	30th January 1855.
,, William Thom .	.	30th January 1855.
,, James Waters .	.	26th March 1855.
,, James Watson .	.	29th March 1855.
,, Robert Wilson .	.	16th April 1855.
Piper Charles Donald .	.	22nd November 1854.
,, Andrew M'Rae .	.	8th December 1854.
Drummer Thomas May .	.	30th December 1854.
Private William Abbot .	.	24th March 1855.
,, James Alcorn .	.	13th May 1855.
,, George Alexander .	.	1st December 1854.
,, James Alexander .	.	26th January 1855.
,, Duncan Allan .	.	12th September 1855.
,, James Allan .	.	26th February 1855.
,, George Anderson .	.	21st March 1855.
,, Hugh Anderson .	.	17th January 1855.
,, James Anderson .	.	21st January 1855.
,, John Anderson .	.	(Date not known.) Died on passage from Balaclava to Scutari.
,, Donald Angus .	.	6th May 1855.
,, John Angus .	.	21st January 1855.
,, Donald Auld .	.	8th September 1855. Killed at siege of Sebastopol.
,, John Baird .	.	20th September 1854. Killed at the Alma.
,, James Ballantyne .	.	7th June 1855.
,, James Balmer .	.	12th April 1855.
,, Alexander Bartie .	.	16th November 1854.
,, Hugh H. Baxter .	.	18th December 1854.
,, Matthew Baxter .	.	16th August 1854.
,, William Baxter .	.	15th March 1855.
,, John Beaton .	.	23rd June 1855. Killed at siege of Sebastopol.
,, Joseph Berry .	.	29th April 1855.
,, Simon Bisset .	.	4th October 1854.
,, Adam Black .	.	22nd February 1855.
,, Clemence Black .	.	24th January 1855.
,, David Black .	.	26th October 1854.
,, Thomas Bodman .	.	17th November 1854.
,, George Bourne .	.	23rd March 1855.
,, John Boyd .	.	4th January 1855.
,, George Brands .	.	17th March 1855.
,, Charles Brook .	.	(Date not known.) Died on passage from Balaclava to Scutari.
,, Henry Brown .	.	16th February 1855.
,, James Brown .	.	26th June 1855.
,, Thomas Brown .	.	16th November 1854.
,, William C. Brown .	.	26th February 1855.
,, David Bruce .	.	13th May 1855.
,, Robert Bruce .	.	14th March 1855.
,, John Butler .	.	1st January 1855.
,, Peter Cameron .	.	2nd March 1855.
,, William Cameron .	.	Missing at Kertch, 8th June 1855 (unaccounted for, probably drowned while bathing).
,, Alexander Campbell .	.	29th November 1854.
,, Hugh Campbell .	.	1st February 1855.
,, Walter Campbell .	.	19th January 1855.
,, William Campbell .	.	27th January 1855.
,, David Carruth .	.	1st July 1855.
,, James Carson .	.	9th December 1854.

APPENDIX B.

Private John Chalmers .	. 3rd April 1855.
„ Thomas Chalmers .	. 7th January 1855.
„ William Chalmers .	. 2nd February 1855.
„ Alexander Chisholm .	. 24th September 1854.
„ Peter Christie .	. (Date not known.) Died on passage from Balaclava to Scutari.
„ Thomas Christie .	. 9th February 1855.
„ John Clark .	. 8th April 1855.
„ Peter Clarke .	. 11th November 1854.
„ Andrew Cochrane .	. 18th December 1854.
„ Robert Cochrane .	. 26th February 1855.
„ George Conn .	. 13th August 1855. Killed at siege of Sebastopol.
„ Robert M. Cook .	. 30th May 1855.
„ James Connelly .	. 18th January 1855.
„ Herbert Corbet .	. 30th March 1855.
„ George Coutts .	. 3rd December 1854.
„ Robert Craig .	. 20th August 1854.
„ George Crawford .	. 5th October 1854.
„ John Cries .	. 21st March 1855.
„ Alexander Crombie .	. 16th October 1854.
„ Henry Cross .	. 6th February 1855.
„ Archibald Cruikshanks .	. 20th February 1855.
„ David Cunningham .	. 5th November 1854.
„ James Dawson .	. 16th November 1854.
„ James Davidson .	. (Date not known.) Died on passage from Balaclava to Scutari.
„ Dennis Desmond .	. 26th February 1856.
„ William Dinan .	. 6th May 1855.
„ Robert Dodds .	. 25th March 1855.
„ William Donaldson .	. 29th March 1855.
„ James Douglas .	. 13th February 1855.
„ William Douglas .	. 11th August 1855. Killed at siege of Sebastopol.
„ Peter Drummond .	. 20th February 1855.
„ Robert Drummond .	. 25th January 1855.
„ David Drysdale .	. 24th December 1854.
„ James Duffy .	. (Date not known.) Died on passage from Balaclava to Scutari.
„ John Dumfield .	. 13th December 1854.
„ Christopher Dunn .	. 24th January 1855.
„ James Edwards .	. 22nd December 1854.
„ Thomas H. Elder .	. 1st April 1855.
„ James Ellice .	. 20th September 1854.
„ David Esplin .	. 2nd October 1854.
„ Alexander Ewen .	. 5th October 1854.
„ Andrew Ewing .	. 1st October 1854.
„ Seadon Ewing .	. 15th August 1854.
„ Robert Fairbairn .	. 6th April 1855.
„ Robert Falconer .	. 17th February 1855.
„ Alexander Finlay .	. 26th February 1855.
„ John Finlayson .	. 12th August 1854.
„ Robert D. Fleming .	. 10th April 1855.
„ James Forrester .	. 9th December 1854.
„ John Fowler .	. 5th July 1855.
„ Alexander Fraser .	. 21st September 1854.
„ Donald Fraser .	. 4th December 1854.
„ James Fraser .	. 4th November 1854.
„ William Fraser .	. 27th July 1854.
„ David Gardiner .	. 3rd January 1855.

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Private William Garrow . .	15th November 1854.
„ William Gaylor . .	15th January 1855.
„ Henry Gibbs . .	31st October 1854.
„ James Gillespie . .	9th November 1854.
„ James Gilson . .	2nd May 1855.
„ Alexander Gordon . .	30th October 1854.
„ William Gordon . .	1st May 1855.
„ George Gortley . .	17th October 1854.
„ Hugh Gray . .	4th October 1854.
„ John Gray . .	30th September 1854.
„ John Greig . .	25th December 1854.
„ Donald Gunn . .	1st January 1855.
„ William Hagnie . .	30th January 1855.
„ William Hall . .	3rd August 1854.
„ Hugh Hamilton . .	10th March 1855.
„ Robert Hamilton (1) . .	3rd October 1854.
„ Robert Hamilton (2) . .	15th February 1855.
„ John Hart . .	20th September 1854.
„ Alexander Hay (1) . .	2nd March 1855.
„ Alexander Hay (2) . .	15th March 1855.
„ William Hay . .	9th May 1855.
„ William Hayes . .	18th February 1855.
„ George Henderson . .	19th January 1855.
„ John Henderson . .	6th February 1855.
„ William Henry . .	18th February 1855.
„ John Holmes . .	4th January 1856.
„ James Hood . .	24th March 1855.
„ Charles Horn . .	22nd September 1854.
„ John Howat . .	6th June 1855.
„ Charles Howden . .	19th August 1855. Died of wounds, siege of Sebastopol.
„ Robert Inglis . .	5th April 1855.
„ Graham Jack . .	8th March 1855.
„ James Jamieson . .	6th April 1855.
„ Robert Jamieson . .	12th January 1855.
„ John Jenkins . .	5th January 1855.
„ Thomas Jones . .	28th January 1855.
„ John Johnstone . .	26th January 1855.
„ Neil Johnstone . .	12th June 1855.
„ John Kerr . .	12th January 1855.
„ William W. Kerr . .	22nd August 1854.
„ James Kigie . .	21st November 1854.
„ Hugh Kinnan . .	7th January 1855.
„ Joseph Kirk . .	2nd October 1854.
„ James Kyle . .	27th December 1854.
„ Peter Lafferty . .	6th March 1855.
„ James Lammond . .	11th November 1854.
„ Andrew Law . .	20th March 1855.
„ James Law . .	30th September 1854.
„ William Leedham . .	30th March 1855.
„ James Littlejohn . .	20th January 1855.
„ Robert Lockhart . .	7th November 1854.
„ Andrew Logan . .	21st March 1855.
„ James Logan . .	24th March 1855.
„ David Low . .	13th March 1855.
„ John Lowe . .	4th August 1855.

APPENDIX B.

Private James Lumsden .	. 22nd June 1855.
„ Coll M'Allister .	. 12th November 1854.
„ John M'Aulay .	. 12th March 1855.
„ Peter M'Bain .	. 27th December 1854.
„ Ronald M'Bean .	. 27th June 1855. Killed at siege of Sebastopol.
„ Donald M'Beath .	. 3rd January 1855.
„ John M'Clay .	. 10th February 1855.
„ James M'Culloch .	. 6th October 1854.
„ Lockhart M'Donald .	. 6th November 1854.
„ Thomas M'Donald .	. 11th March 1855.
„ Francis M'Ewen .	. 29th January 1855.
„ James M'Ewen .	. 7th January 1855.
„ Peter M'Ewen .	. 25th January 1855.
„ John M'Fadyen .	. 11th December 1854.
„ Peter M'Guire .	. 19th September 1854.
„ James M'Hardie .	. 8th November 1854.
„ Duncan M'Intosh .	. 2nd September 1854.
„ Francis M'Intosh .	. 21st March 1855.
„ George M'Intosh .	. 2nd December 1855.
„ Archibald M'Intyre .	. 10th November 1854.
„ Duncan M'Intyre .	. 9th January 1855.
„ John M'Kay .	. 13th October 1854.
„ Kenneth M'Kay .	. 18th March 1855.
„ Alexander M'Kenzie .	(Date not known.) Died on passage from Balaclava to Scutari.
„ William Mackie .	. 11th September 1854.
„ Robert M'Kinlay .	. 20th July 1855.
„ Donald M'Laggan .	(Date not known.) Died on passage from Balaclava to Scutari.
„ Andrew M'Lean .	. 2nd April 1856.
„ Alexander M'Lean .	. 16th January 1855.
„ Duncan M'Lean .	. 13th March 1855.
„ Robert M'Learn .	. 10th November 1854.
„ George M'Nair .	. 30th December 1854.
„ Angus M'Naughton .	. 1st August 1856. Died at Dover after return of regiment to England.
„ David M'Pherson .	(Date not known.) Died on passage from Balaclava to Scutari.
„ John M'Rae .	. 19th January 1855.
„ Magnus M'Rae .	. 15th December 1854.
„ Robert Marks .	. 31st January 1855.
„ David Marshall (1) .	. 18th September 1854.
„ David Marshall (2) .	. 19th August 1855. Killed at siege of Sebastopol.
„ William Martin .	(Date not known.) Died on passage from Balaclava to Scutari.
„ William Mayes .	. 14th August 1854.
„ William Meadows .	. 21st April 1855.
„ John Melrose .	. 5th October 1854.
„ William Minnie .	. 15th February 1855.
„ James Michie .	. 25th April 1855.
„ Alexander Miller .	. 24th February 1855.
„ George Miller .	. 28th March 1855.
„ James Miller .	. October 1854.
„ Alexander Milne .	. 11th November 1854.
„ George Milne .	. 11th January 1855.
„ William Mines .	. 12th January 1855.
„ Alexander Mitchell .	. 17th February 1855.
„ Robert Mitchell .	. 13th April 1855.
„ Hugh Moffatt .	. 16th September 1854.

DEATH-ROLL OF TURKEY AND THE CRIMEA. 331

Private James Moir . . .	1st October 1854.
„ Thomas Moore . . .	26th March 1855.
„ David Morrison . . .	27th September 1854.
„ John Morrison . . .	8th March 1855.
„ John W. Muir . . .	31st October 1854.
„ John Muir . . .	26th October 1854.
„ John Munro . . .	9th November 1854.
„ Andrew Murray . . .	21st January 1855.
„ William Murray . . .	11th November 1854.
„ Henry Mutch . . .	13th April 1855.
„ David Neil . . .	28th September 1854.
„ Joseph Neil . . .	3rd March 1855.
„ Robert Newton . . .	24th September 1854.
„ John Nicolson . . .	25th February 1855.
„ Nichol Nicolson . . .	16th January 1855.
„ Thomas Niven . . .	8th April 1855.
„ Thomas Norman . . .	26th October 1854.
„ Hunter Ogilvie . . .	7th March 1855.
„ William Oman . . .	21st March 1855.
„ Andrew Orrick . . .	3rd February 1855.
„ Thomas Osborne . . .	18th November 1854.
„ Alexander Paterson . . .	9th August 1854.
„ John Paterson (1) . . .	28th April 1855.
„ John Paterson (2) . . .	1st December 1854.
„ William Paterson . . .	1st January 1855.
„ John Paton . . .	8th February 1855.
„ Thomas Pauline . . .	24th September 1854.
„ Joseph Paxton . . .	17th May 1855.
„ Hugh Penman . . .	16th January 1855.
„ Samuel Pentland . . .	27th August 1854.
„ David Petrie . . .	8th April 1855.
„ Michael Petrie . . .	1st December 1854.
„ Charles Poole . . .	20th October 1854.
„ James Pram . . .	1st April 1855.
„ James Proud . . .	26th September 1854.
„ James Provost . . .	25th September 1854.
„ James Ragg . . .	2nd November 1854.
„ Andrew Ramsay . . .	(Date not known.) Died on passage from Balaclova to Scutari.
„ Robert Rankin . . .	7th March 1855.
„ George Reid . . .	17th September 1854.
„ John Reid . . .	January 1855.
„ Robert Rennie . . .	17th September 1854.
„ James Robb . . .	26th April 1855.
„ John Robb . . .	30th June 1855.
„ David Robertson . . .	17th September 1854.
„ George Robertson . . .	11th March 1856.
„ James Robertson . . .	4th November 1854.
„ Murdoch Robertson . . .	17th November 1854.
„ Thomas Robertson . . .	21st September 1854.
„ Alexander Robey . . .	27th January 1855.
„ Lachlan Rose . . .	13th January 1855.
„ John Ross . . .	29th December 1854.
„ Alexander Roy . . .	(Date not known.) Died on passage from Balaclova to Scutari.
„ Angus Russell . . .	16th June 1855.
„ John Russell . . .	9th May 1855.

APPENDIX B.

Private William Russell (1)	.	5th February 1855.
„ William Russell (2)	.	3rd March 1855.
„ James Rutherford	.	5th February 1855.
„ James Ruxton	.	6th January 1855.
„ James Scott (1)	.	31st July 1854.
„ James Scott (2)	.	29th December 1854.
„ John Scott	.	15th June 1855.
„ William Scott	.	18th April 1855.
„ David Scoular	.	30th November 1854.
„ Joseph Seaman	.	30th October 1854.
„ James Shaw	.	20th June 1855.
„ Alexander Shearer	.	31st January 1855.
„ Hall Segley	.	11th December 1854.
„ John Simpson	.	22nd September 1854.
„ Angus Sinclair	.	10th February 1855.
„ James Sinclair	.	14th January 1855.
„ Robert Sloss	.	2nd April 1855.
„ David Smith	.	7th May 1855.
„ Henry Smith	.	26th August 1855.
„ John Smith	.	27th March 1855.
„ Thomas Smith	.	4th January 1855.
„ William Smith	.	15th September 1854.
„ Mark Sprott	.	23rd September 1854.
„ James Stanton	.	16th February 1855.
„ James Stevenson	.	22nd September 1854.
„ Robert Stevenson	.	12th October 1855.
„ James Stewart	.	12th February 1855.
„ John Stewart (1)	.	12th January 1855.
„ John Stewart (2)	.	3rd February 1855.
„ John Stewart (3)	.	1st March 1855.
„ William Still	.	7th October 1854.
„ Henderson Stobie	.	20th March 1855.
„ Donald Stoddart	.	Missing, 16th May 1855. (Unaccounted for.)
„ David Storrier	.	14th October 1854.
„ Alexander Summers	.	1st October 1855.
„ Alexander Sutherland	.	15th March 1855.
„ Angus Sutherland	.	5th October 1854.
„ Henry Sutherland	.	25th March 1855.
„ John H. Sutherland	.	18th February 1855.
„ John Swan	.	28th March 1855.
„ Sinclair Swanson	.	20th March 1855.
„ John Sweeney	.	20th April 1855.
„ Robert Swinton	.	16th February 1855.
„ John Syme	.	3rd February 1855.
„ James Taylor	.	7th January 1855.
„ James Thomson	.	10th November 1854.
„ Robert Thomson	.	13th June 1855.
„ Robert Thornton	.	12th August 1855.
„ John Tully	.	(Date not known.) Died on passage from Balaclava to Scutari.
„ Thomas Turnbull	.	8th October 1854.
„ John Urquhart	.	4th August 1855.
„ James Vick	.	(Date not known.) Died on passage from Balaclava to Scutari.
„ Thomas Walker	.	17th November 1854.
„ Alexander Watson	.	13th August 1855.
„ David Watson	.	4th January 1855.

Private James Watson . . .	20th September 1854. Killed at the Alma.
" John Watson . . .	12th January 1855.
" David Webster . . .	10th September 1854.
" George Webster . . .	8th March 1855.
" George Weir . . .	7th January 1855.
" James Weir . . .	23rd February 1855.
" Robert Weir . . .	23rd March 1855.
" James Whelan . . .	22nd February 1855.
" William Whitehead . . .	20th January 1855.
" Hugh Williams . . .	17th February 1855.
" Patrick Williams . . .	11th September 1854.
" Andrew Wilson . . .	2nd April 1855.
" James Wilson . . .	4th November 1854.
" Peter Wilson . . .	7th February 1855.
" Thomas Wilson . . .	21st February 1855.
" William Wilson . . .	14th February 1855.
" Robert Wingham . . .	11th February 1855.
" Andrew Winks . . .	13th June 1855.
" Joseph Wood . . .	6th February 1855.
" David Young . . .	20th April 1855.
" James Young . . .	17th September 1854.

(Includes one man, Private Angus M'Naughton, who died in England very shortly after the regiment returned from the Crimea.)

I2. Indian Mutiny.

I.

List of Casualties in the 79th Cameron Highlanders during the siege of Lucknow, 2nd to 21st of March 1858.

Killed.—Sergeant William Davie and Private John Rankin. Sergeant James Blyth died on the 20th of March from the effects of a gunpowder explosion which took place on the 17th.

Died of wounds.—Lance-Corporal James Malcolm; Privates James Harrison, James Miller, Thomas Munro, and James Ritchie.

In addition to the foregoing, the following officers, non-commissioned officers, and men were wounded at the siege of Lucknow:—

Captain G. M. Miller and Ensign Thain; Sergeant James M'Laren; Corporal James M'Donald; Lance-Corporal Robert Fraser; Privates George Andrews, John Brown, Robert Darge, Robert Dick, Patrick Dooley, John Downie, William Gregory, Peter Jack, Thomas Kyne, George Lafferty, James Logan, Thomas M'Bay, Hugh M'Intosh, James M'Kinnon, Michael Meany, John Morgan, William Taylor, and John Todd.

APPENDIX B.

List of Casualties at other engagements during the Indian Mutiny.

ATTACK ON FORT ROOYAH, 15th April 1858.

Privates Peter M'Graw (died of wounds), John Christie, and G. Midwinter wounded.

ACTION AT BAREILLY, 5th May 1858.

Privates J. Lafferty and S. M'Keown wounded.

STORMING OF RAMPORE KUSSIA, 3rd November 1858.

Killed.—Privates Robert Adams and James Edwards.

Wounded.—Sergeants Daniel Baker and Robert Hay; Privates Peter Clarke and Peter Munro,—the latter succumbed to his wounds the following day; there were also three other privates wounded whose names are not obtainable.

PASSAGE OF THE RIVER GOGRA, 27th November 1858.

Sergeant James Weir and Private Andrew Hay wounded.

12. India.

II.

List of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Men of the 79th Cameron Highlanders who died in India from 1857 to 1871, including those who were killed in Action or died of Wounds or Disease during the suppression of the Indian Mutiny.

Captain Donald M'Donald	28th August 1871.
„ Simon George Newport	6th December 1860.
Lieutenant Thomas Ballard Dougal ¹	6th November 1863. Killed on picquet.
„ Thomas Sheridan Gore Jones ¹	18th November 1863. Killed in action.
Surgeon-Major Andrew Knox Drysdale	10th September 1869.
Sergeant-Major Robert Rankin	17th March 1871.
Colour-Sergeant William Geddes	7th November 1859.
„ George Gibson	1st April 1871.
„ Robert Naughton	27th February 1858.
„ James Scott	12th January 1863.
„ James Spence	23rd April 1858.
Orderly-Room-Sergeant John Allison	22nd June 1858.
Sergeant John Angus	15th June 1865.
„ James Blyth	20th March 1858. Died from effects of an explosion of gunpowder which took place on 17th March.
„ Donald Boyd	14th September 1869.
„ Thomas Brown	11th April 1859.
„ William Brown	30th October 1858.

¹ Lieutenants Dougal and Jones were doing duty with the 71st Highlanders at the time of their death.

Sergeant Archibald Clark	4th May 1865.
" William Davie	10th March 1858. Killed in action.
Orderly-Room-Clerk William Douglas	13th September 1867.
Armourer-Sergeant William Fletcher	11th April 1864.
Sergeant Thomas Gray	31st July 1864.
" Henry Henderson	21st June 1869.
" John Henderson	19th April 1858.
" John M'Cormack	24th May 1858.
" Hugh M'Donald	5th October 1859.
" John M'Donald	11th August 1862.
" Lachlan M'Lean	18th December 1859.
" James M'Nab	20th September 1860.
" John M'Naught	20th December 1863.
" Lawrence Mowatt	2nd July 1867.
" David Newton	18th September 1867.
" John Sutherland	6th May 1858.
" David Tosh	30th December 1870.
" William Turnbull	24th May 1858.
" James Urry	7th July 1863.
Lance-Sergeant James Kennedy	13th August 1866.
" James Sutherland	27th April 1858.
Corporal James Ankle	15th November 1870.
" James Campbell	29th October 1858.
" William Drewett	1st December 1858.
" William Gillanders	24th May 1858.
" Peter Irvine	14th June 1858.
" William Kilpatrick	27th August 1858.
" George Lang	12th May 1864.
" John M'Farlane	23rd September 1858.
" Hugh M'Intosh	4th June 1858.
" John M'Intosh	10th April 1867.
" John Spencer	2nd March 1865.
" John Telfer	6th November 1858.
" John Whatmough	5th June 1869.
" Henry Wilson	5th November 1858.
" John Wright	23rd April 1870.
Lance-Corporal Thomas Blackie	25th May 1858.
" David Dawson	15th April 1858.
" John Johnstone	16th August 1869.
" Alexander M'Intosh	22nd February 1867.
" Thomas M'Leod	28th September 1869.
" James Malcolm	2nd April 1858. Died of wounds received in action.
Piper James M'Leod	3rd October 1858.
Drummer Robert Campbell	1st September 1858.
" Thomas Douglas	26th April 1858.
" John Gibson	19th April 1858.
" James Ness	19th February 1867.
" James White	28th March 1867.
Private Robert Adams	3rd November 1858. Killed in action.
" George Air	4th June 1871.
" James Allan	27th May 1868.
" John Allan	2nd March 1858.
" William Allan	8th May 1858.
" Joseph Allison	20th June 1859.
" John Anderson	4th July 1858.

APPENDIX B.

Private	Robert Anderson (1)	.	.	.	18th November 1861.
"	Robert Anderson (2)	.	.	.	9th September 1871.
"	William Anderson	.	.	.	5th October 1866.
"	George Andrews	.	.	.	25th May 1867.
"	Robert Andrews	.	.	.	16th May 1858.
"	David Angus	.	.	.	7th March 1859.
"	James Archibald	.	.	.	23rd September 1868.
"	John Balmain	.	.	.	5th May 1858.
"	Alexander Barclay	.	.	.	5th July 1860.
"	William Beal	.	.	.	12th September 1858.
"	David Bell	.	.	.	17th October 1861.
"	William Bell	.	.	.	3rd May 1858.
"	Murdoch Berry	.	.	.	18th August 1864.
"	John Black (1)	.	.	.	26th August 1860.
"	John Black (2)	.	.	.	18th September 1864.
"	Alexander Blair	.	.	.	11th July 1858.
"	George Braidwood	.	.	.	25th May 1858.
"	Alexander E. Brown	.	.	.	26th October 1869.
"	James Brown	.	.	.	17th September 1858.
"	James W. Brown	.	.	.	24th January 1864.
"	John Brown (1)	.	.	.	25th May 1858.
"	John Brown (2)	.	.	.	24th April 1860.
"	John Brown (3)	.	.	.	13th September 1870.
"	Robert Bruce	.	.	.	4th November 1858.
"	James Bryce	.	.	.	6th June 1858.
"	Archibald Cameron	.	.	.	14th January 1867.
"	David Cameron	.	.	.	25th August 1865.
"	James Cameron	.	.	.	17th August 1868.
"	Andrew Campbell	.	.	.	8th January 1871.
"	John Cardle	.	.	.	17th September 1858.
"	William Carter	.	.	.	9th September 1858.
"	John Casley	.	.	.	7th June 1863.
"	James Cassidy	.	.	.	11th May 1858.
"	Michael Cavanagh	.	.	.	1st May 1862.
"	William Clark	.	.	.	24th September 1858.
"	Charles Cochrane	.	.	.	12th May 1858.
"	Angus Colquhoun	.	.	.	9th March 1871.
"	William Connell	.	.	.	7th February 1864.
"	William Corrigan	.	.	.	20th April 1858.
"	Joseph Cottrell	.	.	.	18th September 1858.
"	James Crow	.	.	.	8th January 1858.
"	Donald Crawford	.	.	.	26th May 1858.
"	James Cunningham	.	.	.	2nd June 1860.
"	John Culbert	.	.	.	25th April 1858.
"	William Dallas	.	.	.	15th April 1868.
"	Robert Darge	.	.	.	31st August 1858.
"	William Davis	.	.	.	24th October 1858.
"	John Dickenson	.	.	.	7th May 1868.
"	James Dickson	.	.	.	26th April 1858.
"	John Dickson	.	.	.	13th September 1858.
"	John Dixon	.	.	.	6th June 1858.
"	Thomas Dollan	.	.	.	21st October 1863.
"	James Donaldson	.	.	.	3rd November 1858.
"	John Donnelly	.	.	.	18th January 1863.
"	Hugh Dougan	.	.	.	25th April 1867.

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Private Robert Downie	26th May 1858.
„ Donald Duff	27th January 1860.
„ John Dukhard	27th July 1866.
„ William Duncan	15th June 1869.
„ David Dunn	14th November 1858.
„ Thomas Edmundson	14th May 1862.
„ James Edwards	3rd November 1858. Killed in action.
„ Thomas Elliot	12th February 1867.
„ Frederick Fancult	21st June 1858.
„ George Fell	11th September 1864.
„ David Ferguson	8th June 1858.
„ James Ferguson (1)	10th November 1858.
„ James Ferguson (2)	9th October 1871.
„ Robert Ferguson	28th October 1858.
„ James Fife	1st May 1858.
„ Robert Finnie	9th November 1869.
„ Robert Fitzpatrick	26th May 1863.
„ Henry Fleck	8th October 1864.
„ John Fletcher	21st December 1858.
„ Henry Forbes	2nd May 1858.
„ John Forbes	30th May 1858.
„ Alexander Fraser	23rd October 1862.
„ Andrew Fraser	20th May 1859.
„ Thomas Gallacher	4th April 1858.
„ Robert Gardiner	2nd January 1866.
„ Matthew Gammel	21st September 1858.
„ David Gibson	21st December 1867.
„ James Gilchrist	20th May 1859.
„ Henry Giles	25th October 1858.
„ Henry Gooch	6th June 1861.
„ John Goodall	31st May 1866.
„ William Gordon	19th January 1869.
„ William Graham	20th July 1860.
„ Daniel Grant	4th December 1857.
„ Robert Grant	24th May 1858.
„ George Gray	13th June 1858.
„ Peter Green	12th October 1861.
„ William Greenwood	20th April 1858.
„ William Gunn	18th July 1858.
„ David Haggart	11th March 1863.
„ Robert Hamilton	25th May 1858.
„ William Hannah	5th July 1858.
„ Alfred Hanson	15th August 1862.
„ Thomas Harkness	16th March 1859.
„ Robert Harper	9th November 1858.
„ James Harrison	19th March 1858. Died of wounds received in action.
„ Thomas Harvey	23rd August 1864.
„ Walter Hastie	7th February 1865.
„ Alexander Hay	9th April 1858.
„ John Hay	10th January 1858.
„ Peter Hay	22nd May 1867.
„ Andrew Henderson	25th April 1858.
„ John Henderson	12th April 1860.
„ William Holden	26th March 1870.

APPENDIX B.

Private Edwin Hoskins	5th May 1858.
„ William Houston	22nd May 1858.
„ James Hunter	15th November 1869.
„ William Hunter	24th May 1858.
„ Robert Hutchison	22nd December 1862.
„ David Hynd	24th May 1858.
„ David Innes	6th March 1860.
„ Joseph Irving	22nd March 1858.
„ Robert Jamieson	18th December 1865.
„ Humphrey Jones	13th May 1858.
„ James Johnston (1)	19th November 1860.
„ James Johnston (2)	4th March 1861.
„ John Jordan	29th May 1871.
„ Alexander Kelly	15th April 1858.
„ Edward Kelly	15th June 1858.
„ William Kelly	12th June 1858.
„ Charles Kemp	19th August 1863.
„ William Kempson	23rd November 1857.
„ Hugh Kennedy	13th May 1859.
„ William Kerr (1)	31st December 1858.
„ William Kerr (2)	6th November 1870.
„ James King	2nd April 1863.
„ George Kirk	9th May 1858.
„ James Kirwin	27th April 1858.
„ Thomas Kyne	27th May 1864.
„ Alexander Laing	18th October 1870.
„ John Lamond	6th June 1869.
„ Robert Laurie	20th September 1858.
„ John Lees	17th January 1866.
„ Michael Lees	25th January 1866.
„ James Lindsay	29th December 1857.
„ Alexander Livingston	31st July 1859.
„ Archibald Logan	11th July 1869.
„ James Logan	11th June 1858.
„ John Lucy	5th May 1858.
„ James Lynch	19th August 1859.
„ Thomas M'Bay	19th April 1858.
„ William M'Cann	6th December 1867.
„ Alexander M'Donald	7th November 1858.
„ Duncan M'Donald	6th May 1858.
„ George M'Donald	21st September 1858.
„ John M'Donald (1)	19th August 1860.
„ John M'Donald (2)	18th November 1867.
„ John M'Donald (3)	29th October 1869.
„ Robert M'Donald	4th October 1858.
„ Thomas M'Donald	19th May 1858.
„ Peter M'Graw	25th May 1858. Died of wounds received in action.
„ Archibald M'Gregor	20th October 1858.
„ Duncan M'Gregor	25th May 1858.
„ Robert M'Gregor	28th December 1857.
„ George M'Intosh	22nd May 1858.
„ Michael M'Intyre	23rd October 1858.
„ Archibald M'Kay	20th September 1858.
„ Hugh M'Kay	31st May 1863.

DEATH-ROLL OF INDIA, 1857-1871.

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Private Robert M'Kay	24th April 1858.
„ James M'Kemmie	25th January 1859.
„ John M'Kenna	27th December 1858.
„ Alexander M'Kenzie (1)	25th October 1863.
„ Alexander M'Kenzie (2)	28th September 1867.
„ James M'Kenzie	19th August 1857. Died on passage out to India.
„ John M'Keown	14th December 1867.
„ John M'Lachlan (1)	3rd September 1858.
„ John M'Lachlan (2)	26th October 1870.
„ Alexander M'Millan	13th October 1863.
„ Thomas M'Millan	23rd May 1868.
„ Matthew M'Neil	7th July 1863.
„ Hugh M'Pherson	1st October 1861.
„ James M'Pherson	29th December 1857.
„ John M'Pherson	23rd May 1858.
„ John M'Queen	16th January 1871.
„ William M'Ronald	13th June 1865.
„ David M'Williams	20th February 1867.
„ Robert Mackrey	19th September 1864.
„ John Main	11th May 1858.
„ James Malcolm	6th July 1869.
„ John Malcolm	11th July 1860.
„ James Matheson	19th September 1858.
„ Andrew Miller	23rd August 1859.
„ George Miller	1st July 1858.
„ James Miller	10th March 1858. Died of wounds received in action.
„ William Miller	24th September 1858.
„ Robert Minto	6th June 1869.
„ John Moriarty	11th May 1858.
„ Joseph Morris	24th May 1858.
„ Benjamin Mothersdale	22nd May 1858.
„ John Moultray	19th October 1863.
„ Walter Muir	11th October 1858.
„ Alexander Muirhead	11th August 1865.
„ Peter Munro	4th November 1858. Died of wounds received in action.
„ Thomas Munro	19th March 1858. Died of wounds received in action.
„ James Murphy	28th January 1866.
„ Alexander Newbiggins	3rd June 1858.
„ John Newton	23rd February 1864.
„ Edward Nicholson	2nd May 1864.
„ David Nicolson	4th December 1857.
„ Robert Niven	7th July 1858.
„ Walter Norton	24th May 1858.
„ John O'Day	28th August 1859.
„ Hamilton Orchardson	11th January 1859.
„ James Ormiston	7th July 1869.
„ Michael O'Shaughnessy	22nd October 1860.
„ William Owens	11th November 1866.
„ George Page	14th February 1867.
„ William Paton	6th August 1858.
„ James Penman	24th September 1858.
„ John Philip	26th November 1858.

APPENDIX B.

Private Alexander Pirie	27th December 1857.
„ John Pollock	13th June 1858.
„ Francis Porter	22nd September 1858.
„ Peter Porter	9th July 1865.
„ John Proven	18th February 1869.
„ William Quin	3rd November 1867.
„ James Rae	21st July 1868.
„ James Ramsay	4th May 1858.
„ John Rankin	9th March 1858. Killed in action.
„ James Reid	7th January 1859.
„ Edward Richardson	2nd January 1858.
„ Alexander Riddell	14th July 1858.
„ James Ritchie	10th March 1858. Died of wounds received in action.
„ William Ritchie	1st October 1858.
„ Alexander Robertson (1)	28th April 1858.
„ Alexander Robertson (2)	11th February 1865.
„ William Robertson	28th August 1859.
„ William Rorke	24th April 1871.
„ Ronald Ferguson Ross	2nd January 1868.
„ Charles Scott	20th April 1858.
„ William Scott	28th July 1859.
„ James Sample	2nd January 1858.
„ Robert Shaw	2nd November 1858.
„ James Simpson	6th January 1858.
„ Alexander Singer	23rd January 1867.
„ John Smith	6th July 1858.
„ William Stalker	25th February 1867.
„ James Shanley	23rd January 1858.
„ Robert Steel	16th August 1868.
„ Samuel Stevenson	7th March 1859.
„ William Stevenson	10th October 1862.
„ James Stewart	11th January 1864.
„ Robert Stewart	14th November 1858.
„ William Stewart	25th May 1858.
„ Peter Strathearn	5th April 1869.
„ James Sweeney	10th February 1863.
„ Frederick Tapp	16th April 1858.
„ James Taylor	19th March 1858.
„ William Taylor	5th July 1859.
„ Alexander Thomson	5th May 1858.
„ James Thomson	19th June 1863.
„ William Thomson	19th July 1858.
„ George Tolhurst	26th May 1858.
„ Alexander Walker	5th January 1867.
„ James Walker	8th December 1867.
„ John Walker	10th October 1858.
„ Thomas Walker (1)	28th September 1858.
„ Thomas Walker (2)	22nd June 1867.
„ James Wallace	10th March 1867.
„ William Wallace	21st April 1858.
„ George Ward	6th January 1858.
„ Henry Webb	11th August 1862.
„ James Weir	12th May 1867.
„ Benjamin Wells	2nd February 1865.

DEATH-ROLL OF EGYPT, 1882-1887.

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Private Alexander Welsh	30th May 1859.		
„ John Williams	6th March 1868.		
„ Archibald Wilson	6th June 1858.		
„ James Wood	9th December 1866.		
„ Andrew Wright	22nd March 1868.		
„ John Young	10th October 1858.		
„ Robert Young	25th September 1858.		
	N.C.O. and men killed or died of wounds.	N.C.O. and men died of disease.	Total.
During Indian Mutiny	12	154 ¹	166
After Indian Mutiny	177	177
			—
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13. Casualties—Ashantee, 1873-74.

Killed in action.—Private John Hutchison.

Wounded.—Lieutenant R. C. Annesley; Privates William Anderson, William Bell, John Butler, George Cameron, Charles Campbell, Nicholas Cowan, Alexander Drummond, Peter Hume, James Hunter, Henry Jones, Charles Lamont, Gilbert Lawrie, Matthew Lynch, Robert M'Donald, Malcolm M'Gregor, Alexander M'Intosh, Sylvester M'Ivor, Thomas M'Kenzie, John M'Lean, Richard Park, Peter Paxton, Thomas Pickard, James Robertson, George Ross, Patrick Smith, James Stewart, Archibald Telford, James Walker, James Wallace, and Robert Watson.

Died of disease.—Corporal Charles M'Intosh; Privates Joseph Campbell, John Grainger, John Murphy, and William Smith.

Of the wounded, Private Archibald Telford was afterwards wounded at Tel-el-Kebir, and Private (as a Lance-Corporal) James Stewart at Kosheh.

14. Roll of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Men of the Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders who were killed in Action or died of Wounds or Disease in Egypt, 1882-1887.

Captain Wedderburn Conway Halkett .	23rd August 1885.
Lieutenant William Gordon Cameron .	19th December 1885. Died of wounds received in action.
Sergeant-Piper John M'Gregor Grant .	1st August 1883.
Colour-Sergeant Andrew M'Ewen Gray .	19th April 1885.
„ John Wells	28th April 1885.
Sergeant James Guthrie	7th July 1886.
„ William M'Pherson	11th September 1882.
Lance-Sergeant Arthur Hartley	17th February 1886.
Corporal Gregor Cattanach	3rd September 1884.
„ William Cattanach	15th September 1882. Died of wounds received at Tel-el-Kebir.
„ Daniel Cochrane	22nd December 1886.
„ James Douglas	17th August 1886.

¹ Includes one man, Private James M'Kenzie, who died at sea during voyage out to India.

APPENDIX B.

Lance-Corporal Robert Glen	14th June 1883.
," Walter Smith	15th June 1886.
Piper Alexander M'Donald	5th January 1886.
Drummer Thomas Clelland	22nd March 1886.
Private Alexander Addie	19th January 1886.
," John Bennett	17th February 1886.
," William Bodel	13th September 1882. Killed at Tel-el-Kebir.
," James Bridge	28th October 1883.
," Robert Brown	13th September 1882. Killed at Tel-el-Kebir.
," William Brown	6th October 1883. Invalided; died on passage home.
," Donald Cameron	13th September 1882. Killed at Tel-el-Kebir.
," James Cameron	24th July 1883.
," Michael Carrigan	24th July 1883.
," William Cawte	14th October 1884.
," Hugh Craig	29th April 1886.
," George Crawford	13th September 1882. Killed at Tel-el-Kebir.
," William Davidson	9th March 1886.
," Alexander Denniston	13th September 1882. Killed at Tel-el-Kebir.
," Michael Dodd	16th March 1883.
," Thomas Dodds	24th July 1883.
," William Elliot	22nd December 1885. (Killed by a fall from a train.)
," Thomas Farrington	10th December 1885. Died of wounds.
," John Gagan	25th March 1886.
," Thomas Gollan	29th October 1885.
," William Gow	14th December 1884. Invalided; died in United Kingdom.
," John Grant	1st August 1883.
," Henry Hall	19th April 1886.
," John Hamilton	Invalided; died in United Kingdom.
," William Hatch	27th March 1885.
," David Hogg	29th December 1885. Killed at Kosheh.
," John Hyslop	13th September 1882. Killed at Tel-el-Kebir.
," James Ireland	15th October 1882.
," Alexander Kelly	3rd May 1886.
," James Kennedy	15th June 1886.
," John Kennedy	26th December 1885. Killed at Kosheh.
," Patrick Kenny	13th September 1882. Killed at Tel-el-Kebir.
," Alexander Kidd	2nd December 1886.
," Thomas King	13th September 1882. Killed at Tel-el-Kebir.
," Thomas M'Cabe	15th December 1882.
," James M'Court	28th July 1886.
," Donald M'Gillivray	12th August 1884.
," John M'Gregor	13th February 1886.
," Hugh M'Kay	29th July 1883.
," David M'Kenzie	18th December 1885. Died of wounds.
," Donald M'Kenzie	11th January 1885.
," William M'Kenzie	6th October 1882. Died of wounds received at Tel-el-Kebir.
," John M'Laggan	2nd August 1883.
," John M'Laren	26th December 1885. Killed at Kosheh.
," Alexander M'Leod	6th February 1886.
," Duncan M'Leod	13th October 1882.
," James M'Leod	11th April 1886. (Drowned at Kostamneh, Upper Nile.)
," Robert M'Rae	2nd August 1883.

Private William Maben	2nd October 1886.
„ Robert Mills	9th September 1884.
„ William Morrison	27th July 1883.
„ Alexander Murray	27th September 1882. Died of wounds received at Tel-el-Kebir.
„ Charles Murray	20th February 1886.
„ David Murray	20th September 1882. Died of wounds received at Tel-el-Kebir.
„ Michael Naughton	Invalided ; died on passage home.
„ Alexander Paterson	13th September 1882. Killed at Tel-el-Kebir.
„ James Pollock	13th September 1882. Killed at Tel-el-Kebir.
„ William Pridgeon	16th April 1886.
„ Peter Queen	27th October 1886. (Killed by a fall from a train.)
„ George Rugg	13th September 1882. Killed at Tel-el-Kebir.
„ John Reeves	13th February 1883.
„ Charles Roberts	6th December 1883.
„ William Robertson	14th April 1883.
„ William Robinson	20th April 1886.
Boy William Rolls	18th September 1886.
Private William Semple	18th October 1882.
„ William Simon	13th September 1882. Killed at Tel-el-Kebir.
„ James Slater	28th May 1886.
„ John Smith	24th July 1883.
„ William Smith	13th September 1882. Killed at Tel-el-Kebir.
„ Joseph Stevenson	14th January 1886. Died of wounds.
„ David Thow	9th November 1882.
„ James Trimble	22nd April 1885.
„ David Urquhart	22nd October 1882.
„ James Wilson	27th April 1883.

15. Roll of Officer, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Men of the Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders who died in Malta, 1892-95.

Lieutenant A. C. E. J. Stourton	11th September 1893.
Sergeant W. Black	1st August 1892.
„ R. Brown	29th December 1894.
Lance-Corporal P. Bennett	4th August 1892.
Private M. Allan	13th August 1893.
„ C. Bain	9th December 1892.
„ J. Brooks	23rd August 1893.
„ E. Cook	15th December 1893.
„ L. Jeffries	30th January 1893.
„ J. Joyce	3rd June 1894.
„ B. M'Aulay	9th December 1892.
„ D. M'Donald	27th February 1892. (Accidentally killed on board ship while on passage from Portsmouth to Malta.)
„ R. M'Phail	27th November 1893.
„ A. Manderston	12th May 1893.
„ W. Thompson	1st November 1894.
„ D. Wilson	2nd November 1892.

**16. Roll of Non-Commissioned Officer and Men of
the Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders who
died in Gibraltar, 1895-97.**

Lance-Sergeant J. Young	12th March 1898. (Died after regiment left for Egypt.)
Private O. Ambler	7th November 1895.
„ J. Blackeney	25th July 1895.
„ F. Glassford	16th November 1895.
„ D. M'Cuish	31st July 1895.
„ R. M'Rae	12th July 1896.
„ J. Willox	17th May 1896.
„ J. Wilkes	16th March 1896.

Died in the Island of Cyprus while on detachment with "B"
Company of the 1st Battalion.

Private C. M'Leod 16th October 1897.

Died in Cairo before the 1st Battalion proceeded up the Nile
in January 1898.

Lieut. and Quartermaster W. Young . 13th January 1898.
Private J. Baxter 22nd December 1897.

**17. Roll of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and
Men of the 1st Battalion Cameron Highlanders
who were killed in Action or died of Wounds
or Disease in the Soudan Campaign of 1898,
and after the return of the Battalion to Cairo.**

Major R. F. L. Napier	23rd May 1898. Died of wounds, Atbara.
„ B. C. Urquhart	8th April 1898. Killed, Atbara.
Captain C. Findlay	8th April 1898. Killed, Atbara.
Sergeant James Pollock	22nd September 1898.
Corporal Daniel M'Leod	18th April 1898. Died of wounds, Atbara.
„ David Peebles	2nd September 1898. Heat apoplexy.
Lance-Corporal Albert Allan	2nd September 1898. Died of wounds, Khartoum (same day).
„ Thomas Cullen	8th April 1898. Killed, Atbara.
„ William Grindlay	4th February 1899.

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Lance-Corporal Abraham Millar . . .	2nd September 1898. Died of wounds, Khartoum (same day).
" Arthur Micklethwaite . . .	8th April 1898. Killed, Atbara.
" William Robson . . .	17th October 1898.
Piper James Stewart . . .	8th April 1898. Killed, Atbara.
Private Andrew Barr . . .	12th October 1898.
" William Bartlett . . .	8th April 1898. Killed, Atbara.
" Adam Brown . . .	8th October 1898.
" Daniel Brown . . .	25th May 1898.
" John Buckeridge . . .	15th October 1898.
" Thomas Cameron . . .	24th June 1899.
" Francis Chesworth . . .	8th April 1898. Killed, Atbara.
" George Clifton . . .	5th May 1899.
" William Cooper . . .	25th April 1898.
" Samuel Coppen . . .	11th October 1898.
" Thomas Cross . . .	23rd April 1898.
" William Cuthbert . . .	25th May 1898.
" George Da Costa . . .	8th April 1899.
" John Dow . . .	22nd October 1898.
" James Fleming . . .	8th April 1898. Killed, Atbara.
" George Ford . . .	31st October 1898.
" William Galloway . . .	8th April 1898. Killed, Atbara.
" William Hitchcox . . .	4th October 1898.
" Richard Hay . . .	10th August 1899.
" Thomas Hughes . . .	26th September 1898. Died of wounds, Khartoum.
" Darcy Kearton . . .	26th April 1898.
" James M'Andrew . . .	21st September 1898.
" James M'Farlane . . .	30th September 1898.
" Robert M'Kee . . .	8th April 1898. Died of wounds, Atbara (same day).
" Alexander M'Kenzie . . .	4th November 1898.
" Duncan M'Kenzie . . .	7th September 1898.
" James M'Lennan . . .	30th September 1898.
" Peter M'Leod . . .	7th July 1898.
" Joseph Markham . . .	8th April 1898. Died of wounds, Atbara (same day).
" James Monaghan . . .	8th April 1898. Killed, Atbara.
" John Murray . . .	12th October 1898.
" George Stagpole . . .	1st May 1898.
" Alfred Slater . . .	4th September 1898.
" Isaac Taylor . . .	8th April 1898. Killed, Atbara.
" Thomas Taylor . . .	15th February 1899.
" Edwin Tooley . . .	9th April 1898. Died of wounds, Atbara.
" Richard Wilkinson . . .	8th April 1898. Killed, Atbara.
" Walter Williamson . . .	8th April 1898. Mortally wounded, Atbara ; died same day.

In addition to the foregoing, the following officers, non-commissioned officers, and men were wounded during the campaign :—

Battle of the Atbara.—Sergeant J. Ross ; Lance-Corporals H. Barrowby, W. Robson (afterwards died of enteric fever), and C. Wragg ; Privates A. Bain, W. Bain, A. Belcher, W. Bishop, D. Brown (afterwards died of enteric fever), J. Cox, D. Cunningham, W. Drewell, W. Gabriel, J. Gauld, G. Gilbert, J. Hawkins, W. Hitchcox (afterwards died of enteric fever), J. Ingram, J. Kelly, E. Long, J. M'Christison, J. M'Donald, J. M'Kenzie, G. Palmer, J. Phin, J. Pyper, J. Richards, R. Rushton, F. Simmons, E. Smedley, G. Smith, W. Smith, and A. Watt.

Battle of Khartoum.—Captain S. S. S. Clarke ; Lieutenant A. D. Nicholson (wounded twice,

slightly and severely); Sergeant E. Farquharson; Lance-Sergeant J. Power; Lance-Corporals C. Allan and W. Oakley; Privates B. Barnes, G. Butwell, T. Cloutman, J. Docherty, D. Finlayson, J. Gauld (also wounded at the battle of the Atbara), W. Gregory, P. Keenan, J. M'Rorie, A. Milberry, J. Mitchell, J. Neil, W. Neillings, E. Roberts, T. Roe, A. Smith, W. Smith, H. Stirling, D. Williamson, and H. Wilson.

18. Roll of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Men of the Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders who were killed in Action or died of Wounds or Disease during the South African War, 1900-1902.

Lieutenant-Colonel the Hon. A. D. Murray ¹	.	20th September 1901.	Killed in action.
Lieutenant-Colonel A. Baird Douglas ²	.	7th June 1900.	Killed in action.
Captain the Hon. E. O. Murray ³	.	20th September 1901.	Killed in action.
Lieutenant Archibald José Campbell Murdoch	.	13th December 1900.	Killed in action.
,, William Jorie Shand	.	22nd December 1901.	Died of wounds received in action.
Sergeant-Piper David Grant	.	1st November 1901.	
Colour-Sergeant William Walsh	.	10th November 1901.	(Killed by lightning.)
Sergeant Alexander Cameron	.	20th August 1900.	Died of wounds received in action.
,, Richard Douglas ⁴	.	1st November 1901.	
,, James Guthrie	.	12th August 1901.	Died of wounds received in action.
,, William Hamilton	.	13th December 1900.	Killed in action.
,, William Thompson	.	1st April 1902.	
Lance-Sergeant Edward North	.	29th May 1900.	Killed in action.
,, Robert Williamson	.	17th June 1900.	
Corporal John M'Cue	.	11th December 1901.	Killed in action.
Lance-Corporal Augustine Bracken	.	27th June 1902.	
,, Walter Graham	.	26th December 1900.	(Drowned while bathing.)
,, George Halley	.	22nd May 1902.	
,, Matthew Marshall	.	21st July 1900.	Killed in action.
,, William Millar	.	25th February 1901.	
Private Ernest Anderton	.	26th June 1900.	Died at sea.
,, Henry Baigent	.	11th November 1900.	
,, Alfred Brewer	.	11th February 1901.	(Accidentally killed.)

¹ At Quaggafontein, on the Orange river, when in command of Lovat's Scouts.

² At Roodeval, whilst serving as second in command of the 4th Battalion "The Sherwood Foresters" (Derbyshire Regiment).

³ At Quaggafontein, on the Orange river, when Adjutant of Lovat's Scouts.

⁴ One of three sergeants of the 2nd Battalion who went out as local colour-sergeants for the depot companies at Cape Town. His name was not on the roll of the 1st Battalion.

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Private William Bruce	24th June 1901. Killed in action.
„ Hector Cameron	21st July 1900. Killed in action.
„ William Cameron	6th August 1901. Killed in action.
„ Duncan Campbell	13th December 1900. Killed in action.
„ Neil Campbell	17th July 1900.
„ Alexander Davie	13th December 1900. Killed in action.
„ James Doig	13th December 1900. Killed in action.
„ Robert Dow	13th December 1900. Killed in action.
„ William Duncan	18th December 1900. Died of wounds received in action.
„ James Dunkley	11th March 1901. Killed in attack on a train.
„ Kenneth Finlayson	13th July 1900.
„ James Gair	3rd January 1901.
„ David Gardiner	4th November 1901. (Accidentally killed.)
„ George Gill	4th June 1900.
„ Peter Keenan	1st January 1901.
„ William Kelly	23rd January 1902.
„ James Kerr	13th July 1902.
„ William Kirk	17th April 1901. Died of wounds received in action.
„ James Liddle	6th November 1901.
„ Thomas Lydall	20th March 1901. Died of wounds received in action.
„ John M'Donald	30th April 1900.
„ James M'Dougall	12th April 1902. (Accidentally killed.)
„ Alexander M'Intosh	22nd July 1900. Died of wounds received in action.
„ Thomas M'Intosh	13th December 1900. Killed in action.
„ Angus M'Kay	26th July 1900. (Volunteer Service Company.)
„ John M'Kenzie	21st July 1900. Killed in action.
„ Thomas M'Kenzie	22nd February 1901.
„ Joseph M'Knight	26th May 1901.
„ Donald M'Lennan	25th June 1900. (Volunteer Service Company; accidentally killed.)
„ John D. M'Lellan	5th May 1902.
„ Donald M'Leod	24th June 1901. Killed in action.
„ Alexander M'Leod	22nd March 1901. (3rd Battalion.)
„ Roderick M'Leod	15th January 1901. (3rd Battalion.)
„ Donald M'Rae	14th December 1901.
„ John Matheson	14th December 1900.
„ William Mitchinson	17th August 1900.
„ James Moffat	12th May 1901.
„ George Palmer	6th July 1900.
„ George Patchton	21st December 1900.
„ John Paterson	28th November 1900.
„ Archibald Prescott	28th December 1900.
„ Donald Robertson	29th April 1901. (3rd Battalion.)
„ Thomas Smith	20th July 1900.
„ Joseph Sneddon	6th February 1901. Killed in action.
„ James Stevenson	15th July 1900.
„ William Sturrock	16th February 1901.
„ James Sutherland	13th December 1900. Died of wounds received in action.
„ John Tearney	10th November 1901. (Killed by lightning.)

APPENDIX B.

Private William Tulloch 11th January 1901.
 „ Hugh Wilson 10th November 1901. (Killed by lightning.)
 Lance-Sergeant Albert Friend died at sea on passage to South Africa on the 9th of March 1900.

In addition to the foregoing, the following officers, non-commissioned officers, and men were wounded in the South African War :—

Captains R. L. Adlercron, H. R. Brown, A. C. M'Lean, and W. M. Stewart (twice wounded, on 21st July 1900 and 6th February 1901); Lieutenants J. Campbell (Volunteer Service Company), A. H. Mackintosh, and J. W. Sandilands; Quartermaster-Sergeant D. Macdonald; Lance-Sergeants D. Cameron (Volunteer Service Company) and G. Rennie; Corporals G. Brand, T. Coates, J. Johnstone, F. Reynolds, and J. Stewart; Lance-Corporals W. Forbes, D. Fraser, R. Fyfe, and M. Morrison (3rd Battalion); Drummers T. Mitchell (Volunteer Service Company) and W. Newberry; Privates J. Allison, W. Bailey, D. Beaton, J. Boyd, D. Bryce, M. Burns, A. Cameron (Volunteer Service Company), C. Dempsey, E. Edmonds, C. Ferrier, A. Finlay, V. Glass, J. Gordon, G. Grant, H. Grimwood, J. Hobson, W. Hughes, P. Keenan (afterwards died of enteric fever), J. Kinnear, A. Knox, R. Low, R. M'Askill (Volunteer Service Company), D. M'Donald, D. M'Millan, S. M'Millan, J. M'Nair, J. Muir, T. Neville, J. Park, J. Parrock, E. Parry, R. Parry, D. Roberts, G. Robertson, L. Russell, R. Scott, W. Smith, J. Stewart, T. Stewart, H. Stirling, R. Storrie, W. Stuart, W. Sturrock (afterwards died of enteric fever), No. 3005 John Sutherland, No. 4544 John Sutherland, D. Timpany, James Turnbull, John Turnbull, J. Watt, J. White, H. Wright, J. Wright, R. Wright, and T. Yule.

With Lovat Scouts.—Sergeant-Major J. M'Neil; Sergeant D. Macdonald; Privates J. Arthur, J. MacLennan, and A. Sharpe of the 1st Volunteer Battalion.

19. Roll of Non-Commissioned Officers and Men who have died whilst serving with the 2nd Battalion from its formation in 1897 to the present date, exclusive of home service.

No. 3926.	Corporal P. Smith	Gibraltar	24th July 1900.
No. 5116.	Private J. Birnie	"	3rd August 1900.
No. 4734.	„ J. Bruce	"	1st September 1900.
No. 4741.	„ J. Bayley	"	28th March 1901.
No. 4655.	„ J. Rosie	"	25th July 1901.
No. 3961.	„ T. Johnstone	"	28th July 1901.
No. 4664.	„ R. Brodie	"	21st January 1902.
No. 5853.	„ T. Love	Malta	27th September 1902.
No. 4560.	„ H. Stewart	Crete	19th December 1902.
No. 4587.	„ J. Finnie	Malta	22nd July 1903.
No. 5692.	„ G. Barrie	"	14th August 1903.
No. 5181.	„ J. M'Commisky	Standerton, South Africa	16th August 1904.
No. 5972.	„ P. Findlater	"	21st February 1905.
No. 5842.	„ J. Black	Pretoria	15th November 1904.
No. 5997.	„ J. Wood	"	21st November 1904.
No. 4000.	„ G. Smith	"	27th December 1904.

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No. 4813.	Private G. Walker . . .	Pretoria . . .	10th May 1905.
No. 4140.	" T. Johnstone . . .	" . . .	18th May 1905.
No. 5627.	" M. Smith . . .	" . . .	7th July 1905.
No. 5972.	" G. Hobbs . . .	" . . .	28th July 1905.
No. 6010.	" D. Ford . . .	" . . .	1st August 1905.
No. 6408.	Lance-Corporal J. Fraser . . .	" . . .	7th October 1906.
No. 6775.	Private J. Milligan . . .	" . . .	17th March 1907.
No. 7329.	" T. Hislop . . .	" . . .	26th April 1907.
No. 7158.	Drummer J. Stewart . . .	" . . .	5th August 1907.
No. 7483.	Private J. Clarkson . . .	" . . .	12th October 1907.
No. 2816.	Sergeant J. Clarke . . .	North China . . .	6th June 1908.
No. 7057.	Drummer T. O'Neil . . .	" . . .	2nd July 1908.
No. 5739.	Private A. M'Ghee . . .	" . . .	11th August 1908.
No. 7087.	Private A. Johnston . . .	" . . .	28th November 1908.

[20. NUMERICAL RETURN.

No. Numerical Return of Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Men of the Cameron Highlanders who have been killed in Action, died of Wounds, Disease, or by Accident, from the formation of the Regiment in the year 1793 to the present time, exclusive of home service.

Died of disease or by accident during years 1808 to 1816 .	8	8	381
Murdered by brigands in Spain .	1	1	1
Died in France during the years 1817-18 .	13	13	13
Died in Canada, 1825 to 1836 .	2	2	2
Died at Gibraltar, 1841 to 1847 .	5	5	5
Died in Canada, 1848 to 1851 .	26	26	26
Crimean Campaign—Battle of Alma, 20th September 1854 .	3	3	3
" " " Died of disease at Sebastopol, to 8th September 1855 .	21	21	21
Indian Mutiny—Siege of Lucknow, and to 21st March 1858 .	7	7	7
" " " Attack on Fort Roogay, 15th April 1858 .	2	2	2
" " " Action of Bareilly, 5th May 1858 .	2	2	2
" " " Storming of Rampore Russia, 3rd November 1858 .	2	2	2
" " " Passage of the river Gogra, 27th November 1858 .	4	4	4
" " " Died of disease .	1	1	1
Died of disease or by accident from end of Mutiny to 1871 Umbrella Campaign, 1863—Killed whilst doing duty with 71st Highland Light Infantry .	155	155	155
North-West Frontier of India, 1863—Skirmish with Mohmunds at Shubkudder .	3	3	3
Ashante Campaign, 1873 .	22	22	22
Died at Gibraltar, 1879 to 1882 .	1	1	1
Egyptian Campaign, 1882—Battle of Tel-el-Kebir, 13th September 1882 .	5	5	5
Nile Campaign, 1885—Defence of Kostish and Engagement at Grims .	7	7	7
Died of disease or by accident, 1882 to 1887 .	3	3	3
Died on leave of absence in the United Kingdom while attached to Egyptian Army, and July 1892 .	6	6	6
Died at Malta, 1892 to 1895 .	60	60	60
Died at Gibraltar, 1895 to 1897 .	1	1	1
Died in the island of Cyprus while on detachment duty, 1897 .	13	13	13
Soudan Campaign, 1898—Battle of Atbara, 8th April 1898 .	10	10	10
" " " Died in Island of Crete, 1902—Detachment and Battalion .	3	3	3
Died in West Africa, attached to West African Frontier Force, 1898 .	1	1	1
Died of disease or by accident, 1897 to 1900 .	30	30	30
South African War, 1900-02 .	4	4	4
Died on passage from Egypt to South Africa, 9th March 1900 .	14	14	14
Died in Malta, 1902—2nd Battalion .	2	2	2
Died in Island of Crete, 1902—2nd Battalion .	5	5	5
Died at Cape Coast Castle, West Africa, attached to Gold Coast Regiment, 30th June 1902 .	7	7	7
Died in Malta, 1903—2nd Battalion .	1	1	1
Died in South Africa, 1904 to 1907—2nd Battalion .	2	2	2
North China, 1908—2nd Battalion .	15	15	15
Total .	3	11	11
	236	14	14
	148	36	36
	112	207	207
	88	71	71
	129	129	129

NOTE.—Officers includes Volunteers waiting commissions ; Sergeants includes Staff-Sergeants and Lance-Sergeants ; other ranks includes Corporals, Drummers, Pipers, and Privates.

Private J. S. Stevenson was accidentally drowned at Quarantine Harbour, Malta, on the 14th of April 1909, while on passage home from Australia, where he had been taking part in the Commonwealth celebrations.

Sergeant-Major J. M'Neil, 1 sergeant, and 3 rank and file of the 1st Volunteer Battalion were wounded during the South African War, attached to Lovat Scouts.

21. Roll of Members of the Clan Cameron who have lost their Lives in the actual service of the Regiment.

Unfortunately the roll is not quite complete, as no casualty return of the campaign in Holland in 1794-95 has been discovered. It is also quite possible that a few names have been missed out.

- Captain Donald Cameron, died in 1794.
- Lieutenant John Cameron, died in the island of Martinique.
- Ensign Duncan Cameron, do. do.
- Sergeant Angus Cameron, do. do.
- ,, Donald Cameron, do. do.
- Corporal Duncan Cameron, do. do.
- Drummer Alan Cameron, do. do.
- ,, Archibald Cameron, do. do.
- Private Donald Cameron, do. do.
- ,, Donald Cameron, do. do.
- ,, Hugh Cameron, do. do.
- ,, John Cameron, do. do.
- Drummer Daniel Cameron, died 9th February 1798.
- Private Dugald Cameron, died in Egypt, 19th June 1801.
- Sergeant Alex. Cameron, died at Shabras, Egypt, 15th July 1801.
- ,, Alex. Cameron, died near Alexandria, 3rd August 1801.
- Private Hugh Cameron, died in the island of Minorca, 1802.
- ,, Hugh Cameron, died 21st September 1805.
- Quartermaster-Sergeant Alexander Cameron, died at Colchester, 23rd March 1806.
- Private John Cameron, died at Weeley, 17th December 1806.
- ,, Angus Cameron, drowned off Harwich, 8th April 1807.
- Sergeant Donald Cameron, died at Weeley, 17th June 1808.
- Private Duncan Cameron, died at Weeley, 11th October 1808.
- Captain Ewen Cameron, died of fever at Lisbon after Talavera.
- Private John Cameron, died in the island of Walcheren, August 1809.
- ,, Roderick Cameron, died at Weeley, 15th September 1809.
- ,, John Cameron, died at Weeley, 17th September 1809.
- Captain Alexander Cameron, killed at Busaco.
- Lieutenant-Colonel Philips Cameron, died of wounds received at Fuentes d'Onor, on the 13th of May 1811.
- Private Robert Cameron, killed at Fuentes d'Onor.
- Corporal John Cameron, died in the Peninsula, 14th November 1811.
- Private Donald Cameron, died in the Peninsula, 16th November 1811.
- Lieutenant John Campbell Cameron, invalided from the Peninsula; died on the 13th of June 1811.
- Private John Cameron, died in the Peninsula, 11th January 1812.
- ,, Donald Cameron, killed at siege of Burgos.
- ,, John Cameron, killed at siege of Burgos.
- Sergeant Ewen Cameron, died, siege of Burgos, 13th September 1812.

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- Private Angus Cameron, died of wounds, siege of Burgos, 24th November 1812.
,, Donald Cameron, died in the Peninsula, 7th December 1812.
,, Donald Cameron, died in the Peninsula, 10th December 1812.
,, Dugald Cameron, died in the Peninsula, 9th January 1813.
- Corporal Lewis Cameron, killed at Nive.
- Captain Ewen Cameron, died at Erracht in 1813.
,, John Cameron, killed at Toulouse.
- Lieutenant Duncan Cameron, killed at Toulouse.
,, Ewen Cameron, died of wounds received at Toulouse, on the 11th April 1814.
- Private Donald Cameron, died of wounds received at Toulouse.
,, Ewen Cameron, died of wounds received at Toulouse.
,, Lachlan Cameron, invalided from Peninsula; died 12th June 1814.
,, John Cameron, died at Cork, 22nd June 1814.
,, Duncan Cameron, killed at Quatre Bras.
- Captain John Cameron, killed at Waterloo.
- Sergeant Hugh Cameron, killed at Waterloo.
- Private Donald Cameron, killed at Waterloo.
- Lieutenant Donald Cameron, died of wounds received at Waterloo, on the 21st of June 1815.
- Private Dugald Cameron, missing in the south of France, 8th of May 1814; struck off the strength of the regiment, unaccounted for, in 1815.
,, Angus Cameron, died at Chatham, 2nd September 1817.
- Lieutenant James Cameron, died at Blandecques, France, in 1818.
,, Ewen Cameron, killed by a stone thrown by a peasant in Ireland in 1822.
- Private Hugh Cameron, died in Canada in 1831.
,, Alan Cameron, died in Canada in 1831.
- Lieutenant-General Sir Alan Cameron, died at Fulham, 9th March 1828 (when full colonel of the regiment).
- Private Alexander Cameron, died at Fort William, 11th January 1837.
,, Peter Cameron, died in the Crimea, 2nd March 1855.
,, William Cameron, missing at Kertch, 8th June 1855; unaccounted for, probably drowned while bathing.
,, David Cameron, died in India, 25th August 1865.
,, Archibald Cameron, died in India, 14th January 1867.
,, James Cameron, died in India, 17th August 1868.
,, Donald Cameron, killed at Tel-el-Kebir.
,, James Cameron, died of cholera in Egypt, 1883.
- Lieutenant William Gordon Cameron, died of wounds, Kosheh, on the 19th of December 1885.
- Private Thomas Cameron, died in Egypt, 24th June 1899.
- Sergeant John Newton Cameron, died at Aldershot, 25th April 1900.
- Private Hector Cameron, killed in South Africa, 21st July 1900.
- Sergeant Alexander Cameron, died in South Africa, of wounds, on the 20th August 1900.
- Private William Cameron, killed in South Africa, 6th August 1901.
,, John Cameron, died at Fort George, 18th January 1904.
- Pipe-Major John Cameron (3rd Battalion), 1st January 1908.
- Private Edward Cameron (4th Battalion), died at Newtonmore, 30th May 1908.

APPENDIX C.

Miscellaneous Notes.

Clan Cameron.

1. *Badge*.—The oak.

2. *Cry*.—Chlanna nan con thigibh an so 's gheibh sibh feoil.

(Sons of the hounds, come here and get flesh !)

Ian Lom, poet laureate in Gaelic to King Charles II., brings this cry into his poem on the battle of Inverlochy :—

“The birds of Locheil are wheeling on high,
And the Badenoch wolves hear the Camerons' cry
Come feast ye ! come feast, where the false-hearted lie !”

3. *Meaning of the name Cameron*.—“Cam sron” in Gaelic signifies “crooked nose,” and this is the generally accepted origin of the clan name.

* * *

Older 79ths.

Before the Cameron Highlanders were raised in 1793 two other regiments had already been raised and disbanded, both of which were numbered “79,” namely :—

1. *Drapers Foot*, raised in 1757 for service in India and disbanded in 1764. This regiment is commemorated by a monument erected at Clifton (Bristol). Its services were most distinguished, and included :—

Madras	17th February 1759.
Conjeveram	13th April 1759.
Wandewash	22nd January 1760.
Arcot	10th February 1760.
Carical	5th April 1760.
Pondicherry	10th September 1760.
Pondicherry	16th January 1761.
Manilla	6th October 1762.

2. *The Royal Liverpool Volunteers*, raised in 1778 by the inhabitants of Liverpool and disbanded in 1783. This regiment was nicknamed the “Liverpool Blues.”

(Fuller details may be seen in the ‘79th News’ for July 1907, p. 23.)

A Famous Duel.

One of the last duels in the Highlands was that fought in May 1797 at Ardersier, near Fort George, when Lieutenant Macleod of the 42nd was mortally wounded by Macdonell of Glengarry.

The quarrel originated at a ball in Inverness over a dance which Miss Forbes of Culloden refused to give to Glengarry, and challenges which led to the meeting were exchanged afterwards in the mess-room of the 79th. Captain Campbell of the Cameron Highlanders acted as Macleod's second, and the assistant-surgeon of the same regiment attended the wounded officer on the field and afterwards in Fort George.

Glengarry was subsequently tried in Edinburgh for the murder of Lieutenant Macleod, but was acquitted.

A full description of the affair may be seen in the '79th News' for January 1893, p. 3, as related by Mrs Mary Mackellar.

* * *

At the battle of Fuentes d'Onor Sergeant John Livingstone (who was himself killed subsequently) shot a French officer of the name of Monlieu. Upon the latter's body was found an unsealed letter addressed to his mother, and dated "Vitigudine, 15th of April 1811," in which the officer had written :—"Les Anglais n'ont pas envie de laisser leurs os en Espagne ; ils sont extrêmement prudent et ne perdent jamais de vue leur porte de derrière." (The English have no wish to leave their bones in Spain ; they are extremely prudent and never lose sight of their back door.)

* * *

In the year 1813, whilst Lieutenant John Ford of the 79th was proceeding as a volunteer assistant-engineer to serve at the siege of San Sebastian, he was suddenly attacked by brigands, his servant, Private James Shearer, a Lanarkshire man, being shot through the head and falling dead at his feet. Deprived of the whole of his luggage, Lieutenant Ford made his way alone and on foot back to the regiment, and was obliged to make the winter campaign of 1813 in the Pyrenees without even a greatcoat.

* * *

In the year 1813 a sword (made by Messrs Rundell & Bridge) was presented by the officers of the 79th to Major-General Pakenham to mark their sense of his gallant conduct at the battle of Fuentes d'Onor, and his kindness and attention to the regiment after Lieutenant-Colonel Philips Cameron was mortally wounded.

* * *

"The March of the Cameron Men." This song was written by Miss Mary Maxwell Campbell about the year 1829. It was originally published by Messrs Paterson & Sons, Edinburgh. The song has been translated into Gaelic ; the Gaelic translation is given in the '79th News' for March 1907.

During the Civil War in America a regiment known as the 79th (New York) Highlanders was raised by American Scotsmen. The battalion, which wore the full Highland dress, was commanded by a Colonel Cameron, who was killed at the battle of Bull Run. It was modelled, as an American officer wrote to the Cameron Highlanders, "like your own regiment," and wore, we believe, the same tartan. The corps played a most distinguished part in the Civil War, and suffered heavy losses on nearly every battlefield. It is now represented by the 71st Regiment, National Guard, New York. A copy of the Historical Records of the regiment was presented in 1888 to the Cameron Highlanders by General David Morrison, United States Army.

* * *

In 1873, upon the occasion of the presentation of new Colours, Her Majesty Queen Victoria was asked if she would graciously name a tune to be played at the trooping ceremony. She expressed a preference for "Logie o' Buchan," and this tune has been played by the band at all trooping parades ever since.

* * *

The old green facings of the regiment, which were abolished in 1873, are commemorated by the hue of the binding of these Records. They survive in the regiment only in the colour of the streamers, cords, and tassels on the pipe drones.

* * *

On the 1st of April 1891 the '79th News,' the regimental journal of the Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders, was commenced. It has been published regularly ever since, and reached its hundredth issue as these Records are completed.

* * *

Speaking of the Soudanese in his *England in Egypt*, 1892, Lord Milner writes:—"These grown-up children, with their light-heartedness, simplicity, and unquestionable pluck, were regarded by Tommy Atkins with half-amused, half-admiring, and inoffensively patronising affection. The friendship formed between the 79th Highlanders and the 9th Soudanese at the time of the battle of Ginnis is a pleasing case in point. The Highlanders presented their swarthy comrades with a flag, which the latter carry along with their regimental colours to this day, and the 9th Soudanese have sometimes been playfully described as the 'second battalion of the Cameron Highlanders.'"

* * *

On the 18th of February 1907 Major J. Cameron, commanding the Volunteer Company at Fort William, on behalf of Mrs Cameron Lucy of Callart, the lady superior of the burgh, formally handed over to the Volunteer Company the archway which had formed the main entrance to the Fort. The Fort had been pulled down to make way for the West Highland railway; but

all the stones had been numbered, and the arch had been rebuilt in its present site in 1896. The memorial had now been completed by placing on the arch a bronze shield bearing the following inscription :—"This arch was erected in 1690 over the main entrance to the Fort, and was re-erected here in 1896, where Sir Alan Cameron of Erracht in 1793 raised the 79th or Cameron Highlanders, a regiment which distinguished itself on many a hard-fought field for king and country." The arch occupies a conspicuous site at the entrance to the Craigs, and stands on the spot where Prince Charlie's men erected one of their batteries when besieging the Fort at the time of the rising in '45.

* * *

The following note by Colonel Greenhill-Gardyne appeared in the '79th News' of March 1908 :—

Esprit de corps of an old Cameron.—One day when in the Coldstream Guards, and on duty at Windsor Castle, I happened to speak to one of the Military Knights as we came out of St. George's Chapel together. His accent showed him to be a Scot, and, on my asking to what regiment he had belonged, he replied proudly, "The 79th Highlanders." On further acquaintance I found he had joined as a drum-boy when the regiment was embodied at Stirling. He had missed Waterloo by being in hospital at Brussels, but was afterwards promoted Ensign in an English regiment. He had served in more than one corps, and retired as Major, but appeared to take more pride in having been a N.C. officer in the Camerons than a field officer anywhere else. His name was Henry. He was a splendid-looking old officer, over six feet high, and as straight as a lance. A native of the Braes of Angus."—C. G.-G.

* * *

We are also indebted to Colonel Greenhill-Gardyne for the following :—"I have always heard Argyllshire people talk of 'Reismeid an Earrachd' (*i.e.*, Erracht's regiment). One day Patrick Græme of the 79th was trying to enlist a piper at Ballachulish for the regiment, which he referred to as 'The Seventy-Ninth.' The lad did not understand. Then he tried Cameron Highlanders, but still the lad showed no sign of recognition. But when I said 'Reismeid an Earrachd,' he knew all about it. The regiment had a good many men from North Argyll in former days."

* * *

The following medals awarded to members of the 79th are in Lord Cheylesmore's well-known collection :—

Sergeant George Mackay. Peninsula medal, with clasps for *Nivelle*, *Nive*, and *Toulouse*. Regimental Good Conduct medal, with green ribbon.

Private John Gaylor. Peninsula medal, with clasps for *Corunna*, *Busaco*, and *Fuentes d'Onor*.

Sergeant Hugh Bannerman. Peninsula medal, with clasps for *Corunna*, *Busaco*, *Fuentes d'Onor*, and *Salamanca*; Waterloo medal, and Regimental Good Conduct medal with green ribbon.

Sergeant John Sutherland. Waterloo medal.

Private Thomas Ross. Crimean medal, with clasps for *Alma*, *Balaclava*, and *Sebastopol*.

Private William Campbell. Crimean medal, with clasps for *Alma*, *Balaclava*, and *Sebastopol*; Sardinian medal and Turkish medal.

Regimental Music.

<i>Reveille</i>	.	“Hey, Johnnie Cope”; or, “Up in the morning’s no’ for me”; preceded by “The Point of War” when played by the Drums and Pipes.
<i>1st Breakfast Pipes</i>	.	“Bundle and go.”
<i>2nd Breakfast Pipes</i>	.	“Lochiel’s awa’ to France.”
<i>The Gathering (or Fall-in)</i>	.	“Lads wi’ the Kilts.”
<i>Collecting Reports</i>	.	By the Band, “Fetter cairn” (double march). Discontinued 1902. Officers and N.C.O.’s moving { “The Cameron Men.” to the front for orders
<i>Trooping the Colours</i>	.	Assembly { “Blue Bonnets over the Border”; or, “Kemmure’s on and awa’.” Officers and N.C.O.’s taking } By the Band, “The Garb of Old Gaul.” Troop “Logie o’ Buchan.” Escort moving for Colour “British Grenadiers.” Saluting King’s Colour “God save the King.” Saluting Regimental Colour “Scotland the Brave.” Escort and Colour moving to } “The Grenadiers’ place in line March.” In column “Pibroch o’ Donuil Dubh.” Return in quarter-column “Hieland Laddie.” In double time “Because he was a bonnie lad.” In slow time “Logie o’ Buchan” (Band). Advance in Review order . . { “Hieland Laddie,” followed by “Scotland the Brave” (Band) if a General Salute is given.
<i>March Past</i>	.	“The March of the Cameron Men,” followed by “Pibroch o’ Donuil Dubh” as the battalion forms up on the parade-ground. (The latter tune invariably on the Pipes.)
<i>Marching into Barracks or Camp</i>	.	“The Killogie” (sometimes wrongly called “O’er the Water to Charlie”).
<i>1st Dinner Pipes</i>	.	“Blythe and merry was she” (“Hey, Jock, are ye glad ye listed?”).
<i>2nd Dinner Pipes</i>	.	“Bundle and go” (same as 1st Breakfast Pipes).
<i>1st Tea Pipes</i>	.	“Jeannie, put the kettle on.”
<i>2nd Tea Pipes</i>	.	Played by Drums and Pipes, “The Point of War,” followed by a “Retreat tune”—e.g., “My faithful fair one” (“Mo run geal dileas”)—and then by a selection of march, strathspey, and reel.
<i>Retreat</i>	.	“Pibroch o’ Donuil Dubh.”
<i>1st Mess Pipes</i>	.	“Bannocks o’ barley meal.”
<i>2nd Mess Pipes</i>	.	By the Band, after playing programme, “The Cameron Men” (sung), “The Garb of Old Gaul,” “God bless the Prince of Wales” (since 1903), and “God save the King.”
<i>Mess</i>	.	Two selected marches, followed by “The March of the Cameron Men” and a strathspey.
<i>Tattoo</i>	.	“Sleep, darling” (“Sodger, lie doon on your wee pickle strae”).
<i>Lights out</i>	.	“Lochaber no more.”
<i>Funerals</i>	.	Leaving barracks { “The Cameron Men,” and (Band) “The girl I left behind me.” At the station “Happy we’ve been a’ thegither.” As the train moves off “Auld Lang Syne” (Band).
<i>Drafts leaving the Regiment.</i>	.	It has long been the custom in the regiment to march to divine service without music.
<i>Marching to Church</i>	.	

Tunes associated with Historical Occasions.

Leaving Fort William for Stirling, 1794	.	.	.	"Gabhaidh sinn an rathad mor."
Leaving Brussels for Quatre Bras, 1815.	.	.	.	"Loudon's bonnie woods and braes."
The squares at Waterloo, 1815	.	.	.	"Cogadh na sith" ("War or peace").
Leaving Gibraltar for Canada, 1848	.	.	.	"The 79th's farewell to Gibraltar."
¹ The assault at Tel-el-Kebir, 1882	.	.	.	"The March of the Cameron Men."
The assault at the Atbara, 1898	.	.	.	"The March of the Cameron Men."
Entering Pretoria, 1900 (march past in the market-place)				"Pibroch o' Donuil Dubh."

¹ In connection with this occasion the Rev. Dr Patrick R. Mackay writes:—"I remember well one night at mess when Colonel Leith told me of Grant's pluck. He said the sound of the pipes could be heard above the rattle of the guns. Next day I met Pipe-Major Grant in the square, and told him how warmly the Colonel had spoken of him. I

asked him what he had played. "When the charge was sounded," he said, "I played 'The Standard on the Braes o' Mar,' but after that I played onything that cam' into ma head." Whatever the other pipers may have played, it would therefore appear that the Pipe-Major did not limit himself to the traditional "March of the Cameron Men."

Index.

COMPILED BY CAPTAIN H. S. L. ALFORD, 3RD (RESERVE) BATT.
Q.O. CAMERON HIGHLANDERS.

ABBREVIATIONS, &c.

* = Footnote.

Am. = American.	Dns. = Dragoons.	Gds. = Guards.	K. = Killed.
Bn. or batt. = Battalion.	Ens. = Ensign.	Ger. = German.	Lrs. = Lancers.
D. = Died.	Fr. = French.	Hghrs. = Highlanders.	Lt. = Lieutenant.
Detmt. = Detachment.	Ft. = Regiment of Foot.	Hrs. = Hussars.	W. = Wounded.

[Mil. Bn.] . .	{ 2nd (Militia) Bn. Cameron Highrs. 1881 to Mar. 1897. Or, 3rd (Militia) Bn. Cameron Highrs. April 1897 to June 30, 1908.
[Vol. Bn.] . .	1st Volunteer Bn. Cameron Highrs. 1881 to March 31, 1908.
[Res. Bn.] . .	3rd (Reserve) Bn. Cameron Highrs. Since July 1, 1908.
[Terr. Bn.] . .	4th (Territorial) Bn. Cameron Highrs. Since April 1, 1908.

The following are NOT referred to in the Index:—

*List of officers serving in the Cameron Highlanders when these Records were completed,
ii. 41 to 44.*

History of the Militia Bn. prior to 1881. Vol. ii. pp. 45 to 65.

History of the Volunteer Bn. prior to 1908. Vol. ii. pp. 66 to 104.

*Succession Lists and Services of N.C.O.'s and Men, ii. 37 to 41 and ii. 212 to 241, except
as explained on first page of Special Index.*

Appendix A. (Dress).

Appendix B. (Casualty Rolls, &c.).

Appendix C. (Miscellaneous Notes).

Special Index of the Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders.

EXPLANATORY.

- I. *Battalions*.—All battalions of the Cameron Highrs. are referred to in the Index, namely, Regular, Militia, Volunteer, Special Reserve, and Territorial battalions.
- II. *Commissioned Officers*.—Every officer who held a commission in the Cameron Highrs. is shown here. For Chaplains and others, see Note on first page of General Index.
- III. *Warrant Officers* are all shown; also all Sergeant-Majors before warrant rank was introduced in 1882.
- IV. *Non-Commissioned Officers and Men*.—Those referred to in the Index have (a) received a commission for meritorious service in the field, OR (b) received a decoration for service in the field other than the usual war medal, OR (c) been mentioned in despatches, OR (d) received a decoration for heroic conduct, such as Royal Humane Society's medal. This rule applies equally to all battalions of the Cameron Highrs.

With reference to the list of N.C.O.'s and men which appears on ii. 212 *et seq.*, no definite rules were followed in compiling it, and only those names are referred to in the Index which are in accordance with the rule stated above.

It was necessary to limit the scope of the Index in this way owing to the large number of N.C.O.'s and men referred to in the book.

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Explanatory.

I. Regiments are shown under their present titles—e.g., 42nd Ft. is shown under “Black Watch,” and 2nd Dragoons under “Royal Scots Greys.”

II. Surgeons are shown under the heading “Medical Officers.”

The regimental system, by which medical officers were an integral part of the regiment, was abolished when the Army Medical Staff was reorganised in March 1873. Names of regimental surgeons gazetted prior to that date will be found amongst the other regimental officers in the Special Index, as well as in the General Index.

III. Paymasters are shown under the heading “Paymasters.”

Regimental paymasters ceased to exist as such when the Army Pay Department was established in April 1878. Names of regimental paymasters gazetted prior to that date will be found amongst the other regimental officers in the Special Index, as well as in the General Index.

IV. Chaplains are shown under the heading “Chaplains.”

The Army Chaplains Department was instituted in 1809; and the only regimental chaplain of the Cameron Highlanders—T. Thomson—is shown in the Special Index.

V. Officers attached for duty to the Cameron Highlanders are not shown in the Index, except Surgeons, Paymasters, and Chaplains, as above, when they happened to be mentioned in the Records.

TABLE showing the numbers borne by the REGIMENTS OF INFANTRY
prior to 1st July 1881.

Former title.	Present title.	Former title.	Present title.
1st Ft. .	Royal Scots	7th Ft. .	Royal Fusiliers
2nd ,. .	The Queen's (Royal West Surrey)	8th ,. .	The King's (Liverpool)
3rd ,. .	The Buffs (East Kent)	9th ,. .	Norfolk
4th ,. .	The King's Own (Royal Lancaster)	10th ,. .	Lincolnshire
5th ,. .	Northumberland Fusiliers	11th ,. .	Devonshire
6th ,. .	Royal Warwickshire	12th ,. .	Suffolk
		13th ,. .	Somersetshire Light Infantry

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Former title.	Present title.	Former title.	Present title.
14th Ft .	West Yorkshire	63rd Ft .	1st Bn. Manchester
15th „ .	East Yorkshire	64th „ .	1st Bn. North Staffordshire
16th „ .	Bedfordshire	65th „ .	1st Bn. York and Lancaster
17th „ .	Leicestershire	66th „ .	2nd Bn. Royal Berkshire
18th „ .	Royal Irish	67th „ .	2nd Bn. Hampshire
19th „ .	Yorkshire	68th „ .	1st Bn. Durham Light Infantry
20th „ .	Lancashire Fusiliers	69th „ .	2nd Bn. Welsh
21st „ .	Royal Scots Fusiliers	70th „ .	2nd Bn. East Surrey
22nd „ .	Cheshire	71st „ .	1st Bn. Highland Light Infantry
23rd „ .	Royal Welsh Fusiliers	72nd „ .	1st Bn. Seaforth Highlanders
24th „ .	South Wales Borderers	73rd „ .	2nd Bn. Black Watch
25th „ .	King's Own Scottish Borderers	74th „ .	2nd Bn. Highland Light Infantry
26th „ .	1st Bn. Cameronians (Scottish Rifles)	75th „ .	1st Bn. Gordon Highlanders
27th „ .	1st Bn. Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers	76th „ .	2nd Bn. West Riding
28th „ .	1st Bn. Gloucestershire	77th „ .	2nd Bn. Middlesex
29th „ .	1st Bn. Worcestershire	78th „ .	2nd Bn. Seaforth Highlanders
30th „ .	1st Bn. East Lancashire	79th „ .	1st Bn. Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders
31st „ .	1st Bn. East Surrey	80th „ .	2nd Bn. South Staffordshire
32nd „ .	1st Bn. Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry	81st „ .	2nd Bn. Loyal North Lancashire
33rd „ .	1st Bn. West Riding	82nd „ .	2nd Bn. South Lancashire
34th „ .	1st Bn. Border	83rd „ .	1st Bn. Royal Irish Rifles
35th „ .	1st Bn. Royal Sussex	84th „ .	2nd Bn. York and Lancaster
36th „ .	2nd Bn. Worcestershire	85th „ .	2nd Bn. Shropshire Light Infantry
37th „ .	1st Bn. Hampshire	86th „ .	2nd Bn. Royal Irish Rifles
38th „ .	1st Bn. South Staffordshire	87th „ .	1st Bn. Royal Irish Fusiliers
39th „ .	1st Bn. Dorsetshire	88th „ .	1st Bn. Connaught Rangers
40th „ .	1st Bn. South Lancashire	89th „ .	2nd Bn. Royal Irish Fusiliers
41st „ .	1st Bn. Welsh	90th „ .	2nd Bn. Scottish Rifles
42nd „ .	1st Bn. Black Watch	91st „ .	1st Bn. Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders
43rd „ .	1st Bn. Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry	92nd „ .	2nd Bn. Gordon Highlanders
44th „ .	1st Bn. Essex	93rd „ .	2nd Bn. Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders
45th „ .	1st Bn. Sherwood Foresters	94th „ .	2nd Bn. Connaught Rangers
46th „ .	2nd Bn. Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry	95th „ .	2nd Bn. Sherwood Foresters
47th „ .	1st Bn. Loyal North Lancashire	96th „ .	2nd Bn. Manchester
48th „ .	1st Bn. Northamptonshire	97th „ .	2nd Bn. Royal West Kent
49th „ .	1st Bn. Royal Berkshire	98th „ .	2nd Bn. North Staffordshire
50th „ .	1st Bn. Royal West Kent	99th „ .	2nd Bn. Wiltshire
51st „ .	1st Bn. Yorkshire Light Infantry	100th „ .	1st Bn. Leinster
52nd „ .	2nd Bn. Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry	101st „ .	1st Bn. Royal Munster
53rd „ .	1st Bn. Shropshire Light Infantry	102nd „ .	1st Bn. Royal Dublin Fusiliers
54th „ .	2nd Bn. Dorsetshire	103rd „ .	2nd Bn. Royal Dublin Fusiliers
55th „ .	2nd Bn. Border	104th „ .	2nd Bn. Royal Munster
56th „ .	2nd Bn. Essex	105th „ .	2nd Bn. Yorkshire Light Infantry
57th „ .	1st Bn. Middlesex	106th „ .	2nd Bn. Durham Light Infantry
58th „ .	2nd Bn. Northamptonshire	107th „ .	2nd Bn. Royal Sussex
59th „ .	2nd Bn. East Lancashire	108th „ .	2nd Bn. Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers
60th „ .	King's Royal Rifle Corps	109th „ .	2nd Bn. Leinster
61st „ .	2nd Bn. Gloucestershire		
62nd „ .	1st Bn. Wiltshire		

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